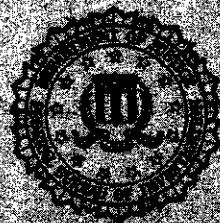


CRIME

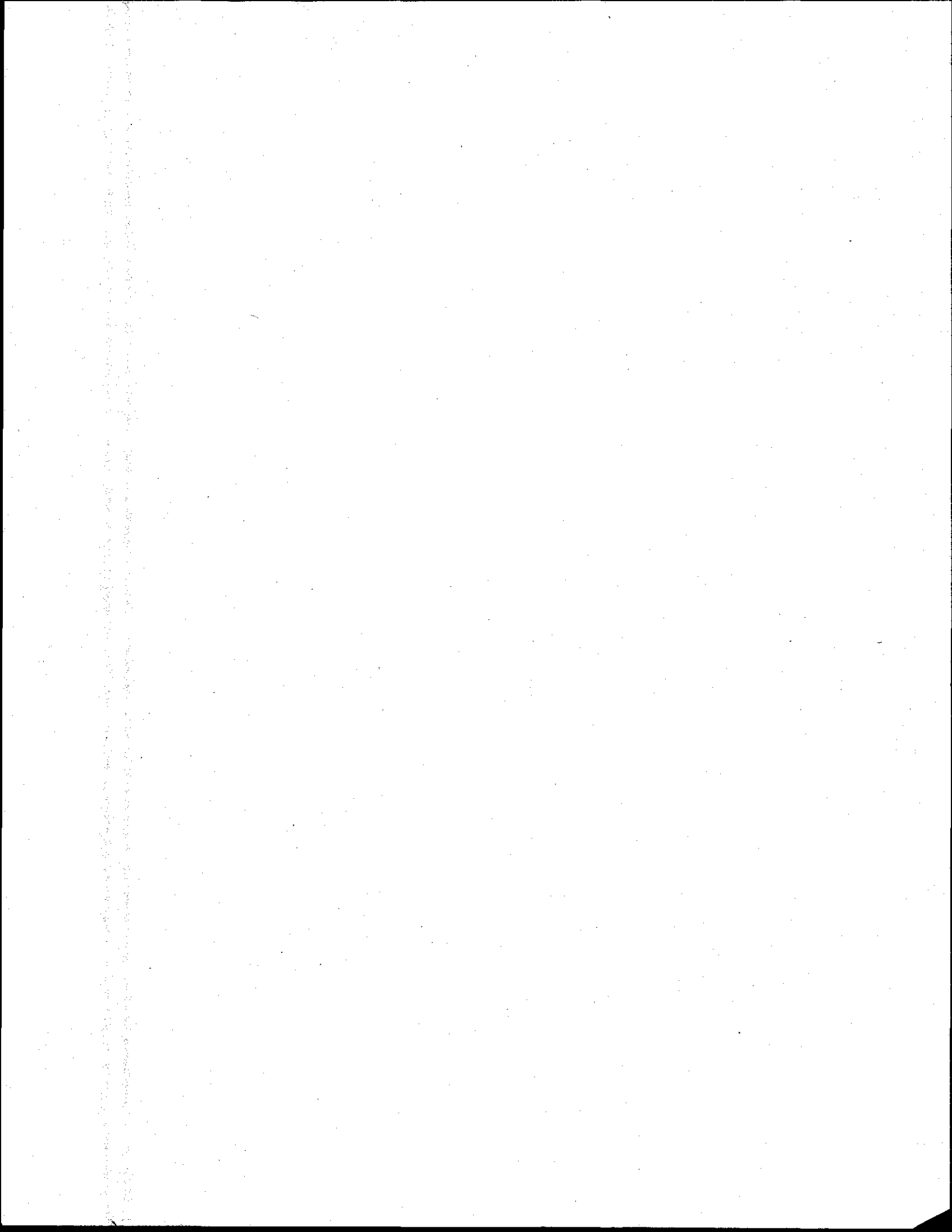
IN THE UNITED STATES

ISSUED BY
JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS—1965



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**UNIFORM
CRIME
REPORTS**
for the United States

PRINTED ANNUALLY—1965

ADVISORY: Committee on Uniform Crime Records
International Association of Chiefs of Police
Edmund L. McNamara, Commissioner of Police
Boston, Massachusetts, Chairman

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., 20535

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Preface

Recent years have witnessed a marked increase in citizen awareness of the crime problem. This growing interest—particularly that shown by persons who previously have taken the position that crime is solely the responsibility of the law enforcement profession—is most encouraging. It offers promise of materially aiding police efforts in the control of crime.

Individuals and organizations representing many segments of our society are displaying a keen interest in programs to assist law enforcement and, ultimately, to reduce the volume of crime. In many parts of the country, studies have been instituted and plans developed not only to achieve a better understanding of local crime conditions, but also to find solutions to the complex problems involved. The success of these programs depends largely upon the availability of factual and complete statistical data—data which help individual communities to comprehend the nature and extent of crime locally and to formulate effective measures of prevention and control.

Under the stewardship of the FBI, the Uniform Crime Reporting Program has, for many years, been a primary source of information on the nature, extent, trend and distribution of crime. Recently, there has been a sharp increase in the utilization of these data and other police statistics by the courts, legislators, penal authorities and others concerned with the administration of criminal justice.

Crime statistics are an essential tool of police management. Growing recognition of this fact is resulting in an improved collection of information—and in a continuing determination by the FBI and the individual contributors to this voluntary national Program that the most reliable and meaningful statistics possible be provided in meeting the needs of the wide variety of users.

Advances in computer and related communications technology now make it both practical and feasible to obtain crime statistics more rapidly and in greater detail than heretofore possible. In cooperation with state and local police agencies, the FBI is currently developing a National Crime Information Center—a computerized law enforcement information network which will begin operation early next year.

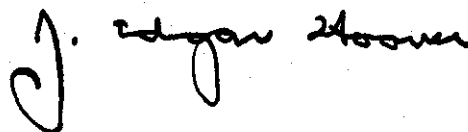
At the outset, emphasis will be placed on information regarding wanted persons, stolen property and other operational-type data which will assist the police officer on the street. The information

processed through the National Crime Information Center will, however, offer a rich potential for statistical data concerning criminals and their crimes. This potential will be fully explored and exploited as the computerized network develops.

Ultimately, Uniform Crime Reports and related records will be processed directly into this nationwide network, from a centralized state source, making possible up-to-the-minute knowledge concerning many areas of the crime problem. The availability of such timely, in-depth statistics will open a new pathway to better service and understanding among those engaged in the enforcement of the law and the administration of justice.

The new computer system promises an expanded use of statistics concerning crime. Accompanying this expanded usage is a greater responsibility—particularly for accuracy, reliability and conformity with established standards.

Technology has given us the tools to better utilize the information we possess. We must cultivate this ability to the fullest.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "J. Edgar Hoover". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned centrally on the page.

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, *Director.*

Crime Factors

Uniform Crime Reports give a nationwide view of crime based on police statistics made possible by the voluntary cooperation of local law enforcement agencies. Since the factors which cause crime are many and vary from place to place, readers are cautioned against drawing conclusions from direct comparisons of crime figures between individual communities without first considering the factors involved. The national material summarized in this publication should be used, however, as a starting point to determine deviations of individual cities from the national averages.

Crime is a social problem and the concern of the entire community. The law enforcement effort is limited to factors within its control. Some of the conditions which will affect the amount and type of crime that occurs from place to place are briefly outlined below:

Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.

Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex and race.

Economic status and mores of the population.

Relative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.

Effective strength of the police force.

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency.

Summary

(This section is for the reader interested in the general crime picture. Technical data, of interest primarily to police, social scientists, and other students, are presented in the following sections. If you wish assistance in the interpretation of any information in this publication, please communicate with the Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., 20535)

Crime Capsule

More than 2,780,000 serious crimes reported during 1965; a 6 percent increase over 1964.

* * *

Fourteen victims of serious crimes per 1,000 inhabitants in 1965, an increase of 5 percent over 1964 and 35 percent over 1960.

* * *

More than 5,600 murders, 34,700 aggravated assaults with a gun and over 68,400 armed robberies in 1965.

* * *

118,900 robberies, 1,173,000 burglaries, 2,500,000 larcenies, and 486,600 auto thefts resulted in total property stolen in excess of \$1 billion.

* * *

Arrests of persons under 18 for serious crimes increased 47 percent in 1965 over 1960. Increase in young age group population for same period was 17 percent.

* * *

In 1965, 53 police officers were murdered in the line of duty. Fifty-two were killed by firearms. Since 1960, 96 percent of officers murdered with the use of firearms.

* * *

Over 30 percent of persons arrested in suburban areas were non-residents of suburban community where crime committed.

* * *

Careers in Crime: Initial FBI study of offenders disclosed over 48 percent repeated within two years after being released to the street following a prior charge.

Crime Index Totals

In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program the number of crimes in seven offense categories is tabulated on the basis of counts made by law enforcement agencies as crimes of these types become known to them. These crime categories—murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny \$50 and over, and auto theft—are used to provide an index of the trend of crime in the United States. As a group, these offenses represent the most common local crime problem. Each crime classification is serious, either by virtue of the nature of the criminal act itself, such as murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault, or because of the volume of criminal incidents which require an inordinate amount of police investigative effort and time, such as burglary, larceny and auto theft.

During calendar year 1965 more than two and three-quarter million serious crimes came to police attention, a 6 percent increase in the Crime Index in 1965 over 1964. Each of the individual crime categories contributed to the overall increase. When considered as a group the crimes of violence, which comprise 13 percent of the Crime Index total, registered a 6 percent increase. Murder rose 6 percent, forcible rape 9, robbery 6, and aggravated assault 6 percent. The property crimes, which make up 87 percent of the Crime Index, rose 6 percent as a group with burglary up 6 percent, larceny \$50 and over 8 percent, and auto theft 5 percent. Since 1960 the volume of crime has increased 46 percent. During this six-year period the property crimes rose 47 percent and the violent crimes 35 percent.

All city population groups had increases in 1965, led by a 7 percent rise in the group of cities having less than 50,000 inhabitants. The group with 500,000 or more population showed a 4 percent upward trend. City groups in the intermediate population range from 50,000 to 500,000 had increases from 4 to 6 percent. Suburban areas with an 8 percent rise again had a sharper percentage increase in the volume of crime than cities over 250,000 population, which were up 4 percent as a group, and rural areas which were up 3 percent.

When viewed geographically, all regions experienced crime increases in 1965 with a rise of 10 percent in the Western States, 8 percent in the Northeastern States, and 4 percent in the North Central and Southern States. All Crime Index offenses were up in all geographic regions with the exception of auto theft, which declined slightly in the Southern States.

Estimated crime figures for the United States are set forth in the

following table. The trends shown in this table are based on the actual reporting experience of comparable places.

Crime Index classification	Estimated crime 1965		Percent change over 1964	
	Number	Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	Number	Rate
Total	2,780,000	1,434.3	+6	+5
Murder	9,850	5.1	+6	+6
Forcible rape	22,470	11.6	+9	+8
Robbery	118,920	61.4	+6	+5
Aggravated assault	206,700	106.6	+6	+5
Burglary	1,173,200	605.3	+6	+4
Larceny \$50 and over	762,400	393.3	+8	+7
Auto theft	486,600	251.0	+5	+4

Crime and Population

A crime rate, for practical purposes, should be considered as a victim risk rate. Crime rates do not represent the number of criminals but, more accurately, the number of victims. The crime rate relates the incidence of crime to population. According to figures released by the United States Bureau of the Census, total United States population increased 1.3 percent in 1965. In that year the national Crime Index rate was 1,434 offenses per 100,000 population, representing a 5 percent increase over 1964.

Many factors influence the nature and extent of crime in a particular community. A number of these factors are set forth on page vii of this publication. A crime rate is limited to a consideration of the numerical factor of population and does not incorporate any of the other elements which contribute to the amount of crime in an area. The statistical tables in this publication disclose that the varying crime experiences, especially among large cities and suburban communities, are affected by a complex set of involved factors and are not solely limited to numerical population differences.

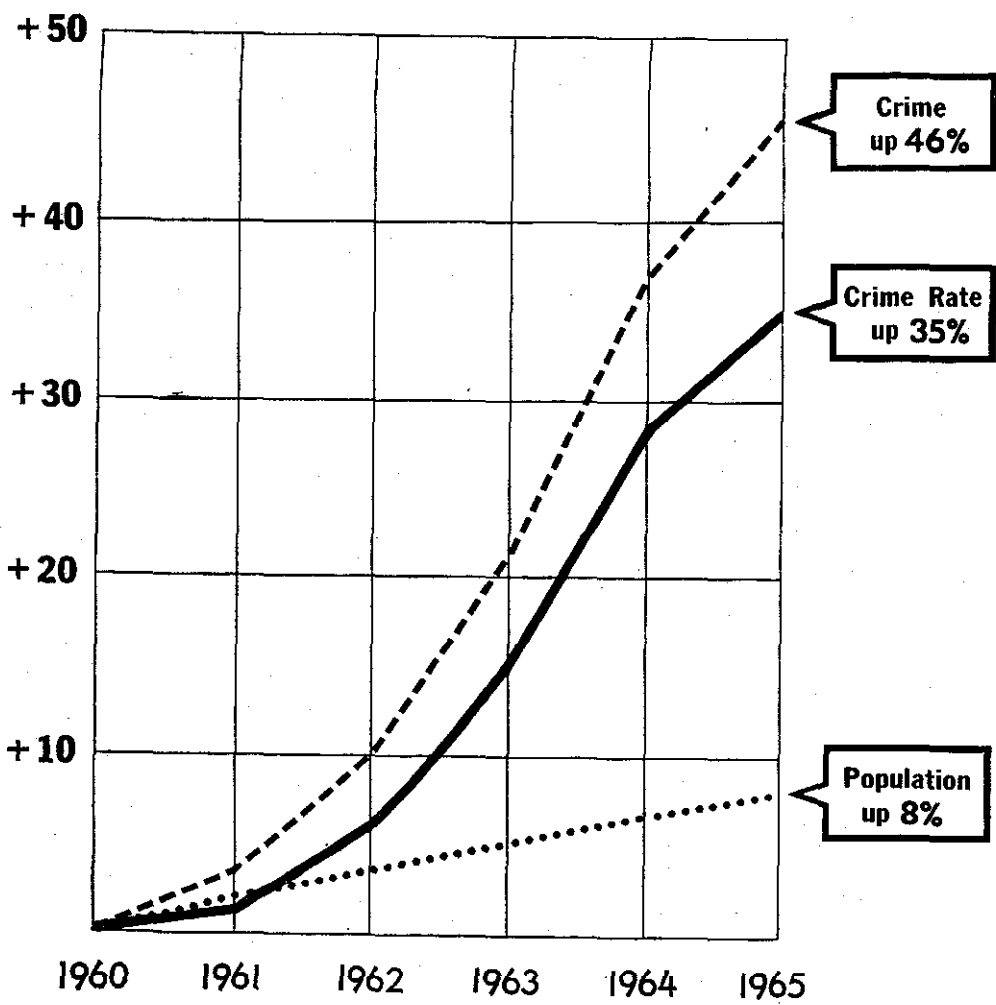
The overall crime rate increase was largely influenced by the continuing upsurge in the property crimes. However, crime rates rose in each of the violent crime categories with the murder rate up 6 percent, forcible rape 8 percent, aggravated assault 5 percent and robbery 5 percent over 1964. The number of crimes per unit of population is highest in the large population centers and those areas recording the fastest growing populations.

The accompanying charts illustrate the trend in serious crime from 1960 through 1965. They reveal the percentage increase in the volume of crime, the trend in the crime rate and population growth. A further breakdown is shown in the charts for crimes of violence and

CRIME AND POPULATION

1960-1965

PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1960



CRIME = INDEX OF CRIME OFFENSES
CRIME RATE = NUMBER OF OFFENSES PER 100,000 POPULATION

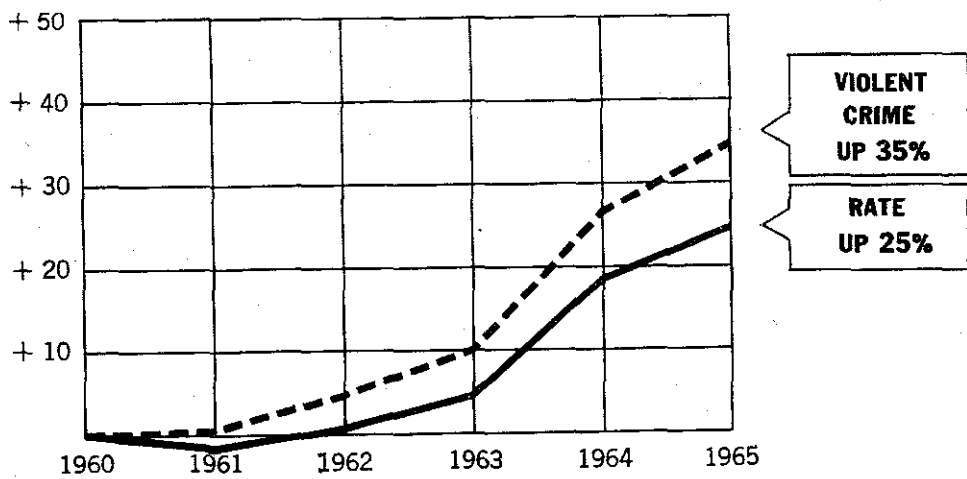
FBI CHART

Chart 1

CRIMES OF VIOLENCE

1960-1965

PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1960



LIMITED TO MURDER, FORCIBLE RAPE, ROBBERY, AND AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

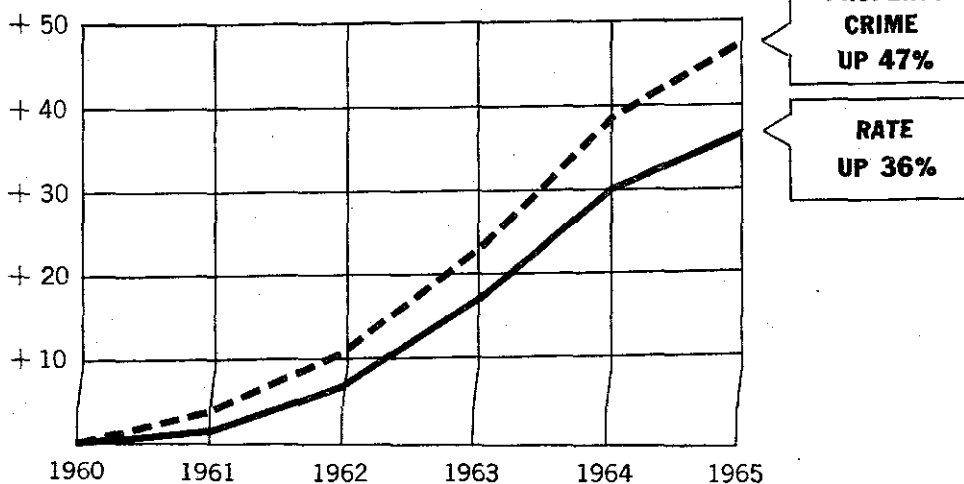
Chart 2

FBI CHART

CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

1960-1965

PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1960



LIMITED TO BURGLARY, LARCENY \$50 AND OVER, AND AUTO THEFT

Chart 3

FBI CHART

crimes against property. During the first six years of the 1960's the rate for crimes of violence as a group increased 25 percent, while crimes against property recorded a rate increase of 36 percent over the same time period.

Arrest data commencing on page 107 will enable the reader to obtain information on other types of crimes, as well as additional data relating to the seven Crime Index offenses treated thus far.

Criminal Homicide

In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, murder and non-negligent manslaughter include all willful killings without due process of law. There are two types of justifiable killings which are not included; namely, the killing of a felon by a police officer or by a private citizen. In 1965 there were 9,850 willful killings, a 6 percent increase over 1964. Since 1960 this serious offense has increased 9 percent. The national murder rate was 5.1 killings per 100,000 persons in 1965.

Murder follows a seasonal pattern; that is, it occurs more frequently in the summer months. The exception to this is December which again in 1965 was high for the year. Murder per unit of population was highest in the Southern States which reported a 5 percent increase in volume. Murder in the Northeastern States was also up 5 percent, North Central States up 9 percent, and the Western States 11 percent. In 1965 cities in the 100,000 to 250,000 population group reported the highest percentage increase, up 10 percent, while murder in the suburbs rose 5 percent. Willful killings in the rural area, which had decreased in 1964, rose by over 11 percent in 1965.

In 1965, 57 percent or 5,634 murders were committed with firearms. A knife or other cutting instrument was used in 23 percent of the willful killings; personal weapons, such as beatings, strangulations, etc., in 10 percent; blunt objects, 6 percent; and the remaining 4 percent were committed by other means such as by arson, poisons, explosives, etc. When viewed by geographic regions, the use of a gun in murder followed the same experience as prior years. A firearm was used in 38 percent of the willful killings in the Northeastern States, 60 percent in the Western States, 61 percent in the North Central States, and in 66 percent of the killings in the Southern States.

Circumstances or motives surrounding these willful killings indicate the extent to which this crime is generally beyond police control. Conditions that breed murder—social, human and material—vary widely from one area to another. In 1965 killings within the family made up 31 percent of all murder. Over one-half of these involved spouse killing spouse and 16 percent parents killing children. Murder outside the family unit, usually the result of altercations among acquaintances, made up 48 percent of the willful killings. In the

latter category romantic triangles or lovers' quarrels comprised 21 percent and killings resulting from drinking situations 17 percent. Felony murder, which is defined in this Program as those killings resulting from robberies, sex motives, gangland slayings and other felonious activities, made up 16 percent of these offenses. In another 5 percent of the total police were unable to identify the reasons for the killings; however, the circumstances were such as to suspect felony murder.

In those murders occurring within the family unit, a gun was used as the weapon in 59 percent of the cases, likewise, a firearm was used in 58 percent of the killings involving arguments between acquaintances. A gun was used in 49 percent of the felony murders. The victims of murder were 3 to 1 male and arrests for murder 5 to 1 male. By age group persons between 20 and 40 years of age were the most frequent victims, persons over 60 years of age made up 7 percent of the murder victims and young children under 10 years 5 percent.

In 1965 police were successful in clearing up over 90 percent of the criminal homicides. This high solution rate was fairly consistent in all population groups and geographic regions. Arrests for murder increased 7 percent in 1965 and since 1960 arrests for criminal homicide have increased 20 percent. For calendar year 1965, 48 percent of the adults charged with murder were found guilty of this offense, 20 percent were found guilty of some lesser offense and the remaining 32 percent were either acquitted or their cases were dismissed. Of all persons charged with murder, 7 percent were under 18 years of age.

Aggravated Assault

During calendar year 1965, aggravated assault increased 6 percent. Since 1960 this vicious crime has risen 40 percent in volume, with 206,700 persons attacked in the past year. For each 100,000 persons in the United States during 1965, there were 107 victims of an aggravated assault.

This crime as measured by rates was most prevalent in the Southern States, while the North Central and Northeastern States reported the lowest incidence. It occurs more frequently in the large cities; however, the sharpest upward trend in the past few years has been in the suburban areas.

Prior surveys and police experience have shown that nearly two-thirds of these offenses involve persons within the same family unit or the victim and assailant are acquainted. In this respect, as well as by the nature of the attack, aggravated assault and murder are similar. Because of the degree of the relationship between the victim and assailant, these crimes generally occur beyond the reach of police patrol. This offense is a crime of social disorder and frequently

involves hazards for police. In the last five years 58 police officers have lost their lives responding to calls for assistance involving "disturbances" or "family disputes."

Police nationally solved 73 percent of these crimes which came to their attention in 1965. Police activity, as measured by arrests for this offense, increased 5 percent during the past year. Arrests of adults rose 5 percent, while arrests for persons under 18 were up 7 percent. In reviewing arrests for this offense by sex, males outnumbered females by more than 6 to 1. The 20-24 year olds led the arrest rate age group. This is primarily an adult crime but persons under 18 were represented in 15 percent of the arrests. By areas, the distribution of arrests by age group was fairly consistent; however, in the rural areas the involvement of persons under 18 was significantly lower, namely, 7 percent.

The seasonal variation for aggravated assault remained consistent with the experience of the past several years; namely, a high number of offenses in the summer months tapering off to the lows in the colder months of the year. Similar to the 1964 experience, aggravated assault reached its peak in August, 1965, while January appeared low.

Because of the frequent close relationship between victim and offender, this offense is also a prosecutive problem. In 1965, 41 percent of the adults charged were found guilty of aggravated assault, 18 percent were found guilty of some lesser charge, and 41 percent were dismissed or defendants acquitted. Persons under 18 were charged in 15 percent of the incidents.

Approximately 17 percent of all aggravated assaults were committed with a firearm in 1965, 36 percent by knife or other cutting instrument, 22 percent with a blunt object or other dangerous weapon, and 25 percent with personal weapons, such as hands, fists, and feet. Firearms were used in 17 percent of the attacks in cities over 250,000, 20 percent of the assaults in rural areas and 16 percent in the suburbs. It is estimated there were 35,000 assaults with a gun in 1965 in which the victim survived.

The following table demonstrates the percent distribution by type of weapon used in aggravated assault by geographic region in 1965.

Region	Type of Weapon Used--Percent			
	Firearms	Knife or other cutting instrument	Blunt object or other dangerous weapon	Personal weapons
Northeastern States.....	10.3	39.8	23.1	26.8
North Central States.....	16.8	36.7	21.8	24.6
Southern States.....	19.8	35.8	19.1	25.3
Western States.....	18.3	29.7	26.3	25.7

The low conviction percentage on the original charge is due primarily to the close relationship between the assailant and victim and the latter's refusal to prosecute. Slightly over 7 of every 10 persons arrested for aggravated assault in 1965 were formally charged by police.

Forcible Rape

There were 22,470 forcible rapes or assaults to commit this offense in the United States during 1965. Many offenses of this type are not reported to a law enforcement agency primarily due to fear and/or embarrassment on the part of the victim. Volumewise, these offenses have been steadily rising for several years and were up 9 percent over 1964. Of the seven Crime Index offenses, forcible rape showed the highest percentage increase during 1965. Nationally, the forcible rape rate was 23 offenses per 100,000 female population. For the period 1960-1965, the trend of this crime against the person has increased 36 percent.

Forcible rape follows a similar seasonal pattern from year to year in that the warm or summer months, June through September generally are high. In 1965, the month of June was the high point in cities, while July was the high month in the suburban and rural areas. The chart which follows demonstrates the monthly variations in 1965, as well as the five-year average seasonal variations for this offense. Nearly two-thirds of these crimes were actual rapes by force, while the remainder were attempts to commit rape.

These offenses occur in all areas, but they are primarily big city crimes. The overall forcible rape rate increased 8 percent in 1965, with cities in excess of 250,000 recording a rate of 21 per 100,000 population.

Geographically, all regions reported increases in the volume of these offenses with the North Central States recording the sharpest upward trend of 14 percent. The Western States reported the highest forcible rape rate. Approximately 1 of every 5 forcible rapes occurred in cities in excess of 1 million, which recorded an increase of 12 percent. The volume was up 14 percent in the suburbs, 11 percent in large cities as a group, and in the rural areas there was little change.

Similar to the other crimes against the person, police efforts are limited in preventing the occurrence of forcible rape offenses since they generally occur beyond reach of patrols. Police cleared up by the arrest of the offender 64 of every 100 cases. For all offenses cleared, police identified persons under the age of 18 in 14 percent of these attacks.

Arrests for forcible rape increased 2 percent in 1965 with 64 percent of the persons arrested under the age of 25. Arrests for persons under 18 increased 13 percent and represented 21 percent of all those arrested

for this offense. Since 1960, forcible rape arrests for persons under 18 have increased 35 percent.

Not all persons arrested are bound over for prosecutive action. Many reasons exist, such as the victim refuses to prosecute, etc., which may preclude court action. In 1965, 72 percent of the persons arrested for forcible rape were tried in court. Of all persons charged with forcible rape 24 percent were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Of the adults charged with this offense 40 percent were found guilty of forcible rape, 17 percent of some lesser offense and 43 percent were acquitted or had their case otherwise dismissed.

Data concerning statutory rape where no force is used and other sex offenses are collected on the basis of persons arrested. Arrests for these offenses decreased 8 percent in 1965 and accounted for about 1 percent of all police arrests. Adult arrests declined 7 percent and arrests for persons under 18 were down 11 percent in the cities, 3 percent in the suburbs and up 13 percent in the rural areas. Of the total persons charged for these crimes, 55 percent were found guilty as charged, 7 percent were found guilty of a lesser charge, 17 percent were acquitted or dismissed at some prosecutive level and 21 percent of the persons charged were referred to juvenile court.

Robbery

Robbery is a violent crime, and in a great many instances, these crimes result in personal injury to the victim and are always accompanied by the use of force or the threat of force. In 1965, 58 percent of the robberies were committed by armed perpetrators. The remaining 42 percent were strong-arm type crimes such as mugging, yoking, etc., or were attempts to commit robbery.

There was a 6 percent increase in the estimated total number of these crimes when compared to 1964. There were more than 118,900 robberies in the United States during 1965, an average of about 326 crimes of robbery every day of the year. The relative increase in this type of crime was highest in the suburban area, up 13 percent. Cities over 250,000 population were up 4 percent, while rural robberies declined 4 percent. Since 1960, the number of robberies committed in the United States has risen 29 percent. Geographically, the region showing the greatest percentage change was the Northeastern States up 13 percent, followed by the Western States 10, Southern States 5, and North Central States 2 percent.

The Western States had the highest percentage of armed robbery with almost two-thirds of these offenses committed with the use of a weapon. Strong-arm robbery was highest in the North Central

Region. The following table gives the robbery breakdown for all geographic regions.

	Robbery by geographic regions				
	Total	North-eastern	North Central	Southern	Western
Armed—any weapon.....	57.6	60.3	52.7	56.9	63.9
Strong-arm—no weapon.....	42.4	39.7	47.3	43.1	36.1

When considered by type, all robbery categories had increases. In 1965, street robberies, which comprised over one-half the offenses committed in this category, rose 3 percent. Robberies of gas or service stations had a substantial increase of 8 percent, and chain store robberies rose 7 percent. Bank robberies, although making up less than 1 percent of all robbery crimes, jumped 19 percent. The average value of loot obtained by bank robbers in each attack rose from \$3,309 in 1964 to \$3,789 in 1965. The average loss in each robbery was \$254 which amounted to a total dollar loss of more than \$30 million.

The 1965 rate was 5 percent higher than in 1964 with 61 victims per 100,000 population. The group of cities with populations of more than 250,000 had a 1965 rate of 179 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. This was about 6 times greater than the suburban area rate and 18 times higher than the rural rate. Geographically, the robbery rate was highest in the Western States.

Nationally in 1965, police cleared 38 percent of the robbery offenses through the arrest of the offenders. Slightly more than 1 of 5 of these crimes involved persons under 18 years of age as offenders. These young persons were responsible for 32 percent of the strong-arm robberies and 12 percent of the robberies where a weapon was used.

Robbery arrests for 1965 had the greatest percentage increase among the young age group under 15. There was a 9 percent rise in arrests of these young persons, whereas arrests of persons under 18 rose 6 percent and adults less than 1 percent. Persons under 25 accounted for 69 percent of all arrests for robbery nationally and those under 18 for 30 percent. From 1960 to 1965 the arrests of persons under 18 for robbery rose 40 percent.

Of those charged with robbery, 34 percent were referred to juvenile court. Of the adults charged 52 percent were found guilty as charged, 19 percent guilty of a lesser offense and 29 percent of the cases were dismissed or the defendants were acquitted.

CRIMES

KEY: - - - - - 1960 - 1964 MOVING AVERAGE

AGAINST THE PERSON

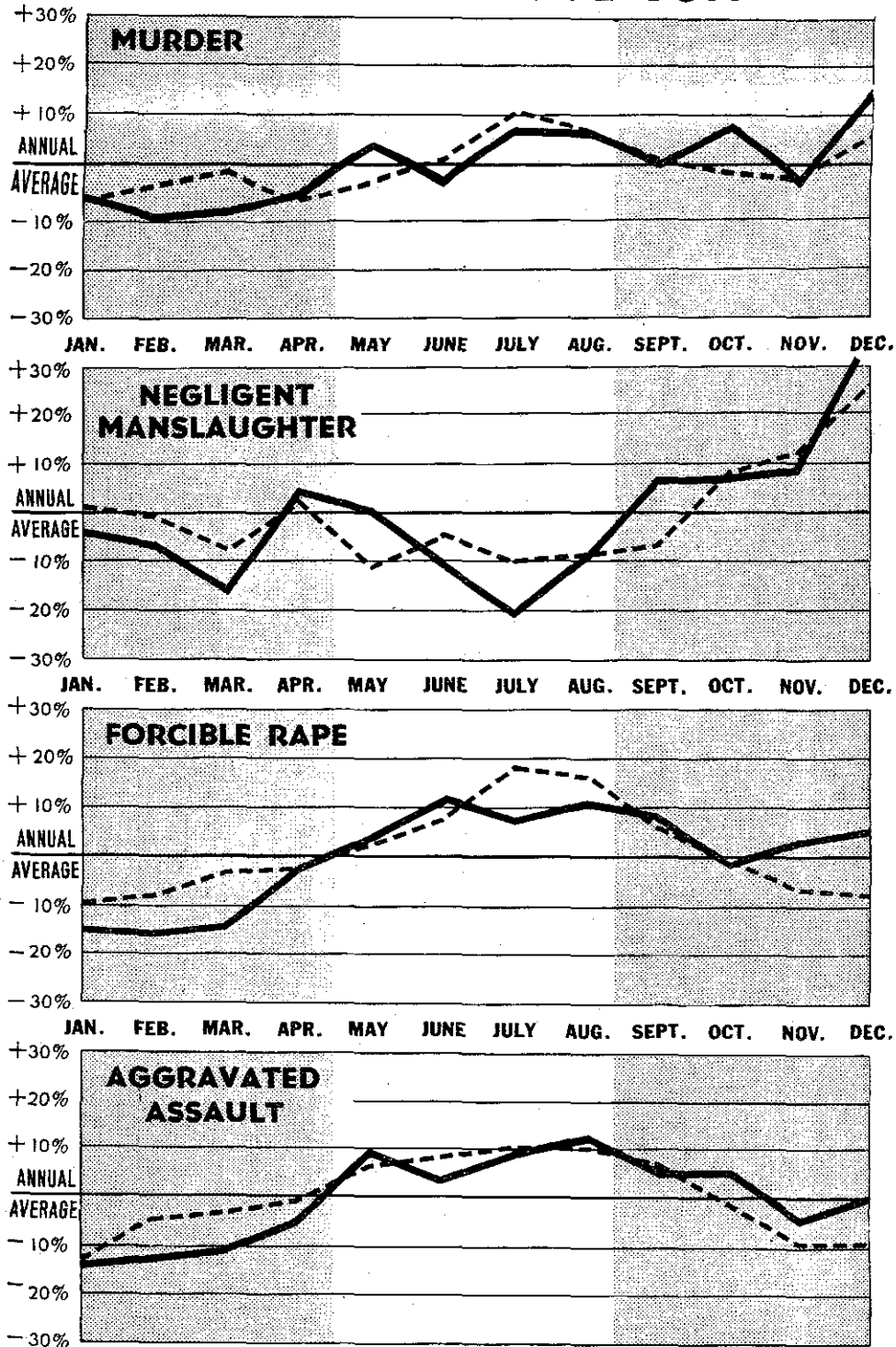
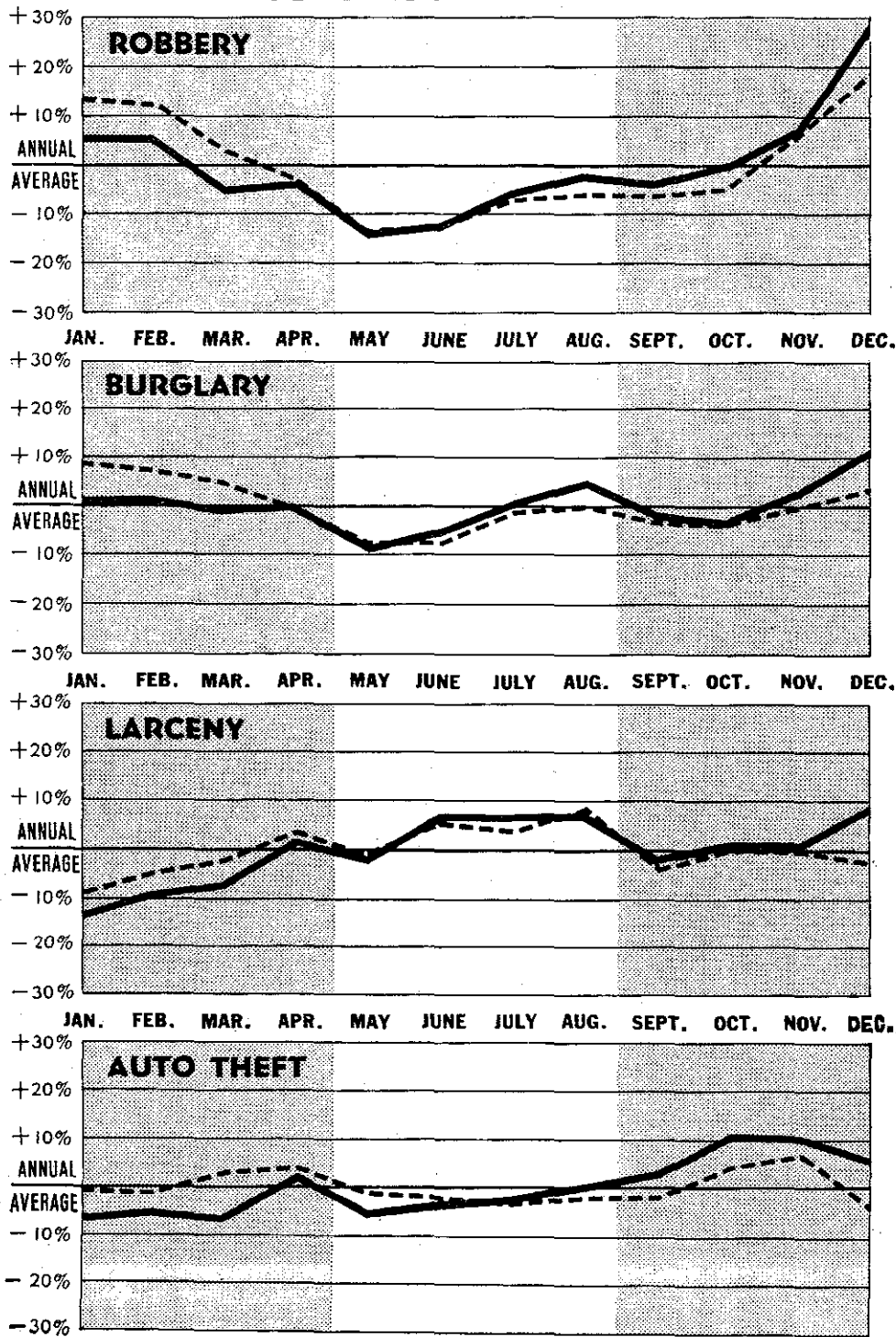


Chart 4

BY MONTH

VARIATIONS FROM 1965 ANNUAL AVERAGE

AGAINST PROPERTY



FBI CHART

Chart 4

Burglary

Burglary is the crime with the highest volume of offenses known to police of any of the Crime Index offenses. In 1965 there were 6 percent more burglaries committed than in 1964 and since 1960 this crime has increased by 41 percent. There were over 1,173,200 burglaries committed during 1965 which averaged more than 3,200 per day. In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, burglary includes both forcible entry and unlawful entry where no force is used but trespass exists.

Burglary is primarily a crime of stealth and over 70 percent of these crimes were committed at night. Places of business were victimized in more than 50 percent of the burglaries but only 9 percent of these nonresidential burglaries occurred during daylight hours. Residential burglaries were about evenly divided between night and day, with 49 percent occurring during the daytime and 51 percent at night. There were sharp increases, however, in both day and night residence burglaries amounting to 12 and 7 percent respectively.

In 1965, 76 percent of all offenses of burglary involved the use of force to gain entry. Seventeen percent were the unlawful entry-type where no force was used and 7 percent were attempts to commit forcible entry.

In 1965 the average value of property stolen in each burglary was \$242, or a national total dollar loss of \$284 million. This loss does not include the damage and destruction of property which results from breaking and entering offenses.

The burglary rate, the number of offenses per 100,000 population, registered a 4 percent rise in 1965 over 1964. The trend in this offense was consistent in all areas. Geographically the Western States reported an 11 percent increase, Northeastern 7, North Central 5 and the Southern States 1 percent.

The police were able to clear 25 percent of the burglary offenses by identification and arrest of the offender. This clearance percentage applies with only slight variations to all population groups and geographic divisions. Persons under 18 years of age were found to be responsible in 37 percent of the burglary offenses which were solved. The clearance percentage for persons in the young age group ranged from a low of 20 percent in the largest cities with over one million population to a high of 51 percent in cities under 10,000 population.

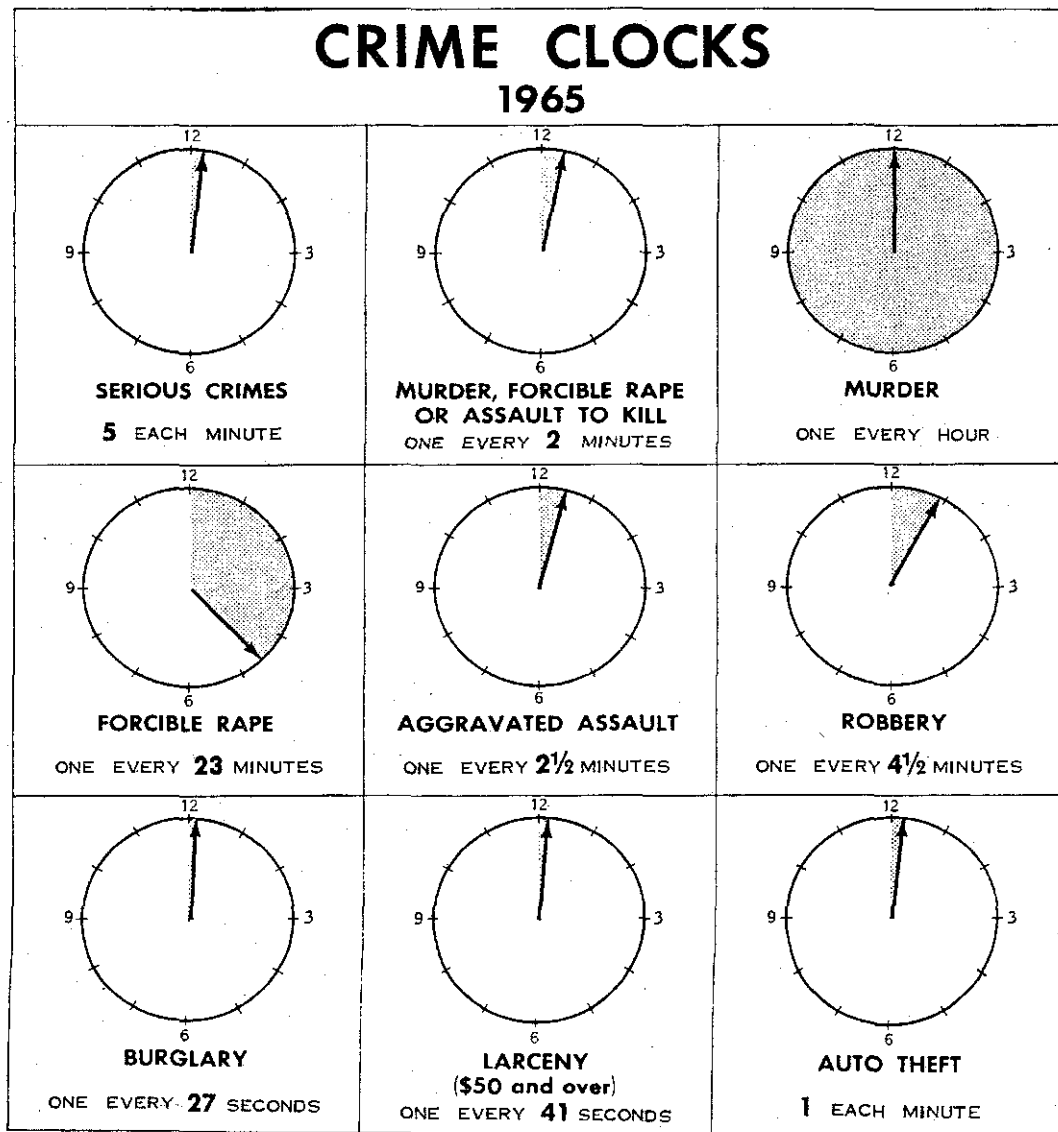
Nationally there was a 4 percent increase in arrests for burglary. More than half the persons arrested were under 18 years of age and 8 of every 10 persons arrested for burglary were under 25 years of age. The highest percentage of involvement of the young age group in burglary arrests occurred in the suburban area where 56 percent of

those arrested were under 18. From 1960 to 1965 arrests of persons under 18 years of age for burglary increased 26 percent.

With respect to persons charged with burglary, over half were referred to juvenile court. For adults charged with burglary 51 percent were found guilty as charged, 15 percent were found guilty of a lesser offense and 34 percent were acquitted or had their cases dismissed.

Larceny

Larceny-theft includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from autos, thefts of auto parts and accessories, etc. It does not include fraudulent transactions, fraudulent checks or embezzlement. The Crime Index offense of larceny is limited to those thefts where the value of the goods stolen is \$50



FBI CHART

Chart 5

or more. In 1965, this Index crime increased 8 percent over 1964 and was second only to burglary in volume with 762,400 offenses reported. Since 1960, there has been an increase in larceny \$50 and over of 57 percent.

The upward trend of larceny in 1965 was most pronounced in the suburban areas which showed an 11 percent rise. All cities when grouped were up 6 percent and the rural areas recorded an 8 percent upswing. Cities over 250,000 population reported an average increase of 3 percent. Geographically, the trend in thefts over \$50 ranged from a rise of 11 percent in the Western States, and 10 percent in the Southern States to 8 percent in the Northeastern States and 3 percent in the North Central States.

Seasonally, these crimes conform to a general pattern which is relatively stable throughout the year but has a tendency to peak in August. In 1965 there was an unusually sharp upswing in December when compared to prior years.

The larceny or victim rate, which is the number of thefts per 100,000 population, was 393 in 1965. This was an increase of 7 percent above the rate in 1964. As in the past, the rural rate was lowest at 176, the suburban area rate was 359, and the cities over 250,000 population had a rate of 633.

In 1965 the average value of property stolen in each larceny-theft was \$84 which made the total loss from these crimes in excess of \$211 million. This includes the numerous thefts under \$50 in value which totaled 1,752,600 in 1965. The average dollar loss for larceny in 1960 was \$74. It is a recognized fact that many thefts, particularly those where the value of the goods stolen is small, are never reported to law enforcement agencies. The average value of property stolen in pocket-picking was \$100, purse-snatching \$45, shoplifting \$27, theft from autos \$110 and miscellaneous thefts from buildings \$159.

When reviewed by type, it is found that thefts of auto parts and accessories and other thefts from autos accounted for about 40 percent of all larcenies. Theft from buildings made up 18 percent of all larceny violations and stolen bicycles contributed 15 percent of the total.

Larceny is a crime of opportunity and in most instances the value of the property stolen is a matter of chance. Many of these crimes would be prevented if citizens would use appropriate precautionary measures to safeguard their property. With the opportunity for theft removed, frequently the temptation to steal is also removed.

In 1965 law enforcement agencies nationally cleared by arrest 20 percent of all larceny cases brought to their attention. The clearance rates were consistent, ranging from 18 percent in the suburban area to 22 percent in cities under 10,000 population and in the rural

area. City crime figures disclose that 44 percent of all larceny clearances involved persons under 18 years of age. This is a slight increase in the involvement of this young age group when compared to 1964. In the suburbs 46 percent of the larceny offenses were cleared by the arrest of juveniles while the percentage in the rural area was 30 percent.

Nationally, police made an average of 286 arrests for larceny for every 100,000 population in 1965. Total arrests for this crime were down less than 1 percent with decreases recorded in the adult arrests as well as arrests of persons under 18. Persons under 25 accounted for 76 percent of all arrests for theft. Persons under 21 were involved in 67 percent, those under 18 in 55 percent. Since 1960 police arrests of persons under 18 years of age for larceny have increased 60 percent.

Police charged 82 percent of the persons they arrested for larceny. Of those charged, 45 percent were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Of the adults charged 70 percent were found guilty of larceny, 6 percent guilty of some lesser offense, and 24 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed.

Auto Theft

In 1965 there were 486,600 auto thefts, a 5 percent increase over 1964. On the average, over 1,300 motor vehicles were stolen each day during the year. Since 1960, auto theft has increased 51 percent—more than double the percentage increase in automobile registrations.

Auto theft makes up 18 percent of the Crime Index offenses. The value of these stolen motor vehicles exceeded one half billion dollars in 1965. Although 88 percent of the stolen automobiles were recovered, the remaining 12 percent constituted a total dollar loss in excess of \$60 million.

Geographically, the Northeastern States recorded the highest increase in volume for auto theft, followed by the North Central and Western States. The Southern States recorded no change in the volume of car theft. Nationally, auto theft reached its peak during the month of October, 1965.

About one of every four auto thefts was cleared by the arrest of the offender. The burden placed on law enforcement in this important category is readily recognizable by the involvement of young persons in the transportation-type thefts. Citizen alertness in keeping cars locked and in not leaving keys in ignitions or ignitions unlocked would aid materially in reducing these thefts since so many occur due to the accessibility of the vehicle and the easy opportunity presented for theft.

Across the Nation, arrests for auto theft decreased 3 percent. Arrests of persons under 18 decreased 5 percent, while adult arrests increased a slight 1 percent. Since 1960, however, arrests for auto

theft for persons under 18 years of age increased 44 percent and adults 37 percent.

Offenders under the age of 18 accounted for 62 percent of the arrests, while persons under 25 were responsible for 88 percent of the total arrests for auto theft. The 15-19 year old group recorded the highest arrest rate for auto theft. Males made up 96 percent of the arrests for this offense.

Of all persons charged with auto theft, 61 percent are referred to juvenile court. With respect to the adult offenders 54 percent were found guilty of auto theft, 16 percent guilty of some lesser offense and 30 percent had their cases dismissed or were acquitted.

Nearly two-thirds of all auto thefts occur at night and over one-half are from private residences, apartments or streets in residential areas. While recoveries of stolen automobiles run high, police are not able in most instances to determine the purpose of the theft unless an arrest is made. Prior surveys have disclosed, however, that about 75 percent of the cars stolen were used for transportation or the purpose of the theft was not known. Eight percent were taken for the purpose of stripping for parts, 5 percent were used in another crime or for escape and the remainder for resale purposes. Law enforcement agencies are faced with a constantly rising number of cars being stolen for stripping for parts. Regardless of the purpose of the theft, an extensive amount of police time and effort are required to handle and process these thefts. The mounting number of auto thefts with the average value of the stolen car being \$1,030, plus the added costs due to increased insurance rates, damages to the stolen vehicles and the inconvenience and economic loss for the owner combine to make auto theft a very expensive crime problem.

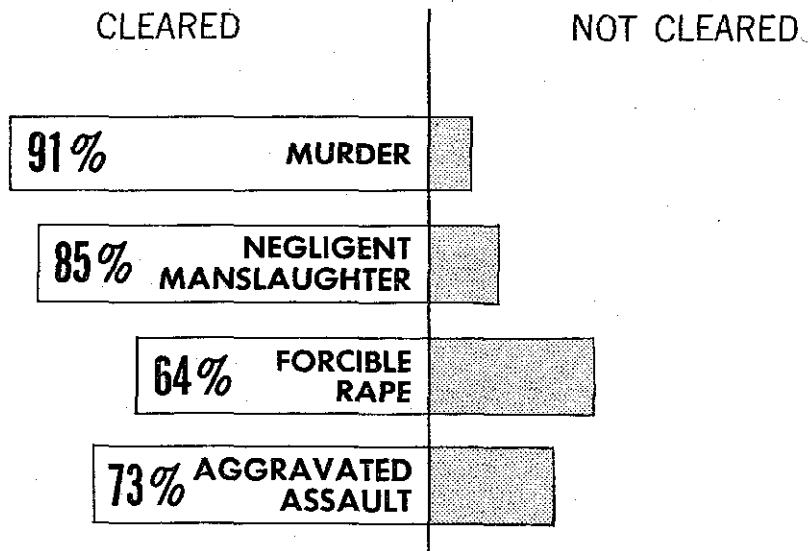
Clearances

In 1965 the clearance or police solution rate nationally was 24.6 percent, virtually unchanged from 1964. Reports from law enforcement agencies for 1965 disclosed police cleared by arrest of the offender or by exceptional means 91 percent of the murder, 64 percent of the reported forcible rape, 73 percent of the aggravated assault and 38 percent of the robbery. Property crime clearances were, of course, lower with clearances shown in 25 percent of the burglary, 20 percent of the larceny-theft and 25 percent of the auto theft. The property crimes universally showed a lower clearance rate due to the volume of these offenses and the absence of witnesses to most of these crimes. When clearances for negligent manslaughter and larceny under \$50 in value are deleted from the computations, the police clearance rate for the serious, or Crime Index offenses, becomes 26.3 percent. Geographically, police experience in clearing crimes by arrest varied only

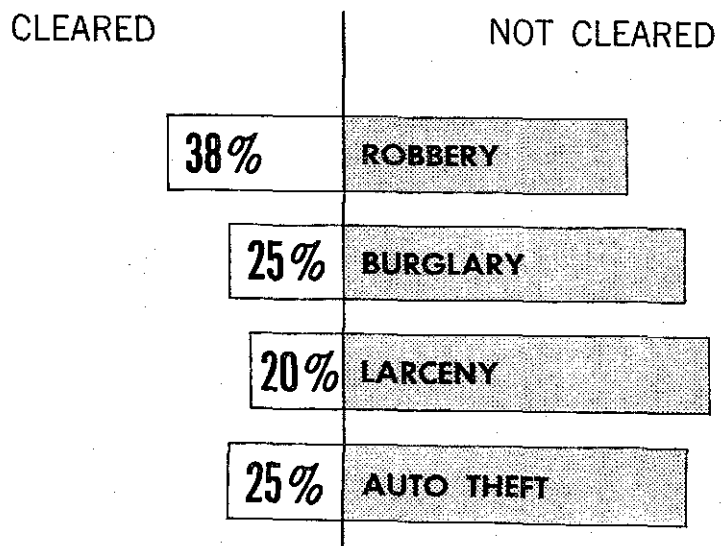
CRIMES CLEARED BY ARREST

1965

AGAINST THE PERSON



AGAINST PROPERTY



FBI CHART

Chart 6

slightly. The highest overall clearance rates were reported by the South Atlantic and West South Central States, each with 27.6 percent. Since 1961 police clearances have decreased 8 percent with all Crime Index classifications disclosing a downward trend.

Statistical data was collected in 1964 for the first time which permitted the publication of figures indicating the extent of the implication of persons under 18 in the Crime Index offenses as measured by the number of crimes cleared by arrests of persons in this young age group. The statistics reported by police in 1965 confirm the experience of the preceding year. Persons under 18 years of age were identified as having been involved in 30 percent of the serious or Crime Index offenses which were cleared by arrest. By including clearances for larceny under \$50 and negligent manslaughter, the juvenile percentage jumps to 37 percent. The young age group 10 to 17 years now make up approximately 15 percent of the total United States population and based on police solutions of crimes, they commit 42 percent of all property offenses. Both arrests and clearances are useful as indices to measure involvement of youth in crimes committed in a certain area or community. Arrests show the number of persons involved while clearances measure the extent to which young people can be identified with criminal acts. Clearances are one measure of police activity to control crime; arrests for criminal acts are another. Further information relating to arrest data will be found in subsequent pages of this publication.

In considering crime clearances it is pointed out again that the arrest of one person can clear several crimes or, on the other hand several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime. Police count a clearance when they have identified the offender, have sufficient evidence to charge him and actually take him into custody. Instances of exceptional clearances are counted when some element beyond police control prevents them from formally charging an offender, such as victim's refusal to prosecute or prosecution declined in lieu of prosecution elsewhere.

Persons Arrested

In the period 1960-1965 police arrests for all criminal acts, except traffic offenses, have risen 10 percent. During this same period police arrests of persons under 18 years of age jumped 54 percent. For the same period of time the increase in the 10-17 age group population was 17 percent. Thus, it can be clearly observed the percentage increase in the involvement of these young persons, as measured by police arrests, is more than triple their percentage increase in the national population. Keep in mind, however, that a relatively small percentage of the total young age population becomes involved in criminal acts, less than 5 out of 100.

When only the serious crimes are used for trend purposes during this six-year period, it is noted that arrests increased 33 percent. Arrests of the under 18 age group for the same crimes rose 47 percent. Although adult arrests were up sharply during this period, the upward trend for the young age group was double that for adults. The young age arrests for violent crimes were up 50 percent and for the property crimes 47 percent.

Adult arrests for the violent crimes for the same period were up 17 percent and for property crimes 25 percent. Arrests are first a measure of police activity as it relates to crime. Arrests do, however, provide a useful index to measure involvement in criminal acts by the age, sex and race of the perpetrators particularly for those crimes which have a high solution rate. Procedures used in this Program require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion when a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. Arrests do not measure the specific number of individuals taken into custody since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses. This happens frequently for certain types of offenses against public order such as drunkenness, vagrancy, disorderly conduct and related violations.

In 1965, arrests for all criminal acts, excluding traffic, increased less than 1 percent over 1964. Nationally, there were 37 arrests for each 1,000 persons in the United States. The arrest rate for cities as a group was 43 per 1,000 population, for suburban areas 22, and for the rural areas 16. The total volume of city arrests increased almost 1 percent, suburban 5 percent, and rural 2 percent.

Nationally, persons under 15 years of age made up 9 percent of the total police arrests; under 18, 21 percent; and under 21, 32 percent. In the suburban areas the involvement of the young age group in police arrests is considerably higher than the national figure with the under 15 age group represented in 12 percent; under 18, 32 percent; and under 21, 45 percent. In the rural area the distributions were lower for the younger age group with the under 15 age group being involved in 4 percent of the total police arrests; under 18 in 19 percent; and those under 21 in 35 percent.

In reviewing arrest figures it is important to keep in mind that police arrest practices and emphases vary which will account for some variations in these statistics from year to year. It is noted that arrests of persons under 18 rose 35 percent for prostitution and commercialized vice, and 38 percent for Narcotic Drug Law violations. In fact, nationally, approximately 1 of every 4 individuals arrested for violations of the Narcotic Drug Laws was a person under 21 years of age.

Arrests for Narcotic Drug Law violations were up 12 percent nationally. From 1960 to 1965 arrests for this violation increased 46

percent. There is set forth below a tabulation by geographic region showing the type of narcotic drug involved in the arrest of the offender.

	Geographic regions			
	North-eastern	North Central	Southern	Western
Narcotic drug laws (percent):				
Opium or cocaine and their derivatives.....	54.1	35.1	26.8	24.0
Marijuana.....	22.5	28.4	19.0	47.2
Synthetic narcotics.....	2.5	6.0	7.6	6.8
Other—dangerous nonnarcotic drugs.....	20.9	30.4	46.6	22.0

Male arrests for all crimes outnumbered female arrests 7 to 1; however, female arrests continued to increase more rapidly in 1965. There was little change in total male arrests, up 1 percent, and female arrests increased 2 percent. This was primarily influenced by a 9 percent increase in arrests of young females under the age of 18. Females were arrested in 12 percent of the serious or Crime Index-type offenses. Their involvement in these crimes is primarily for larceny. Females accounted for 18 percent of the forgery, 20 percent of the fraud and 17 percent of the embezzlement arrests.

Persons Charged

In 1965 in the serious crime categories there was a significant 5 percent decrease from 1964 in the number of adults found guilty and a sharp 13 percent increase in the number of acquittals and dismissals. Each of these serious crimes contributed to the increase in the percentage of those acquitted or dismissed. Three out of every 10 murder defendants were either acquitted or their cases were dismissed at some prosecutive stage, about one-third of those charged with forcible rape were acquitted or had their cases dismissed and over one-third of the persons charged with aggravated assault won freedom through acquittal or dismissal. Acquittals and dismissals ran high in the Narcotic Drug Law violations which were up from 36 percent in 1964 to 38 percent in 1965. A significant fact emerges—since 1962 acquittals and dismissals for the serious crimes, as a group, have risen 14 percent.

Not all persons arrested are turned over to the courts for prosecution. Some of the reasons for this are: failure of the victims to cooperate or testify in the prosecution, persons arrested are released with warnings, police determine the arrested person did not commit the offense and sufficient evidence is not obtainable to support either a formal charge or a subsequent prosecution. It is noted, for example, that nationally law enforcement agencies handle about 50 percent of the juveniles they arrest within their own agencies and release these young

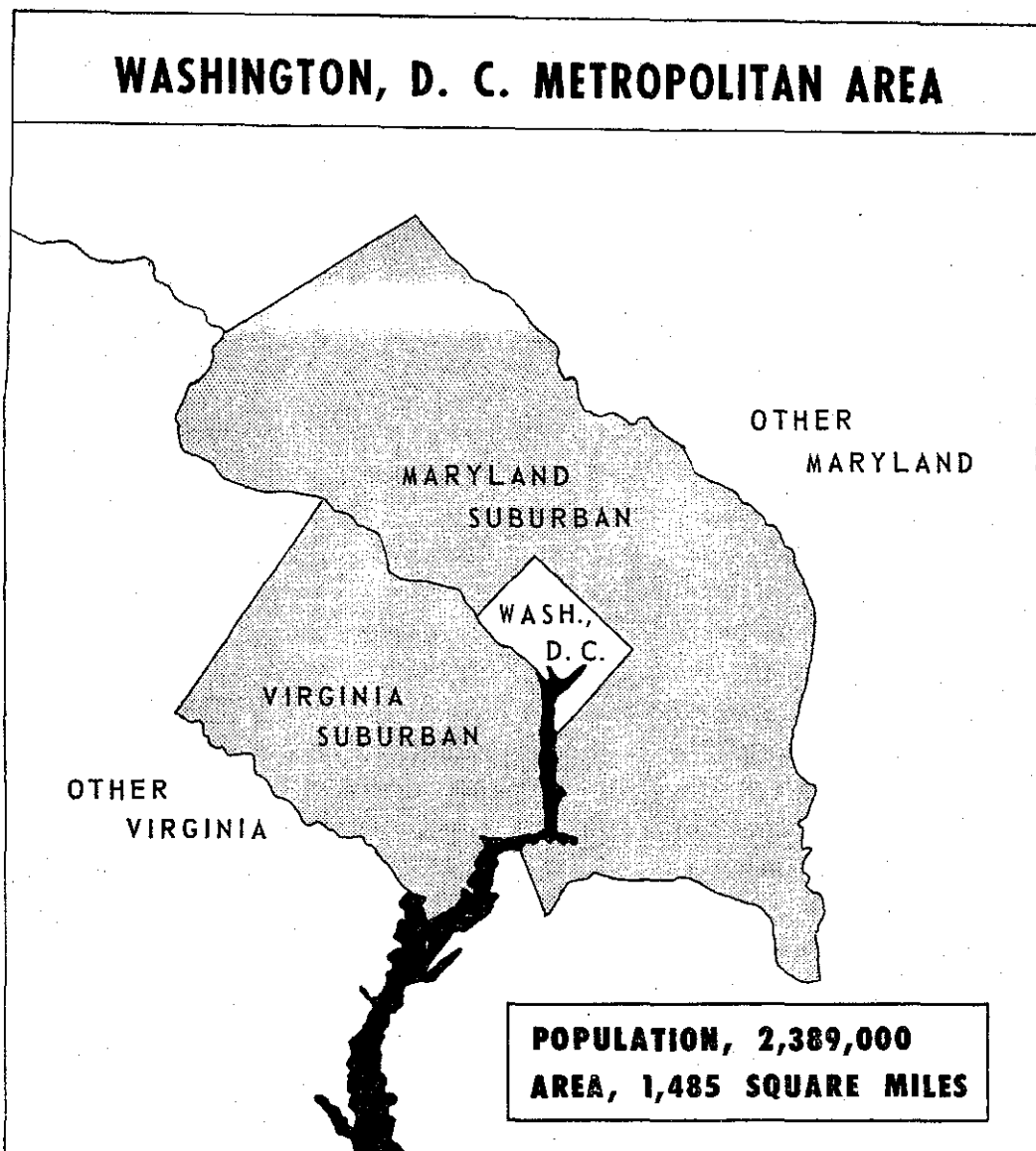
persons without preferring a formal charge or referring them to juvenile authorities. In this Program, all law enforcement agencies are urged to obtain and report final dispositions in cases involving persons they arrest. Tables containing this data commence on page 103. Included in these tables are juveniles (local age limit) who were arrested and turned over to juvenile authorities in connection with specific criminal acts. In using these figures keep in mind that police methods of handling juvenile offenders differ widely.

In 1965 in the serious or Index crime categories 8 out of every 10 persons arrested were formally charged by police. Of the adults who were charged for these Index offenses, 58 percent were found guilty as charged, 12 percent guilty of a lesser crime, and 30 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed. The highest percentage of persons found guilty on the original charge was in the larceny category where 70 percent of the defendants were convicted for larceny. This was followed by 54 percent conviction on the original charge for auto theft, 51 percent for robbery and burglary, 48 percent for murder, 41 percent for aggravated assault and 40 percent for forcible rape. The offense showing the highest percentage conviction on a lesser charge was murder where one of every 5 defendants was convicted on some charge other than criminal homicide. The offense which had the highest percentage of acquittals and dismissals was forcible rape with 43 percent. Persons charged with larceny had their cases dismissed or were acquitted least often—24 percent of the time. In 45 percent of the cases where formal charges were preferred the offense was referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Juvenile referrals were highest for auto theft with 61 percent. Young persons were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction after being charged in 52 percent of the burglary cases, 45 percent of the larceny, 34 percent of the robbery, 24 percent of the forcible rape, 15 percent of the aggravated assault and 7 percent of the criminal homicide.

When all crime categories are reviewed, it is found convictions on original charges remained high in the offenses against public order and decency—driving while intoxicated, drunkenness, disorderly conduct and vagrancy. Offenses of arson and vandalism recorded the greatest percentage of juvenile referrals.

Mobility of the Offender

As indicated in other pages of this publication, the mobility of the general population, and specifically the mobility of the criminal offender, influences crime rates from jurisdiction to jurisdiction—state, county and local. This factor of mobility has multiplied police problems in the control of crime and the performance of other



FBI CHART

Chart 7

police services. Law enforcement agencies, particularly in suburban areas, have been experiencing sharp resident population increases without a proportional growth in police personnel. In 1965 suburban police agencies had an average of 1.2 police officers per 1,000 population, considerably below the national average. Add to this a constant flow of nonresident population from other parts of the metropolitan area, as well as the mobile criminal, and a greater strain is placed on the already inadequate police strength in suburban communities.

In an attempt to measure the mobility factor in a metropolitan area, the 17 municipal police agencies in the Washington, D.C., Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area cooperated with the FBI by furnishing information in a special survey conducted in the Fall (October–November) of 1964. Some highlights of this study are set

forth below. It is reasonable to assume that the experience of this metropolitan area would be very similar to that in other large metropolitan population centers.

For all criminal acts, excluding traffic offenses, 15.3 percent of the persons arrested in the entire Washington, D.C., metropolitan area were nonresidents of the place where arrested. When drunkenness and disorderly conduct arrests were excluded, 17.3 percent of the offenders were nonresidents. For the crimes against the person—murder, forcible rape and aggravated assault—10 percent of the persons arrested were nonresident offenders. While 9 percent of the robbery arrests were of nonresidents, 19 percent of the persons arrested for burglary, larceny and auto theft as a group were nonresidents of the community where the crimes were committed.

These mobile offenders were primarily from some part of the metropolitan area (64 percent), although they traveled to another political subdivision of the area to commit their criminal acts. Fourteen percent came from a state other than Maryland and Virginia and the District of Columbia. Twenty-two percent were from Maryland or Virginia but resided beyond the suburban fringe.

The Maryland and Virginia suburbs of this metropolitan area experienced proportionately a greater degree of criminal mobility than the large core city, Washington, D.C. In these suburbs 31 percent of all persons taken into custody were nonresidents of the community where arrested. For the crimes against the person 16 percent of the persons arrested were nonresidents. For the property crimes of burglary, larceny and auto theft 39 percent were nonresident offenders. In suburban robberies it was disclosed that over one-half were solved by the arrests of offenders who were nonresidents of the community where the crime occurred.

These mobile offenders by sex were 91 percent male and 9 percent female. The nonresident female offenders were arrested primarily on charges of larceny, assault, drunkenness and disorderly conduct. A percent distribution by age group and type of offense of these mobile offenders for the entire metropolitan Washington, D.C., area is set forth below.

Nonresident Offender—Percent Distribution by Age Group and Type of Offense

Type of offense	Under 18	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50 and over
Violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault).....	9.1	16.7	34.1	9.8	10.6	11.4	9.1	3.8	4.5
Property crimes (burglary, larceny, auto theft).....	17.7	30.7	22.9	12.7	12.0	8.0	7.0	2.5	4.2
Drunkenness and disorderly conduct.....	1.6	9.5	21.9	12.0	11.0	11.1	11.9	9.2	13.4
Other offenses.....	14.0	27.1	16.3	9.8	11.7	12.6	9.4	4.3	8.9
Total, less drunkenness and disorderly conduct.....	14.8	27.2	20.9	10.8	11.7	10.8	8.5	3.6	6.7

Victim

The increasing mobility of the general population, particularly within a metropolitan area, also places greater demands on police protection needs. Crime and police employee rates in this publication are based on permanent or resident population figures since transient population counts are not available. However, the constant flow of nonresident population within and through metropolitan areas, particularly by means of the automobile, is a factor for consideration in establishing police needs in each community.

This survey in the Washington, D.C., metropolitan area revealed that 21 percent of the victims were nonresidents of the community in which the crime was committed. Specifically, in crimes against the person 15 percent of the victims were nonresidents and 22 percent of the robbery victims did not reside in the community where victimized. With respect to the crimes against property, particularly larceny and auto theft, 30 percent of the victims were nonresidents. There were proportionately more nonresident victims of property crimes in the large city, Washington, D.C., than suburbia, 35 percent versus 20 percent. Transient victims of robbery were also higher in the large city, 22 percent, compared with 14 percent in the suburbs. For the crimes against the person, nonresident victims were in the same proportion in both the large city and the suburbs.

There is set forth below a comparison based on averages relating victims and offenders by age, sex, mobility and type of crime.

Comparison of victim and offender—age, sex and mobility by type of crime

	Victim					Offender				
	Average age	Percentage				Average age	Percentage			
		Sex		Resident	Non-resident		Sex		Resident	Non-resident
		Male	Female				Male	Female		
Crimes against person (murder, forcible rape and aggravated assault).....	31	57	43	85	15	31	86	14	88	12
Robbery.....	34	77	23	78	22	20	98	2	91	9
Crimes against property (burglary, larceny and auto theft).....	38	75	25	70	30	23	94	6	85	15

A review of this table indicates victims are older than offenders except for crimes against the person, particularly murder and aggra-

vated assault. Offenders are primarily male. This is true also of victims, although in crimes against the person the percentage of males is only slightly more than half. The nonresident is victimized most frequently by robbery or other forms of theft.

The above material was gathered on the basis of police solutions of crime. It is reasonable to assume that a greater proportion of unsolved crimes are committed by mobile offenders. This is particularly true for the crimes against property. It is also the property crimes which result in fewer clearances.

Although we have highlighted here the mobility of the offender in the metropolitan area, it is clear that the vast majority of offenders and victims of crime are of local concern. The need for police to centralize criminal information is, therefore, apparent. This is especially true in view of the repeater and the extent to which he contributes to crime.

Careers in Crime

At the close of calendar year 1965 the criminal histories of 134,938 individual offenders had been entered into a study of criminal careers which was initiated by the FBI in January, 1963. This program and the publication of this material are made possible through the cooperative exchange of criminal fingerprint data among local, state and Federal law enforcement agencies which submit criminal fingerprint cards to the FBI's Identification Division on persons whom they arrest. There is a lack of uniformity in submissions made by all law enforcement agencies for all criminal charges but, generally, it is the practice to submit a criminal fingerprint card on all serious crimes, felonies, and certain misdemeanors. On the Federal level almost all arrested persons are fingerprinted by the arresting Federal agency, United States Marshals and/or the Bureau of Prisons.

Using this positive means of identification it is possible to obtain the criminal history of an offender. This history is limited, of course, to the extent that the offender is detected, arrested, a fingerprint card submitted at arrest and a disposition is furnished for the arrest. The fingerprint files of these known offenders are "flashed" in the *FBI Identification Division* thus providing a means of follow-up with respect to their future criminal involvement. Additional information received on these persons is added to the record which has been previously stored on magnetic tape. For the most part, these offenders are persons who have been arrested on a Federal charge in 1963, 1964 or 1965, parolees, persons on probation, serious state violators arrested

as fugitives under the Fugitive Felon Act, plus local violators who comprise about 25 percent of the total. Chronic violators of the immigration laws and those whose criminal fingerprints are submitted by the military are not included in the tabulations. The data which follows is based on an analysis of the criminal activity of offenders on whom fingerprint cards were received from January 1, 1963, to December 31, 1965.

For the 134,938 offender records which have been processed, 3 out of every 4 were repeaters; that is, they had a prior arrest on some charge. This entire sample had an average criminal career of more than 10 years (span of years from first to last arrest) during which they averaged 5 arrests, 2.4 convictions and 1.5 imprisonments. Disposition data is two-thirds complete for felonies but more incomplete for the misdemeanors or minor offenses. Leniency in the form of probation, suspended sentence, parole and conditional release had been afforded to 51 percent of the offenders. After the first leniency this group averaged more than 3 new arrests. The group granted leniency had, on the average, a criminal career extending over 12 years and they accumulated approximately seven arrests each.

The mobility of these 134,938 offenders reveals that slightly over 52 percent were arrested in one state, 25 percent in two states and 22 percent in three or more states. A distribution by sex indicates that 93 percent were males and 7 percent females. By race, 70 percent were white, 27 percent Negro and 3 percent all other.

The following table sets forth a distribution by age group in 1965, a distribution by age at first arrest and mobility by age group.

Table A.—Distribution by Age Group

Age group	Age, 1965		Age at first arrest	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 20.....	6,322	4.7	52,023	38.6
20-24.....	25,984	19.3	37,206	27.6
25-29.....	25,151	18.6	17,307	12.8
30-39.....	37,969	28.1	17,145	12.7
40-49.....	24,044	17.8	7,421	5.5
50 and over.....	15,468	11.5	3,836	2.8
Total.....	134,938	100.0	134,938	100.0

Distribution by Mobility

Age group	Arrests in 1 state	Arrests in 2 states	Arrests in 3 or more states
	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Under 20.....	72.8	22.8	4.4
20-24.....	57.0	29.9	13.1
25-29.....	50.6	27.2	22.2
30-39.....	47.4	25.2	27.4
40-49.....	48.4	22.3	29.3
50 and over.....	55.8	21.2	23.0
Total.....	52.2	25.4	22.4

This sample of almost 135,000 individual criminal records is primarily made up of Federal offenders in the sense that it was their involvement with the Federal process which brought them into the program. Keep in mind, however, that most of the Federal crimes as defined by statute are also local in nature. These violators are generally the serious offenders and, therefore, likely repeaters since it is not police practice to submit fingerprint cards on minor or petty crimes.

Profiles

Table B, Profile of Known Repeaters by Type of Crime, provides pertinent information for comparative purposes. It suggests the extent to which the repeater contributes to our crime counts year in and year out. The group of offenders making up Table B are repeaters; that is, they have been arrested at least twice and were selected by type of crime based on their last charge. The average age of these offenders ranged from 27 years for the auto thief to 45 years for the gambler. For the auto thief who repeated in that offense, the average age at first arrest for auto theft was 23 and the gambler 40 years of age. Again, the extreme ranges of average age at first arrest for any offense were the gambler 31, and the auto thief, robber, and burglar 20 years of age. Since fingerprint cards are not submitted with any degree of consistency on juvenile arrests, the average age at first arrest is influenced upward.

Criminal careers of these offenders ranged from 13 years for the gambler to 6 years for the more youthful auto thief and rapist. However, averages indicated that the burglar, auto thief and robber had the highest rate of repeating in the serious crime categories. More than half of the crimes committed by these offenders were of the Crime Index type; namely, murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and auto theft.

Repeating in the same crime was highest for the narcotic offender 53 percent, the burglar 48 percent, the gambler 47 percent, and the bogus check offender 40 percent. Thirty-six percent of the auto thieves repeated in auto theft during the course of their criminal careers and 33 percent of the robbers repeated in robbery. For the crimes against the person—murder, rape and felonious assault—the rate of repeating in the same crime is considerably lower than for the property offenses.

The frequency of leniency action in the form of probation, suspended sentence or parole ranged from 38 percent for the murderers to 55 percent for the burglars. Like the burglar, 54 percent of the bogus check offenders also had leniency; yet, both of these criminal types have a high rate of repeating and, repeating in the same offense. The

Table B.—Profile of Known Repeaters by Type of Crime

	Murder	Felonious assault	Robbery	Burglary	Auto theft	Rape	Sex offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Bogus checks
Total number of subjects.....	900	4,330	6,028	10,260	17,310	993	1,127	9,661	3,963	12,772
Average age 1965.....	34	32	29	28	27	28	24	32	45	34
Average age first arrest for specific charge.....	32	30	26	24	23	26	31	27	40	30
Average age at first arrest.....	24	23	20	20	20	20	25	22	31	23
Average criminal career (yrs).....	9	9	8	8	6	6	8	9	13	9
Average arrests during criminal career.....	6	7	7	8	6	6	6	7	5	7
Crime Index arrests.....	3	3	4	4	3	3	1	2	1	2
Frequency of arrest on specific charge (percent):										
One.....	88	77	67	52	64	85	78	47	53	60
Two.....	11	16	21	24	22	13	14	21	22	20
Three or more.....	1	7	12	24	14	2	8	32	25	20
Frequency of leniency action on any charge (percent):										
One.....	26	28	28	34	30	30	26	28	23	33
Two.....	8	9	11	13	9	10	9	11	4	12
Three or more.....	4	5	7	8	6	4	6	7	3	9
Total (percent).....	38	42	46	55	45	44	41	46	30	54
Leniency on specific charge (percent):										
Average arrests after first leniency.....	5	7	11	18	27	8	8	24	12	27
Average arrests after first leniency.....	5	5	6	6	5	4	6	6	4	5
Mobility (percent):										
Arrests in 1 State.....	47	41	39	34	33	40	43	57	71	37
Two States.....	31	35	29	32	32	31	29	26	20	27
Three or more States.....	22	24	32	34	35	29	28	17	9	36

auto thief, bogus check offender and the narcotic violator had the highest proportion of leniency for specific charges.

The forger, the auto thief, the burglar and the robber recorded the highest mobility with over 30 percent having been arrested in 3 or more states during the course of their criminal careers.

Follow-up

The first results of follow-up since this program was initiated in January, 1963, are set forth in Table C below. The 6,907 offenders in this tabulation represent criminal offenders who were released to the street between January and June, 1963. They were released either by probation, suspended sentence, parole, fine or acquittal and dismissal. By the posting of "flash" notices in the criminal identification records of these offenders, arrests for new crimes were added to each record when received through the submission of a fingerprint card. The cutoff date on follow-up was June, 1965; therefore, the experience reported below covers a two-year period. Age was computed at time of entry into the program in 1963. As a group, 48 percent of these offenders were arrested for new crimes within two years—namely between June, 1963, and June, 1965.

Table C.—Repeaters By Age Group

[Two-year follow-up]

Age	Total	Nonrepeaters		Repeaters	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 20.....	871	365	41.9	506	58.1
20-24.....	1,565	664	42.4	901	57.6
25-29.....	1,118	511	45.7	607	54.3
30-39.....	1,620	869	53.6	751	46.4
40-49.....	1,069	678	63.4	391	36.6
50 and over.....	664	503	75.8	161	24.2
Total all ages.....	6,907	3,590	52.0	3,317	48.0

When the above records are examined by type of offense for which charged at time of release to the street, it was found that 59 percent of the burglars, 70 percent of the auto thieves and 64 percent of the robbers repeated. Of those charged with theft 45 percent repeated, as did 65 percent of the narcotic offenders and 49 percent of the forgers.

Police Employee Data

Tables are set forth commencing on page 148 of this publication which contain information on average police strength by geographic division and population group, percent civilian employees, law enforcement officers assaulted and killed in the line of duty and indi-

vidual city listings of police employees for cities with over 2,500 population which made their figures available.

The year 1965 witnessed no change in the national police employee rate for all cities when compared with 1964. The average rate of 1.9 police employees per 1,000 population (including civilian personnel) has been relatively constant since 1958 despite the rapidly rising incidence of crime and the growing frequency in the number of requests for police service. Many departments are below this average, however, when arrayed it is found that one-half of the departments have a police employee rate of 1.4 per 1,000 population or less. Due to the fact that on the average 85 to 90 percent of the total police budget is for salaries, it is incumbent on the law enforcement administrator to insure he is utilizing available manpower in the most efficient and effective way.

A table is offered this year (Table 44) which, for the first time, provides figures as to the average police employee ratio using only sworn police personnel as a base. It will be noted the national average decreases to 1.7 per 1,000 population when civilian employees are eliminated from the tabulations. There exists a healthy and growing trend among law enforcement agencies to utilize civilian employees in clerical and other nonpolice jobs which releases sworn personnel for patrol and other enforcement functions. Efforts in this direction are important at any time, but particularly now when recruiting acceptable officer candidates is difficult.

Crime in the suburbs continues to increase at a more rapid pace than in the large cities, yet the national police employee ratio for suburban areas of 1.4 is well below the average for all cities. This figure is reduced to 1.2 when civilian personnel are excluded. When arrayed by quartile, it is found that at least 50 percent of the cities in this group had police employee rates ranging from 1.0 to 1.6.

The average employee rate for sheriffs' departments is 1.0, but drops to less than one (0.8) when only sworn personnel are considered. When quartiles are used the rates range from 0.3 to 0.9 per 1,000 population for 50 percent of the departments.

It must be recognized that the law enforcement responsibilities of sheriffs' departments differ considerably in various sections of the United States. In some jurisdictions for example the sheriffs' activities are limited in large part to civil functions. The departments used in computing rates, however, are all engaged in full-scale police activity and are responsible for all phases of law enforcement in their jurisdictions. In using these rates caution must be exercised because of the variations in the nature and extent of the duties performed by the sheriff.

Any attempt to measure police activity on the basis of a broad collection of data can at best be a rough yardstick. Police workloads

do vary geographically by volume and type of activity. The tabulation below shows the number of reported Crime Index offenses, criminal arrests made, and traffic charges issued per sworn police officer by geographic region. It is based on 1965 calendar year data. This indicates a high rate of activity for the police officer in the Western States followed by the Southern and North Central States and a comparatively low activity rate in the Northeastern States.

Annual number per officer (geographic region)

Police Activity	North-eastern	North Central	Southern	Western
Crime Index offenses reported.....	6.5	10.0	11.3	15.8
Drunkness and disorderly conduct arrests.....	3.8	8.7	21.5	14.7
Other arrests (criminal).....	6.4	15.8	22.1	21.1
Traffic charges issued.....	130	244	244	322

The police employee strengths of State Police and State Highway Patrol organizations are set forth in Table 48. In addition, this table provides information concerning the miles of primary highway and the number of state motor vehicle registrations per sworn employee by state.

Figures with respect to average police strength, as well as rates which are set forth in Tables 43 and 44, are supplied as a guide and must not be interpreted as representing desirable or recommended police strength. A careful analysis must be made of the various factors which contribute to the need for police service in a given community before a determination can be reached with regard to adequate manpower requirements.

Police Killed

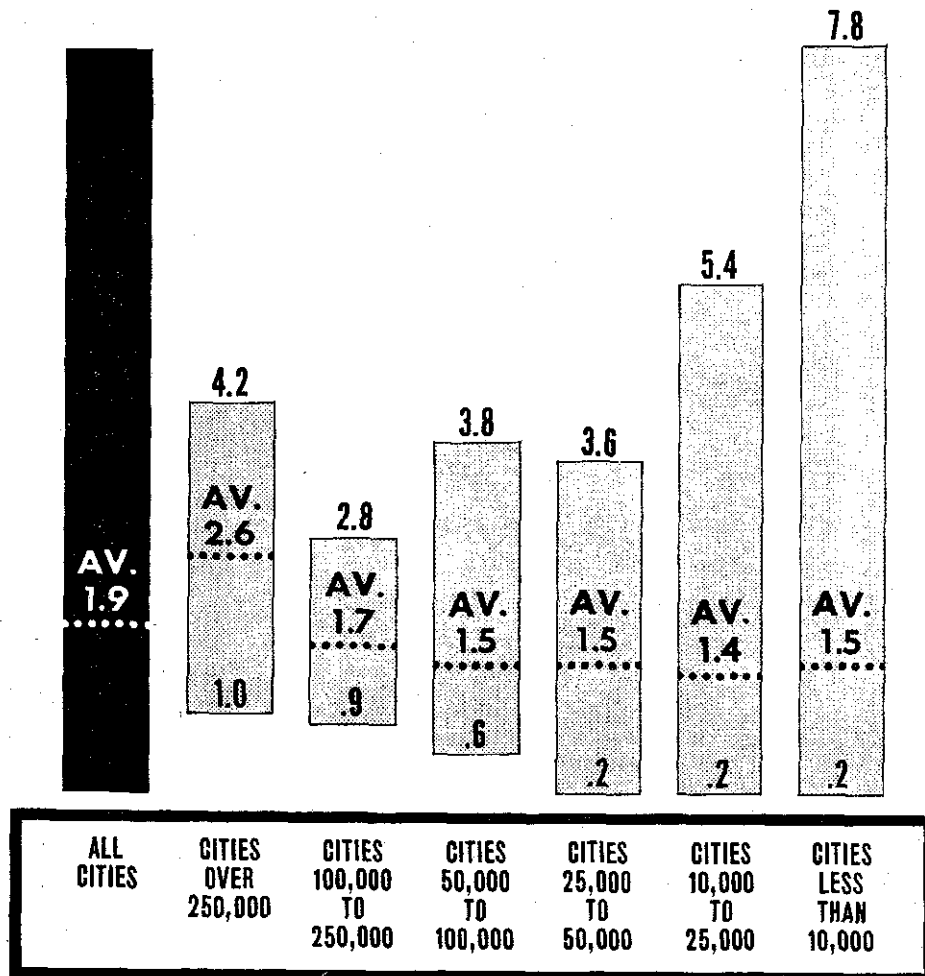
The number of law enforcement officers murdered in the line of duty in 1965 dropped slightly from 1964. There were 53 police victims in 1965 whereas there were 57 officers murdered in 1964. With the addition of these 53 deaths the total number of police killings increased to 278 for the six-year period 1960-1965. In 1965 there were 30 additional deaths of law enforcement officers as a result of accidents in the line of duty, most of which were automobile or motorcycle fatalities.

Effecting arrests and transporting prisoners continue to carry the greatest risk for police as evidenced by the fact that 30 percent of the 278 men murdered over the six-year period were engaged in handling these police functions. In fact, 42 percent of the 53 police killed in 1965 were making arrests or were transporting prisoners who had been apprehended. A further analysis of the type of activity in which the 278 officers were involved discloses 21 percent were answering disturbance-type calls, such as family quarrels, man with a gun, etc., while 20 percent were murdered when they interrupted a robbery in

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

AVERAGE NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, AND
RANGE IN NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, PER 1,000 INHABITANTS

BY POPULATION GROUPS, DECEMBER 31, 1965



FBI CHART

Chart 8

progress or were pursuing robbery suspects. Interrupting burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects accounted for 12 percent of the deaths, investigating suspicious persons and circumstances 11 percent and 17 men or 6 percent were murdered in unprovoked attacks by berserk or mentally deranged or disturbed individuals, a number of whom had prior histories of mental disorders. In the following table, police murders are distributed by geographic region and by type of activity in which the officers were engaged.

Police Killed by Geographic Region and Type of Activity 1960-1965

	North-east	North Central	South	West	Total	
					Number	Percent
1. Responding to "disturbance" calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.)	11	19	22	6	58	21
2. Burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects	4	8	13	8	33	12
3. Robberies in progress or pursuing robbery suspects	15	12	13	15	55	20
4. Attempting other arrests and transporting prisoners	6	10	57	11	84	30
5. Investigating suspicious persons and circumstances	3	6	14	8	31	11
6. Berserk or deranged person (no warning-unprovoked attack)	6	2	7	2	17	6
Total	45	57	126	50	278	100

In 1965 all but one of the 53 officers died from wounds inflicted by firearms—32 were victims of handguns, 13 were killed by use of shotguns and 7 by rifles. Since 1960 firearms have been used in 96 percent of the murders of police officers in the line of duty and of those killed by firearms, 78 percent were murdered with handguns. The median period of police service for officers slain since 1960 remained at 6 years. Ten percent of the murdered officers had been employed in law enforcement one year or less, 59 percent had 5 or more years of police experience and almost one-third were veterans of 10 years or more service.

Police officers on car patrol contributed the heaviest toll to those murdered in 1965 with a total of 37 deaths. This is typical of the six-year period during which time 186 of the deceased officers were assigned to car patrols, 24 were on foot patrol, 48 were detectives or were assigned duties of a specialized nature and 20 were technically off duty. The latter became involved in the incidents which resulted in their deaths by attempting to prevent a crime occurring in their presence.

During 1965, 27 of the officers who died from criminal action were being assisted at the time of the incident by a fellow officer while 26 were alone. During the six years for which these figures have been accumulated 123 officers died while operating alone, whereas 155 were receiving assistance at the scene when they were killed.

In studying police deaths in cities where department policy is known with respect to use of one-man patrol cars, two-man patrol cars or combinations of 1 and 2-man patrol cars, it is found that 87 officers lost their lives in 69 cities over the 6-year span under consideration. Forty-five (52 percent) of these men were assigned to two-man car patrols, while 42 (48 percent) were assigned to one-man cars. In carrying this analysis a step further it is found that in 22 of the 42 incidents where the police victim was assigned to a one-man car, the lone officer was receiving assistance from fellow officers at the scene of the crime. It is thus determined that of the 87 deaths, officers were being aided at the scene in 77 percent of the cases and were alone at the scene in 23 percent of the cases. In those cities which used combinations of 1 and 2-man patrol cars there were 36 murders reported where the officers were engaged in two-man car operations and 25 where one-man cars were in use.

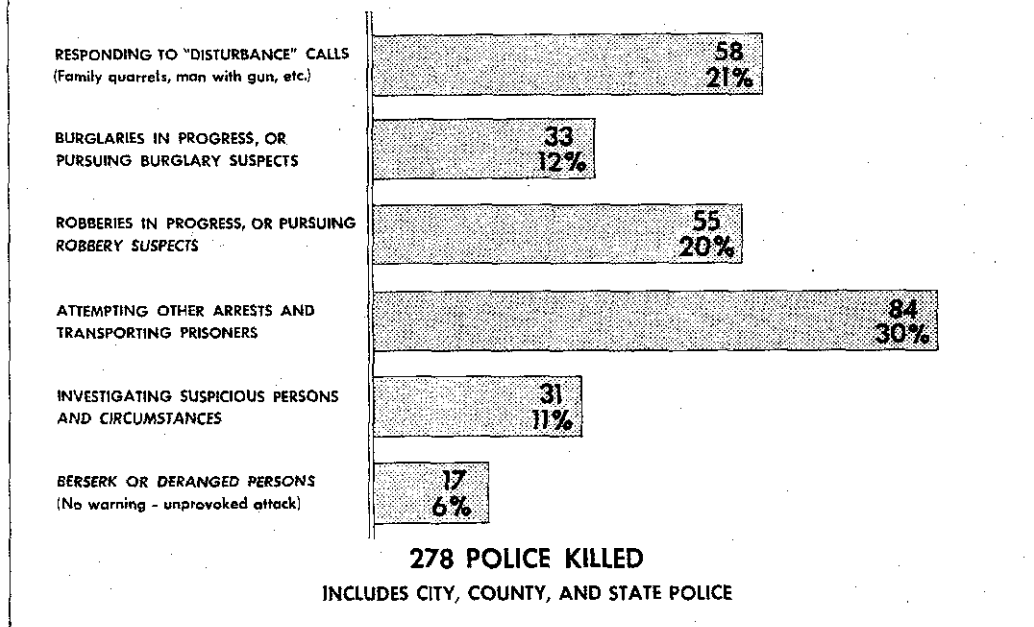
During 1964, the latest year for which figures are available, there was a slight 3 percent upward trend in the number of cities using only one-man cars. There was a corresponding 3 percent decrease in the number of cities using combinations of one and two-man cars. The number of cities using two-man cars exclusively remained at 5 percent of the total reporting cities, unchanged from the preceding year.

A table is presented this year which indicates the type of police duty to which murdered officers were assigned, as well as the type of police activity in which they were engaged at the time they were murdered. These figures disclose the highest incidence of police deaths resulted when the law enforcement officers who were assigned to one-man patrol cars attempted to make arrests or transport prisoners. The second most frequent set of circumstances surrounding these deaths occurred among officers assigned to two-man car patrols who were responding to disturbance calls including such things as family quarrels, man with a gun, etc. This category was followed closely by deaths of police officers assigned to two-man patrol cars who were making arrests or transporting prisoners. It should be noted in studying these figures that, as indicated above, many of the officers assigned to one-man patrol cars and foot patrol were receiving assistance on the scene from fellow officers at the time of the fatal attacks.

During the six-year period for which statistics have been maintained there have been 362 persons involved as offenders in the 278 murders. When accounting for these 362 persons, it is found that 304 were arrested, 43 were slain justifiably by police at the time of the incident or shortly thereafter, 13 committed suicide, 1 died a natural death and 1 drowned before being taken into custody.

POLICE KILLED BY FELONS

BY TYPE OF POLICE ACTIVITY
1960--1965



FBI CHART

Chart 9

Police Killed by Felons, 1960-1965

	Two-man cars	One-man cars		Foot	Detective and special assignment	Off duty	Total
		Alone	Assisted				
1. Responding to "disturbance" calls...	28	9	7	4	8	2	58
2. Burglaries in progress, or pursuing burglary suspects	12	12	1	1	7	0	33
3. Robberies in progress, or pursuing robbery suspects	10	14	5	5	12	9	55
4. Attempting other arrests and transporting prisoners	21	32	6	6	15	4	84
5. Investigating suspicious persons and circumstances	7	14	1	3	5	1	31
6. Berserk or deranged person (No warning--unprovoked attack)	4	2	1	5	1	4	17
Total	82	*83	21	24	48	20	278

*51 city police officers, 32 county and state police officers.

When an examination is made of the prior criminal histories of those involved, it is found that 76 percent had been arrested on some criminal charge prior to the time they became participants in the police murders and, of even more significance, over one-half of this group had been previously arrested for assaultive-type crimes such as rape, robbery, assault with a deadly weapon, assault with intent to kill, etc. In fact, the records disclose 9 individuals had been charged on some prior occasion with an offense of murder.

Seven of these had been paroled on the murder charge, one was an escapee having fled confinement while serving time for murder, and one was an escapee who fled while awaiting trial for murder. Sixty-eight percent of the 362 persons who were responsible are known to have had prior convictions on criminal charges and more than two-thirds of this group had received leniency in the form of probation or parole on at least one of these convictions. More than 1 of every 4 of the murderers was on parole or probation when he killed a police officer.

The murderers of police officers ranged in age from a boy of 14 to a man of 73. The median age was 27. Seventeen of the slayers were under 18 years of age at the time they committed the offense, 40 were in the 18-20 year age group and 99 were in the 21-25 year bracket. Twenty-two were over 50 years of age when they murdered a police officer and the heaviest age concentration lies in the 20 to 30 age span with the highest frequency being found at age 25.

The national rate for assaults on law enforcement officers in 1965 was 10.8 assaults for every 100 officers. While these assaults did not always result in personal injury to the officer-victim, in approximately one-third of these assaults the officer did suffer physical harm. Further details relating to assaults on police by geographic division and population group can be found in Table 47. Briefly, this table discloses the highest overall assault rate was in the East South Central States with 18.3 assaults per 100 police officers. This was followed by the South Atlantic States with a rate of 17.8, the Mountain States 12.9, and the Pacific States 10.8. The rate in each of the other geographic divisions was slightly below the national average.



Law Enforcement Code of Ethics

As a Law Enforcement Officer, my fundamental duty is to serve mankind; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional rights of all men to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of the police service. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession . . . law enforcement.

Introduction

Background

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program is the outgrowth of a need for a national and uniform compilation of police statistics. This need was expressed by law enforcement executives many years ago. In 1930, crime reports were solicited from police departments throughout the Nation based on uniform classifications and procedures developed by the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP). In that year the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), on request of the above organization, assumed the role as the national clearinghouse.

The Committee on Uniform Crime Records, IACP, continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in the operation of this Program. The assistance of the Committee is especially valuable in actively promoting the quality of the reports supplied by the cooperating law enforcement agencies. In this connection, the Field Service Division of the IACP is also playing an active and effective part in quality control through surveys of police record and crime reporting systems. Dr. Peter P. Lejins, Professor, Department of Sociology, University of Maryland, continues as a consultant to the FBI in the conduct of this Program.

The Committee on Uniform Crime Records at its April, 1965, meeting reaffirmed the purpose and objectives of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Briefly, the Committee approved a more refined collection of robbery by type, a revision in the larceny classification, a special nationwide survey on sex offenses, restated its position with regard to the definition of auto theft, and the format utilized in the publication of crime statistics.

The Committee at the foregoing meeting and also during the course of the October, 1965, meeting discussed the need to further subdivide a number of the broad crime classifications utilized in the Program. A detailed breakdown of larceny by type of theft was developed and introduced as a collection item beginning in January, 1966. While this breakdown of the larceny classification provides for a better understanding of the nature of this offense, it will also serve to identify types of theft which could be utilized as a Crime Index category. The dollar valuation of larceny as presently used would be eliminated in favor of a collection of larceny by type without regard to the value of property stolen. The experience gained from

this nationwide collection of larceny by type in 1966 will greatly assist in making a determination with respect to this crime classification.

Committees on Uniform Crime Reporting within state law enforcement associations are active in providing service by promoting interest in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, fostering more widespread and more intelligent use of uniform crime statistics and by lending assistance to contributors when the need exists.

Objectives

The fundamental objective of this Program is to produce a reliable fund of nationwide criminal statistics for administrative and operational use of law enforcement agencies and executives. At the same time, meaningful data is provided for other professionals with related interests in the crime problem and for scholars, as well as to inform the public of general crime conditions.

Specifically, the means utilized to attain these goals are: (1) an attempt is made to measure the extent, fluctuation and distribution of serious crime in the United States through the use of a Crime Index consisting of seven selected offenses. This count is based on these seven offenses being reported to the police or coming directly to their attention. (2) The total volume of all types of criminal offenses is compiled as they become known by police arrests. (3) Since the above are also measures of law enforcement activity, related data is collected to demonstrate effectiveness of enforcement activities, available police strength and significant factors involved in crime.

Reporting Procedure

Under this national voluntary system each contributing law enforcement agency is wholly responsible for compiling its own crime reports for submission to the FBI. Each contributor is supplied with the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook which outlines in detail procedures for scoring and classifying offenses. The Handbook illustrates and discusses the monthly and annual reporting forms, as well as the numerous tally sheets made available to facilitate the periodic tabulation of the desired data.

The publication of the Uniform Crime Reporting "Newsletter," which was initiated in October, 1963, has continued with issues being published when pertinent. This "Newsletter" is utilized to explain revisions in the Program as well as to present information and instructional material to assist contributors.

Recognizing that a sound records system is necessary if crime reporting is to meet desirable standards, the FBI furnishes a Manual of Police Records to law enforcement agencies upon request. Special

Agents of the FBI are widely utilized to encourage new contributors and to assist them by explaining the procedures and definitions necessary under this uniform system.

On a monthly basis, city police, sheriffs and state police report the number of offenses that become known to them in the following crime categories: criminal homicide, forcible rape, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and auto theft. This count is taken from a record of all complaints of crimes received by the police from victims or other sources or discovered by the police in their own operations. Complaints determined by police investigation to be unfounded are eliminated from this count. The number of "offenses known" in these crime categories is reported to the FBI without regard to whether anyone is arrested, stolen property is recovered, local prosecutive policy, or any other consideration. Police agencies report on a monthly basis the total number of these crimes which they clear by arrest and, separately, the crimes cleared by the arrest of persons under 18 years of age. Police additionally report certain other analytical data pertaining to specific crime categories, including total arrests made for the month for all criminal acts separated as to adults and juveniles.

In annual reports, "offenses known" data and clearances by arrest are summarized by the contributors. Annual forms provide a report of persons arrested for all criminal offenses with respect to age, sex and race of the offender, as well as an accounting of the number of persons formally charged and their disposition. Police employee data are collected annually, including the number of police killed and assaulted.

Reporting Area

During the calendar year 1965, crime reports were received from law enforcement agencies representing 97 percent of the total United States population living in standard metropolitan statistical areas, 89 percent of the population in other cities, and 75 percent of the rural population. The combined coverage accounts for 92 percent of the national population.

Presentation of crime data by areas as used in this publication follows as closely as practical the definitions used by the Bureaus of the Budget and Census for standard metropolitan statistical areas and other cities. There is, however, some deviation insofar as the rural area is concerned. For crime reporting purposes rural is generally the unincorporated portion of a county outside of standard metropolitan statistical areas. In addition, sheriffs' departments or state police agencies frequently provide coverage for small incorporated communities which do not provide their own police service. These places

are characteristically more rural than urban, thus the crime counts for these places are included in the rural tabulations. In addition, statistics are presented in certain tables relative to "suburban" areas. A suburban area consists of cities with 50,000 or less population together with counties which lie within a standard metropolitan statistical area. In this use of suburban the core city experience is, of course, excluded. The suburban area concept is used because of the peculiar crime conditions which exist in these communities surrounding the major core cities. These metropolitan areas are not rural in nature, yet neither are they comparable to large cities although they have many of the problems identified with the latter.

Standard metropolitan statistical areas are generally made up of an entire county or counties having at least one core city of 50,000 or more inhabitants, with the whole meeting the requirements of certain metropolitan characteristics. In New England, "town" instead of "county" is used to describe standard metropolitan statistical areas. These towns do not coincide generally with established crime reporting units; therefore, metropolitan state economic areas in New England are used in this area tabulation since they encompass an entire county or counties. Standard metropolitan statistical areas make up an estimated 67 percent of the total United States population.

Other cities are urban places outside standard metropolitan statistical areas. Most of these places of 2,500 or more inhabitants are incorporated and comprise 12.6 percent of the 1964 estimated population. *Rural areas* are made up of the unincorporated portion of counties outside of urban places and standard metropolitan statistical areas and represent 20.4 percent of our national population. Throughout this Program, sheriffs, county police and many state police report on crimes committed within the limits of the county but outside cities, while police report on crimes committed within the city limits (urban places).

Verification Processes

Uniformity of crime data collected under this Program is of primary concern to the FBI as the national clearinghouse. With the receipt of reports covering approximately 8,000 jurisdictions, prepared on a voluntary basis, the problems of attaining uniformity are readily apparent. Issuance of instructions does not complete the role of the FBI. On the contrary, it is standard operating procedure to examine each incoming report not only for arithmetical accuracy but also, and possibly of even more importance, for reasonableness as a possible indication of errors.

Variations in the level and ratios among the crime classes established by previous reports of each agency are used as a measure of possible

or probable incompleteness or changes in reporting policy. Necessary arithmetical adjustments or unusual variations are brought to the attention of the submitting agency by correspondence. During 1965 17,101 letters were addressed to contributors primarily as a result of verification and evaluation processes. Correspondence with contributors is the principal tool for supervision of quality. Not only are the individual reports studied, but also periodic trends for individual reporting units are prepared, as are crime rates in descending order for all units grouped for general comparability to assist in detecting variations and fluctuations possibly due to some reason other than chance. For the most part, the problem is one of keeping the contributors informed of the type information necessary to the success of this Program.

The elimination of duplication of crime reporting by the various agencies is given constant attention. In addition to detailed instructions as to the limits of reporting jurisdictions between sheriffs and police in urban places, lists of urban places by county are furnished to sheriffs, county police, and in some instances state police organizations.

Uniform Crime Reporting has been taught to all law enforcement officers attending the FBI National Academy. The Academy was established in 1935, and there are 2,972 graduates who are still in law enforcement, over 27 percent of whom are the executive heads of law enforcement agencies. The FBI also presents this subject to regional police schools throughout the country.

Contacts by Special Agents of the FBI are utilized to enlist the cooperation of new contributors and to explain the purpose of this Program and the methods of assembling information for reporting. When correspondence, including specially designed questionnaires, fails, Special Agents may be directed to visit the contributor to affirmatively resolve the misunderstanding.

Variations from the desired reporting standards which cannot be resolved by the steps indicated above are brought to the attention of the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the IACP. The Committee may designate a representative to make a personal visit to the local department to assist in the needed revision of records and reporting methods.

It is clear, of course, that regardless of the extent of the statistical verification processes used by the FBI, the accuracy of the data assembled under this Program depends upon the degree of sincere effort exerted by each contributor to meet the necessary standards of reporting and, for this reason, the FBI is not in a position to vouch for the validity of the reports received.

The Crime Totals

Communities not represented by crime reports are relatively few, as discussed previously and as shown by an examination of the tables which follow presenting 1965 crime totals for the Index of Crime classifications. The FBI conducts a continuing program to further reduce the unreported areas.

Within each of the three areas—standard metropolitan statistical, other urban, and rural—it is assumed that the unreported portion had the same proportionate crime experience as that for which reports were received. In lieu of figures for the entire year from those agencies, reports for as many as 9 months were accepted as sufficiently representative on which to base estimates for the year. Estimates for unreported areas are based on the reported crime experience of similar areas within each state. Certain refinements are made of this basic estimating procedure as the need arises.

Crime Trends

Crime data for trends are homogeneous to the extent that figures from identical reporting units are used for each of the periods tabulated. Exclusions are made when figures from a reporting unit are obviously inaccurate for any period or when it is ascertained that unusual fluctuations are due to such variables as improved record procedures and not to chance.

As a matter of standard procedure, crime trends for individual places are analyzed by the FBI five times a year. Any significant increase or decrease is made the subject of a special inquiry with the contributing agency. Whenever it is found that crime reporting procedures are responsible for the difference in level of crime, the figures for specific crime categories or totals are excluded from the trend tabulations. On the other hand, *crime rate tables* by state and standard metropolitan statistical area contain the most reliable reports available for the current year, and care should be exercised in any direct comparisons with prior issues. Changes in crime level may have been due in part to improved reporting or records procedures rather than to chance.

Population Data

In computing crime rates by state, geographic division, and the Nation as a whole, population estimates released by the Bureau of the Census on August 27, 1965, were used. Population estimates for individual cities and counties were prepared by using Special Census Reports, state sources and estimates, commercial sources, and extrapolation where no other estimate was available. Complete 1965 population estimates for individual cities and counties were used

from 14 states while official sources in other states provided limited data which was used selectively. The estimated United States population increase in 1965 was 1.3 percent over 1964 according to figures published by the Bureau of the Census.

Classification of Offenses

A stumbling block to a uniform national crime reporting system in the United States results from variations in definitions of criminal violations among the states. This obstacle, insofar as uniformity of definitions is concerned, was removed by the adoption of an arbitrary set of crime classifications. To some extent the title of each classification connotes in a general way its content. However, in reading the explanation of each category, it is very important to keep in mind that because of the differences among the state codes there is no possibility in a system such as this to distinguish between crimes by designations such as "felony" and "misdemeanor."

A continuing program is carried out to furnish contributors with timely supplemental instructions as the need arises in certain classifications. These are aimed at the clarification of any misunderstandings which may arise and the redirection of attention to the proper application of classification procedures under this system.

Brief definitions of crime classifications utilized in this Program are listed below:

1. **Criminal homicide.**—(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: all willful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Excludes attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, or justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides are limited to: (1) the killing of a person by a peace officer in line of duty; (2) the killing of a person in the act of committing a felony by a private citizen. (b) Manslaughter by negligence: any death which the police investigation establishes was primarily attributable to gross negligence of some individual other than the victim.

2. **Forcible rape.**—Rape by force, assault to rape and attempted rape. Excludes statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent).

3. **Robbery.**—Stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as strong-arm robbery, stickups, armed robbery, assault to rob, and attempt to rob.

4. **Aggravated assault.**—Assault with intent to kill or for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by the use of acids, explosives, or other means. Excludes simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. **Burglary—breaking or entering.**—Burglary, housebreaking, safecracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or a theft,

even though no force was used to gain entrance and attempts. Burglary followed by larceny is not counted again as larceny.

6. **Larceny—theft** (except auto theft).—(a) Fifty dollars and over in value; (b) under \$50 in value. Thefts of bicycles, automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or any stealing of property or article of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Excludes embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc.

7. **Auto theft**.—Stealing or driving away and abandoning a motor vehicle. Excludes taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

8. **Other assaults**.—Assaults and attempted assaults which are not of an aggravated nature.

9. **Arson**.—Willful or malicious burning with or without intent to defraud. Includes attempts.

10. **Forgery and counterfeiting**.—Making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

11. **Fraud**.—Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks except forgeries and counterfeiting.

12. **Embezzlement**.—Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control.

13. **Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing**.—Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property and attempts.

14. **Vandalism**.—Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of property without consent of the owner or person having custody or control.

15. **Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.**—All violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers and attempts.

16. **Prostitution and commercialized vice**.—Sex offenses of a commercialized nature and attempts, such as prostitution, keeping bawdy house, procuring, transporting, or detaining women for immoral purposes.

17. **Sex offenses** (except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice).—Statutory rape, offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Includes attempts.

18. **Narcotic drug laws**.—Offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale or use. Excludes Federal offenses.

19. **Gambling**.—Promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.

20. **Offenses against the family and children**.—Nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

21. **Driving under the influence.**—Driving or operating any motor vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

22. **Liquor laws.**—State or local liquor law violations, except “drunkenness” (class 23) and “driving under the influence” (class 21). Excludes Federal violations.

23. **Drunkenness.**—Drunkenness or intoxication.

24. **Disorderly conduct.**—Breach of the peace.

25. **Vagrancy.**—Vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

26. **All other offenses.**—All violations of state or local laws except classes 1–25.

27. **Suspicion.**—Arrests for no specific offense and released without formal charges being placed.

28. **Curfew and loitering laws (juveniles).**—Offenses relating to violation of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

29. **Runaway (juveniles).**—Limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statutes as runaways.

The Index of Crime, 1965

In this section, tabulations are shown to indicate the probable extent, fluctuation and distribution of crime for the United States as a whole, geographic divisions, individual states and standard metropolitan statistical areas. The measure used is a Crime Index consisting of seven important offenses which are counted as they become known to the law enforcement agencies. Crime classifications used in the Index are: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary—breaking or entering, larceny \$50 and over, and auto theft.

The total number of criminal acts that occur is unknown, but those that are reported to the police provide the first means of a count. Not all crimes come readily to the attention of the police; not all crimes are of sufficient importance to be significant in an index; and not all important crimes occur with enough regularity to be meaningful in an index. With these considerations in mind, the above crimes were selected as a group to furnish an abbreviated and convenient measure of the crime problem.

It is important to remember in reviewing the tables in this section that the volume of crime in a state or standard metropolitan statistical area is subject to the factors set forth on page vii. Estimates of current permanent population are used to construct crime rates. With our highly mobile population all communities, metropolitan areas and states are affected to a greater or lesser degree by the element of transient population. This factor is not accounted for in crime rates since no reliable estimates are available nationwide.

Table 1.—Index of Crime, United States, 1965

Area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
United States Total.	193,818,000	2,780,015	9,850	22,487	118,916	206,661	1,173,201	762,352	484,588
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....		1,434.3	5.1	11.6	61.4	106.6	605.3	393.3	251.0
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.	129,798,000	2,268,555	6,801	17,408	108,682	155,479	937,583	615,931	426,671
Area actually reporting ¹	97.4%	2,312,351	6,978	17,844	110,623	158,843	956,088	627,054	434,971
Estimated total.....	100.0%	1,781.5	5.4	13.7	85.2	122.4	736.6	483.1	335.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
Other Cities.	24,388,000	215,748	716	1,170	3,951	17,412	97,106	65,950	29,443
Area actually reporting.....	88.5%	242,345	861	1,317	4,433	20,435	109,121	73,408	32,780
Estimated total.....	100.0%	985.7	3.5	5.4	18.2	84.0	448.4	301.6	134.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
Rural.	39,684,000	173,735	1,296	2,412	2,786	17,684	86,019	48,816	14,722
Area actually reporting.....	75.0%	225,319	2,021	3,306	3,860	27,383	108,042	61,890	18,817
Estimated total.....	100.0%	567.8	5.1	8.3	9.7	69.0	272.3	156.0	47.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									

¹ The percentage representing area actually reporting will not coincide with the ratio between reported and estimated crime totals since these data represent the sum of the calculations for individual states which have varying populations, portions reporting and crime rates.

Population by area for each state is 1965 estimate; total population for each state is Bureau of the Census provisional estimate as of July 1, 1965, and subject to change. All rates were calculated on the estimated population before rounding.

Table 2.—Index of Crime by Regions,

[Number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants;

Area	Year	Population 1	Total offenses		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter		Forcible rape	
			Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
United States Total 2	1964	191,334,000	2,614,223	1,366.3	9,249	4.8	23,551	10.7
	1965	193,818,000	2,780,015	1,434.3	9,850	5.1	22,467	11.6
Percent change			+8.3	+5.0	+6.5	+6.3	+9.3	+8.4
Northeast	1964	47,125,000	587,861	1,247.4	1,607	3.4	3,745	7.9
	1965	47,526,000	636,929	1,341.0	1,693	3.6	4,052	8.5
Percent change			+8.3	+7.5	+5.4	+5.9	+8.2	+7.6
New England	1964	11,070,000	130,030	1,174.6	188	1.7	623	5.6
	1965	11,159,000	140,067	1,255.2	235	2.1	556	5.0
Percent change			+7.7	+6.9	+25.0	+23.5	-10.8	-10.7
Connecticut	1964	2,766,000	30,996	1,120.6	49	1.8	152	5.5
	1965	2,832,000	33,277	1,175.1	46	1.6	148	5.2
Maine	1964	989,000	6,644	671.8	15	1.5	77	7.8
	1965	993,000	6,752	680.0	21	2.1	43	4.3
Massachusetts	1964	5,338,000	73,440	1,375.7	105	2.0	320	6.0
	1965	5,348,000	80,610	1,507.3	129	2.4	290	5.4
New Hampshire	1964	654,000	3,571	546.0	6	0.9	25	3.8
	1965	669,000	4,084	610.5	18	2.7	14	2.1
Rhode Island	1964	914,000	13,278	1,452.8	11	1.2	25	2.7
	1965	920,000	13,044	1,417.9	19	2.1	35	3.8
Vermont	1964	409,000	2,101	513.7	2	.5	24	5.9
	1965	397,000	2,300	579.4	2	.5	26	6.5
Middle Atlantic	1964	36,055,000	457,831	1,269.8	1,419	3.9	3,122	8.7
	1965	36,367,000	496,862	1,367.4	1,458	4.0	3,496	9.6
Percent change			+8.5	+7.7	+2.7	+2.6	+12.0	+10.3
New Jersey	1964	6,682,000	91,637	1,371.4	207	3.1	609	9.1
	1965	6,774,000	94,611	1,396.6	219	3.2	605	8.9
New York	1964	17,915,000	268,120	1,496.6	833	4.6	1,507	8.4
	1965	18,073,000	290,647	1,608.2	833	4.6	1,772	9.8
Pennsylvania	1964	11,459,000	98,074	855.9	379	3.3	1,006	8.8
	1965	11,520,000	111,604	968.8	406	3.5	1,119	9.7
North Central	1964	53,370,000	657,515	1,232.0	1,846	3.5	5,598	10.5
	1965	54,014,000	685,720	1,269.6	2,009	3.7	6,387	11.8
Percent change			+4.3	+3.1	+8.8	+5.7	+14.1	+12.4
East North Central	1964	37,619,000	492,008	1,307.9	1,396	3.7	4,228	11.2
	1965	38,137,000	510,729	1,339.3	1,510	4.0	4,905	12.9
Percent change			+3.8	+2.4	+8.2	+8.1	+16.0	+15.2
Illinois	1964	10,489,000	179,631	1,712.6	572	5.5	1,569	15.0
	1965	10,644,000	171,691	1,613.1	551	5.2	1,706	16.0
Indiana	1964	4,825,000	56,264	1,166.0	145	3.0	456	9.5
	1965	4,885,000	59,493	1,217.9	171	3.5	466	9.5
Michigan	1964	8,058,000	124,486	1,537.2	269	3.3	1,358	16.8
	1965	8,218,000	142,563	1,734.8	358	4.4	1,669	20.3
Ohio	1964	10,100,000	102,108	1,011.0	350	3.5	721	7.1
	1965	10,245,000	106,417	1,038.7	366	3.6	915	8.9
Wisconsin	1964	4,107,000	29,519	718.7	60	1.5	124	3.0
	1965	4,144,000	30,565	737.6	64	1.5	149	3.6
West North Central	1964	15,751,000	165,507	1,050.8	450	2.9	1,370	8.7
	1965	15,876,000	174,991	1,102.2	499	3.1	1,482	9.3
Percent change			+5.7	+4.9	+10.9	+6.9	+8.2	+6.9
Iowa	1964	2,756,000	17,924	650.4	35	1.3	137	5.0
	1965	2,760,000	19,498	706.5	36	1.3	123	4.5
Kansas	1964	2,225,000	21,480	965.4	75	3.4	246	11.1
	1965	2,234,000	22,261	996.5	60	2.7	204	9.1
Minnesota	1964	3,521,000	39,027	1,108.4	51	1.4	157	4.5
	1965	3,554,000	40,881	1,150.3	50	1.4	186	5.2
Missouri	1964	4,409,000	67,877	1,539.5	240	5.4	661	15.0
	1965	4,497,000	72,059	1,602.5	300	6.7	812	18.1
Nebraska	1964	1,480,000	11,008	743.8	34	2.3	85	5.7
	1965	1,477,000	12,576	851.5	36	2.4	76	5.1
North Dakota	1964	645,000	3,567	553.0	6	.9	45	7.0
	1965	652,000	3,271	501.7	6	.9	33	5.1
South Dakota	1964	715,000	4,624	646.7	9	1.3	39	5.5
	1965	703,000	4,445	632.4	11	1.6	48	6.8
South	1964	59,252,000	732,387	1,236.0	4,577	7.7	6,061	10.2
	1965	60,049,000	759,982	1,265.5	4,797	8.0	6,469	10.8
Percent change			+3.8	+2.4	+4.8	+3.9	+6.7	+5.9
South Atlantic 3	1964	28,311,000	378,392	1,336.5	2,313	8.2	2,859	10.1
	1965	28,714,000	398,900	1,339.2	2,420	8.4	3,293	11.5
Percent change			+5.4	+3.9	+4.6	+2.4	+15.2	+13.9
Delaware	1964	491,000	6,339	1,291.0	21	4.3	36	7.3
	1965	505,000	6,502	1,287.6	26	5.1	30	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Geographic Divisions and States, 1964-65

percent change over 1964]

Robbery		Aggravated assault		Burglary		Larceny \$50 and over		Auto theft	
Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
111,753	58.4	194,705	101.8	1,110,458	580.4	704,538	368.2	462,971	242.0
118,918	61.4	208,661	106.6	1,173,201	605.3	762,352	393.3	486,568	251.0
+6.4	+5.1	+6.1	+4.7	+5.7	+4.3	+8.2	+6.8	+5.1	+3.7
20,971	44.5	36,230	76.9	229,262	486.5	172,013	365.0	124,033	263.2
23,712	49.9	40,239	84.7	245,024	515.9	186,488	392.6	135,721	285.8
+13.1	+12.1	+11.1	+10.1	+6.9	+6.0	+8.4	+7.6	+9.4	+8.6
2,343	21.2	4,468	40.4	55,010	496.9	32,595	294.4	34,803	314.4
2,964	26.6	4,861	43.6	58,044	520.2	33,904	303.8	39,503	354.0
+26.5	+25.5	+8.8	+7.9	+5.5	+4.7	+4.0	+3.2	+13.5	+12.6
414	15.0	1,158	41.9	14,713	531.9	8,793	317.9	5,717	206.7
546	19.3	1,233	43.5	15,959	563.5	9,188	324.4	6,157	217.4
75	7.6	307	31.0	3,248	328.4	1,868	188.9	1,054	106.6
40	4.0	302	30.4	3,541	356.6	1,911	192.5	894	90.0
1,636	30.6	2,498	46.8	28,278	529.7	16,470	308.5	24,133	452.1
2,139	40.0	2,712	50.7	29,655	554.5	17,152	320.7	28,533	533.5
43	6.6	75	11.5	1,827	279.3	1,046	159.9	549	83.9
46	6.9	78	11.7	2,117	316.5	1,224	183.0	587	87.7
162	17.7	380	41.6	5,880	643.4	3,876	424.1	2,944	322.1
175	19.0	493	53.6	5,486	596.4	3,893	423.2	2,943	319.9
13	3.2	50	12.2	1,064	260.1	542	132.5	406	99.3
18	4.5	43	10.8	1,286	324.0	536	135.0	389	98.0
18,628	51.7	31,762	88.1	174,252	483.3	139,418	386.7	89,230	247.5
20,748	57.1	35,378	97.4	186,980	514.6	152,584	419.9	96,218	264.8
+11.4	+10.4	+11.4	+10.6	+7.3	+6.5	+9.4	+8.6	+7.8	+7.0
3,812	57.0	5,828	87.2	40,143	600.7	22,115	331.0	18,923	283.2
3,753	55.4	5,845	86.3	42,113	621.7	22,152	327.0	19,924	294.1
9,829	54.9	18,701	104.4	90,277	503.9	97,745	545.6	49,228	274.8
11,073	61.3	21,238	117.5	97,235	538.0	107,325	593.9	51,171	283.1
4,987	43.5	7,233	63.1	43,832	382.5	19,558	170.7	21,079	184.0
5,922	51.4	8,295	72.0	47,632	413.5	23,107	200.6	25,123	218.1
40,675	76.2	43,919	82.3	269,955	505.8	170,239	319.0	125,283	234.7
41,397	76.6	45,425	84.1	282,727	523.5	175,741	325.4	132,034	244.5
+1.8	+5	+3.4	+2.2	+4.7	+3.5	+3.2	+2.0	+5.4	+4.2
34,081	90.6	35,186	93.5	192,193	510.9	126,601	336.5	98,323	261.4
34,459	90.4	35,733	93.7	201,832	529.3	128,260	336.3	104,030	272.8
+1.1	-2	+1.6	+2	+5.0	+3.6	+1.3	-1	+5.8	+4.4
19,123	182.3	15,652	149.2	57,416	547.4	42,744	407.5	42,555	405.7
17,535	164.8	14,553	136.7	58,566	550.3	38,342	360.2	40,438	379.9
2,731	56.6	2,977	61.7	23,962	496.6	15,628	323.9	10,365	214.8
2,731	55.9	3,067	62.8	25,245	516.8	16,343	334.6	11,470	234.8
7,113	87.8	9,582	118.3	51,990	642.0	33,163	409.5	21,011	259.5
8,432	102.6	10,669	129.8	57,951	705.2	37,183	452.5	26,301	320.1
4,663	46.2	5,848	57.9	47,100	466.3	24,901	246.5	18,525	183.4
5,286	51.6	6,221	60.7	48,199	470.5	25,971	253.5	19,459	189.9
451	11.0	1,127	27.4	11,725	285.5	10,165	247.5	5,867	142.9
475	11.5	1,223	29.5	11,871	286.5	10,421	251.5	6,362	153.5
6,594	41.9	8,733	55.4	77,762	493.7	43,638	277.0	26,960	171.2
6,938	43.7	9,692	61.0	80,895	509.5	47,481	299.1	28,004	176.4
+5.2	+4.3	+11.0	+10.1	+4.0	+3.2	+8.8	+8.0	+3.9	+3.0
310	11.2	525	19.0	8,004	290.4	6,274	227.6	2,639	95.8
354	12.8	554	20.1	8,398	304.3	7,144	258.8	2,889	104.7
623	28.0	1,629	73.2	9,626	432.6	6,175	277.5	3,106	139.6
537	24.0	1,591	71.2	10,443	467.5	6,685	299.3	2,741	122.7
1,285	36.5	1,108	31.5	18,833	534.9	11,209	318.3	6,384	181.3
1,433	40.3	1,405	39.5	18,853	530.5	11,789	331.7	7,165	201.6
3,955	89.7	4,697	106.5	33,051	749.6	13,831	313.7	11,442	259.5
4,195	93.3	5,281	117.4	34,311	763.0	15,374	341.9	11,786	262.1
306	20.7	351	23.7	4,832	326.5	3,198	216.1	2,202	148.8
324	21.9	416	28.2	5,684	384.8	3,636	246.2	2,404	162.8
56	8.7	122	18.9	1,546	239.7	1,208	187.3	584	90.5
30	4.6	154	23.6	1,348	206.8	1,199	183.9	501	76.8
59	8.3	301	42.1	1,870	261.5	1,743	243.8	603	84.3
65	9.2	291	41.4	1,858	264.3	1,654	235.3	518	73.7
26,045	44.0	79,940	134.9	328,601	554.6	181,266	305.9	105,897	178.7
27,406	45.6	84,408	140.6	331,768	552.4	199,611	332.4	105,523	175.7
+5.2	+3.6	+5.6	+4.2	+1.0	-4	+10.1	+8.7	-4	-1.7
14,434	51.0	44,758	158.1	166,043	586.5	93,293	329.5	54,692	193.2
16,161	56.3	47,610	165.8	168,871	588.1	104,833	365.1	55,712	194.0
+12.0	+10.4	+6.4	+4.9	+1.7	+3	+12.4	+10.8	+1.9	+4
196	39.9	183	37.3	3,071	625.5	1,588	323.4	1,244	253.4
277	54.9	142	28.1	3,093	600.6	1,758	348.1	1,236	244.8

Table 2.—Index of Crime by Regions,
[Number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants;

Area	Year	Population ¹	Total offenses		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter		Forcible rape	
			Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
Florida.....	1964	5,705,000	109,965	1,927.6	489	8.6	589	10.3
	1965	5,805,000	116,732	2,010.9	518	8.9	771	13.3
Georgia.....	1964	4,294,000	53,594	1,248.1	503	11.7	529	12.3
	1965	4,357,000	52,271	1,199.7	491	11.3	586	13.4
Maryland.....	1964	3,432,000	49,858	1,452.8	229	6.7	346	10.1
	1965	3,519,000	60,464	1,718.2	236	6.7	489	13.9
North Carolina.....	1964	4,852,000	45,205	931.7	369	7.6	451	9.3
	1965	4,914,000	48,155	980.0	388	7.9	437	8.9
South Carolina.....	1964	2,555,000	31,081	1,216.5	206	8.1	258	10.1
	1965	2,542,000	27,880	1,096.8	245	9.6	271	10.7
Virginia.....	1964	4,378,000	49,356	1,127.3	297	6.8	456	10.4
	1965	4,457,000	51,635	1,158.6	296	6.6	483	10.8
West Virginia.....	1964	1,797,000	9,584	543.3	67	3.7	89	5.0
	1965	1,812,000	9,851	528.8	72	4.0	77	4.2
East South Central.....	1964	12,678,000	125,344	988.7	938	7.4	1,204	9.5
	1965	12,808,000	128,072	1,000.0	1,077	8.4	1,161	9.1
Percent change.....			+2.2	+1.1	+14.8	+13.5	-3.6	-4.2
Alabama.....	1964	3,407,000	35,981	1,056.1	316	9.3	397	11.7
	1965	3,462,000	36,972	1,067.9	395	11.4	367	10.6
Kentucky.....	1964	3,159,000	32,755	1,036.8	164	5.2	254	8.0
	1965	3,179,000	33,431	1,051.6	168	5.3	209	6.6
Mississippi.....	1964	2,314,000	14,688	634.7	233	10.1	217	9.4
	1965	2,321,000	16,034	690.8	207	8.9	160	6.9
Tennessee.....	1964	3,798,000	41,920	1,103.8	225	5.9	336	8.8
	1965	3,845,000	41,635	1,082.9	307	8.0	425	11.1
West South Central.....	1964	18,263,000	228,651	1,252.0	1,326	7.3	1,998	10.9
	1965	18,527,000	233,010	1,257.2	1,300	7.0	2,015	10.9
Percent change.....			+1.9	+4	-2.0	-4.1	+9	
Arkansas.....	1964	1,933,000	14,688	759.8	147	7.6	157	8.1
	1965	1,960,000	14,503	739.9	115	5.9	203	10.4
Louisiana.....	1964	3,488,000	42,418	1,223.1	287	8.3	384	11.1
	1965	3,534,000	41,840	1,184.0	285	8.1	394	11.1
Oklahoma.....	1964	2,465,000	29,844	1,210.7	110	4.5	289	10.9
	1965	2,482,000	28,543	1,150.0	110	4.4	275	11.1
Texas.....	1964	10,397,000	141,701	1,363.0	782	7.5	1,188	11.4
	1965	10,551,000	148,124	1,403.9	790	7.5	1,143	10.8
West.....	1964	31,587,000	636,480	2,015.0	1,219	3.9	5,147	16.3
	1965	32,231,000	697,384	2,163.9	1,351	4.2	5,559	17.2
Percent change.....			+9.6	+7.4	+10.8	+7.7	+8.0	+5.5
Mountain.....	1964	7,697,000	118,463	1,539.5	332	4.3	998	13.0
	1965	7,775,000	118,906	1,529.6	300	3.9	1,030	13.2
Percent change.....			+4	-6	-9.6	-9.3	+3.2	+1.5
Arizona.....	1964	1,581,000	32,693	2,067.8	83	5.2	259	16.4
	1965	1,608,000	31,108	1,934.5	80	5.0	286	17.8
Colorado.....	1964	1,966,000	30,552	1,554.0	82	4.2	336	17.1
	1965	1,969,000	30,407	1,544.3	69	3.5	318	16.2
Idaho.....	1964	692,000	6,145	888.0	28	4.0	41	5.9
	1965	692,000	6,417	927.3	14	2.0	38	5.5
Montana.....	1964	705,000	7,845	1,112.8	19	2.7	53	7.5
	1965	706,000	7,643	1,082.7	12	1.7	55	7.8
Nevada.....	1964	408,000	11,387	2,790.9	32	7.8	54	13.2
	1965	440,000	10,541	2,395.7	37	8.4	68	15.5
New Mexico.....	1964	1,008,000	14,304	1,419.1	54	5.4	120	11.9
	1965	1,029,000	15,582	1,514.4	63	6.1	138	13.4
Utah.....	1964	992,000	12,196	1,229.5	15	1.5	100	10.1
	1965	990,000	13,803	1,394.3	15	1.5	88	8.9
Wyoming.....	1964	343,000	3,341	974.1	19	5.5	35	10.2
	1965	340,000	3,405	1,001.6	10	2.9	39	11.5
Pacific.....	1964	23,891,000	517,997	2,168.2	887	3.7	4,149	17.4
	1965	24,456,000	578,478	2,365.6	1,051	4.3	4,529	18.5
Percent change.....			+11.7	+9.1	+18.5	+16.2	+9.2	+6.3
Alaska.....	1964	250,000	3,506	1,402.4	26	10.4	56	22.4
	1965	253,000	4,326	1,709.9	16	6.3	45	17.8
California.....	1964	18,084,000	438,399	2,424.2	740	4.1	3,621	20.0
	1965	18,602,000	491,713	2,643.5	880	4.7	3,948	21.2
Hawaii.....	1964	701,000	11,083	1,581.0	15	2.1	18	2.6
	1965	711,000	13,438	1,890.1	23	3.2	6	.8
Oregon.....	1964	1,871,000	25,073	1,340.1	34	1.8	225	12.0
	1965	1,899,000	28,235	1,486.9	65	3.4	226	11.9
Washington.....	1964	2,984,000	39,936	1,338.3	72	2.4	229	7.7
	1965	2,990,000	40,766	1,363.4	67	2.2	304	10.2

¹ Population for each State for 1964 and 1965 is Bureau of the Census provisional estimate as of July 1, and subject to change. All rates were calculated on the estimated population before rounding.

² Offense totals based on all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas. Aggravated assault

Geographic Divisions and States, 1964-65—Continued
percent change, over 1964]

Robbery		Aggravated assault		Burglary		Larceny \$50 and over		Auto theft	
Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
4,958	86.9	10,503	184.1	54,959	963.4	26,692	467.9	11,775	206.4
5,146	88.6	10,951	188.6	55,556	957.0	31,728	546.6	12,062	207.8
1,445	33.7	5,808	135.3	22,706	528.8	12,654	294.7	9,949	231.7
1,297	29.8	6,403	147.0	21,236	487.4	13,828	317.4	8,430	193.5
2,041	59.5	4,830	140.7	18,735	545.9	14,410	419.9	9,267	270.0
2,919	83.0	6,388	181.5	22,474	638.7	17,191	488.5	10,767	306.0
1,034	21.3	10,264	211.5	17,922	369.4	10,253	211.3	4,912	101.2
1,062	21.6	10,635	216.4	18,610	378.7	11,732	238.8	5,291	107.7
658	25.8	3,104	121.5	14,106	552.1	8,586	336.0	4,163	162.9
545	21.4	3,428	134.9	11,885	467.6	7,741	304.5	3,765	148.1
1,462	33.4	6,533	149.2	20,746	473.9	13,300	303.8	6,562	149.9
1,715	38.5	5,968	133.9	21,540	483.3	14,366	322.3	7,267	163.1
303	16.9	900	50.1	4,818	268.1	2,267	126.2	1,410	78.5
261	14.4	1,003	55.4	4,600	253.9	2,310	127.5	1,258	69.4
3,756	29.6	13,471	106.3	57,676	454.9	32,148	253.6	16,151	127.4
3,593	28.1	13,830	108.0	56,992	445.0	34,692	270.9	16,727	130.6
-4.3	-5.1	+2.7	+1.6	-1.2	-2.2	+7.9	+6.8	+3.6	+2.5
992	29.1	5,555	163.1	15,627	458.7	9,415	276.4	3,679	108.0
992	28.7	5,162	149.1	16,119	465.6	10,235	295.6	3,702	106.9
1,140	36.1	1,928	61.0	14,571	461.2	10,172	322.0	4,526	143.3
1,167	36.7	1,919	60.4	14,140	444.8	11,006	346.2	4,822	151.7
476	20.6	3,192	137.9	6,157	266.1	3,143	135.8	1,270	54.9
334	14.4	3,248	139.9	6,626	285.5	3,664	157.9	1,795	77.8
1,148	30.2	2,796	73.6	21,321	561.4	9,418	248.0	6,676	175.8
1,100	28.6	3,501	91.1	20,107	523.0	9,787	254.5	6,408	166.7
7,855	43.0	21,711	118.9	104,882	574.3	55,825	305.7	35,054	191.9
7,652	41.3	22,968	123.9	105,905	571.4	60,086	324.2	33,084	178.5
-2.6	-4.0	+5.8	+4.2	+1.0	-5	+7.6	+6.1	-5.6	-7.0
565	29.2	1,772	91.7	6,436	332.9	3,898	201.7	1,713	88.6
465	23.7	1,879	95.9	5,723	292.0	4,552	232.2	1,566	79.9
1,849	53.3	4,620	133.2	16,730	482.4	10,539	303.9	8,009	230.9
1,813	51.3	4,686	132.6	15,983	452.3	11,521	326.0	7,158	202.6
1,038	42.1	2,100	85.2	14,047	569.8	7,399	300.1	4,881	198.0
942	38.0	1,928	77.7	13,089	527.4	7,482	301.5	4,717	190.0
4,403	42.4	13,219	127.1	67,669	650.9	33,989	326.9	20,451	196.7
4,432	42.0	14,475	137.2	71,110	674.0	36,531	346.2	19,643	186.2
24,062	76.2	34,616	109.6	282,340	894.8	181,018	573.1	107,758	341.2
26,401	81.9	36,589	113.5	313,682	973.3	200,512	622.2	113,290	351.5
+9.7	+7.5	+5.7	+3.6	+11.0	+8.8	+10.8	+8.6	+5.1	+3.0
3,694	43.0	6,274	81.5	50,127	651.4	37,396	486.0	19,642	255.3
3,308	42.6	6,533	84.0	49,948	642.5	39,452	507.5	18,335	235.9
-10.4	-11.3	+4.1	+3.1	-4	-1.4	+5.5	+4.4	-6.7	-7.6
967	61.2	2,059	130.2	13,726	868.2	10,251	648.4	5,348	338.3
895	55.7	1,831	113.9	13,129	816.5	10,267	638.5	4,620	287.3
1,323	67.3	1,378	70.1	13,367	679.9	8,734	444.2	5,332	271.2
1,073	54.5	1,547	78.6	12,817	651.0	9,687	492.0	4,896	248.7
71	10.3	397	57.4	2,285	330.2	2,653	383.4	670	96.8
70	10.1	371	53.6	2,483	358.8	2,733	394.9	708	102.3
110	15.6	382	54.2	3,328	472.1	2,537	359.9	1,416	200.9
112	15.9	335	47.5	3,197	452.9	2,534	359.0	1,398	198.0
448	109.8	449	110.0	4,416	1,082.3	3,879	950.7	2,109	516.9
429	97.5	419	95.2	3,863	878.0	3,802	864.1	1,923	437.1
466	46.2	914	90.7	6,471	642.0	3,931	390.0	2,348	232.9
439	42.7	1,329	129.2	7,216	701.3	4,134	401.8	2,263	219.3
263	26.5	510	51.4	5,233	527.5	4,065	409.8	2,010	202.6
229	23.1	554	56.0	6,008	606.9	4,845	489.4	2,064	208.5
46	13.4	185	53.9	1,301	379.3	1,346	392.4	409	119.2
61	17.9	147	43.2	1,235	363.3	1,450	426.5	463	136.2
20,368	85.3	28,342	118.6	232,513	973.2	143,622	601.2	88,116	368.8
23,093	34.4	30,056	122.9	263,734	1,078.5	161,060	658.6	94,955	388.3
+13.4	+10.7	+6.0	+3.6	+13.4	+10.8	+12.1	+9.5	+7.8	+5.3
53	21.2	240	96.0	1,109	443.6	1,137	454.8	885	354.0
101	39.9	215	85.0	1,403	554.5	1,516	599.2	1,020	407.1
18,667	103.2	24,998	138.2	196,883	1,088.7	117,703	650.9	75,787	419.1
21,081	113.3	26,581	142.9	225,007	1,209.6	132,443	712.0	81,773	439.6
95	13.6	447	63.8	5,880	838.8	2,825	403.0	1,803	257.2
133	18.7	329	46.3	6,974	980.9	3,392	477.1	2,581	363.0
708	37.6	1,047	56.0	10,727	573.4	8,447	451.5	3,890	207.9
873	46.0	1,126	59.3	12,079	636.1	10,020	527.7	3,846	202.5
850	28.5	1,610	54.0	17,914	600.3	13,510	452.7	5,751	192.7
905	30.3	1,805	60.4	18,271	611.1	13,689	457.8	5,725	191.5

total does not agree with the number published in 1964 issue due to statistical adjustments resulting from new reporting procedures initiated in 1964.
³ Includes the District of Columbia.

ARKANSAS

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	595,000	46	104	324	914	2,946	2,758	1,028
Area actually reporting.....	91.9%	50	120	347	995	3,052	2,912	1,085
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	465,000	11	16	37	301	945	621	220
Area actually reporting.....	61.0%	18	26	61	494	1,550	1,019	361
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	900,000	24	29	29	199	572	317	56
Area actually reporting.....	51.0%	47	57	57	390	1,121	621	110
Estimated total.....	100.0%	115	203	465	1,879	5,728	4,552	1,566
State Total.....	1,860,000	5.9	10.4	23.7	95.9	292.0	232.2	79.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....	739.9							

CALIFORNIA

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	16,615,000	797	3,670	20,244	24,690	205,884	121,479	77,696
Area actually reporting.....	99.5%	800	3,689	20,303	24,796	206,793	121,925	77,916
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	806,000	26	89	428	812	8,345	4,914	2,475
Area actually reporting.....	92.6%	26	89	430	816	8,382	4,936	2,486
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	1,180,000	54	170	348	968	9,819	5,575	1,370
Area actually reporting.....	98.9%	54	170	348	968	9,832	5,582	1,371
Estimated total.....	100.0%	890	3,948	91,081	26,561	223,007	132,448	81,773
State Total.....	18,602,000	4.7	21.2	113.3	142.9	1,209.6	712.0	439.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....	2,643.5							

COLORADO

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	1,378,000	50	243	1,012	1,179	10,407	7,119	4,268
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	227,000	2	15	22	112	984	1,063	320
Area actually reporting.....	95.0%	2	16	23	118	1,036	1,119	337
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	364,000	13	46	30	196	1,078	1,137	228
Area actually reporting.....	78.5%	17	59	38	250	1,374	1,449	291
Estimated total.....	100.0%	69	318	1,073	1,547	12,817	9,687	4,896
State Total.....	1,969,000	3.5	16.2	54.5	78.6	651.0	492.0	248.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....	1,544.3							

CONNECTICUT

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	2,441,000	41	110	501	1,072	13,826	8,262	5,636
Area actually reporting.....	97.6%	41	112	514	1,089	14,171	8,475	5,784
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	162,000	3	20	10	78	638	363	244
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	229,000	2	16	22	56	1,150	350	129
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	46	148	546	1,233	15,969	9,188	6,157
State Total.....	2,832,000	1.6	5.2	19.3	43.5	563.5	324.4	217.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....	1,175.1							

See footnotes at end of table.

	574,000	12,522	18	6	130	282	6,430	3,125	2,531
HAWAII									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	100.0%	479				18			
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	437	5		3	18	287	143	31
Other Cities.....	86,000	13,438	23	6	133	29	257	124	19
Rural.....	100.0%	1,890.1	3.2	.8	18.7	329	6,874	3,392	2,581
Area actually reporting.....						46.3	980.9	477.1	363.0
State Total.....									
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....	711,000								
IDAHO									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	100,000	1,203		3	17	59	425	579	120
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	259,000	3,102	5	13	45	160	1,228	1,214	437
Area actually reporting.....	98.7%	3,144	5	13	46	162	1,245	1,230	443
Estimated total.....	333,000								
Rural.....	84,877	1,757	8	19	6	127	690	784	123
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	2,070	9	22	7	150	813	924	145
Estimated total.....	692,000	6,417	14	38	70	371	2,483	2,733	708
State Total.....		927.3	2.0	5.5	10.1	53.6	358.8	304.9	102.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
ILLINOIS									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	8,486,000	153,161	505	1,536	16,755	13,155	50,496	32,653	38,061
Area actually reporting.....	95.4%	158,614	520	1,596	17,223	13,589	52,544	33,909	39,283
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	913,000	5,948	9	29	190	409	2,734	1,928	649
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	6,611	10	32	211	455	3,039	2,143	721
Estimated total.....	1,244,000								
Rural.....	80,497	5,200	17	63	81	409	2,399	1,842	389
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	6,406	21	78	101	509	2,983	2,290	484
Estimated total.....	10,644,000	171,691	551	1,706	17,585	14,553	56,566	38,342	40,438
State Total.....		1,613.1	5.2	16.0	164.8	136.7	550.3	360.2	379.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
INDIANA									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	2,876,000	45,415	121	368	2,456	2,308	18,040	12,131	9,391
Area actually reporting.....	98.1%	46,539	123	378	2,523	2,369	19,082	12,429	9,635
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	824,000	7,923	18	43	137	405	3,354	2,640	1,326
Area actually reporting.....	92.6%	8,560	19	46	148	438	3,624	2,852	1,433
Estimated total.....	1,185,000								
Rural.....	99,677	4,377	29	42	60	259	2,529	1,058	400
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	4,394	29	42	60	260	2,539	1,062	402
Estimated total.....	4,835,000	59,493	171	486	2,731	3,067	25,245	16,343	11,470
State Total.....		1,217.9	3.5	9.5	55.9	62.8	516.8	334.6	234.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									

See footnotes at end of table.

LOUISIANA										
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	1,980,000	33,143	269	1,533	2,915	12,620	9,258	6,372		
Area actually reporting.....	98.8%	178	272	1,559	2,956	12,809	9,386	6,481		
Estimated total.....	100.0%									
Other Cities.....	454,000									
Area actually reporting.....	75.5%	2,293	18	61	281	1,128	608	282		
Estimated total.....	100.0%	3,039	24	81	306	1,495	806	307		
Rural.....	1,150,000									
Area actually reporting.....	67.5%	3,483	66	117	961	1,133	897	250		
Estimated total.....	100.0%	5,160	98	173	1,424	1,679	1,329	370		
State Total.....	3,634,000	41,640	394	1,813	4,686	19,983	11,921	7,158		
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....	1,184.0	8.1	11.1	51.3	132.6	452.3	326.0	202.6		
MAINE										
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	277,000	2,567	14	23	97	1,259	782	386		
Area actually reporting.....	96.3%	2,604	14	24	100	1,304	813	403		
Estimated total.....	369,000									
Other Cities.....	79,400	1,736	7	5	77	884	521	235		
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	2,186	9	6	97	1,113	656	296		
Estimated total.....	347,000									
Rural.....	98,600	1,877	20	10	104	1,109	436	192		
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	1,902	20	10	105	1,124	442	195		
Estimated total.....	993,000	6,752	43	40	302	3,541	1,911	894		
State Total.....		680.0	4.3	4.0	30.4	356.6	192.5	90.0		
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....										
MARYLAND										
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	2,824,000	56,148	455	2,827	6,067	20,459	16,000	10,147		
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%									
Other Cities.....	182,000	1,935	7	53	135	890	507	330		
Area actually reporting.....	98.2%	1,969	7	54	137	906	516	336		
Estimated total.....	514,000									
Rural.....	87.7%	2,058	24	33	161	973	592	249		
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	2,347	27	38	184	1,109	675	284		
Estimated total.....	3,519,000	60,464	489	2,919	6,388	22,474	17,191	10,767		
State Total.....		1,718.2	13.9	33.0	181.5	638.7	488.5	306.0		
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....										
MASSACHUSETTS										
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	5,207,000	75,771	259	2,023	2,490	27,772	15,900	27,143		
Area actually reporting.....	95.7%	79,214	272	2,115	2,604	29,032	16,685	28,377		
Estimated total.....	107,000									
Other Cities.....	34,000	1,260	17	22	101	563	424	143		
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%									
Estimated total.....	34,000									
Rural.....	100.0%	136	1	2	7	70	43	13		
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	80,610	290	2,139	2,712	29,655	17,152	28,533		
State Total.....	5,848,000	1,507.3	5.4	40.0	50.7	554.5	320.7	533.5		
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....										

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.—Index of Crime by State, 1965—Continued

[See footnotes 1 and 2 for population data]

Area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
MICHIGAN									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	6,305,000	123,027	303	1,441	8,074	9,346	47,800	31,811	24,156
Area actually reporting.....	99,27%	124,025	305	1,453	8,146	9,423	48,275	32,064	24,359
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	673,000	5,912	9	47	125	470	2,878	1,539	844
Area actually reporting.....	95.6%	6,181	9	49	131	491	3,009	1,609	883
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	1,233,000	12,290	44	166	154	751	6,631	3,491	1,053
Area actually reporting.....	99.5%	12,357	44	167	155	755	6,607	3,510	1,059
Estimated total.....	100.0%	142,583	358	1,669	8,432	10,669	57,951	37,183	26,301
State Total.....	8,218,000	1,734.8	4.4	20.3	102.6	128.8	785.2	452.5	320.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
MINNESOTA									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	1,881,000	33,569	35	150	1,364	1,203	15,340	9,195	6,252
Area actually reporting.....	99.7%	33,691	35	150	1,399	1,208	15,396	9,228	6,275
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	547,000	3,267	1	9	16	75	1,238	1,346	562
Area actually reporting.....	96.9%	3,371	1	9	17	77	1,298	1,389	580
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	1,127,000	3,702	14	26	16	116	2,093	1,136	301
Area actually reporting.....	97.0%	3,819	14	27	17	120	2,159	1,172	310
Estimated total.....	100.0%	40,891	60	186	1,483	1,406	18,853	11,789	7,165
State Total.....	3,554,000	1,150.3	1.4	5.2	40.3	39.5	530.5	331.7	201.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
MISSISSIPPI									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	251,000	1,594	18	11	34	151	857	309	214
Area actually reporting.....	66.1%	2,063	25	17	45	258	1,045	406	267
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	715,000	5,287	46	22	81	905	2,249	1,405	579
Area actually reporting.....	73.9%	7,158	62	30	110	1,225	3,045	1,902	784
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	1,365,000	1,377	41	46	57	521	413	149	150
Area actually reporting.....	33.9%	6,813	120	113	179	1,765	2,536	1,356	744
Estimated total.....	100.0%	18,034	207	160	334	3,248	6,626	3,864	1,766
State Total.....	2,321,000	690.8	8.9	6.9	14.4	139.9	283.3	157.9	77.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									

MISSOURI

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,835,000	59,304	230	663	3,901	4,221	27,900	11,718	10,731
Area actually reporting	99.5%	59,702	231	667	3,925	4,246	28,086	11,782	10,795
Estimated total	100.0%								
Other Cities	532,000								
Area actually reporting	93.6%	4,106	13	17	77	267	1,985	1,307	380
Estimated total	100.0%	4,385	14	18	82	285	2,120	1,400	406
Rural	1,129,000								
Area actually reporting	67.1%	5,346	37	85	126	503	2,773	1,430	392
Estimated total	100.0%	7,972	55	127	188	750	4,135	2,132	585
State Total	4,497,000	72,059	300	812	4,195	5,281	34,311	15,374	11,786
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,602.5	6.7	18.1	93.3	117.4	763.0	341.9	262.1
MONTANA									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	165,000	2,955	1	11	63	101	1,304	976	499
Area actually reporting	100.0%								
Other Cities	206,000								
Area actually reporting	92.3%	2,263	4	10	23	77	845	732	572
Estimated total	100.0%	2,452	4	11	25	83	916	793	620
Rural	335,000								
Area actually reporting	98.0%	2,191	7	32	24	148	957	750	273
Estimated total	100.0%	2,236	7	33	24	151	977	765	279
State Total	706,000	7,643	12	55	112	335	3,197	2,534	1,398
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,082.7	1.7	7.8	15.9	47.5	452.9	359.0	198.0
NEBRASKA									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	614,000	8,020	20	50	270	139	3,604	2,071	1,866
Area actually reporting	92.8%	8,568	21	56	278	156	3,830	2,252	1,975
Estimated total	100.0%								
Other Cities	292,000								
Area actually reporting	90.8%	1,756	3	8	19	94	755	626	251
Estimated total	100.0%	1,933	3	9	21	104	831	689	276
Rural	571,000								
Area actually reporting	88.6%	1,840	11	10	22	138	907	616	136
Estimated total	100.0%	2,075	12	11	25	156	1,023	695	153
State Total	1,477,000	12,576	36	76	324	416	5,484	3,636	2,404
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		851.5	2.4	5.1	21.9	28.2	384.8	246.2	162.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.—Index of Crime by State, 1965—Continued

[See footnotes 1 and 2 for population data]

Area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
NEVADA									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	349,000	8,760	30	45	374	308	3,233	3,143	1,027
Area actually reporting	97.4%	9,312	31	46	395	320	3,445	3,373	1,702
Estimated total	100.0%								
Other Cities	27,000	528		4	13	20	204	181	106
Area actually reporting	80.2%	658		5	16	25	254	226	132
Estimated total	100.0%								
Rural	64,000	464	5	14	15	60	133	165	72
Area actually reporting	81.1%	571	6	17	18	74	164	203	89
Estimated total	100.0%								
State Total	440,000	10,541	37	68	439	419	3,963	3,802	1,923
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,395.7	8.4	15.5	97.5	95.2	878.0	864.1	437.1
NEW HAMPSHIRE									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	204,000	1,210	6	6	17	33	575	372	201
Area actually reporting	100.0%								
Other Cities	276,000	1,634	3	3	22	30	744	589	243
Area actually reporting	88.3%	1,918	4	4	26	35	873	691	285
Estimated total	100.0%								
Rural	189,000	956	8	4	3	10	669	161	101
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,084	18	14	46	78	2,117	1,224	587
Estimated total	100.0%	610.5	2.7	2.1	6.9	11.7	316.5	183.0	87.7
State Total	669,000								
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
NEW JERSEY									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,232,000	76,706	175	470	3,316	4,873	33,723	17,220	16,029
Area actually reporting	97.5%	78,753	178	480	3,404	5,004	33,616	17,685	17,386
Estimated total	100.0%								
Other Cities	1,141,000	13,814	25	80	288	798	6,222	4,174	2,287
Area actually reporting	97.5%	14,171	26	82	295	757	6,383	4,282	2,346
Estimated total	100.0%								
Rural	401,000	1,677	15	43	54	83	1,107	184	191
Area actually reporting	99.4%	1,687	15	43	54	84	1,114	185	192
Estimated total	100.0%								
State Total	6,774,000	94,611	219	605	3,753	5,545	42,113	22,152	19,924
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,396.6	3.2	8.9	55.4	86.3	621.7	327.0	294.1

NEW MEXICO

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	314,000	6,449	15	54	228	593	3,452	1,018	1,089
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	425,000								
Area actually reporting.....	92.7%	6,628	19	38	110	303	2,928	2,415	801
Estimated total.....	100.0%	7,143	20	41	128	327	3,158	2,605	864
Rural.....	299,000								
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	1,990	28	43	83	409	606	511	310
Estimated total.....	100.0%	15,582	63	138	439	1,329	7,216	4,134	2,263
State Total.....	1,029,000	1,514.4	6.1	13.4	42.7	129.2	701.3	401.8	219.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									

NEW YORK

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	15,715,000	271,420	787	1,630	10,864	20,052	86,803	102,128	49,156
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	994,000								
Area actually reporting.....	97.0%	7,807	13	34	96	594	3,782	2,291	997
Estimated total.....	100.0%	8,048	13	35	99	612	3,899	2,362	1,028
Rural.....	1,363,000								
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	11,179	33	107	110	574	6,533	2,835	987
Estimated total.....	100.0%	290,647	833	1,772	11,073	21,235	97,235	107,325	51,171
State Total.....	18,073,000	1,608.2	4.6	9.8	61.3	117.5	538.0	563.9	283.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									

NORTH CAROLINA

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	1,597,000	24,105	172	156	676	4,583	9,665	5,927	2,926
Area actually reporting.....	99.2%								
Estimated total.....	100.0%	24,349	173	157	684	4,630	9,762	5,985	2,958
Other Cities.....	936,000								
Area actually reporting.....	86.2%	10,234	65	75	134	2,398	3,669	2,575	1,318
Estimated total.....	100.0%	11,871	75	87	155	2,782	4,256	2,987	1,529
Rural.....	2,381,000								
Area actually reporting.....	51.6%	6,162	72	100	115	1,664	2,371	1,425	415
Estimated total.....	100.0%	11,935	140	193	223	3,223	4,592	2,760	864
State Total.....	4,914,000	48,155	388	437	1,062	10,635	18,610	11,732	5,291
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....		980.0	7.9	8.9	21.6	216.4	378.7	238.8	107.7

NORTH DAKOTA

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	72,000	564	2	6	8	8	200	261	79
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	195,000								
Area actually reporting.....	96.6%	1,337	1	4	13	46	469	553	251
Estimated total.....	100.0%	1,385	1	4	13	48	486	573	260
Rural.....	385,000								
Area actually reporting.....	86.0%	1,137	3	20	8	84	569	314	139
Estimated total.....	100.0%	1,322	3	23	9	98	662	365	162
State Total.....	632,000	3,271	6	33	30	154	1,343	1,199	501
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....		501.7	.9	5.1	4.6	23.6	206.8	183.9	76.8

See footnotes at end of table.

PENNSYLVANIA

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	9,089,000	93,292	348	970	5,401	7,355	18,879	22,138
Area actually reporting.....	94.3%	99,355	368	1,030	5,768	7,853	20,115	23,637
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	916,000	4,638	3	29	76	175	1,316	854
Area actually reporting.....	88.0%	5,209	3	33	86	199	1,495	970
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	1,516,000	6,921	35	56	67	241	1,484	512
Area actually reporting.....	99.2%	6,980	35	56	68	243	1,497	516
Estimated total.....	100.0%	111,804	406	1,119	5,922	8,296	23,107	25,123
State Total.....	11,520,000	968.8	3.5	9.7	51.4	72.0	200.6	218.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....								

RHODE ISLAND

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	760,000	11,875	17	29	166	422	4,954	3,463
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	127,000	787	1	3	5	42	356	299
Area actually reporting.....	78.3%	1,006	1	4	6	54	455	382
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	33,000	163	1	2	3	17	77	48
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%	13,044	19	35	175	493	5,486	3,993
Estimated total.....	920,000	1,417.9	2.1	3.8	19.0	63.6	423.2	319.9
State Total.....								
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....								

SOUTH CAROLINA

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	974,000	12,378	66	114	300	910	3,846	1,969
Area actually reporting.....	73.3%	15,520	81	148	363	1,197	4,738	2,543
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	461,000	4,479	38	28	83	531	1,084	558
Area actually reporting.....	73.9%	6,065	51	38	112	719	1,408	756
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	1,107,000	2,727	49	37	30	655	665	202
Area actually reporting.....	43.3%	6,295	113	85	70	1,512	1,535	466
Estimated total.....	100.0%	27,880	245	271	545	3,428	7,741	3,765
State Total.....	2,542,000	1,046.8	9.6	10.7	21.4	134.9	304.5	148.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....								

SOUTH DAKOTA

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	98,000	660		6	10	33	287	87
Area actually reporting.....	100.0%							
Other Cities.....	224,000	1,685	3	8	36	73	652	240
Area actually reporting.....	89.1%	1,890	3	9	40	82	732	269
Estimated total.....	100.0%							
Rural.....	380,000	1,498	6	26	12	139	484	128
Area actually reporting.....	79.1%	1,895	8	33	15	176	889	162
Estimated total.....	100.0%	4,445	11	48	65	291	1,654	518
State Total.....	703,000	632.4	1.6	6.8	9.2	41.4	204.3	73.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....								

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.—Index of Crime by State, 1965—Continued

[See footnotes 1 and 2 for population data]

Area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
TENNESSEE									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	1,932,000	30,517	164	248	842	2,001	15,048	6,932	5,192
Area actually reporting.....	92.8%	31,463	169	274	860	2,180	15,538	7,082	5,360
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	558,000	3,528	21	28	62	302	1,667	969	479
Area actually reporting.....	75.1%	4,700	28	37	83	402	2,221	1,201	638
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	1,357,000	1,536	31	32	44	288	659	307	115
Area actually reporting.....	28.1%	5,472	110	114	157	919	2,348	1,414	410
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
State Total.....	3,845,000	41,635	307	425	1,100	3,501	20,107	9,797	6,408
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....		1,082.9	8.0	11.1	28.6	91.1	523.0	254.5	166.7
TEXAS									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	7,174,000	119,041	574	828	3,957	10,741	57,478	28,087	17,376
Area actually reporting.....	96.9%	122,950	598	874	4,065	11,134	59,255	29,225	17,799
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	1,541,000	11,650	57	52	142	1,258	5,921	3,231	989
Area actually reporting.....	80.8%	12,970	63	58	158	1,401	6,592	3,597	1,101
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	1,836,000	8,806	98	152	151	1,400	3,798	2,676	536
Area actually reporting.....	72.2%	12,204	129	211	209	1,940	5,263	3,709	743
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
State Total.....	10,551,000	148,124	790	1,143	4,432	14,475	71,110	36,531	19,643
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....		1,403.0	7.5	10.8	42.0	137.2	671.0	346.2	186.2
UTAH									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	757,000	12,023	9	82	216	470	5,056	4,307	1,883
Area actually reporting.....	99.1%	12,127	9	83	217	475	5,095	4,350	1,898
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	86,000	375	1		3	19	229	68	55
Area actually reporting.....	53.3%	705	2		6	36	430	128	103
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	147,000	808	4	5	6	40	446	339	58
Area actually reporting.....	92.3%	971	4	5	6	43	483	367	63
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
State Total.....	990,000	13,803	15	88	229	554	6,008	4,845	2,064
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....		1,394.3	1.5	8.9	23.1	56.0	606.9	489.4	208.5

Table 3.—Index of Crime by State, 1965—Continued

[See footnotes 1 and 2 for population data]

Area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
WISCONSIN									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	2,040,000	19,988	44	80	397	869	6,423	7,219	4,906
Area actually reporting.....	98.2%	20,159	45	83	399	875	6,574	7,290	4,933
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Other Cities.....	910,000	5,128	4	15	39	92	2,370	1,730	888
Area actually reporting.....	96.7%	5,303	4	16	40	95	2,451	1,779	918
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	1,174,000	4,364	13	43	31	216	2,468	1,156	437
Area actually reporting.....	85.5%	5,103	15	50	36	253	2,886	1,352	511
Estimated total.....	100.0%	30,566	64	149	475	1,293	11,871	10,421	6,362
State Total.....	4,144,000	737.6	1.5	3.6	11.5	29.5	246.5	251.5	153.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									
WYOMING									
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.....	None	2,233	3	16	42	72	888	885	327
Other Cities.....	208,000	2,354	3	17	44	76	936	933	345
Area actually reporting.....	94.9%								
Estimated total.....	100.0%								
Rural.....	132,000	801	5	17	13	54	228	394	90
Area actually reporting.....	76.1%	1,051	7	22	17	71	293	517	118
Estimated total.....	100.0%	3,495	10	39	61	147	1,235	1,450	463
State Total.....	340,000	1,001.6	2.9	11.5	17.9	43.2	363.3	426.5	136.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants.....									

1 For standard metropolitan statistical areas in this table the percentage actually may not coincide with the ratio between reported and estimated crime totals since these data represent the sum of such calculations for individual areas varying in size, portions reporting, and crime rates.

2 Population by area for each state is 1965 estimate; total population for each state is Bureau of the Census provisional estimate as of July 1, 1965, and subject to change. All rates were calculated on the estimated population before rounding.

Table 4.—Index of Crime, 1965, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Standard metropolitan statistical area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
Abilene, Tex. (Includes Taylor and Jones Counties.)	131,000	1,778	4	13	23	59	919	592	168
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,352.6	3.0	9.9	17.5	44.9	699.1	450.4	127.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	649,000								
Akron, Ohio (Includes Summit and Portage Counties.)	100.0%	8,883	19	74	486	347	3,378	2,547	2,082
Area actually reporting	720,000	1,368.9	2.9	11.4	74.9	53.5	520.5	392.5	313.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y. (Includes Albany, Rensselaer, Saratoga and Schenectady Counties)	100.0%	6,497	9	38	126	374	3,053	1,445	1,452
Area actually reporting	502,000	902.4	1.3	5.3	17.5	51.9	424.0	200.7	201.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J. (Includes Lehigh and Northampton Counties, Pa.; and Warren County, N.J.)	96.6%	3,551	6	26	78	143	1,722	1,065	511
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,745	7	28	89	158	1,800	1,105	558
Estimated total		745.6	1.4	5.6	17.7	31.5	358.4	220.0	111.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	143,000								
Altoona, Pa. (Includes Blair County.)	97.9%	755	3	5	11	20	491	75	150
Area actually reporting	100.0%	803	3	5	13	23	514	85	160
Estimated total		563.0	2.1	3.5	9.1	16.1	360.4	56.6	112.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	181,000								
Amarillo, Tex. (Includes Potter and Randall Counties.)	100.0%	2,797	7	10	82	214	1,125	1,039	329
Area actually reporting	1,148,000	1,546.1	3.9	5.5	45.3	118.3	621.9	574.3	176.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif. (Includes Orange County.)	100.0%	26,187	32	131	538	992	13,273	8,042	3,179
Area actually reporting	189,000	2,281.0	2.8	11.4	46.9	86.4	1,156.1	700.5	276.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Ann Arbor, Mich. (Includes Washtenaw County.)	100.0%	3,070	2	26	70	234	1,065	1,224	449
Area actually reporting	139,000	1,626.7	1.1	13.8	37.1	124.0	564.3	648.5	237.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Asheville, N.C. (Includes Buncombe County.)	100.0%	2,003	7	10	42	187	717	754	286
Area actually reporting		1,439.0	5.0	7.2	30.2	134.3	515.1	541.7	205.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Table 4.—Index of Crime, 1965, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued

Standard metropolitan statistical area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
Atlanta, Ga. (Includes Clayton, Cobb, De Kalb, Fulton and Gwinnett Counties.)	1,227,000								
Area actually reporting	98.1%	21,557	137	175	537	1,229	8,229	7,055	4,195
Estimated total	100.0%	22,088	141	179	553	1,273	8,435	7,206	4,301
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,800.7	11.5	14.6	45.1	103.8	687.7	587.5	360.6
Atlantic City, N.J. (Includes Atlantic County.)	176,000								
Area actually reporting	95.6%	3,919	7	30	94	124	2,034	1,027	603
Estimated total	100.0%	4,042	7	31	99	132	2,088	1,055	630
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,303.1	4.0	17.7	56.4	75.2	1,189.7	601.1	360.0
Austin, Tex. (Includes Travis County.)	247,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,508	23	85	118	725	2,202	825	580
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,821.7	9.3	14.1	47.7	293.0	889.9	333.4	234.4
Bakersfield, Calif. (Includes Kern County.)	327,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,365	16	84	263	258	3,428	2,462	854
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,255.1	4.9	25.7	80.5	79.0	1,049.6	753.8	261.5
Baltimore, Md. (Includes Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll and Howard Counties.)	1,861,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	38,868	161	335	2,336	4,346	12,587	11,629	7,464
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,088.5	8.7	18.0	125.6	233.6	676.5	625.0	401.2
Baton Rouge, La. (Includes East Baton Rouge Parish.)	237,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,315	16	28	119	318	2,205	2,085	454
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,245.4	6.2	10.9	46.2	133.6	891.9	810.2	176.4
Bay City, Mich. (Includes Bay County.)	108,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,031	—	13	35	44	438	205	206
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		955.1	—	12.0	32.4	40.8	405.8	273.3	190.8
Beaumont-Port Arthur, Tex. (Includes Jefferson and Orange Counties.)	333,000								
Area actually reporting	98.9%	2,704	22	13	50	338	1,494	563	314
Estimated total	100.0%	2,860	22	13	52	344	1,527	578	324
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		858.8	6.6	3.9	15.6	103.3	458.5	173.6	97.3
Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa. (Includes Broome and Tioga Counties, N.Y., and Susquehanna County, Pa.)	310,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,093	5	9	12	58	1,186	506	227
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		674.6	1.6	2.9	3.9	18.7	382.2	162.1	73.2

Birmingham, Ala. (Includes Jefferson County.)	871,000	11,659	89	83	387	1,171	4,984	3,531	1,414
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,737.1	13.3	12.4	57.7	174.5	742.6	526.1	210.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Boston-Lowell-Lawrence, Mass. (Includes Essex, Middlesex, Norfolk and Suffolk Counties.)	3,217,000	53,637	87	157	1,668	1,695	17,632	10,655	21,743
Area actually reporting	97.3%	54,938	89	162	1,704	1,740	18,127	10,942	22,234
Estimated total	100.0%	1,709.4	2.8	5.9	53.0	54.1	593.4	340.1	691.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Conn. (Includes Fairfield County.)	734,000	9,825	18	33	175	323	4,562	2,745	1,969
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,338.2	2.5	4.5	23.8	44.0	621.4	373.9	268.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Brockton, Mass. (Includes Plymouth County.)	277,000	4,324	6	22	73	212	2,177	1,188	646
Area actually reporting	93.0%	4,683	7	23	83	224	2,307	1,264	775
Estimated total	100.0%	1,680.7	2.5	8.3	29.9	80.8	832.4	456.1	279.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex. (Includes Cameron County.)	166,000	1,663	2	19	24	178	832	429	179
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,037.7	1.2	11.9	15.0	111.1	519.2	237.7	111.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Buffalo, N.Y. (Includes Erie and Niagara Counties.)	1,459,000	16,998	33	103	571	957	6,974	4,720	3,840
Area actually reporting	93.7%	17,082	33	104	575	964	6,999	4,752	3,655
Estimated total	100.0%	1,170.8	2.3	7.1	39.4	66.1	479.7	325.7	250.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Canton, Ohio. (Includes Stark County.)	355,000	3,677	10	27	133	129	1,616	1,193	569
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,036.3	2.8	7.6	37.5	36.4	455.4	336.2	160.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Cedar Rapids, Iowa. (Includes Linn County.)	148,000	991	1	2	17	25	389	341	216
Area actually reporting	100.0%	691.7	.7	1.4	11.9	17.4	271.5	238.0	150.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Champaign-Urbana, Ill. (Includes Champaign County.)	145,000	1,140	7	7	38	79	483	335	191
Area actually reporting	100.0%	784.7	4.8	4.8	26.2	54.4	352.5	230.6	131.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Charleston, S.C. (Includes Charleston and Berkeley Counties.)	297,000	5,072	31	61	167	415	2,214	1,424	780
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,710.2	10.5	20.6	56.3	130.9	746.5	480.2	256.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Charlotte, N.C. (Includes Mecklenburg and Union Counties.)	366,000	6,947	58	44	296	910	3,225	1,712	702
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,898.9	15.9	12.0	80.9	248.7	881.5	468.0	191.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Corpus Christi, Tex. (Includes Nueces and San Patricio Counties.)	272,000	5,455	19	28	120	500	2,259	1,887	534
Area actually reporting	97.2%	5,455	20	29	134	611	2,327	1,919	555
Estimated total	100.0%	2,064.6	7.3	10.6	49.2	224.4	864.5	704.7	203.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Dallas, Tex. (Includes Collin, Dallas, Denton and Ellis Counties.)	1,298,000	22,338	130	170	678	1,748	10,541	4,622	4,449
Area actually reporting	95.9%	22,338	134	180	691	1,812	10,780	4,821	4,491
Estimated total	100.0%	1,765.1	10.3	13.9	53.2	139.6	831.0	371.3	343.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-III (Includes Scott County, Iowa, and Rock Island and Henry Counties, Illinois.)	329,000	4,457	9	25	123	149	1,770	1,591	790
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,352.9	2.7	7.6	37.3	45.2	537.3	482.9	239.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Dayton, Ohio (Includes Greene, Miami, Montgomery and Preble Counties.)	791,000	9,359	39	86	426	535	4,542	2,054	1,677
Area actually reporting	98.4%	9,359	40	87	437	540	4,621	2,095	1,714
Estimated total	100.0%	1,205.3	5.1	11.0	55.2	69.0	583.8	264.7	216.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Decatur, Ill. (Includes Macon County.)	125,000	1,593	3	8	62	28	835	452	205
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,274.7	2.4	6.4	49.6	22.4	668.2	361.7	164.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Denver, Colo. (Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Denver and Jefferson Counties.)	1,078,000	20,564	44	205	909	953	8,817	5,906	3,730
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,006.8	4.1	19.0	84.3	88.4	817.6	547.6	345.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Des Moines, Iowa (Includes Polk County.)	268,000	3,523	7	18	100	37	1,488	1,333	540
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,312.4	2.6	6.7	37.3	13.8	554.3	496.6	201.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Detroit, Mich. (Includes Macomb, Oakland and Wayne Counties.)	3,982,000	86,086	243	1,052	6,990	5,889	32,865	19,866	19,150
Area actually reporting	99.0%	86,929	245	1,061	7,051	5,954	33,214	20,080	19,324
Estimated total	100.0%	2,199.5	6.2	26.8	178.4	150.6	840.4	508.1	488.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis. (Includes St. Louis County, Minn., and Douglas County, Wis.)	277,000	2,430	2	5	47	67	1,196	685	428
Area actually reporting	99.0%	2,482	2	5	49	69	1,220	699	438
Estimated total	100.0%	896.2	.7	1.8	17.7	24.9	440.5	252.4	158.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Durham, N.C. (Includes Durham County.)	123,000	1,588	15	13	23	380	589	362	206
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,288.8	12.2	10.6	18.7	308.4	478.0	293.8	167.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
El Paso, Tex. (Includes El Paso County.)	362,000	5,502	9	34	167	402	3,043	864	983
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,521.4	2.5	9.4	46.2	111.2	841.5	238.9	271.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Table 4.—Index of Crime, 1965, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued

Standard metropolitan statistical area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
Erie, Pa. (Includes Erie County.) Area actually reporting Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	253,000 100.0%	2,479 973.3	6 2.4	13 5.1	112 44.2	83 32.8	1,130 446.4	523 206.6	612 241.8
Eugene, Oreg. (Includes Lane County.) Area actually reporting Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	189,000 100.0%	2,244 1,185.0	2 1.1	22 11.6	35 18.5	76 40.1	782 413.0	1,024 540.8	303 160.0
Evansville, Ind.-Ky. (Includes Vanderburgh and Warwick Counties, Indiana, and Henderson County, Kentucky.) Area actually reporting Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	227,000 100.0%	4,084 1,802.5	7 3.1	29 12.8	110 48.0	211 93.1	1,942 857.1	1,242 548.2	543 239.7
Fall River-New Bedford, Mass. (Includes Bristol County.) Area actually reporting Estimated total Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	415,000 97.2% 100.0%	6,379 6,556 1,578.3	10 10 2.4	21 22 5.3	100 105 25.3	312 318 76.6	3,093 3,157 760.0	1,291 1,328 319.7	1,552 1,616 389.0
Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.-Minn. (Includes Cass County, N. Dak., and Clay County, Minn.) Area actually reporting Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	114,000 100.0%	815 716.5	2 1.8	7 6.2	9 7.9	11 9.7	265 233.0	391 343.5	130 114.3
Fayetteville, N.C. (Includes Cumberland County.) Area actually reporting Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	180,000 100.0%	2,087 1,139.5	13 7.2	21 11.7	85 47.2	542 301.1	855 475.0	302 167.8	289 149.4
Flint, Mich. (Includes Genesee and Lapeer Counties.) Area actually reporting Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	457,000 100.0%	10,079 2,206.3	18 3.9	104 22.8	369 80.8	1,511 330.8	3,455 756.3	3,406 745.6	1,216 266.2
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla. (Includes Broward County.) Area actually reporting Estimated total Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	436,000 96.9% 100.0%	10,431 10,771 2,468.1	35 36 8.2	71 73 16.7	407 425 97.4	1,159 1,189 272.5	5,122 5,282 1,210.3	2,586 2,680 614.1	1,051 1,086 248.9
Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla. (Includes Sebastian and Crawford Counties, Ark., and Leflore and Sequoyah Counties, Okla.) Area actually reporting Estimated total Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	167,000 90.3% 100.0%	1,836 1,559 931.6	8 9 5.4	27 30 17.9	41 47 28.1	158 175 104.6	578 687 410.5	309 368 219.9	215 243 145.2

Fort Wayne, Ind. (Includes Allen County.)	252,000	3,308	3	23	136	184	1,216	1,286	460
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,314.3	1.2	9.1	54.0	73.1	483.1	510.9	182.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Fort Worth, Tex. (Includes Johnson and Tarrant Counties.)	682,000	9,862	63	87	443	496	4,805	2,206	1,672
Area actually reporting	94.0%	10,368	66	93	457	547	5,126	2,352	1,727
Estimated total	100.0%	1,640.0	10.4	14.7	72.3	86.5	810.8	372.0	273.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Fresno, Calif. (Includes Fresno County.)	403,000	10,230	19	43	312	302	4,337	3,411	1,806
Area actually reporting	99.1%	10,331	19	44	317	307	4,381	3,430	1,824
Estimated total	100.0%	2,551.4	4.7	10.9	78.3	75.8	1,081.9	849.3	450.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Galveston-Texas City, Tex. (Includes Galveston County.)	156,000	3,311	16	41	109	746	1,039	931	420
Area actually reporting	95.7%	3,434	17	42	113	757	1,098	959	448
Estimated total	100.0%	2,196.8	10.9	26.9	72.3	484.3	702.4	613.5	286.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind. (Includes Lake and Porter Counties.)	600,000	12,072	31	100	813	992	3,059	3,543	2,634
Area actually reporting	99.3%	12,160	31	101	818	997	3,094	3,566	2,653
Estimated total	100.0%	2,028.3	5.2	16.8	136.4	166.3	666.2	594.8	442.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Grand Rapids, Mich. (Includes Kent and Ottawa Counties.)	491,000	5,994	9	59	195	236	2,584	1,943	968
Area actually reporting	99.6%	6,086	9	61	201	243	2,621	1,967	984
Estimated total	100.0%	1,240.1	1.8	12.4	41.0	49.5	534.1	400.8	200.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Green Bay, Wis. (Includes Brown County.)	137,000	748	1	6	6	40	285	273	137
Area actually reporting	100.0%	546.4	.7	4.4	4.4	29.2	208.2	199.4	100.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Greensboro-High Point, N.C. (Includes Guilford County.)	282,000	3,864	20	27	70	1,015	1,197	1,010	525
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,370.2	7.1	9.6	21.8	359.9	424.5	358.1	186.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Greenville, S.C. (Includes Greenville and Pickens Counties.)	381,000	4,430	17	33	78	284	1,741	1,504	773
Area actually reporting	98.4%	4,542	17	34	81	292	1,788	1,539	791
Estimated total	100.0%	1,617.8	0.1	12.1	28.9	101.0	636.9	548.2	281.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Harrisburg, Pa. (Includes Cumberland, Dauphin and Perry Counties.)	385,000	2,493	17	30	66	81	1,421	603	275
Area actually reporting	87.9%	3,065	19	36	100	128	1,649	719	414
Estimated total	100.0%	796.7	4.9	9.4	26.0	33.3	428.6	186.9	107.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Hartford-New Britain-Bristol, Conn. (Includes Hartford County.)	767,000	9,035	15	38	221	419	4,708	2,285	1,349
Area actually reporting	97.2%	9,305	15	39	226	429	4,832	2,362	1,402
Estimated total	100.0%	1,213.5	2.0	5.1	29.5	55.9	630.2	308.0	182.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Table 4.—Index of Crime, 1965, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued

Standard metropolitan statistical area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Foreible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
Honolulu, Hawaii (Includes Honolulu County.)	574,000	12,522	18	6	130	282	6,430	3,125	2,531
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,181.7	3.1	1.0	22.6	49.1	1,120.3	544.5	441.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	1,645,000								
Houston, Tex. (Includes Harris, Brazoria, Fort Bend, Liberty and Montgomery Counties.)	94.0%	29,618	168	180	1,826	2,701	14,796	5,849	4,898
Area actually reporting	100.0%	31,112	176	194	1,571	2,844	15,197	6,242	4,588
Estimated total		1,840.8	10.7	11.8	95.5	172.8	941.8	379.4	278.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	985,000								
Indianapolis, Ind. (Includes Marion, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Morgan and Shelby Counties.)	97.9%	17,562	50	168	1,152	662	7,036	3,644	4,190
Area actually reporting	100.0%	17,981	51	171	1,177	685	7,801	3,755	4,281
Estimated total		1,825.3	5.2	17.4	119.5	69.5	738.0	381.2	434.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	137,000								
Jackson, Mich. (Includes Jackson County.)	100.0%	1,778	1	21	26	219	889	504	168
Area actually reporting		1,263.7	.7	15.3	18.9	159.4	610.5	366.7	122.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	494,000								
Jacksonville, Fla. (Includes Duval County.)	100.0%	11,977	55	78	840	714	6,476	2,676	1,138
Area actually reporting		2,425.1	11.1	15.8	170.1	144.6	1,311.2	541.8	230.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	692,000								
Jersey City, N.J. (Includes Hudson County.)	99.1%	7,341	28	26	230	429	2,000	882	3,146
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,424	28	26	234	434	2,436	901	3,165
Estimated total		1,234.0	4.7	4.3	38.9	72.1	438.2	149.8	526.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	278,000								
Johnstown, Pa. (Includes Cambria and Somerset Counties.)	94.5%	802	6	5	16	29	465	170	111
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,058	7	7	32	50	565	222	175
Estimated total		381.2	2.5	2.5	11.5	18.0	203.6	80.0	63.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	179,000								
Kalamazoo, Mich. (Includes Kalamazoo County.)	100.0%	2,694	2	19	52	255	1,277	885	254
Area actually reporting		1,563.9	1.1	10.6	29.0	142.3	712.9	466.1	141.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	1,247,000								
Kansas City, Mo.-Kans. (Includes Clay, Jackson, Cass and Platte Counties, Mo.; and Johnson and Wyandotte Counties, Kans.)	100.0%	25,983	96	309	1,473	1,950	11,453	6,500	4,202
Area actually reporting		2,083.2	7.7	24.8	118.1	156.3	918.2	521.1	336.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Kenosha, Wis (Includes Kenosha County.)	113,000	1,240	2	4	18	22	577	341	276
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,098.2	1.8	3.5	15.9	19.5	511.0	302.0	244.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Knoxville, Tenn (Includes Anderson, Blount and Knox Counties.)	398,000	3,478	26	37	80	387	1,824	612	512
Area actually reporting	82.0%	4,059	29	53	91	442	2,125	704	615
Estimated total	100.0%	1,019.5	7.3	13.3	22.9	111.0	533.7	176.8	154.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lake Charles, La (Includes Calcasieu Parish.)	163,000	1,543	5	10	32	157	664	548	127
Area actually reporting	100.0%	932.7	3.0	6.0	19.3	94.9	401.4	331.2	76.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lancaster, Pa (Includes Lancaster County.)	288,000	1,165		13	18	61	658	252	163
Area actually reporting	96.2%	1,300		14	26	72	711	280	197
Estimated total	100.0%	450.9		4.9	9.0	25.0	246.6	97.1	68.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lansing, Mich (Includes Clinton, Eaton and Ingham Counties.)	325,000	5,903	12	87	85	259	2,529	2,115	816
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,815.5	3.7	26.8	26.1	79.7	777.8	650.5	251.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Las Vegas, Nev (Includes Clark County.)	251,000	5,852	20	28	255	238	2,091	2,236	984
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,332.3	8.0	11.2	101.6	94.9	833.4	891.2	392.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lawton, Okla (Includes Comanche County.)	111,000	1,455	10	13	36	105	555	490	136
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,306.1	9.0	11.7	32.3	175.0	498.2	439.9	140.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lexington, Ky (Includes Fayette County.)	154,000	3,925	12	12	133	186	1,591	1,451	540
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,549.3	7.8	7.8	86.4	120.8	1,033.4	942.4	350.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lincoln, Nebr (Includes Lancaster County.)	168,000	1,764	3	16	13	99	639	763	231
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,047.3	1.8	9.5	7.7	58.8	379.4	453.0	137.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark (Includes Pulaski County.)	293,000	5,621	27	62	247	622	1,907	2,031	725
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,921.1	9.2	21.2	84.4	212.6	651.8	694.1	247.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Lorain-Elyria, Ohio (Includes Lorain County.)	245,000	2,190	11	26	81	125	924	448	575
Area actually reporting	98.5%	2,239	11	26	84	128	946	459	585
Estimated total	100.0%	912.5	4.5	10.6	34.2	52.2	385.5	187.1	238.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif (Includes Los Angeles County.)	6,820,000	243,259	417	2,241	12,809	15,662	106,686	62,540	42,784
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,566.6	6.1	32.9	189.1	229.7	1,564.4	917.0	627.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Table 4.—Index of Crime, 1965, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued

Standard metropolitan statistical area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
Louisville, Ky.-Ind. (Includes Jefferson County, Ky.; and Clark and Floyd Counties, Ind.)	816,000								
Area actually reporting	96.9%	17,167	65	77	783	682	6,303	6,350	2,907
Estimated total	100.0%	17,755	67	80	813	708	6,539	6,540	3,017
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,175.5	8.2	9.8	99.6	86.8	866.1	801.3	369.7
Lubbock, Tex. (Includes Lubbock County.)	182,000								
Area actually reporting	83.9%	3,218	8	28	53	236	1,493	1,124	276
Estimated total	100.0%	3,594	10	33	60	271	1,628	1,233	299
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,943.8	5.5	18.2	33.0	149.1	895.4	678.2	164.5
Lynchburg, Va. (Includes Lynchburg City and Amherst and Campbell Counties.)	123,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,119	6	16	20	172	648	152	165
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		907.6	4.9	13.0	16.2	139.5	525.6	123.3	85.2
Macon, Ga. (Includes Bibb and Houston Counties.)	135,000								
Area actually reporting	89.4%	3,085	24	30	98	298	1,475	768	372
Estimated total	100.0%	3,387	26	33	105	317	1,600	860	416
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,718.4	13.3	16.9	53.7	162.3	819.0	440.2	212.9
Madison, Wis. (Includes Dane County.)	258,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,176	4	11	19	35	801	891	355
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		844.9	1.6	4.3	7.4	13.6	334.3	345.9	137.8
Manchester, N.H. (Includes Hillsboro County.)	204,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,210	6	6	17	33	575	372	201
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		592.2	2.9	2.9	8.3	16.1	281.4	182.1	98.4
Memphis, Tenn.-Ark. (Includes Shelby County, Tenn.; and Crittenden County, Ark.)	802,000								
Area actually reporting	95.9%	14,058	47	120	383	700	7,176	3,958	1,674
Estimated total	100.0%	14,304	50	131	399	755	7,218	4,062	1,719
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,790.2	6.2	16.3	49.7	94.1	903.3	506.3	214.2
Miami, Fla. (Includes Dade County.)	1,111,000								
Area actually reporting	100.0%	82,365	99	129	1,824	2,395	13,710	10,420	3,779
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,913.7	8.9	11.6	164.2	215.6	1,231.3	938.9	340.2

Milwaukee, Wis. (Includes Milwaukee, Waukesha and Ozaukee Counties.)	1,356,000	13,463	30	48	248	521	3,724	5,118	3,774
Area actually reporting	97.2%	13,684	31	51	250	527	3,835	5,189	3,801
Estimated total	100.0%	1,010.2	2.3	3.8	18.5	38.9	283.1	383.1	280.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn. (Includes Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey and Washington Counties.)	1,604,000	31,352	33	144	1,352	1,148	14,322	8,491	5,862
Area actually reporting	99.8%	31,422	33	144	1,355	1,151	14,354	8,510	5,875
Estimated total	100.0%	1,958.5	2.1	9.0	84.5	71.7	894.7	530.4	366.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Mobile, Ala. (Includes Mobile and Baldwin Counties.)	410,000	6,534	33	57	168	527	3,676	1,398	675
Area actually reporting	88.5%	6,833	33	63	177	565	3,834	1,464	691
Estimated total	100.0%	1,668.4	9.5	15.4	43.2	138.0	936.1	357.5	168.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Monroe, La. (Includes Ouachita Parish.)	113,000	866	8	5	16	241	332	154	112
Area actually reporting	100.0%	767.4	5.3	4.4	14.2	213.6	294.2	136.5	99.3
Estimated total									
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Muncie, Ind. (Includes Delaware County.)	117,000	1,754	6	11	35	38	608	306	450
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,502.8	5.1	9.4	30.0	32.6	778.0	262.2	385.5
Estimated total									
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich. (Includes Muskegon County.)	157,000	2,471	5	23	80	267	1,139	684	273
Area actually reporting	98.2%	2,533	5	24	85	272	1,162	699	286
Estimated total	100.0%	1,612.1	3.2	15.3	54.1	173.1	730.5	441.9	182.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Nashville, Tenn. (Includes Davidson, Sumner and Wilson Counties.)	525,000	8,933	55	58	283	863	4,053	1,837	1,784
Area actually reporting	91.3%	9,298	57	68	290	897	4,242	1,895	1,849
Estimated total	100.0%	1,771.8	10.9	13.0	55.3	170.9	808.4	361.1	352.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Newark, N.J. (Includes Essex, Morris and Union Counties.)	1,824,000	36,342	83	241	1,993	2,795	15,891	7,945	7,394
Area actually reporting	99.8%	36,387	83	241	1,995	2,798	16,911	7,955	7,404
Estimated total	100.0%	1,094.9	4.6	13.2	109.4	153.4	872.3	436.1	405.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
New Haven-Waterbury, Conn. (Includes New Haven County.)	724,000	8,700	6	29	72	277	3,594	2,669	2,053
Area actually reporting	98.5%	8,840	6	29	74	282	3,659	2,709	2,081
Estimated total	100.0%	1,221.5	.8	4.0	10.2	39.0	505.6	374.3	287.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn. (Includes New London County.)	216,000	1,888	2	10	33	53	962	563	265
Area actually reporting	87.7%	2,226	2	11	39	65	1,118	659	332
Estimated total	100.0%	1,030.1	.9	5.1	18.0	30.1	517.4	305.0	153.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Table 4.—Index of Crime, 1965, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued

Standard metropolitan statistical area	Population	Total offenses	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny \$50 and over	Auto theft
New Orleans, La. (Includes Jefferson, Orleans, St. Bernard and St. Tammany Parishes.)	994,000	20,687	117	199	1,187	1,464	7,320	5,301	5,099
Area actually reporting	97.9%	21,130	119	202	1,210	1,500	7,488	5,415	5,196
Estimated total	100.0%	2,125.2	12.0	20.3	121.7	150.9	753.1	544.6	522.6
Newport News-Hampton, Va. (Includes Newport News and Hampton Cities and York County.)	268,000	4,142	23	33	218	337	1,912	1,169	450
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,142	23	33	218	337	1,912	1,169	450
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	11,464,000	1,545.5	8.6	12.3	81.3	125.7	713.4	436.2	167.9
New York, N.Y. (Includes Bronx, Kings, Manhattan, Queens, Richmond, Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk and Westchester Counties.)	100.0%	227,162	702	1,301	9,620	17,678	67,006	89,476	41,379
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,981.6	6.1	11.3	83.9	154.2	584.5	780.5	361.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	650,000	13,204	42	106	575	1,442	5,512	3,529	1,998
Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va. (Includes Norfolk, Chesapeake, Portsmouth and Virginia Beach Cities and Norfolk and Princess Anne Counties.)	120,000	2,029.8	6.5	16.3	88.4	221.7	817.4	542.5	307.2
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,196	2	7	22	86	580	271	228
Estimated total	94.2%	1,800	2	8	23	91	619	314	243
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	100.0%	1,080.7	1.7	6.7	19.1	75.6	514.6	261.0	202.0
Oklahoma City, Okla. (Includes Canadian, Cleveland and Oklahoma Counties.)	583,000	9,895	33	84	520	491	4,915	1,713	2,139
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,698.6	5.7	14.4	89.3	84.3	843.7	294.1	367.2
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	519,000	7,416	19	35	285	53	3,171	1,746	1,804
Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa. (Includes Douglas and Sarpy Counties, Nebr.; and Pottawattamie County, Iowa.)	388,000	1,514.4	3.9	7.7	55.7	13.1	3,650	1,899	1,887
Area actually reporting	93.0%	5,605	20	32	192	388	2,665	1,684	624
Estimated total	100.0%	6,614	24	40	228	466	3,141	1,969	743
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	1,727.1	1,727.1	6.3	10.4	59.5	121.7	821.0	514.2	194.0
Orlando, Fla. (Includes Orange and Seminole Counties.)	388,000	1,514.4	3.9	7.7	55.7	13.1	3,650	1,899	1,887
Area actually reporting	93.0%	5,605	20	32	192	388	2,665	1,684	624
Estimated total	100.0%	6,614	24	40	228	466	3,141	1,969	743
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	1,727.1	1,727.1	6.3	10.4	59.5	121.7	821.0	514.2	194.0

Rockford, Ill (Includes Winnebago and Boone Counties.)	257,000	2,463	4	16	95	112	1,194	755	287
Area actually reporting	100.0%	639.6	1.6	6.2	37.0	43.6	465.2	294.1	111.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Sacramento, Calif (Includes Sacramento, Placer and Yuba Counties.)	762,000	16,845	34	189	623	519	8,177	1,072	3,231
Area actually reporting	99.5%	16,954	34	190	628	525	8,224	1,102	3,251
Estimated total	100.0%	2,224.5	4.5	24.9	82.4	68.9	1,079.0	538.2	426.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Saginaw, Mich (Includes Saginaw County.)	203,000	2,925	10	27	154	364	1,177	642	551
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,440.4	4.9	13.3	75.8	179.2	579.6	316.1	271.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
St. Louis, Mo.-Ill (Includes St. Louis City and Jefferson, St. Charles, St. Louis and Franklin Counties, Mo., and Madison and St. Clair Counties, Ill.)	2,287,000	41,972	177	452	2,800	2,977	20,101	7,307	8,098
Area actually reporting	95.2%	43,455	180	470	2,952	3,085	20,747	7,657	8,364
Estimated total	100.0%	1,916.5	7.9	20.7	130.2	136.1	915.0	337.7	368.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Salem, Oreg (Includes Marion and Polk Counties.)	173,000	1,918	7	10	33	94	879	681	214
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,110.4	4.1	5.8	19.1	54.4	508.9	394.3	123.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Salt Lake City, Utah (Includes Salt Lake and Davis Counties.)	521,000	10,147	6	66	193	361	4,133	3,827	1,561
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,948.1	1.2	12.7	37.1	69.3	793.5	734.7	299.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
San Antonio, Tex (Includes Bexar and Guadalupe Counties.)	806,000	16,491	62	111	353	1,459	7,875	4,534	2,100
Area actually reporting	98.9%	16,657	63	112	359	1,473	7,954	4,571	2,125
Estimated total	100.0%	2,065.9	7.8	13.9	44.5	182.7	986.5	566.9	263.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif (Includes Riverside and San Bernardino Counties.)	1,044,000	24,482	52	198	520	1,206	12,685	6,883	2,938
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,345.2	5.0	19.0	49.8	115.5	1,215.1	659.3	281.4
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
San Diego, Calif (Includes San Diego County.)	1,191,000	18,141	40	116	505	726	6,783	7,303	2,668
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,523.7	3.4	9.7	42.4	61.0	569.7	613.4	224.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
San Francisco-Oakland, Calif (Includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco and San Mateo Counties.)	2,989,000	74,341	125	393	3,848	3,865	34,193	16,617	15,300
Area actually reporting	97.7%	75,893	128	410	3,897	3,960	35,011	17,095	15,482
Estimated total	100.0%	2,539.3	4.3	13.7	130.4	132.5	1,171.4	569.0	518.0
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
San Jose, Calif (Includes Santa Clara County.)	864,000	14,651	22	84	226	421	7,231	4,193	2,471
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,658.1	2.5	9.5	25.6	48.0	818.3	474.5	279.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

Springfield, Mo. (Includes Greene County.)	135,000	1,554	5	47	35	992	415	150
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,147.8	3.7	34.7	25.9	866.2	305.5	110.8
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	137,000							
Springfield, Ohio (Includes Clark County.)	100.0%	1,220	7	37	19	588	328	237
Area actually reporting	555,000	833.6	5.1	27.1	13.9	430.7	240.2	173.6
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	98.3%	4,503	29	46	78	1,633	1,261	1,588
Estimated total	100.0%	4,744	30	50	83	1,688	1,293	1,592
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	167,000	834.5	5.4	9.0	14.9	304.0	232.9	236.7
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass. (Includes Hampden and Hampshire Counties.)	91.9%	977	9	28	121	497	224	96
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,155	10	37	137	573	268	128
Estimated total	271,000	690.3	6.0	22.1	81.9	342.5	160.2	76.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	100.0%	6,336	43	221	331	2,997	1,875	850
Estimated total	630,000	2,334.0	15.8	81.4	121.9	1,104.0	690.7	315.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	99.2%	8,162	91	252	482	3,382	2,818	1,073
Estimated total	100.0%	8,227	91	255	487	3,402	2,803	1,085
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	330,000	1,305.8	14.4	40.5	77.3	340.0	459.2	172.2
Tacoma, Wash. (Includes Pierce County.)	100.0%	4,392	34	88	258	2,036	1,422	550
Area actually reporting	887,000	1,329.7	10.3	26.6	78.1	616.4	430.5	166.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	97.3%	18,336	111	797	1,700	9,244	4,784	1,649
Estimated total	100.0%	18,941	114	830	1,753	9,528	4,951	1,712
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	170,000	2,135.8	12.9	93.6	197.7	1,074.4	558.3	193.0
Terre Haute, Ind. (Includes Vigo, Clay, Sullivan and Vermillion Counties.)	97.2%	1,784	11	44	32	856	636	196
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,881	12	50	37	894	662	217
Estimated total	101,000	1,106.6	7.1	29.4	21.8	526.0	389.5	127.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	84.7%	705	5	8	66	326	187	104
Estimated total	100.0%	851	10	15	92	360	237	126
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	694,000	843.0	9.9	14.9	91.1	356.6	234.8	124.8
Toledo, Ohio-Mich. (Includes Lucas and Wood Counties, Ohio; and Monroe County, Mich.)	100.0%	9,943	73	545	481	4,377	3,057	1,387
Area actually reporting		1,520.7	11.2	83.4	73.6	660.4	467.5	212.1
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants								

West Palm Beach, Fla. (Includes Palm Beach County.)	274,000	4,647	28	34	105	699	2,212	1,112	457
Area actually reporting	93.4%	5,103	29	36	130	739	2,426	1,238	505
Estimated total	100.0%	1,862.3	10.6	13.1	47.4	269.7	885.4	451.8	184.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	185,000								
Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio (Includes Marshall and Ohio Counties, W. Va.; and Belmont County, Ohio.)		829	3	1	23	59	409	235	99
Area actually reporting	91.9%	1,040	4	3	36	72	501	282	142
Estimated total	100.0%	561.7	2.2	1.6	19.4	38.9	270.6	152.3	76.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	367,000								
Wichita, Kans. (Includes Sedgwick and Butler Counties.)		5,824	13	41	131	322	2,757	1,691	869
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,586.6	3.5	11.2	35.7	87.7	751.1	460.7	236.7
Estimated total	147,000								
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Wichita Falls, Tex. (Includes Archer and Wichita Counties.)		2,192	10	21	92	369	652	820	219
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,496.0	6.8	14.3	62.8	251.8	445.0	565.8	149.5
Estimated total	348,000								
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa. (Includes Luzerne County.)		1,604	2	12	20	92	620	483	375
Area actually reporting	96.4%	1,748	2	13	29	103	678	512	411
Estimated total	100.0%	563.0	.6	3.7	8.3	29.6	195.1	147.3	118.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	463,000								
Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md. (Includes New Castle County, Del.; Salem County, N.J.; and Cecil County, Md.)		6,311	20	34	276	107	2,805	1,711	1,268
Area actually reporting	99.0%	6,359	20	34	278	110	2,916	1,722	1,279
Estimated total	100.0%	1,374.5	4.3	7.3	60.1	23.8	630.3	372.2	276.5
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	217,000								
Winston-Salem, N.C. (Includes Forsyth County.)		3,143	34	17	55	792	1,216	608	421
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,448.0	15.7	7.8	25.3	364.9	560.2	280.1	194.0
Estimated total	615,000								
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									
Worcester, Mass. (Includes Worcester County.)		5,922	11	25	128	143	2,800	1,293	1,522
Area actually reporting	86.9%	7,317	13	30	165	189	3,316	1,586	2,018
Estimated total	100.0%	1,190.3	2.1	4.9	26.8	30.7	539.4	258.0	328.3
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	303,000								
York, Pa. (Includes York and Adams Counties.)		2,155	4	16	63	69	1,306	438	259
Area actually reporting	97.2%	2,260	4	17	69	78	1,347	460	285
Estimated total	100.0%	744.8	1.3	5.6	22.7	25.7	443.9	151.6	93.9
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	532,000								
Youngstown-Warren, Ohio (Includes Mahoning and Trumbull Counties.)		4,893	17	23	152	426	2,029	1,171	1,075
Area actually reporting	100.0%	919.0	3.2	4.3	28.6	80.0	381.1	219.9	201.9
Estimated total									
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants									

General United States Crime Statistics

The data presented in this section are primarily of value to law enforcement executives, news media and others for the purpose of comparing the crime experience of a community with the averages reported nationally by communities of similar size. Crime trends and rates are tabulated by grouping places according to population size. Police performance in clearing crimes by arrest is presented by population group and geographic division.

National city averages are also shown indicating the type and value of the property stolen, by offense and type, and value recovered by police investigation. Robbery, burglary, and larceny-theft are examined by type, as well as where and when they occurred.

City, suburban, and rural area arrest rates are shown for all criminal offenses. Arrest rates by population group are also listed for specific offenses. This is another step in building totals for crime categories other than those in the Crime Index and in presenting crimes known to the police through arrests.

Statistical data relating to suburban areas are provided for the use of law enforcement officials in suburban communities in making limited comparisons. Places used to establish totals for suburban areas include cities with 50,000 or less population and county law enforcement agencies in standard metropolitan statistical areas. Of course, the crime experience of the large core city is excluded.

It is important to remember in studying averages that usually about half the units used must be above and about half below. National averages can provide the police administrator with valuable guidance in analyzing the local crime count, as well as the performance of his force in combating crime. The analysis, however, does not end with such a comparison, for it is only through an appraisal of local conditions that a clear picture of the community crime problem or the effectiveness of the police force is possible.

Table 5.—Crime Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1964-65, by Population Groups

[1965 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Fornication	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
TOTAL, ALL AGENCIES: 5,388 agencies; total population 159,771,000:											
1964	3,937,863	2,326,875	7,457	6,080	17,580	103,984	162,527	987,594	624,783	1,604,698	422,950
1965	4,047,861	2,448,534	7,898	6,661	18,989	109,198	167,379	1,037,950	667,896	1,592,668	439,524
Percent change	+2.8	+5.2	+5.9	+9.4	+8.0	+5.0	+3.0	+5.1	+6.9	-.8	+3.9
TOTAL CITIES: 3,798 cities; total population 111,738,000:											
1964	3,285,325	1,911,193	5,882	3,954	12,763	94,923	133,497	780,268	509,601	1,380,178	374,259
1965	3,374,112	2,007,276	6,180	3,907	13,685	99,461	137,055	819,337	540,731	1,362,929	390,327
Percent change	+2.4	+5.0	+5.1	-1.2	+7.2	+4.8	+2.7	+5.1	+6.1	-1.3	+4.3
GROUP I											
53 cities over 250,000; population 40,806,000:											
1964	1,570,734	1,010,418	3,560	2,016	7,744	70,452	77,128	383,444	213,821	558,300	234,260
1965	1,590,081	1,052,056	3,756	2,009	8,590	73,062	79,468	402,687	251,082	536,016	233,402
Percent change	+1.2	+4.1	+5.5	-.3	+11.0	+3.7	+3.0	+5.0	+3.0	-4.0	+4.1
6 cities over 1,000,000; population 18,881,000:											
1964	695,885	497,479	1,661	687	4,401	40,489	46,267	163,467	135,812	198,519	105,382
1965	707,912	519,447	1,807	654	4,940	41,633	46,368	175,501	138,622	187,811	110,567
Percent change	+1.6	+4.4	+8.8	-4.8	+12.5	+2.8	+2.2	+7.4	+2.1	-5.4	+4.9
18 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; population 11,641,000:											
1964	479,625	282,129	1,177	739	1,911	17,610	17,825	115,780	54,823	196,757	73,003
1965	477,969	293,218	1,195	758	2,148	18,697	19,453	118,796	57,725	183,993	75,294
Percent change	-.3	+3.9	+1.5	+2.6	+12.4	+6.2	+9.1	+2.6	+5.3	-6.5	+3.0
29 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; population 10,284,000:											
1964	394,424	230,810	722	580	1,432	12,353	13,036	104,197	53,186	163,024	45,884
1965	404,200	239,391	754	597	1,502	12,732	13,647	108,390	54,735	164,212	47,631
Percent change	+2.5	+3.7	+4.4	+1.2	+4.9	+3.1	+4.7	+4.0	+2.9	+7.7	+3.8
GROUP II											
92 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,087,000:											
1964	444,276	245,140	759	596	1,474	9,043	18,127	108,347	65,818	198,540	41,572
1965	455,016	257,224	835	620	1,438	9,571	18,442	112,446	70,377	197,163	44,115
Percent change	+2.4	+4.9	+10.0	+5.5	-2.4	+5.8	+1.7	+3.8	+6.9	-7.7	+6.1

GROUP III											
224 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 15,390,000:											
1964.....	431,691	232,297	546	554	1,207	7,117	11,865	98,184	69,673	198,840	43,705
1965.....	444,502	245,543	534	506	1,283	7,508	11,841	103,074	75,023	198,453	46,280
Percent change.....	+3.0	+5.7	-2.2	-8.7	+6.3	+5.5	-0.2	+5.0	+7.7	-0.2	+5.9
GROUP IV											
451 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,720,000:											
1964.....	380,826	193,882	458	447	913	4,439	10,226	83,983	62,113	186,497	31,750
1965.....	395,591	207,702	488	402	975	5,098	10,643	88,012	69,027	187,487	33,459
Percent change.....	+3.9	+7.1	+6.6	-10.1	+6.8	+14.8	+4.1	+4.8	+11.1	+5	+5.4
GROUP V											
1,051 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 16,198,000:											
1964.....	313,813	150,989	364	225	870	2,654	9,831	69,349	45,525	162,599	22,896
1965.....	327,635	161,799	368	239	873	2,990	10,545	74,360	49,944	165,597	22,720
Percent change.....	+4.4	+7.2	+1.1	+6.2	+0.2	+12.7	+7.3	+7.2	+9.7	+1.8	+1.4
GROUP VI											
1,927 cities under 10,000; population 10,586,000:											
1964.....	153,985	78,467	195	116	555	1,218	6,320	36,961	22,651	75,402	10,567
1965.....	161,287	82,952	199	122	518	1,232	6,116	39,268	25,278	78,213	10,351
Percent change.....	+4.7	+5.7	+2.1	+5.2	-6.7	+1.1	-3.2	+6.2	+11.6	+3.7	-2.0
SUBURBAN AREA 1											
1,903 agencies; population 47,882,000:											
1964.....	903,061	517,273	1,149	1,288	4,024	11,842	27,901	243,119	154,560	384,500	74,678
1965.....	953,344	558,202	1,207	1,608	4,581	13,419	29,979	260,570	171,207	393,534	77,239
Percent change.....	+5.6	+7.9	+5.0	+24.8	+13.8	+13.3	+7.4	+7.2	+10.8	+2.3	+3.4
RURAL AREA											
1,325 agencies; population 23,761,000:											
1964.....	204,474	142,714	837	1,346	2,079	2,344	12,464	73,148	39,213	60,414	12,629
1965.....	210,139	147,591	933	1,602	2,071	2,255	12,997	74,684	42,290	60,946	12,361
Percent change.....	+2.8	+3.4	+11.5	+19.0	-0.4	-3.8	+4.3	+2.1	+7.8	+9	-2.1

1 Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also represented in other city groups.

GROUP IV											
468 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 16,280,000:											
Number of offenses known.....	410,613	216,457	499	409	1,018	5,353	11,515	91,450	72,030	193,747	34,886
Rate per 100,000.....	2,522.2	1,329.6	3.1	2.5	6.3	32.9	70.7	561.7	442.5	1,190.1	212.4
GROUP V											
1,104 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 17,003,000:											
Number of offenses known.....	341,957	170,821	387	242	949	3,170	11,343	78,514	52,575	170,894	23,883
Rate per 100,000.....	2,011.2	1,004.7	2.3	1.4	5.6	18.6	66.7	461.8	309.2	1,005.1	140.5
GROUP VI											
2,119 cities under 10,000; population 11,626,000:											
Number of offenses known.....	174,766	91,227	234	127	585	1,369	7,206	42,887	27,488	83,412	11,458
Rate per 100,000.....	1,508.2	784.7	2.0	1.1	5.0	11.8	62.0	368.9	236.4	717.4	98.6
SUBURBAN AREA 1											
2,113 agencies; population 51,431,000:											
Number of offenses known.....	1,018,740	601,930	1,363	1,752	5,042	14,449	33,886	280,083	184,717	415,058	82,390
Rate per 100,000.....	1,980.8	1,170.4	2.7	3.4	9.8	28.1	65.9	544.6	359.2	807.0	160.2
RURAL AREA											
1,559 agencies; population 27,118,000:											
Number of offenses known.....	237,041	167,281	1,152	1,693	2,372	2,084	15,808	83,625	47,785	68,067	13,855
Rate per 100,000.....	874.1	616.9	4.2	6.2	8.7	9.9	58.3	308.4	176.2	251.0	51.1

¹ Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also included in other city groups.
Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Table 7.—*Crime Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1965 versus Average 1960-64*

[3,363 agencies; 1965 estimated population 127,795,000]

Offense	Number of offenses		Percent change
	Average 1960-64	1965	
TOTAL	2,997,815	3,665,860	-22.3
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	5,828	6,934	+19.0
Manslaughter by negligence.....	3,925	4,441	+13.1
Forcible rape.....	12,592	16,554	+31.5
Robbery.....	87,352	106,879	+22.4
Aggravated assault.....	107,790	136,644	+26.8
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	734,205	919,203	+25.2
Larceny— <i>theft</i>			
\$50 and over.....	460,861	603,366	+30.9
Under \$50.....	1,263,472	1,454,044	+15.1
Auto theft.....	321,790	417,795	+29.8

Table 8.—Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1965, by Population Groups

[1965 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					Total	\$50 and over	
TOTAL CITIES											
2,784 cities; total population 99,846,000:											
Offenses known.....	3,078,931	1,817,172	5,691	3,505	12,271	89,932	126,612	729,347	1,756,719	488,465	354,804
Percent cleared by arrest.....	24.6	26.3	90.5	85.3	64.0	37.6	72.9	24.7	19.6	13.9	25.2
GROUP I											
53 cities over 250,000; total population 38,742,000:											
Offenses known.....	1,450,635	949,251	3,574	1,793	7,715	65,713	73,402	352,294	732,886	233,295	213,258
Percent cleared by arrest.....	26.0	27.5	89.8	87.7	61.9	38.4	70.6	26.3	20.2	14.2	23.5
5 cities over 1,000,000; total population 16,149,000:											
Offenses known.....	543,754	398,088	1,558	455	3,681	33,617	37,157	124,730	254,125	108,914	88,431
Percent cleared by arrest.....	28.1	29.8	89.0	80.2	63.1	40.6	70.8	27.9	20.0	15.5	26.5
19 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; total population 12,343,000:											
Offenses known.....	495,905	310,869	1,305	769	2,462	19,476	22,000	120,515	253,004	68,737	76,373
Percent cleared by arrest.....	26.0	27.4	91.9	94.8	62.2	38.1	69.9	27.9	20.8	13.9	21.6
29 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; total population 10,250,000:											
Offenses known.....	410,976	240,294	710	509	1,572	12,620	14,245	107,049	225,757	55,644	48,454
Percent cleared by arrest.....	23.1	23.6	87.7	84.2	58.7	33.1	71.1	22.6	19.6	11.8	21.0
GROUP II											
89 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population 12,563,000:											
Offenses known.....	446,493	254,370	781	599	1,443	9,291	18,870	110,550	260,765	69,241	44,194
Percent cleared by arrest.....	24.4	26.3	94.4	77.1	66.3	36.1	76.9	24.1	19.7	14.2	24.4
GROUP III											
209 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population 14,403,000:											
Offenses known.....	418,549	229,255	479	462	1,149	6,982	12,064	96,775	259,543	70,711	41,115
Percent cleared by arrest.....	21.9	23.3	88.9	81.2	62.1	33.2	72.7	22.2	18.1	13.0	25.6

Table 8.—Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1965, by Population Groups—Continued

[1965 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					Total	\$50 and over	
GROUP IV 416 cities; 25,000 to 50,000; total population 14,503,000: Offenses known..... Percent cleared by arrest.....	370,829 22.7	193,174 23.8	441 91.4	372 86.0	907 69.6	4,778 35.6	9,955 75.4	81,276 23.2	242,544 19.1	65,261 12.6	30,556 28.3
GROUP V 817 cities; 10,000 to 25,000; total population 12,728,000: Offenses known..... Percent cleared by arrest.....	271,655 22.9	130,725 35.6	278 89.6	185 95.1	710 70.3	2,420 36.9	8,248 76.3	60,034 22.6	181,565 18.7	40,820 13.7	18,215 34.9
GROUP VI 1,200 cities under 10,000; total population 6,906,000: Offenses known..... Percent cleared by arrest.....	120,770 26.6	60,397 29.1	138 92.0	94 89.4	347 79.3	818 44.0	4,073 83.6	28,418 24.7	79,419 22.2	19,137 17.1	7,466 41.9
SUBURBAN AREA¹ 1,411 agencies; total population 37,951,000: Offenses known..... Percent cleared by arrest.....	820,904 21.7	477,176 23.3	983 90.1	1,089 78.5	3,751 64.9	11,810 35.5	25,862 66.6	220,434 21.4	400,486 17.5	147,847 12.9	66,480 30.1
RURAL AREA 620 agencies; total population 15,761,000: Offenses known..... Percent cleared by arrest.....	148,958 28.6	102,470 31.3	512 85.7	740 66.6	1,294 67.9	1,538 48.3	7,006 74.2	53,629 26.7	75,481 21.6	29,733 21.3	8,758 47.2

¹ Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also represented in other city groups.

Table 9.—Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1965, by Geographic Divisions

[1965 estimated population]

Geographic division	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Forecible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					Total	\$50 and over	
TOTAL, ALL DIVISIONS											
2,784 cities; total population 99,846,000:											
Offenses known.....	3,078,981	1,817,172	5,891	3,505	12,271	89,982	126,612	729,347	1,756,719	498,465	354,804
Percent cleared by arrest.....	24.6	26.3	90.5	85.3	64.0	37.6	72.9	24.7	19.6	13.9	25.2
NEW ENGLAND STATES											
258 cities; total population 7,241,000:											
Offenses known.....	158,789	105,224	159	209	371	2,492	3,655	41,697	78,497	25,171	31,709
Percent cleared by arrest.....	22.8	23.6	81.8	77.0	80.3	36.7	78.1	21.6	19.5	16.7	23.6
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES											
585 cities; total population 23,118,000:											
Offenses known.....	560,381	401,766	1,195	617	2,766	18,865	31,025	139,210	284,185	126,187	82,518
Percent cleared by arrest.....	23.2	24.9	85.9	78.1	68.5	38.8	69.3	24.7	16.1	13.0	21.2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES											
651 cities; total population 22,131,000:											
Offenses known.....	682,961	380,179	1,157	756	3,344	31,153	27,801	140,000	392,785	90,759	85,965
Percent cleared by arrest.....	25.9	28.9	92.5	86.6	59.5	36.3	73.1	26.0	20.5	16.0	28.3
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES											
309 cities; total population 7,855,000:											
Offenses known.....	255,738	127,505	354	241	940	6,153	6,932	57,774	100,261	32,269	23,083
Percent cleared by arrest.....	24.6	26.7	90.1	86.7	64.3	32.1	72.1	26.5	20.7	13.7	27.4
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES											
241 cities; total population 10,309,000:											
Offenses known.....	365,009	223,566	1,115	476	1,410	11,862	25,005	91,032	199,121	58,154	34,988
Percent cleared by arrest.....	27.6	29.7	94.0	96.0	69.7	38.7	77.6	24.6	21.0	13.9	28.2

Table 9.—Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1965, by Geographic Divisions—Continued

[1965 estimated population]

Geographic division	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Forensic rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					Total	\$50 and over	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES											
85 cities; total population 3,828,000:											
Offenses known.....	106,097	69,058	382	202	391	2,101	4,869	31,575	54,925	19,088	10,652
Percent cleared by arrest.....	22.9	24.2	91.1	78.7	66.8	35.1	71.0	20.6	18.5	15.6	22.7
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES											
181 cities; total population 9,405,000:											
Offenses known.....	299,924	163,563	757	427	1,030	6,101	13,895	76,092	174,543	88,609	27,079
Percent cleared by arrest.....	27.6	29.1	91.5	97.7	68.9	44.3	75.4	25.9	23.6	17.1	25.2
MOUNTAIN STATES											
139 cities; total population 4,084,000:											
Offenses known.....	154,569	77,905	150	152	532	2,457	3,732	33,243	101,192	24,680	13,102
Percent cleared by arrest.....	22.3	24.1	96.2	72.4	61.3	40.7	73.4	24.1	18.4	12.4	26.5
PACIFIC STATES											
335 cities; total population 11,873,000:											
Offenses known.....	496,493	268,406	413	425	1,487	8,826	9,698	118,724	311,210	83,548	45,708
Percent cleared by arrest.....	21.9	22.2	88.4	80.0	56.3	37.8	67.6	23.8	18.6	10.7	24.7

Table 10.—Offenses Cleared by Arrest of Persons Under 18 Years of Age
 [Percent of total cleared; 1965 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Foreible rape	Robbery	Aggra-vated assault	Bur-glary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Man-slaughter by neg-ligence					Total	\$50 and over	
TOTAL CITIES.											
2,642 cities; total population 90,484,000:	661,855	413,475	4,483	2,597	6,736	25,950	81,065	159,719	306,237	60,444	75,078
Total clearances.....	36.8	30.2	4.6	5.4	14.1	20.7	9.1	37.4	43.7	24.5	48.3
Percent under 18.....											
GROUP I											
49 cities over 250,000; total population 33,826,000:	308,167	212,279	2,725	1,304	3,886	18,172	43,168	78,355	121,492	26,908	39,065
Total clearances.....	32.1	26.7	4.8	4.5	13.7	22.3	9.0	31.8	38.8	18.9	46.4
Percent under 18.....											
4 cities over 1,000,000; total population 12,611,000:	97,544	78,475	1,014	156	1,549	7,120	18,761	24,074	31,180	12,267	13,000
Total clearances.....	23.0	17.2	5.1	7.1	14.9	19.7	8.4	20.4	33.1	12.0	28.3
Percent under 18.....											
18 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; total population 11,742,000:	124,767	81,967	1,100	698	1,488	7,296	14,988	32,324	50,832	8,730	15,981
Total clearances.....	35.6	32.1	5.0	4.2	13.3	26.1	9.7	36.3	39.7	24.9	55.3
Percent under 18.....											
27 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; total population 9,474,000:	85,856	51,837	551	450	849	3,756	9,419	21,957	39,480	5,911	9,394
Total clearances.....	37.3	32.4	4.0	4.2	12.0	19.5	8.8	37.6	42.2	24.4	57.6
Percent under 18.....											
GROUP II											
80 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population 11,222,000:	100,485	61,238	647	392	850	2,954	13,542	24,431	47,871	9,016	9,798
Total clearances.....	35.9	30.5	4.0	6.4	14.6	15.9	8.0	39.5	41.3	26.8	50.1
Percent under 18.....											
GROUP III											
193 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population 13,334,000:	84,573	48,963	385	353	664	2,138	8,229	19,745	43,767	8,510	9,292
Total clearances.....	39.1	33.2	4.2	5.4	13.7	16.5	10.8	40.0	43.9	28.5	49.2
Percent under 18.....											

Table 10.—Offenses Cleared by Arrest of Persons Under 18 Years of Age—Continued

[Percent of total cleared; 1965 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime index total	Criminal homicide		Forensic rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
			Murder and non-negligent slaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					Total	\$50 and over	
GROUP IV											
374 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population 13,052,000:											
Total clearances	77,115	41,644	365	299	585	1,503	6,797	17,182	42,555	7,383	7,829
Percent under 18	44.2	35.1	4.7	5.0	16.6	17.8	8.9	44.4	50.6	28.1	50.3
GROUP V											
792 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population 12,349,000:											
Total clearances	60,456	32,451	241	167	481	853	6,097	13,242	33,293	5,455	6,112
Percent under 18	45.3	36.9	4.1	10.2	14.8	19.2	10.1	46.8	51.2	30.8	53.0
GROUP VI											
1,154 cities under 10,000; total population 6,651,000:											
Total clearances	31,069	16,909	120	82	270	330	3,262	6,764	17,259	3,172	2,982
Percent under 18	40.4	38.7	3.3	6.1	14.1	18.2	10.1	51.3	52.0	35.2	51.2
SUBURBAN AREA 1											
1,324 agencies; total population 33,161,000:											
Total clearances	157,578	96,262	744	813	2,669	3,401	14,037	41,668	77,291	10,788	17,555
Percent under 18	39.7	33.1	5.9	5.7	16.2	15.8	11.1	40.2	45.5	27.2	45.7
RURAL AREA											
585 agencies; total population 14,415,000:											
Total clearances	39,610	20,717	391	394	705	608	4,769	13,357	15,460	5,952	3,785
Percent under 18	31.2	30.5	6.6	2.0	14.5	10.0	7.2	40.7	30.1	28.4	44.8

1. Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also represented in other city groups.

Table 11.—Disposition of Persons Formally Charged by the Police, 1965

[1,781 cities; 1965 estimated population 57,761,000]

Offense	Charged (held for prosecu- tion)	Percent of persons charged			
		Guilty		Acquitted or dismissed	Referred to juvenile court
		Offense charged	Lesser offense		
TOTAL	2,058,421	67.5	2.7	15.2	14.8
Criminal homicide:					
(a) Murder and nonnegligent man- slaughter.....	1,997	44.7	18.2	30.1	7.0
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	797	35.4	10.5	45.7	8.4
Forcible rape.....	3,386	30.7	13.4	32.5	23.4
Robbery.....	14,655	34.0	12.7	19.1	34.2
Aggravated assault.....	31,275	34.9	15.4	34.9	14.8
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	69,242	24.8	7.5	16.2	51.4
Larceny— theft.....	152,968	38.3	3.6	13.0	45.1
Auto theft.....	39,794	21.5	6.2	11.8	60.6
Subtotal for above offenses.....	314,114	32.6	6.6	16.4	44.3
Other assaults.....	87,294	50.5	3.7	33.3	12.4
Arson.....	2,048	17.5	4.5	10.9	67.1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	9,754	61.9	10.6	17.4	10.1
Fraud.....	18,864	70.6	3.9	22.6	2.8
Embezzlement.....	2,626	70.3	3.6	21.6	4.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, pos- sessing.....	7,304	38.5	5.7	29.1	26.6
Vandalism.....	29,546	22.2	1.6	18.2	58.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	20,825	57.4	6.6	20.2	15.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	9,042	69.2	4.5	24.9	1.3
Sex offenses.....	23,149	54.7	7.4	16.8	21.1
Narcotic drug laws.....	16,545	46.5	8.1	38.0	7.3
Gambling.....	36,471	55.4	9.2	34.4	1.0
Offenses against the family and children.....	21,604	62.9	2.1	28.4	6.6
Driving under the influence.....	94,937	78.6	11.3	9.6	.6
Liquor laws.....	76,985	65.3	1.5	14.9	18.4
Drunkenness.....	753,577	89.2	.5	9.4	1.0
Disorderly conduct.....	255,333	73.9	.6	17.0	8.5
Vagrancy.....	52,044	76.6	1.5	17.0	4.9
All other offenses.....	226,359	50.4	1.1	17.0	31.5

Table 12.—Offenses Known, Cleared; Persons Arrested, Charged and Disposed of in 1965

[1,657 cities; 1965 estimated population 56,554,000]

Type	TOTAL	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	For- cible rape	Rob- bery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary— break- ing or entering	Lar- ceny— theft	Auto theft
Offenses known.....	1,678,074	3,015	6,349	41,762	66,012	387,538	981,189	192,209
Offenses cleared.....	403,534	2,709	4,163	16,055	48,087	99,217	184,670	48,633
Percent cleared.....	24.0	89.9	65.6	38.4	72.8	25.6	18.8	25.3
ARRESTS	385,474	3,177	4,708	20,904	41,462	81,325	185,497	48,401
Total persons charged.....	310,096	1,987	3,380	14,606	31,007	68,430	151,452	39,204
Percent of arrests.....	80.4	62.5	71.8	69.9	74.8	84.1	81.7	81.0
Adults guilty.....	100,364	884	1,028	4,931	10,680	16,838	57,656	8,347
Percent of charged.....	58.4	47.8	39.9	51.3	40.6	50.8	69.6	54.0
Adults guilty of lesser offense.....	20,372	362	447	1,852	4,744	5,098	5,431	2,438
Percent of charged.....	11.9	19.6	17.3	19.3	18.0	15.4	6.6	15.8
Adults acquitted or dismissed.....	51,031	602	1,104	2,825	10,881	11,191	19,760	4,668
Percent of charged.....	29.7	32.6	42.8	29.4	41.4	33.8	23.9	30.2
Referred to juvenile court.....	138,329	139	801	4,998	4,702	35,303	68,635	23,751
Percent of charged.....	44.6	7.0	23.7	34.2	15.2	51.6	45.3	60.6

Table 13.—Police Disposition of Juvenile Offenders Taken Into Custody, 1965

[1965 estimated population]

Population group	Total	Handled within department and released	Referred to juvenile court jurisdiction	Referred to welfare agency	Referred to other police agency	Referred to criminal or adult court
TOTAL						
2,877 agencies; total population 95,096,000:						
Number.....	833,507	389,278	383,875	24,146	22,114	14,094
Percent.....	100.0	46.7	46.1	2.9	2.7	1.7
TOTAL CITIES						
2,294 agencies; total population 76,144,000:						
Number.....	741,353	348,827	339,651	22,865	19,674	10,336
Percent.....	100.0	47.1	45.8	3.1	2.7	1.4
GROUP I						
39 cities over 250,000; population 31,177,000:						
Number.....	261,195	100,532	139,911	15,862	3,798	1,092
Percent.....	100.0	38.5	53.6	6.1	1.5	.4
GROUP II						
58 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 7,850,000:						
Number.....	99,671	48,731	44,640	1,415	2,950	1,926
Percent.....	100.0	48.9	44.8	1.4	3.0	1.9
GROUP III						
137 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 9,456,000:						
Number.....	101,630	55,531	39,848	2,111	3,404	736
Percent.....	100.0	54.6	39.2	2.1	3.3	.7
GROUP IV						
319 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 11,059,000:						
Number.....	115,831	59,669	48,640	1,442	4,072	2,008
Percent.....	100.0	51.5	42.0	1.2	3.5	1.7
GROUP V						
688 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 10,571,000:						
Number.....	104,949	55,105	42,594	1,265	3,564	2,421
Percent.....	100.0	52.5	40.6	1.2	3.4	2.3
GROUP VI						
1,053 cities under 10,000; population 6,031,000:						
Number.....	58,077	29,259	24,009	770	1,886	2,153
Percent.....	100.0	50.4	41.3	1.3	3.2	3.7
SUBURBAN AREA ³						
1,163 agencies; population 26,222,000:						
Number.....	220,293	124,083	82,769	2,142	7,912	3,387
Percent.....	100.0	56.3	37.6	1.0	3.6	1.5
RURAL AREA						
494 agencies; population 8,806,000:						
Number.....	33,425	9,895	18,846	661	1,237	2,786
Percent.....	100.0	29.6	56.4	2.0	3.7	8.3

¹ Includes all offenses except traffic and neglect cases.

² Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

³ Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also included in other city groups.

Table 14.—Offense Analysis, Trends, 1964-65; Percent Distribution and Average Value

[646 cities 25,000 and over; 1965 estimated population 75,400,000]

Classification	Number of offenses		Percent change	Percent distribution 1965 ¹	Average value
	1964	1965			
Robbery:					
TOTAL	82,938	85,999	+3.7	100.0	\$254
Highway.....	42,718	44,164	+3.4	51.4	113
Commercial house.....	17,125	17,337	+1.2	20.2	421
Gas or service station.....	4,660	5,050	+8.4	5.9	109
Chain store.....	2,200	2,360	+7.3	2.7	534
Residence.....	7,688	7,788	+1.3	9.1	391
Bank.....	659	784	+19.0	.9	3,789
Miscellaneous.....	7,888	8,516	+8.0	9.9	203
Burglary—breaking or entering:					
TOTAL	609,821	634,603	+4.1	100.0	242
Residence (dwelling):					
Night.....	150,390	161,119	+7.1	25.4	247
Day.....	136,034	152,758	+12.3	24.1	274
Nonresidence (store, office, etc.):					
Night.....	293,937	291,230	-.9	45.9	223
Day.....	29,460	29,496	+1	4.6	231
Larceny—theft (except auto theft, by value):					
TOTAL	1,438,341	1,433,647	-.3	100.0	84
\$50 and over.....	414,310	432,866	+4.5	30.2	236
\$5 to \$50.....	781,814	773,341	-1.1	53.9	23
Under \$5.....	242,217	227,440	-6.1	15.9	2
Larceny—thft (by type):					
TOTAL	1,438,341	1,433,647	-.3	100.0	84
Pocket-picking.....	13,692	14,006	+2.3	1.0	100
Purse-snatching.....	24,205	24,011	-.8	1.7	45
Shoplifting.....	106,515	112,361	+5.5	7.8	27
From autos (except accessories).....	285,479	279,717	-2.0	19.5	110
Auto accessories.....	288,722	289,711	+1.3	20.2	40
Bicycles.....	227,170	221,425	-2.5	15.4	28
From buildings.....	241,695	262,958	+8.8	18.3	159
From coin operated machines.....	38,772	24,038	-38.0	1.7	19
All others.....	212,091	205,420	-3.1	14.3	115
Auto theft					1,030

¹ Because of rounding the percentages may not add to total.

Table 15.—Type and Value of Property Stolen and Recovered, 1965

[646 cities 25,000 and over; 1965 estimated population 75,400,000]

Type of property	Value of property		Percent recovered
	Stolen	Recovered	
TOTAL	\$629,700,000	\$324,500,000	52
Currency, notes, etc.....	61,700,000	5,600,000	9
Jewelry and precious metals.....	52,200,000	3,500,000	7
Furs.....	13,100,000	600,000	5
Clothing.....	25,100,000	2,500,000	10
Locally stolen automobiles.....	332,900,000	290,000,000	87
Miscellaneous.....	144,700,000	22,300,000	15

Table 16.—Murder Victims—Weapons Used, 1965

Age	Number	Weapons							
		Gun	Cutting or stabbing	Blunt object (club, hammer, etc.)	Personal weapons (strangulations and beatings)	Poison	Explosives	Other (drownings, arson, etc.)	Unknown and not stated
TOTAL	8,773	5,015	2,021	505	894	20	5	226	87
Percent		57.2	23.0	5.8	10.2	.2	.1	2.6	1.0
Infant (under 1)	116	7	6	6	64	3		29	1
1-4	198	25	4	22	105	2		36	4
5-9	121	43	10	11	35	2		19	1
10-14	97	45	14	10	17			9	2
15-19	620	383	150	29	37	1	2	12	6
20-24	1,062	690	262	37	48	1		18	6
25-29	1,128	747	260	39	55	2		16	9
30-34	1,008	628	264	35	60	2		14	5
35-39	1,029	615	270	33	78	2	1	20	10
40-44	888	528	222	50	69	1		15	3
45-49	694	395	166	44	70	2	1	10	6
50-54	529	289	113	50	58	1		9	9
55-59	384	203	85	40	45		1	5	5
60-64	276	132	64	29	41			6	4
65-69	172	80	38	25	23	1		1	4
70-74	130	55	22	17	29			1	6
75 and over	148	44	25	22	52			3	2
Unknown	173	106	46	6	8			3	4

Table 17.—Murder Victims by Age, Sex, and Race, 1965

Age	Number	Percent	Sex		Race					
			Male	Female	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	8,773		6,539	2,234	3,970	4,693	51	16	6	37
Percent		100.0	74.5	25.5	45.3	53.5	.6	.2	.1	.4
Infant (under 1)	116	1.3	77	39	71	40	1			4
1-4	198	2.3	95	103	133	62	2			1
5-9	121	1.4	69	52	82	37		1		1
10-14	97	1.1	64	33	56	39	2			
15-19	620	7.1	464	156	264	347	3	3	1	2
20-24	1,062	12.1	802	260	460	592	7	1		2
25-29	1,128	12.9	857	271	409	709	6	2		2
30-34	1,008	11.5	765	243	394	604	8	1		1
35-39	1,029	11.7	789	240	394	620	9	1	2	3
40-44	888	10.1	644	244	380	500	3	2	1	2
45-49	694	7.9	541	153	327	363	2	1		1
50-54	529	6.0	424	105	263	262	4			
55-59	384	4.4	296	88	217	162	2			3
60-64	276	3.1	212	64	178	95	1			2
65-69	172	2.0	129	43	104	66	1			1
70-74	130	1.5	90	40	87	39		3		1
75 and over	148	1.7	103	45	102	43		1	2	
Unknown	173	2.0	118	55	49	113				11

¹ Because of rounding the percentages may not add to total.

Arrest Data

Tables in the following section provide certain personal characteristics of individuals arrested for all criminal acts. Arrest rates and trends are shown for city, suburban and rural areas, as well as the United States as a whole. Tabulations are published containing characteristics of persons arrested by age, sex and race.

Arrest statistics are collected annually from contributing law enforcement agencies and the figures used in the tables this year were submitted by agencies representing 69 percent of the United States population. In using these arrest figures it is important to remember that the same person may be arrested several times during one year for the same type or for different offenses. Each arrest is counted. Further, the arrest of one person may solve several crimes and, in other instances, two or more persons may be arrested during the solution of one crime.

Arrests are primarily a measure of police activity, as it relates to crime. Although police arrest practices vary, particularly with respect to juveniles, contributors to this Program are instructed to count one arrest each time an individual is taken into custody for committing a specific crime. A juvenile is counted as a person arrested when he commits an offense and the circumstances are such that if the offender were an adult, an arrest would be made.

Arrest data is primarily a measure of law enforcement activity, but it does provide useful information on the characteristics of persons arrested for criminal acts. It is a gauge of criminality when used within its limitations as must be done with all forms of criminal statistics, including court and penal.

Table 18.—Arrests, Number and Rate, 1965, by Population Groups
 [Rate per 100,000; 1965 estimated population]

Offense charged	TOTAL (4,083 agencies; total population 134,095,000)	Cities						Other areas		
		Total city arrests (3,083 cities; population 101,652,000)	Group I (54 cities over 250,000; population 40,900,000)	Group II (88 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 12,157,000)	Group III (193 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 13,270,000)	Group IV (387 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 13,427,000)	Group V (884 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 13,626,000)	Group VI (1,479 cities under 10,000; population 8,271,000)	Suburban area ¹ (1,538 agencies; population 33,874,000)	Rural area (839 agencies; population 18,515,000)
TOTAL	4,955,047 3,685.2	4,401,598 4,330.1	2,198,794 5,204.8	598,094 4,919.6	487,740 3,875.4	476,008 3,545.1	438,348 3,202.4	274,614 3,330.3	751,081 2,217.1	294,773 1,582.1
Criminal homicide:	7,348	6,144	4,087	744	438	420	303	152	951	654
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	5.9	6.0	10.0	6.1	3.3	3.1	2.2	1.8	2.8	3.5
Rate per 100,000	2,815	1,922	707	294	271	203	180	107	708	615
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.3	1.3	2.1	3.3
Rate per 100,000	10,734	8,635	5,526	947	747	623	504	288	1,801	1,084
Rate per 100,000	8.0	13.5	13.5	7.8	5.6	3.7	3.7	3.5	5.3	5.9
Forcible rape	45,872	42,134	30,906	3,866	2,869	2,336	1,472	685	5,122	1,423
Rate per 100,000	34.2	41.4	75.6	31.8	21.6	17.4	10.8	8.3	15.1	7.7
Rate per 100,000	84,411	73,806	42,493	9,619	6,155	5,990	5,888	3,461	12,325	5,447
Aggravated assault	62.9	72.4	103.9	79.1	46.4	44.6	43.2	41.8	36.4	29.4
Rate per 100,000	197,627	162,281	84,268	10,578	17,801	17,079	14,575	8,980	37,977	18,976
Burglary—breaking or entering	147.4	159.6	206.0	161.0	134.1	127.2	107.0	108.6	112.1	102.5
Rate per 100,000	383,726	338,543	142,301	47,034	43,431	46,271	38,778	20,668	77,749	21,401
Rate per 100,000	286.2	333.0	348.1	386.9	327.3	344.6	284.6	219.9	229.5	115.6
Auto theft	101,763	89,095	46,449	11,551	10,148	9,320	7,659	3,973	18,789	6,118
Rate per 100,000	75.9	87.6	113.6	95.0	78.4	69.4	56.2	48.0	55.5	33.0
Subtotal for above offenses	894,296	722,260	356,797	98,633	81,855	82,302	69,359	38,314	155,433	55,718
Rate per 100,000	622.2	710.5	872.4	770.2	616.8	613.0	509.0	463.2	458.9	300.9
Other assaults	207,615	180,531	81,251	27,423	22,034	20,542	18,864	10,417	87,729	11,540
Rate per 100,000	154.8	177.6	198.7	225.6	166.0	163.0	138.4	126.0	111.4	62.3
Arson	6,187	4,912	2,227	518	601	570	603	393	1,592	644
Rate per 100,000	4.6	4.8	5.4	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.8	4.7	3.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	30,617	23,053	9,204	3,699	3,006	3,275	2,629	1,210	5,685	4,897
Rate per 100,000	22.9	22.7	22.5	30.4	22.7	24.4	19.3	15.0	16.8	26.4
Fraud	52,007	37,144	14,313	6,384	4,550	5,282	4,433	2,182	11,439	8,709
Rate per 100,000	38.8	36.5	35.0	52.5	34.3	39.3	32.5	26.4	33.8	47.4
Embezzlement	7,674	5,310	1,839	1,092	509	1,006	653	212	2,135	1,103
Rate per 100,000	5.7	5.2	4.5	9.0	3.8	7.5	4.8	2.6	6.3	6.0
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	19,060	16,434	8,891	2,077	1,520	1,687	1,371	888	3,184	1,466
Rate per 100,000	14.2	16.2	21.7	17.1	11.5	12.6	10.1	7.9	9.4	7.9

Vandalism	89,668	77,207	30,884	8,670	9,347	10,079	10,638	7,379	22,467	6,135
Rate per 100,000	86.9	76.0	75.5	81.7	80.4	85.1	80.3	89.2	86.3	33.1
Weapons, carrying, possessing, etc.	58,585	48,898	26,694	7,124	4,810	4,302	3,752	2,126	6,979	2,265
Rate per 100,000	40.0	48.1	65.3	58.6	36.2	32.7	27.5	25.7	20.6	12.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice	33,987	32,840	29,315	2,084	709	346	223	202	977	346
Rate per 100,000	23.3	32.3	71.7	16.9	5.3	2.6	1.6	2.4	2.9	1.9
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	58,205	51,451	27,666	8,917	5,173	4,404	3,688	1,003	9,244	2,907
Rate per 100,000	43.4	40.0	17.6	73.3	39.0	32.8	27.1	19.4	27.3	15.7
Narcotic drug laws	46,069	43,527	34,681	2,544	2,605	2,106	1,080	502	4,344	970
Rate per 100,000	34.4	42.8	84.8	20.9	19.6	15.7	8.0	6.1	4.8	5.2
Gambling	114,294	108,602	91,354	8,553	3,629	2,519	1,711	836	12.8	2,814
Rate per 100,000	85.2	106.8	223.4	70.4	27.3	18.8	12.6	10.1	5,013	15.2
Offenses against family and children	60,961	49,927	16,512	8,628	5,118	4,448	4,196	2,025	14.8	9,694
Rate per 100,000	45.5	40.3	40.4	71.0	38.6	33.1	30.8	24.5	46.7	52.0
Driving under the influence	241,511	201,334	82,620	22,136	24,078	27,149	27,385	17,966	48,312	24,583
Rate per 100,000	180.1	198.1	202.0	182.1	181.4	202.2	201.0	217.2	142.6	132.8
Liquor laws	179,219	144,455	45,858	17,071	15,895	22,156	23,557	19,918	35,358	25,514
Rate per 100,000	133.7	142.1	112.1	140.4	119.8	165.0	172.9	240.8	104.4	137.8
Drunkenness	1,535,040	1,438,075	684,873	226,247	163,776	144,688	133,008	85,483	138,316	57,851
Rate per 100,000	1,144.7	1,414.7	1,074.5	1,801.0	1,234.2	1,077.6	976.2	1,033.6	408.3	312.5
Disorderly conduct	570,122	528,356	281,930	63,715	49,117	50,858	49,336	33,400	81,175	19,819
Rate per 100,000	425.2	519.8	689.3	524.1	370.1	378.8	362.1	403.8	239.0	107.0
Vagrancy	120,416	112,432	62,666	15,304	12,216	9,039	8,018	5,189	10,517	3,662
Rate per 100,000	89.8	110.6	153.2	125.9	92.1	67.3	58.8	62.7	31.0	19.8
All other offenses (except traffic)	531,870	441,401	179,736	55,794	58,862	59,808	53,201	34,000	114,419	46,510
Rate per 100,000	396.7	434.2	439.4	458.9	443.6	445.4	390.5	411.1	337.8	251.2
Suspicion (not included in totals)	76,346	68,982	23,235	10,387	10,552	9,977	6,916	7,835	15,590	2,699
Rate per 100,000	56.9	67.8	56.8	85.4	79.5	74.3	50.8	95.5	46.0	14.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	79,243	67,929	28,759	5,040	7,664	10,325	10,126	5,986	18,186	1,337
Rate per 100,000	58.9	66.8	70.3	41.7	57.8	76.9	74.3	72.4	53.7	7.2
Runaways	80,281	74,411	30,714	11,442	10,666	9,028	8,208	4,353	22,696	6,289
Rate per 100,000	67.3	73.2	73.1	94.1	80.4	67.2	60.2	52.6	67.0	34.0

† Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also included in other city groups. Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Table 19.—Arrest Trends, 1960-65¹

[1,882 agencies, 1965 estimated population 86,157,000]

Offense charged	Total all ages			Number of persons arrested			18 years of age and over		
	1965		Percent change	1965		Percent change	1965		Percent change
	1960	1965		1960	1965		1960	1965	
TOTAL	3,103,515	3,398,433	+9.5	452,962	699,588	+54.4	2,650,553	2,698,845	+1.8
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	4,214	5,074	+20.4	322	459	+42.5	3,892	4,615	+18.6
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,678	1,745	+4.0	130	128	-1.5	1,548	1,617	+4.5
Forensic rape	6,359	7,379	+16.0	1,144	1,540	+34.6	5,215	5,839	+12.0
Robbery	29,277	33,525	+14.5	7,043	9,835	+39.6	22,234	23,690	+6.5
Aggravated assault	46,640	60,156	+29.0	5,833	9,637	+65.2	40,807	50,519	+23.8
Burglary—breaking or entering	111,378	136,268	+21.4	54,060	68,291	+26.3	57,318	66,877	+16.9
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	182,686	261,241	+43.0	89,487	143,201	+60.0	93,199	118,040	+26.7
Auto theft	51,644	72,987	+41.3	31,981	45,982	+43.8	19,663	26,975	+37.2
Subtotal for above offenses	433,876	577,345	+33.1	190,000	279,073	+46.9	243,876	298,272	+22.3
Other assaults	114,772	139,712	+21.7	11,647	21,859	+87.7	103,125	117,853	+14.3
Forgery and counterfeiting	20,115	21,355	+6.2	1,447	2,001	+38.3	18,668	19,354	+3.7
Embezzlement and fraud	31,477	38,108	+21.1	811	1,415	+74.5	30,666	36,993	+19.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	8,339	13,511	+62.0	2,219	4,544	+104.8	6,120	8,967	+46.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	20,189	36,699	+25.7	5,891	7,349	+24.7	23,298	29,350	+26.0
Prostitution and commercialized vice	24,245	27,234	+12.3	5,402	6,645	+22.8	23,843	26,589	+11.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	40,867	41,780	+2.1	8,637	8,878	+2.8	32,230	32,852	+1.9
Narcotic drug laws	25,623	37,307	+45.6	1,481	3,716	+150.9	24,142	33,591	+39.1
Gambling	34,768	89,725	+156.3	1,433	1,539	+7.3	108,406	88,136	-18.7
Offenses against family and children	130,798	37,319	-77.3	572	1,400	+244.8	34,196	36,910	+7.9
Driving under the influence	81,404	149,486	+82.1	971	1,154	+18.8	129,822	148,282	+14.2
Liquor laws	1,153,092	118,528	-45.6	15,554	30,281	+94.7	65,850	88,247	+34.0
Drunkennes	338,717	1,101,586	+4.5	11,041	16,678	+51.1	1,142,051	1,084,908	-5.0
Disorderly conduct	121,189	354,869	+4.8	41,213	58,189	+41.2	237,504	286,680	+20.8
Vagrancy	405,210	91,650	-24.4	8,097	5,951	-26.5	113,092	85,699	-24.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	103,242	522,319	+28.9	151,546	255,857	+68.8	253,664	266,462	+5.0
Suspicion (not included in totals)		48,145	-53.4	18,713	12,298	-34.3	34,529	35,847	+3.8

¹ Based on comparable reports from 1,520 cities representing 72,119,000 population and 362 counties representing 14,038,000 population.

Table 20.—Total Arrest Trends, 1964-65

[8,355 agencies; 1965 estimated population 114,969,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested											
	Total all ages			Under 15 years of age			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change
TOTAL	4,419,198	4,453,698	+ .8	382,105	381,401	+5.3	913,125	943,730	+3.4	3,506,071	3,509,968	+ .1
Crimes against persons:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	6,056	6,510	+7.5	94	113	+20.2	533	576	+8.1	5,523	5,084	-7.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2,389	2,276	-4.7	18	22	+22.2	178	161	-9.6	2,211	2,115	-4.3
Forcible rape	9,319	9,524	+2.2	392	474	+20.9	1,831	2,076	+13.4	7,488	7,448	-.5
Robbery	41,277	42,201	+2.2	4,000	5,032	+25.5	12,388	13,092	+5.7	28,889	29,109	+.8
Aggravated assault	72,845	76,685	+5.2	3,707	4,117	+11.1	11,350	12,152	+7.1	61,495	64,483	+4.9
Burglary—breaking or entering	167,960	174,626	+4.0	41,979	43,265	+3.0	87,004	90,833	+4.4	80,956	83,763	+3.5
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	346,857	344,561	-.7	100,758	102,611	+1.8	190,434	190,212	-.1	156,423	154,349	-1.3
Auto theft	94,391	91,962	-2.6	15,255	15,167	-.6	60,649	57,858	-4.6	33,742	34,104	+1.1
Subtotal for above offenses	741,124	748,285	+1.0	186,812	172,801	+8.2	394,387	366,960	-7.1	276,757	381,335	+37.8
Other offenses:												
Other assaults	183,837	183,369	-.3	10,135	11,695	+15.4	26,718	29,147	+9.1	157,119	154,162	-1.9
Arson	4,696	5,282	+12.5	2,315	2,682	+15.9	3,044	3,461	+13.7	1,652	1,821	+10.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	27,380	26,810	-2.1	530	555	+4.7	2,818	2,605	-7.6	24,562	24,155	-1.7
Fraud	43,105	43,480	+.9	1,097	453	-58.7	2,941	1,624	-44.8	40,164	41,536	+3.4
Embezzlement	7,891	6,855	-13.1	41	45	+9.8	181	204	+12.7	7,710	6,331	-17.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	16,344	16,675	+2.0	2,233	2,552	+14.3	6,007	5,941	-1.1	10,337	10,734	+3.8
Vandalism	73,261	78,111	+6.6	36,688	39,096	+6.3	56,642	59,729	+5.5	16,619	18,382	+10.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	45,779	48,907	+6.8	2,824	3,218	+14.0	9,620	10,118	+5.2	38,159	38,789	+1.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice	34,425	33,057	-4.0	93	79	-15.1	613	828	+35.1	33,812	32,229	-4.7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	57,286	52,783	-7.9	4,958	4,795	-3.3	13,799	12,505	-9.4	43,487	40,258	-7.4
Narcotic drug laws	38,903	43,481	+11.8	663	962	+45.1	3,572	4,933	+38.1	35,331	38,548	+9.1
Gambling	109,540	108,642	-.8	400	502	+25.5	2,567	2,441	-4.9	106,973	106,201	-.7
Offenses against family and children	53,096	51,461	-3.1	156	126	-19.2	715	525	-26.4	52,381	50,935	-2.8
Driving under the influence	210,667	213,633	+1.4	42	34	-19.0	1,659	1,704	+2.7	209,008	211,929	+1.4
Liquor laws	143,555	159,184	+10.9	2,029	2,347	+15.7	37,481	42,315	+12.9	106,074	116,869	+10.2
Drunkennes	1,431,101	1,406,675	-1.7	25,238	28,671	+13.6	76,913	84,879	+9.7	1,410,264	1,383,512	-1.9
Disorderly conduct	481,153	513,084	+6.6	1,155	1,276	+10.5	7,684	7,344	-4.4	473,469	481,463	+1.7
Vagrancy	113,335	99,138	-11.6	57,164	56,816	-.6	141,113	138,139	-2.1	107,651	91,794	-14.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	466,884	469,302	+.5	5,075	5,060	-.3	17,407	16,047	-7.8	325,771	331,163	+1.7
Suspicion (not included in totals)	81,701	64,776	-20.7	16,629	16,188	-2.7	64,079	65,744	+2.6	64,204	48,729	-24.2
Curfew and loitering law violations	64,079	65,744	+2.6	28,553	33,933	+18.8	69,755	79,810	+14.4	64,204	48,729	-24.2
Runaways	69,755	79,810	+14.4	28,553	33,933	+18.8	69,755	79,810	+14.4	64,204	48,729	-24.2

Table 21.—Total Arrests by Age, 1965

[4,062 agencies; 1965 estimated population 134,095,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Ages under 15	Ages 18 and over	Age										
				10 and under	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
TOTAL	5,031,393	430,040	1,074,485	3,956,808	70,593	101,103	238,344	300,389	229,928	214,128	210,032	169,917	146,240	147,754
Criminal homicide:	7,348	120	635	6,713	11	14	95	106	183	226	284	265	263	278
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	2,815	27	196	2,619	7	6	14	23	60	86	166	150	145	149
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	10,734	491	2,245	8,489	21	92	378	432	618	704	917	781	677	720
Foreble rape	45,872	5,274	13,813	32,059	502	1,388	3,384	2,578	3,003	3,026	3,523	2,781	2,552	2,631
Robbery	84,411	4,335	12,950	71,461	521	1,006	2,808	2,489	3,100	3,058	3,571	2,985	3,000	3,270
Aggravated assault	197,627	50,297	102,472	95,155	8,945	13,100	28,252	18,468	17,886	15,821	14,357	9,816	7,810	7,114
Burglary—breaking or entering	383,728	112,839	210,469	173,257	18,881	30,732	63,226	35,968	33,733	27,929	22,665	14,868	11,333	9,885
Larceny—except	101,763	16,662	63,596	38,167	1,340	1,796	14,556	17,438	17,424	12,072	8,317	5,108	3,729	3,072
Auto theft	534,286	190,045	406,376	427,920	29,228	48,104	112,713	77,502	76,007	62,822	53,820	36,244	29,569	27,119
Subtotal for above offenses	307,615	12,624	31,948	175,667	1,676	3,030	7,918	5,438	6,755	7,086	8,287	7,137	7,129	8,178
Other assaults	6,187	3,112	4,031	2,156	1,439	314	248	357	314	248	201	186	124	100
Arson	30,617	609	2,962	27,655	39	132	438	519	845	989	1,506	1,373	1,394	1,581
Forgery and counterfeiting	52,007	492	1,796	50,211	28	121	343	306	443	555	1,059	1,190	1,483	1,884
Fraud	7,674	48	275	7,399	1	9	38	35	86	106	162	177	252	304
Embezzlement	19,060	2,852	6,720	12,340	302	716	1,834	1,260	1,337	1,271	1,210	959	787	761
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	88,688	44,513	68,785	20,883	11,779	12,234	20,500	10,106	8,337	5,529	3,269	2,234	1,045	1,411
Vandalism	53,585	3,500	10,985	42,600	239	781	2,480	2,171	2,646	2,408	3,025	2,407	2,222	2,357
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	33,987	80	839	33,148	1	12	67	96	203	460	1,287	1,607	1,739	2,462
Prostitution and commercialized vice	58,205	5,384	14,097	44,108	615	1,124	3,045	2,826	3,084	2,803	2,387	2,180	2,153	2,241
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	46,069	1,058	5,345	40,724	71	215	772	328	1,396	2,053	2,511	2,411	2,410	2,790
Narcotic drug laws	114,294	528	2,561	111,733	34	88	406	410	703	920	1,485	1,440	1,727	2,517
Gambling	60,981	147	648	60,333	57	22	68	77	154	270	1,010	1,025	1,806	2,244
Offenses against family and children	241,511	39	1,937	239,574	2	4	33	101	52	1,275	3,151	3,651	4,847	6,528
Driving under the influence	178,219	3,117	48,456	130,763	65	234	2,818	6,539	15,181	23,619	29,470	23,260	17,574	4,733
Liquor laws	1,535,040	2,543	25,912	1,509,128	69	239	2,235	4,065	7,723	11,581	21,921	18,917	19,571	29,108
Drunkenness	570,122	31,882	93,472	476,650	5,073	7,399	19,410	16,016	21,383	24,191	31,505	24,047	21,793	23,246
Disorderly conduct	120,416	1,318	7,894	112,522	126	254	938	1,059	2,055	3,462	7,275	5,116	4,378	4,379
Vagrancy	531,970	64,375	136,310	373,660	12,775	14,122	37,678	29,882	32,388	29,465	27,843	22,162	19,966	19,978
All other offenses (except traffic)	78,346	6,321	20,612	55,734	1,089	3,811	3,532	3,041	4,910	5,977	6,085	4,594	4,101	3,833
Suspicion	72,243	17,673	72,243	55,570	1,107	2,974	13,532	15,041	22,472	16,457	10,011	10,011	10,011	10,011
Curfew and loitering law violations	90,281	37,580	90,281	52,701	4,718	7,133	25,720	21,706	20,084	10,011	10,011	10,011	10,011	10,011
Runaways														

Table 21.—Total Arrests by Age, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Age										65 and over	Not known	
	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59			60-64
TOTAL	140,451	124,293	117,988	491,087	429,665	462,457	454,372	370,360	299,847	198,438	123,221	101,419	8,447
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	277	304	288	1,143	895	808	636	438	333	206	125	165	5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	145	185	118	1,393	285	244	203	172	131	76	45	62	
Forcible rape.....	610	521	426	1,485	695	600	393	187	120	54	31	29	3
Robbery.....	2,438	2,053	1,809	6,025	3,463	2,331	1,265	600	301	142	67	58	11
Aggravated assault.....	3,170	3,048	3,017	12,058	10,067	8,777	6,889	4,863	3,198	1,814	979	1,020	35
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	6,502	5,426	4,643	15,108	9,345	6,330	3,997	2,244	1,232	684	306	218	23
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	8,514	7,294	6,605	22,955	17,384	15,120	11,959	8,592	6,738	4,153	2,633	2,753	76
Auto <i>theft</i>	2,552	1,893	1,610	4,571	2,619	1,951	1,314	677	301	163	62	46	12
Subtotal for above offenses.....	24,508	20,674	18,516	63,738	44,993	36,161	26,656	17,482	12,444	7,292	4,248	4,351	165
Other assaults:													
Arson.....	8,234	7,727	7,642	30,285	25,423	22,400	17,498	11,089	7,049	3,563	1,943	1,870	233
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	99	78	82	302	256	193	192	124	88	56	36	36	3
Fraud.....	1,570	1,300	1,337	5,172	3,969	3,276	2,508	1,371	664	368	159	111	6
Embezzlement.....	2,234	2,128	2,175	9,815	8,347	7,162	5,823	3,390	1,982	948	493	326	45
Stolen property, buying, receiving, possessing.....	304	306	362	1,362	1,222	1,071	848	459	342	133	65	29	72
Vandalism.....	760	618	553	2,031	1,474	1,125	768	545	368	171	104	70	6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	1,094	977	832	2,567	1,855	1,678	1,233	823	550	285	182	184	34
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	2,205	2,038	1,894	7,042	5,417	4,556	3,438	2,344	1,506	952	527	535	45
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	3,269	2,536	2,359	7,113	3,924	2,818	1,629	920	675	377	207	206	20
Narcotic drug laws.....	2,250	1,942	1,939	6,804	5,652	5,267	4,124	2,465	1,792	1,146	801	908	57
Gambling.....	2,685	2,532	2,185	8,574	6,201	4,188	2,154	912	538	275	150	135	13
Offenses against family and children.....	2,541	2,667	2,907	14,619	15,190	15,268	13,944	11,407	10,046	6,809	4,500	4,624	42
Driving under the influence.....	2,652	2,624	2,673	11,899	10,208	9,115	6,604	3,740	2,020	843	342	255	64
Liquor laws.....	4,803	6,478	6,478	28,917	30,290	34,434	34,444	27,670	21,650	13,193	7,045	4,438	184
Drunkenness.....	3,542	2,645	2,200	7,301	6,845	7,427	7,137	6,134	5,146	3,377	2,034	1,798	60
Disorderly conduct.....	28,570	26,544	26,776	120,619	145,861	196,031	226,172	205,967	176,624	121,470	77,797	62,423	4,757
Vagrancy.....	21,098	17,874	16,368	61,145	54,116	54,368	49,609	36,388	27,199	16,987	11,046	8,529	1,467
All other offenses (except traffic).....	3,930	3,369	2,890	9,524	11,184	11,184	12,224	11,011	10,288	7,290	4,980	4,050	135
Suspicion.....	18,777	16,242	15,248	53,923	43,558	40,404	33,928	23,715	17,138	9,901	5,865	5,965	1,047
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	3,326	2,934	2,547	7,915	5,345	4,331	3,439	2,424	1,639	1,012	697	5,576	36
Runaways.....													

Table 22.—Total Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1965

[4,062 agencies, 1965 estimated population 134,065,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested					Percentage			
	Grand total all ages	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
TOTAL	5,031,393	480,040	1,074,485	1,593,674	2,184,100	8.5	21.4	31.7	42.2
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	7,348	120	635	1,447	2,594	1.6	8.6	19.7	35.3
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	2,815	27	196	657	1,204	1.0	7.0	23.3	42.8
Forecible rape.....	10,794	491	2,245	4,620	6,897	4.6	20.9	43.0	64.3
Robbery.....	45,872	5,274	13,813	22,689	31,600	11.5	30.1	49.4	68.9
Aggravated assault.....	84,411	4,335	12,950	22,506	35,011	5.1	15.3	26.7	41.5
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	197,687	50,297	102,472	134,455	158,140	25.5	51.9	68.0	80.0
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	388,796	112,839	210,469	268,765	291,363	29.4	51.8	67.4	75.9
Auto theft.....	101,763	16,662	63,596	80,830	89,957	16.4	62.5	79.4	88.4
Subtotal for above offenses.....	834,296	190,045	406,376	525,949	616,766	22.8	48.7	63.0	73.9
Other assaults.....	207,615	12,624	31,948	54,501	86,282	6.1	15.4	26.3	41.6
Arson.....	6,187	3,112	4,081	4,542	4,901	50.3	63.2	73.4	79.2
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	30,617	609	2,902	7,235	13,023	2.0	9.7	23.6	42.5
Fraud.....	52,007	492	1,796	5,528	13,949	9.9	3.5	10.6	26.8
Embezzlement.....	7,674	48	275	866	2,142	6	3.6	11.3	27.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	19,060	2,852	6,720	9,706	12,398	15.0	35.3	50.9	65.0
Vandalism.....	89,888	44,513	68,785	75,963	80,277	49.6	76.7	84.7	89.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	53,565	3,500	10,985	18,639	27,133	6.5	20.5	34.8	50.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	33,987	80	839	5,472	16,098	2.2	2.5	16.1	47.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	58,205	5,384	14,097	20,817	29,189	9.3	21.2	35.8	50.1
Narcotic drug laws.....	46,069	1,058	5,345	12,677	22,869	2.3	11.6	27.5	49.6
Gambling.....	114,294	528	2,561	7,213	17,845	5.5	2.2	6.8	15.6
Offenses against family and children.....	60,951	147	648	5,689	15,882	2.2	1.1	9.3	26.0
Driving under the influence.....	241,511	39	1,937	13,289	39,576	(¹)	1.1	5.5	16.4
Liquor laws.....	179,219	3,117	48,456	118,760	131,970	1.7	27.0	66.3	73.6
Drunkenness.....	1,535,040	2,543	25,912	86,321	197,319	2	1.7	5.6	12.9
Disorderly conduct.....	570,192	31,882	93,472	170,747	249,268	5.6	16.4	29.9	43.7
Vagrancy.....	120,416	1,318	7,894	24,063	59,231	1.1	6.6	20.5	32.6
All other offenses (except traffic).....	531,970	64,575	156,310	226,281	296,526	12.1	29.4	42.1	55.7
Suspicion.....	76,348	6,321	20,612	38,292	48,932	8.3	27.0	47.5	64.1
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	72,243	17,673	72,243	72,243	72,243	24.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways.....	90,281	37,580	90,281	90,281	90,281	41.6	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 23.—Total Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1965

[4,062 agencies; 1965 estimated population 134,005,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested		Percent male	Percent female	Percent of total ¹			
	Total	Male			Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	5,031,398	4,431,685	599,789	88.1	11.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
Criminal homicide:	7,348	6,055	1,293	82.4	17.6	.1	.1	.2
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	2,815	2,546	269	90.4	9.6	.1	.1	(2)
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	10,734	10,734		100.0		.2	.2	
Forcible rape.....	45,872	43,472	2,400	94.8	5.2	.9	.9	.4
Robbery.....	84,411	72,977	11,434	86.5	13.5	1.7	1.6	1.9
Aggravated assault.....	187,627	190,271	7,356	96.3	3.7	3.9	4.3	1.2
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	393,728	298,735	84,991	77.9	22.1	7.6	6.7	14.2
Larceny—thief.....	101,763	97,534	4,229	95.8	4.2	2.0	2.2	.7
Auto theft.....								
Subtotal for above offenses.....	884,296	722,324	111,972	86.6	13.4	16.6	16.3	18.7
Other assaults.....	207,615	185,532	22,083	89.4	10.6	4.1	4.2	3.7
Arson.....	6,187	5,711	476	92.3	7.7	.1	.1	.1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	30,617	29,074	1,543	81.6	18.4	.6	.6	.9
Fraud.....	52,007	41,453	10,554	79.7	20.3	1.0	.9	1.8
Embezzlement.....	7,674	6,356	1,318	82.8	17.2	.2	.1	.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	19,060	17,467	1,593	91.6	8.4	.4	.4	.3
Vandalism.....	89,688	84,208	5,480	93.9	6.1	1.8	1.9	.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	33,585	50,089	3,516	93.4	6.6	1.1	1.1	.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	33,987	7,656	26,331	22.5	77.5	.7	.2	4.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	58,205	40,544	17,661	85.1	14.9	1.2	1.1	1.4
Narcotic drug laws.....	46,069	30,881	15,188	86.6	13.4	.9	.9	1.0
Gambling.....	114,294	105,367	8,927	92.2	7.8	2.3	2.4	1.5
Offenses against family and children.....	60,981	55,624	5,357	91.2	8.8	1.2	1.3	.9
Driving under the influence.....	241,511	226,270	15,241	93.7	6.3	4.8	5.1	2.5
Liquor laws.....	179,219	168,161	11,058	88.3	11.7	4.8	3.6	3.5
Drunkenness.....	1,335,040	1,416,082	21,058	92.3	7.7	30.5	32.0	19.8
Disorderly conduct.....	570,122	497,280	72,842	87.2	12.8	11.3	11.2	12.1
Vagrancy.....	120,416	108,930	11,486	90.5	9.5	2.4	2.5	1.9
All other offenses (except traffic).....	531,970	454,372	77,598	85.4	14.6	10.6	10.3	12.9
Suspicion.....	76,346	68,028	8,318	89.1	10.9	1.5	1.5	1.4
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	72,243	58,613	13,630	81.1	18.9	1.4	1.3	2.3
Runaways.....	90,281	47,723	42,558	52.9	47.1	1.8	1.1	7.1

¹ Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.
² Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 24.—Total Arrest Trends by Sex, 1964-65
 [3,355 agencies; 1965 estimated population 114,969,000]

Offense charged	Males				Females							
	Total		Under 18		Total		Under 18					
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change			
TOTAL	3,898,105	3,919,702	+1.6	765,759	788,215	+2.3	521,091	533,998	+2.5	147,368	160,515	+8.9
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	4,946	5,344	+8.0	494	538	+8.9	1,110	1,166	+5.0	39	38	-2.6
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	2,153	2,059	-4.4	158	141	-10.8	236	217	-8.1	20	20	
Forcible rape.....	9,319	9,524	+2.2	1,831	2,076	+13.4						
Robbery.....	39,107	40,007	+2.3	11,815	12,506	+5.8	2,170	2,194	+1.1	573	586	+2.3
Aggravated assault.....	62,744	66,033	+5.2	10,007	10,616	+6.1	10,101	10,602	+5.0	1,343	1,536	+14.4
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	101,698	108,065	+3.9	83,868	87,657	+4.5	6,292	6,561	+4.3	3,146	3,176	+1.0
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	276,221	266,815	-3.4	157,718	152,764	-3.1	70,636	77,746	+10.1	32,716	37,448	+14.5
Auto theft.....	90,406	88,119	-2.5	58,064	55,351	-4.7	3,985	3,843	-3.6	2,585	2,507	-3.0
Subtotal for above offenses.....	646,594	645,966	-1.1	323,945	321,649	-7	94,530	102,329	+8.3	40,422	45,311	+12.1
Other assaults.....	164,388	163,615	-5	22,802	24,543	+7.6	19,449	19,694	+1.3	3,916	4,604	+17.6
Arson.....	4,279	4,855	+13.5	2,849	3,270	+14.8	4,417	4,427	+0.2	195	191	-2.1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	22,331	21,782	-2.5	2,298	2,110	-8.2	5,049	5,028	-0.4	520	545	+4.8
Fraud.....	34,617	34,620	(¹)	2,231	1,341	-39.9	8,488	8,800	+3.7	710	283	-60.1
Embezzlement.....	6,536	5,665	-13.3	1,162	1,222	+37.0	1,855	1,180	-37.2	19	42	+121.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	14,935	15,356	+2.8	5,574	5,560	-0.3	1,409	1,319	-6.4	433	381	-12.0
Vandalism.....	68,820	73,397	+6.7	53,771	56,811	+5.7	4,441	4,714	+6.1	2,871	2,918	+1.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	42,760	45,452	+6.3	9,273	9,791	+5.6	3,019	3,255	+7.8	347	327	-5.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	10,534	7,405	-29.8	2,207	223	-77.7	23,871	25,652	+7.5	406	605	+49.0
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	48,020	44,850	-6.6	9,902	9,148	-7.6	9,296	7,913	-14.6	3,897	3,357	-13.9
Narcotic drug laws.....	33,484	37,654	+12.5	3,140	4,350	+38.5	5,419	5,827	+7.5	432	583	+35.0
Gambling.....	100,622	100,093	-0.5	2,494	2,380	-4.5	8,918	8,549	-4.1	73	81	+11.0
Offenses against family and children.....	48,139	46,812	-2.8	526	357	-32.0	4,957	4,649	-6.2	190	169	-11.1
Driving under the influence.....	196,776	199,969	+1.6	1,595	1,633	+2.4	13,591	13,664	+0.5	64	71	+10.9
Liquor laws.....	126,015	140,594	+11.5	32,370	36,653	+13.2	17,540	18,680	+6.5	5,111	5,662	+10.8
Drunkenness.....	1,320,331	1,299,705	-1.6	18,710	20,823	+11.3	116,710	106,970	-8.4	2,127	2,340	+10.0
Disorderly conduct.....	416,039	447,215	+7.5	66,672	72,014	+7.9	65,114	65,869	+1.2	11,241	12,365	+10.0
Vagrancy.....	89,134	89,134	0	6,871	6,391	-7.0	11,038	10,004	-9.4	813	953	+17.2
All other offenses (except traffic).....	398,572	400,455	+0.5	111,432	108,968	-2.2	68,312	68,847	+0.8	20,681	29,171	+41.7
Suspicion (not included in totals).....	73,097	57,892	-20.8	16,455	14,281	-13.2	8,604	6,884	-20.0	1,952	1,706	-12.4
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	51,839	53,431	+3.1	51,839	53,431	+3.1	12,240	12,313	+0.6	12,240	12,313	+0.6
Runaways.....	38,097	41,567	+9.1	38,097	41,567	+9.1	31,658	38,243	+20.8	31,658	38,243	+20.8

¹ Increase of less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 25.—Total Arrests by Race, 1965

[4,043 agencies; 1965 estimated population 125,139,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chi- nese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	4,743,123	3,235,386	1,347,994	113,898	1,293	2,970	42,082
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	6,509	2,675	3,704	46	3	5	76
(b) Manslaughter by negli- gence.....	2,457	1,883	541	15	1	4	13
Forcible rape.....	9,328	4,485	4,665	85	2	4	87
Robbery.....	39,894	16,586	22,546	288	6	23	405
Aggravated assault.....	70,285	32,539	36,558	569	16	21	582
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	181,429	118,167	59,673	1,298	61	150	2,080
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	364,072	247,606	109,792	2,583	222	318	3,551
Auto theft.....	93,108	64,200	26,372	927	33	106	1,470
Subtotal for above offenses.....	787,042	488,141	263,851	5,811	344	631	8,264
Other assaults.....	193,475	116,734	73,284	1,267	34	92	2,064
Arson.....	5,516	4,321	1,127	28	1	1	38
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	27,477	21,690	5,440	241	10	16	80
Fraud.....	49,537	40,843	8,253	192	13	23	213
Embezzlement.....	6,781	5,777	966	22	2	1	13
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	15,969	10,120	5,463	88	6	18	174
Vandalism.....	82,796	63,601	16,074	331	27	36	729
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	49,731	22,695	26,226	209	16	28	557
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	30,635	12,643	17,598	142	11	29	212
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	53,422	38,615	13,759	237	37	73	701
Narcotic drug laws.....	31,294	18,530	12,069	80	29	51	535
Gambling.....	87,627	19,842	64,135	28	178	395	3,049
Offenses against family and children.....	59,958	39,449	19,699	474	10	10	316
Driving under the influence.....	231,899	188,159	38,966	3,433	41	137	1,163
Liquor laws.....	167,815	131,452	31,929	3,065	29	69	1,271
Drunkenness.....	1,518,848	1,070,861	354,158	81,987	144	423	8,975
Disorderly conduct.....	503,849	312,228	179,506	6,095	53	89	5,878
Vagrancy.....	115,305	83,495	28,161	2,617	30	131	871
All other offenses (except traffic).....	511,121	365,869	135,946	4,782	151	298	4,075
Suspicion.....	76,183	53,651	21,721	605	13	6	187
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	71,138	54,288	14,521	586	52	338	1,353
Runaways.....	88,103	70,382	15,142	1,078	62	75	1,364

Table 25.—Total Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests under 18						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chi- nese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	1, 019, 301	733, 585	263, 690	7, 585	440	1, 039	12, 942
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	504	190	296	3		1	14
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	165	121	42			1	1
Forcible rape.....	1, 940	658	1, 229	14	1	1	37
Robbery.....	11, 440	3, 281	7, 977	25	2	2	153
Aggravated assault.....	10, 584	4, 638	5, 760	70	2	3	121
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	94, 689	62, 665	29, 892	546	44	99	1, 453
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	201, 242	137, 446	60, 131	1, 004	119	196	2, 346
Auto theft.....	59, 298	41, 875	15, 791	396	27	81	1, 128
Subtotal for above offenses.....	379, 882	250, 874	121, 118	2, 058	195	384	5, 253
Other assaults.....	28, 946	16, 118	12, 218	111	5	16	478
Arson.....	3, 680	3, 005	626	16		1	32
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	2, 714	2, 154	515	23		1	21
Fraud.....	1, 710	1, 252	423	5		1	29
Embezzlement.....	241	192	45		1	1	2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	6, 238	4, 004	2, 087	33	2	10	102
Vandalism.....	64, 015	52, 631	10, 649	206	22	24	483
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	10, 156	5, 738	4, 231	29	7	10	141
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	799	329	466	1		1	2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	13, 079	8, 882	3, 859	26	4	12	296
Narcotic drug laws.....	4, 021	2, 853	996	15	4	7	146
Gambling.....	2, 194	568	1, 503	3		9	111
Offenses against family and children.....	607	473	129	4			1
Driving under the influence.....	1, 886	1, 708	122	43	2		11
Liquor laws.....	46, 091	42, 691	2, 365	730	6	16	283
Drunkenness.....	25, 583	21, 045	3, 200	1, 131	1	4	202
Disorderly conduct.....	88, 982	60, 643	27, 063	439	19	13	805
Vagrancy.....	7, 107	5, 069	1, 699	66	4	44	225
All other offenses (except traffic).....	151, 651	113, 691	35, 425	856	52	90	1, 537
Suspicion.....	20, 478	14, 995	5, 288	126	2	2	65
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	71, 138	54, 288	14, 521	586	52	338	1, 353
Runaways.....	88, 103	70, 382	15, 142	1, 078	62	75	1, 364

Table 25.—Total Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over						
	Total	Race					All others (includes race un- known)
		White	Negro	Indian	Chi- nese	Japa- nese	
TOTAL	3,723,822	2,501,801	1,084,304	105,813	853	1,911	29,140
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	6,005	2,485	3,408	43	3	4	62
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	2,292	1,762	499	15	1	3	12
Forcible rape.....	7,388	3,827	3,436	71	1	3	50
Robbery.....	28,414	13,305	14,569	263	4	21	252
Aggravated assault.....	59,691	27,901	30,798	499	14	18	461
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	86,730	55,502	29,781	752	17	51	627
Larceny—theft.....	162,830	110,160	49,661	1,579	103	122	1,205
Auto theft.....	33,810	22,325	10,581	531	6	25	342
Subtotal for above offenses.....	387,180	237,267	142,733	3,753	149	247	3,011
Other assaults.....	164,529	100,616	61,066	1,156	29	76	1,586
Arson.....	1,836	1,316	501	12	1		6
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	24,763	19,536	4,925	218	10	15	59
Fraud.....	47,827	39,591	7,830	187	13	22	184
Embezzlement.....	6,540	5,585	921	22	1		11
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	9,631	6,116	3,376	55	4	8	72
Vandalism.....	18,783	12,970	5,425	125	5	12	246
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	39,575	16,957	21,995	180	9	18	416
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	29,836	12,314	17,132	141	11	28	210
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	40,343	29,733	9,900	211	33	61	405
Narcotic drug laws.....	27,273	15,677	11,073	65	25	44	389
Gambling.....	85,433	19,274	62,632	25	178	386	2,938
Offenses against family and children.....	59,351	38,976	19,570	470	10	10	315
Driving under the influence.....	230,013	186,451	38,844	3,390	39	137	1,152
Liquor laws.....	121,724	88,761	29,564	2,335	23	53	988
Drunkenness.....	1,490,965	1,049,816	350,958	80,856	143	419	8,773
Disorderly conduct.....	414,867	251,535	152,443	5,656	34	76	5,073
Vagrancy.....	108,198	78,426	26,462	2,551	26	87	646
All other offenses (except traffic).....	359,470	252,178	100,521	3,926	99	208	2,538
Suspicion.....	55,705	38,656	16,433	479	11	4	122
Curfew and loitering law violations.....							
Runaways.....							

Table 26.—City Arrest Trends, 1964-65

[2,647 cities over 2,500; 1965 estimated population 94,084,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested								
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change 1	1964	1965	Percent change 1
TOTAL	4,057,539	4,080,259	+ .6	833,769	860,645	+3.2	3,223,760	3,219,614	-.1
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	5,367	5,764	+7.4	488	523	+7.2	4,879	5,241	+7.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1,782	1,674	-6.1	128	131	+2.3	1,654	1,543	-6.7
Forcible rape.....	7,932	8,125	+2.4	1,668	1,876	+12.5	6,264	6,249	-.2
Robbery.....	39,020	39,891	+2.2	12,084	12,685	+5.0	26,936	27,206	+1.0
Aggravated assault.....	66,038	69,238	+4.8	10,685	11,840	+10.8	55,353	57,398	+3.6
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	145,434	151,769	+4.4	75,371	79,372	+5.3	70,063	72,397	+3.3
Larceny—thief.....	317,256	315,038	-.7	177,828	177,682	-.1	139,428	137,356	-1.5
Auto theft.....	85,567	83,612	-2.3	55,647	53,317	-4.2	29,920	30,295	+1.3
Subtotal for above offenses.....	668,396	675,111	+1.0	333,349	336,926	+1.0	334,547	338,185	+1.1
Other assaults.....	167,418	166,982	-.3	25,390	27,748	+9.3	142,028	139,234	-2.0
Arson.....	4,041	4,540	+12.3	2,755	3,052	+10.8	1,286	1,488	+15.7
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	21,969	21,501	-2.1	2,418	2,311	-4.4	19,551	19,190	-1.8
Fraud.....	35,645	35,188	-1.3	2,839	1,480	-47.6	32,806	33,699	+2.7
Embezzlement.....	6,297	5,148	-18.2	161	250	+55.3	6,136	4,898	-20.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	14,890	14,994	+ .7	5,642	5,552	-1.6	9,248	9,442	+2.1
Vandalism.....	66,456	70,484	+6.1	51,611	54,162	+4.9	14,845	16,322	+9.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	42,408	45,674	+7.7	9,024	9,573	+6.1	33,384	36,101	+8.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	33,644	32,241	-4.2	592	809	+36.7	33,052	31,432	-4.9
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	52,849	48,284	-8.6	12,917	11,520	-10.8	39,932	36,764	-7.9
Narcotic drug laws.....	37,221	41,541	+11.6	3,415	4,779	+39.9	33,806	36,762	+8.7
Gambling.....	106,662	105,950	-.7	2,504	2,367	-5.5	104,158	103,583	-.6
Offenses against family and children.....	40,588	38,189	-5.9	528	464	-12.1	40,060	37,725	-5.8
Driving under the influence.....	183,016	185,841	+1.5	1,419	1,473	+3.8	181,597	184,368	+1.5
Liquor laws.....	121,266	133,256	+9.9	31,359	35,523	+13.1	89,907	97,733	+8.7
Drunkenness.....	1,363,368	1,337,321	-1.9	10,067	21,327	+111.9	1,344,299	1,315,994	-2.1
Disorderly conduct.....	456,268	485,199	+6.6	73,144	78,524	+7.4	382,124	406,675	+6.4
Vagrancy.....	110,117	94,356	-14.3	7,263	6,962	-4.1	102,854	87,394	-15.0
All other offenses (except traffic).....	404,100	407,438	+ .8	125,460	124,813	-.5	278,640	282,625	+1.4
Suspicion (not included in totals).....	77,699	61,209	-21.2	16,355	15,173	-7.2	61,344	46,036	-25.0
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	61,386	62,399	+1.7	61,386	62,399	+1.7	61,386	62,399	+1.7
Runaways.....	60,526	68,622	+13.4	50,526	68,622	+36.7	10,000	18,666	+86.7

¹ In 654 cities over 25,000 population, arrests of persons under 18 years of age increased 3.0 percent and arrests of persons 18 and over decreased .4 percent; in 1,993 cities under 25,000 population, arrests of persons under 18 increased 4.1 percent and arrests of persons 18 and over increased 1.4 percent.

Table 27.—City Arrests by Age, 1965
[3,083 cities over 2,500; 1965 estimated population 101,652,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Age										
		Ages under 15	Ages 18 and over	10 and under	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	4,470,580	398,188	3,595,319	64,120	91,650	232,398	176,470	197,185	183,418	177,088	137,980	124,096
Criminal homicide:	6,144	102	5,602	10	11	81	88	152	200	243	232	223
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	1,822	24	1,680	6	4	14	17	43	58	105	92	94
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	8,685	455	6,689	18	88	349	374	525	592	694	605	508
Forcible rape.....	42,134	5,175	28,898	492	1,367	3,316	2,483	2,829	2,749	3,151	2,521	2,275
Robbery.....	73,608	4,063	61,710	474	1,954	2,635	2,317	2,806	2,710	3,047	2,503	2,539
Aggravated assault.....	162,281	43,055	77,583	7,837	11,385	15,125	14,070	14,070	12,448	11,028	7,611	6,197
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	338,543	104,929	147,506	17,789	28,741	53,399	32,578	29,522	24,008	18,610	11,830	9,290
Larceny—steal.....	88,095	15,117	32,420	308	1,620	13,189	15,502	13,368	10,688	7,213	4,422	3,177
Auto theft.....	722,260	172,920	362,088	26,934	44,170	101,816	68,484	65,315	53,453	44,091	29,816	24,303
Subtotal for above offenses.....	180,531	11,909	151,198	1,592	2,865	7,451	5,089	6,040	6,325	7,157	6,152	6,100
Other assaults.....	4,912	2,628	1,580	1	605	777	289	247	168	117	113	85
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	23,053	546	20,595	36	124	386	432	701	779	1,106	1,058	1,060
Fraud.....	37,144	454	35,581	27	110	317	276	381	452	796	893	1,074
Embezzlement.....	5,310	46	5,054	1	8	37	33	82	95	114	122	194
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	16,434	2,693	10,355	293	678	1,722	1,131	1,177	1,078	962	792	641
Vandalism.....	77,297	39,400	17,523	10,500	10,727	18,173	8,781	6,872	4,721	2,477	1,740	1,280
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	48,898	3,265	38,682	216	725	2,324	2,018	2,452	2,481	2,700	2,170	2,006
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	32,849	79	32,084	1	12	66	88	199	449	1,251	1,565	1,707
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	51,451	4,831	38,863	535	1,004	3,292	2,537	2,744	2,476	2,029	1,837	1,844
Narcotic drug laws.....	43,527	1,028	38,375	70	214	744	793	1,346	1,985	2,382	2,257	2,276
Gambling.....	108,692	518	106,143	33	87	398	398	672	871	1,415	1,381	1,659
Offenses against family and children.....	40,927	127	40,398	49	59	59	69	126	207	1,175	1,185	1,309
Driving under the influence.....	201,334	32	199,724	2	1	29	80	421	1,077	2,596	2,998	3,767
Liquor laws.....	144,465	2,687	105,502	61	198	2,428	5,418	12,000	18,858	23,138	18,040	13,628
Drunkenness.....	438,075	2,386	23,276	66	229	2,091	3,699	6,907	10,284	19,623	17,068	17,489
Disorderly conduct.....	528,348	29,304	443,744	4,123	6,806	17,861	14,576	18,723	22,009	28,325	21,736	19,778
Vagrancy.....	112,432	1,266	105,179	61	247	896	943	1,820	3,224	6,688	4,692	4,011
All other offenses (except traffic).....	441,401	57,018	307,177	11,527	12,457	33,034	25,666	27,130	24,410	22,839	18,161	16,270
Suspicion.....	68,982	6,062	50,725	1,066	1,374	3,622	3,168	3,988	5,019	6,107	4,204	3,715
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	67,929	16,809	67,929	1,118	2,845	12,845	14,791	21,186	15,143	15,143	15,143	15,143
Runaways.....	74,411	32,160	74,411	4,007	6,144	22,009	17,741	16,686	7,824	7,824	7,824	7,824

Table 28.—City Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1965

[3,083 cities over 2,500; 1965 estimated population 101,652,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested					Percentage			
	Grand total all ages					Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
TOTAL	4,470,560	945,241	1,384,405	1,845,945	1,845,945	8.7	21.1	31.0	41.3
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	6,144	542	1,240	2,207	2,207	1.7	8.8	20.2	35.9
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1,822	142	433	789	789	1.3	7.8	23.8	43.3
Forcible rape.....	8,635	1,946	3,753	5,520	5,520	5.3	22.5	43.5	63.9
Robbery.....	42,134	13,236	21,183	29,200	29,200	12.3	31.4	50.3	69.3
Aggravated assault.....	73,606	4,063	19,985	30,754	30,754	5.5	16.2	27.2	41.8
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	162,251	43,055	109,534	128,816	128,816	20.5	52.2	67.5	79.4
Larceny—theft.....	338,543	104,929	230,767	258,008	258,008	31.0	56.4	68.2	76.2
Auto theft.....	89,095	15,117	71,487	79,200	79,200	17.0	63.6	80.2	88.9
Subtotal for above offenses.....	722,260	360,172	458,382	534,494	534,494	23.9	49.9	63.5	74.0
Other assaults.....	180,531	29,333	48,742	70,221	70,221	6.6	16.2	27.0	42.2
Arson.....	4,912	3,322	3,647	3,913	3,913	53.5	67.8	74.2	79.7
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	23,053	2,458	5,682	10,079	10,079	2.4	10.7	24.6	43.7
Fraud.....	37,144	454	4,326	10,430	10,430	1.2	4.2	11.6	28.1
Embezzlement.....	5,310	1,256	686	1,572	1,572	.9	4.8	12.9	29.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	16,434	2,693	8,474	10,722	10,722	16.4	37.0	51.6	65.2
Vandalism.....	77,287	39,400	66,271	68,898	68,898	51.0	77.3	84.4	89.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	48,898	3,265	17,092	24,752	24,752	6.7	20.9	35.0	50.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	32,849	815	5,338	15,610	15,610	.2	2.5	16.3	47.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	51,451	4,831	18,298	25,675	25,675	9.4	24.5	35.6	49.9
Narcotic drug laws.....	43,527	1,028	12,067	21,603	21,603	2.4	11.8	27.7	49.6
Gambling.....	108,602	518	6,914	17,102	17,102	.5	2.3	6.4	15.7
Offenses against family and children.....	40,927	127	4,198	11,082	11,082	.3	1.3	10.3	27.1
Driving under the influence.....	201,334	32	10,971	32,848	32,848	(1)	1.8	5.4	16.3
Liquor laws.....	144,465	2,687	38,963	104,090	104,090	1.9	27.0	64.8	72.1
Drunkenness.....	1,438,075	2,386	77,456	178,901	178,901	.2	1.6	5.4	12.4
Disorderly conduct.....	628,368	29,304	84,612	226,617	226,617	5.5	16.0	29.2	42.9
Vagrancy.....	112,432	1,266	22,044	36,043	36,043	1.1	6.5	20.1	32.1
All other offenses (except traffic).....	441,401	184,224	191,494	249,176	249,176	12.9	30.4	43.4	56.5
Suspicion.....	68,962	57,018	32,263	43,777	43,777	8.8	26.4	46.8	63.5
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	67,929	16,809	67,929	67,929	67,929	24.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways.....	74,411	32,160	74,411	74,411	74,411	43.2	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 29.—City Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1965
[3,083 cities over 2,500; 1965 estimated population 101,652,000]

Offense charged	Number of Persons Arrested			Percent male	Percent female	Percent of total ¹		
	Total	Male	Female			Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	4,470,560	3,928,314	542,246	87.9	12.1	100.0	100.0	100.0
Criminal homicide:								
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	6,144	5,033	1,111	81.9	18.1			.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1,822	1,637	185	89.8	10.2			(2)
Forcible rape.....	8,635	8,635		100.0				
Robbery.....	42,134	39,890	2,244	94.7	5.3			.4
Aggravated assault.....	73,606	63,031	10,575	85.6	14.4			2.0
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	162,281	156,095	6,186	96.2	3.8			1.1
Larceny—theft.....	338,543	260,010	78,533	76.8	23.2			14.5
Auto theft.....	89,095	85,369	3,726	95.8	4.2			7
Subtotal for above offenses.....	722,260	619,700	102,560	85.8	14.2	16.2	15.8	18.9
Other assaults.....	180,531	160,591	19,940	89.0	11.0	4.0	4.1	3.7
Arson.....	4,912	4,508	404	91.8	8.2	.1	.1	.1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	23,053	18,626	4,427	80.8	19.2	.5	.5	.8
Fraud.....	37,144	29,283	7,861	78.8	21.2	.8	.7	1.4
Embezzlement.....	5,310	4,383	927	82.5	17.5	.1	.1	.2
Stolen property, buying, receiving, possessing.....	16,434	15,092	1,342	91.7	8.3	.4	.4	.3
Vandalism.....	77,297	72,462	4,835	93.7	6.3	1.7	1.8	.9
Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.....	48,898	45,574	3,324	93.2	6.8	1.1	1.2	.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	32,849	7,352	25,497	22.4	77.6	.7	.7	4.7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	51,431	43,411	8,020	84.4	15.6	1.2	1.1	1.5
Narcotic drug laws.....	43,697	37,697	6,000	86.6	13.4	1.0	1.0	1.1
Gambling.....	108,692	100,089	8,603	92.2	7.8	2.4	2.5	1.6
Offenses against family and children.....	40,927	36,424	4,503	89.0	11.0	.9	.9	.8
Driving under the influence.....	201,334	187,865	13,469	93.3	6.7	4.5	4.8	2.5
Liquor laws.....	144,465	126,998	17,467	87.9	12.1	3.2	3.2	3.2
Drunkemness.....	144,465	126,998	17,467	87.9	12.1	3.2	3.2	3.2
Disorderly conduct.....	1,436,075	1,327,044	111,031	92.3	7.7	32.2	33.8	20.5
Vagrancy.....	528,356	460,295	68,061	87.1	12.9	11.8	11.7	12.6
All other offenses (except traffic).....	112,432	101,692	10,740	90.4	9.6	2.5	2.6	2.0
Suspicion.....	441,401	374,863	66,538	84.9	15.1	9.9	9.5	12.3
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	68,982	61,249	7,733	88.8	11.2	1.5	1.6	1.4
Runaways.....	67,929	55,357	12,572	81.5	18.5	1.5	1.4	2.3
.....	74,411	37,789	36,622	50.8	49.2	1.7	1.0	6.8

¹ Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

² Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 30.—City Arrest Trends by Sex, 1964-65

[2,647 cities over 2,500; 1965 estimated population 94,084,000]

Offense charged	Males					Females						
	Total			Under 18		Total			Under 18			
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change
TOTAL	3,572,449	3,583,532	+3	898,151	713,443	+2.2	485,080	496,727	+2.4	135,618	147,202	+8.5
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	4,360	4,719	+8.2	454	488	+7.5	1,007	1,045	+3.8	34	35	+2.9
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1,582	1,604	+1.4	113	115	+1.8	1,900	1,700	-10.5	15	16	+6.7
Forcible rape.....	7,932	8,125	+2.4	1,668	1,876	+12.5	2,047	2,093	+2.2	554	576	+4.0
Robbery.....	36,973	37,798	+2.2	11,480	12,109	+5.5	9,518	10,001	+5.1	1,299	1,428	+9.9
Aggravated assault.....	56,520	59,237	+4.8	9,386	9,912	+5.6	5,437	5,802	+6.7	2,691	2,775	+3.1
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	139,997	145,967	+4.3	72,680	76,867	+5.4	66,668	73,519	+10.3	31,253	35,664	+14.1
Larceny— theft.....	250,588	241,519	-3.6	146,575	142,018	-3.1	3,067	3,483	+13.6	2,383	2,278	-4.4
Auto theft.....	81,900	80,129	-2.2	53,264	51,039	-4.2						
Subtotal for above offenses.....	579,862	578,998	-0.1	295,620	294,154	-0.5	89,634	96,113	+7.2	36,229	42,772	+17.8
Other assaults:												
Arson.....	149,124	148,511	-0.4	21,582	23,295	+7.9	18,294	18,471	+1.0	3,808	4,453	+16.9
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	3,662	4,160	+13.6	2,571	2,882	+12.1	4,224	4,139	-2.0	184	170	-7.6
Fraud.....	17,745	17,362	-2.2	1,952	1,832	-6.1	7,260	7,410	+2.1	466	479	+2.8
Embezzlement.....	28,385	27,778	-2.1	2,143	1,231	-42.6	1,137	7,896	+592.1	696	258	-62.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	5,160	4,252	-17.6	1,143	1,210	+6.0				18	40	+122.2
Vandalism.....	13,606	13,817	+1.6	5,250	5,193	-1.1	1,284	1,177	-8.3	392	359	-8.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	62,318	65,125	+4.5	48,968	51,502	+5.2	4,138	4,359	+5.3	2,643	2,660	+0.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	39,540	42,543	+7.6	8,694	9,253	+6.4	2,868	3,131	+9.2	320	320	+0.0
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	10,379	7,208	-30.6	6,198	216	-99.6	23,265	23,083	-0.8	394	593	+50.5
Narcotic drug laws.....	44,068	40,834	-7.3	9,221	8,382	-9.1	8,781	7,450	-15.2	3,696	3,138	-15.1
Gambling.....	32,036	35,988	+12.3	3,001	4,224	+40.8	5,185	5,553	+7.1	414	555	+34.1
Offenses against family and children.....	97,980	97,645	-0.3	2,431	2,232	-8.2	8,082	8,305	+2.7	73	75	+2.7
Driving under the influence.....	36,276	34,091	-6.0	3,897	3,08	-22.4	4,312	4,098	-5.0	131	156	+19.1
Liquor laws.....	170,431	173,354	+1.7	1,362	1,407	+3.3	12,585	12,487	-0.8	57	66	+15.8
Drunkennes.....	105,810	117,214	+10.8	27,545	30,946	+12.3	15,456	16,042	+3.8	4,314	4,577	+6.1
Disorderly conduct.....	1,257,975	1,285,393	+2.2	17,124	19,142	+11.8	105,391	101,928	-3.3	1,943	2,185	+12.5
Vagrancy.....	392,946	422,422	+7.5	62,428	67,954	+8.9	62,322	62,777	+0.7	10,716	11,470	+7.0
All other offenses (except traffic).....	99,478	84,719	-14.8	6,512	6,060	-6.9	10,639	9,637	-9.4	751	902	+20.1
Suspicion (not included in totals).....	343,614	345,700	+0.6	98,955	98,442	-0.5	60,486	61,738	+2.1	26,505	26,371	-0.5
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	69,444	54,520	-21.5	14,541	13,455	-7.5	8,255	6,689	-19.0	1,314	1,718	+30.3
Runaways.....	49,781	50,918	+2.3	46,781	50,918	+8.8	11,605	11,481	-1.1	11,605	11,481	-1.1
Subtotal for above offenses.....	32,273	34,500	+6.9	32,273	34,500	+6.9	28,253	34,122	+20.8	28,253	34,122	+20.8

Table 31.—City Arrests by Race, 1965

[3,069 cities over 2,500; 1965 estimated population 92,880,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chi- nese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	4, 234, 008	2, 815, 121	1, 278, 817	97, 422	1, 230	2, 822	38, 596
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	5, 425	1, 978	3, 349	27	3	4	64
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1, 770	1, 340	411	7	1	1	10
Forcible rape.....	7, 567	3, 247	4, 198	35	2	2	83
Robbery.....	36, 545	14, 247	21, 647	237	5	20	389
Aggravated assault.....	60, 418	25, 996	33, 520	357	13	21	511
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	151, 825	93, 098	55, 875	788	59	135	1, 870
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	323, 764	214, 633	103, 298	2, 051	215	296	3, 271
Auto theft.....	82, 125	54, 805	25, 187	581	31	105	1, 416
Subtotal for above offenses.....	669, 439	409, 344	247, 485	4, 083	329	584	7, 614
Other assaults.....	167, 849	96, 420	68, 484	927	31	83	1, 904
Arson.....	4, 494	3, 389	1, 053	12	1	1	38
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	20, 841	15, 992	4, 767	101	9	15	57
Fraud.....	34, 991	27, 463	7, 215	101	11	20	181
Embezzlement.....	4, 589	3, 848	717	11	2	1	10
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	13, 743	8, 364	5, 151	58	5	18	147
Vandalism.....	72, 540	56, 185	15, 446	222	27	30	630
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	45, 744	19, 961	25, 028	194	16	23	522
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	29, 748	11, 968	17, 400	137	11	28	204
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	47, 368	33, 461	12, 974	176	36	73	648
Narcotic drug laws.....	29, 322	16, 869	11, 816	70	24	49	494
Gambling.....	83, 674	17, 855	62, 196	25	176	392	3, 030
Offenses against family, and children.....	46, 594	23, 871	16, 225	228	3	9	258
Driving under the influence.....	194, 077	155, 510	35, 309	2, 102	41	130	985
Liquor laws.....	142, 052	109, 111	29, 466	2, 308	29	67	1, 071
Drunkenness.....	1, 422, 446	997, 083	342, 475	74, 213	135	411	8, 129
Disorderly conduct.....	466, 471	282, 166	173, 815	4, 767	51	86	5, 586
Vagrancy.....	107, 415	76, 976	26, 977	2, 476	30	128	828
All other offenses (except traffic).....	427, 020	294, 106	125, 597	3, 394	142	264	3, 517
Suspicion.....	68, 789	47, 528	20, 567	518	11	5	170
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	67, 134	50, 573	14, 403	482	52	331	1, 293
Runaways.....	73, 558	57, 078	14, 251	817	58	74	1, 280

Table 31.—City Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests under 18						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chi- nese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	905,086	633,018	252,937	5,625	433	996	12,057
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	428	135	276	1			14
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	135	100	33			1	37
Forcible rape.....	1,684	503	1,139	4	1		1
Robbery.....	10,920	2,928	7,816	25	2	2	147
Aggravated assault.....	9,720	4,092	5,462	43	2	3	118
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	79,939	49,964	28,185	343	44	87	1,316
Larceny—theft.....	183,819	122,854	57,625	854	119	176	2,191
Auto theft.....	53,429	36,632	15,327	266	27	81	1,096
Subtotal for above offenses.....	340,072	217,208	115,863	1,536	195	350	4,920
Other assaults.....	26,446	14,027	11,843	95	5	15	461
Arson.....	3,111	2,465	607	6		1	32
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	2,266	1,768	462	19		1	16
Fraud.....	1,487	1,038	419	2		1	27
Embezzlement.....	228	179	45		1	1	2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	5,716	3,587	1,998	23	2	10	96
Vandalism.....	56,474	45,630	10,269	135	22	18	400
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	9,461	5,197	4,104	26	7	10	137
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	785	316	465	1		1	2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	11,755	7,729	3,716	19	4	12	275
Narcotic drug laws.....	3,869	2,707	996	13	4	6	143
Gambling.....	2,107	521	1,463	3		9	111
Offenses against family and children.....	504	390	111	3			
Driving under the influence.....	1,576	1,429	113	22	2		10
Liquor laws.....	38,622	35,650	2,254	459	6	15	238
Drunkenness.....	23,013	18,898	3,082	846	1	4	132
Disorderly conduct.....	80,724	53,411	26,186	320	18	13	776
Vagrancy.....	6,473	4,558	1,599	60	4	43	209
All other offenses (except traffic).....	131,582	95,757	33,691	617	52	80	1,385
Suspicion.....	18,103	12,902	5,017	121		1	62
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	67,134	50,573	14,403	482	52	331	1,293
Runaways.....	73,558	57,078	14,251	817	58	74	1,280

Table 31.—City Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chi- nese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	3,328,922	2,182,103	1,025,660	91,797	797	1,826	26,539
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	4,999	1,843	3,073	26	3	4	50
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1,635	1,240	3,378	7	1	-----	9
Forcible rape.....	5,883	2,744	3,059	31	1	2	46
Robbery.....	25,625	11,319	13,831	212	3	18	242
Aggravated assault.....	50,698	21,904	28,058	314	11	18	393
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	71,888	43,134	27,690	445	15	48	554
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	139,945	91,779	45,673	1,197	96	120	1,080
Auto theft.....	28,696	18,173	9,860	315	4	24	320
Subtotal for above offenses.....	329,367	192,136	131,622	2,547	134	234	2,694
Other assaults.....	141,403	82,393	56,641	832	26	68	1,443
Arson.....	1,383	924	446	6	1	-----	6
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	18,675	14,224	4,305	82	9	14	41
Fraud.....	33,504	26,425	6,796	99	11	19	154
Embezzlement.....	4,361	3,669	672	11	1	-----	8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	8,027	4,777	3,153	35	3	8	51
Vandalism.....	16,068	10,555	5,177	87	5	12	230
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	36,263	14,764	20,924	168	9	13	385
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	28,983	11,652	16,935	136	11	27	202
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	35,613	25,732	9,258	157	32	61	373
Narcotic drug laws.....	25,453	14,162	10,820	57	20	43	351
Gambling.....	81,567	17,334	60,733	22	176	383	2,919
Offenses against family and children.....	40,090	23,481	16,114	225	3	9	258
Driving under the influence.....	192,501	154,081	35,196	2,080	39	130	975
Liquor laws.....	103,430	73,461	27,212	1,849	23	52	833
Drunkenness.....	1,399,433	978,185	339,393	73,367	134	407	7,947
Disorderly conduct.....	385,747	228,755	147,629	4,447	33	73	4,810
Vagrancy.....	100,942	72,418	25,378	2,416	26	85	619
All other offenses (except traffic).....	295,438	198,349	91,906	2,777	90	184	2,132
Suspicion.....	50,696	34,626	15,550	397	11	4	108
Curfew and loitering law violations.....							
Runaways.....							

Table 32.—Suburban Arrest Trends, 1964-65

[1,281 agencies; 1965 estimated population 25,896,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested								
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change
TOTAL	568,818	594,582	+4.5	176,208	190,098	+7.9	382,610	404,484	+3.0
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	623	659	+5.8	42	49	+16.7	581	610	+5.0
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	522	473	-9.4	46	29	-37.0	476	444	-6.7
Forecible rape.....	1,272	1,340	+5.3	192	200	+4.2	1,080	1,140	+5.6
Robbery.....	3,417	3,928	+15.0	714	907	+27.0	2,703	3,021	+11.8
Aggravated assault.....	8,415	9,474	+12.6	1,276	1,439	+12.8	7,139	8,035	+12.6
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	28,666	29,583	+3.2	16,283	16,624	+2.1	12,383	12,959	+4.7
Larceny-theft.....	60,608	62,600	+3.5	35,443	37,072	+4.6	25,165	25,528	+1.8
Auto theft.....	15,047	14,709	-2.2	9,988	9,620	-3.7	5,059	5,089	+0.6
Subtotal for above offenses.....	118,470	122,766	+3.6	63,984	65,940	+3.1	54,486	56,826	+4.3
Other assaults	27,367	28,165	+2.9	3,460	3,989	+15.3	23,907	24,176	+1.1
Arson.....	1,942	1,234	-31.0	3,665	3,919	+38.2	23,277	24,315	+13.7
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	4,320	4,447	+2.9	388	411	+3.3	3,922	4,086	+2.9
Fraud.....	7,645	7,952	+4.0	198	245	+23.7	7,447	7,707	+3.5
Embezzlement.....	1,639	1,804	+6.8	24	37	+54.2	1,665	1,767	+6.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	2,367	2,425	+2.5	1,024	953	-6.9	1,343	1,472	+9.6
Vandalism.....	15,837	17,588	+11.1	13,988	15,291	+9.2	1,839	2,297	+24.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	5,327	5,581	+4.8	1,569	1,750	+12.3	3,768	3,831	+1.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	745	827	+11.0	12	18	+50.0	733	809	+10.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	7,773	7,426	-4.5	2,341	2,265	-3.2	5,432	5,161	-5.0
Narcotic drug laws.....	2,670	3,601	+34.9	359	607	+69.1	2,311	2,994	+29.6
Gambling.....	3,794	3,203	-15.6	227	188	-30.4	3,567	3,045	-14.6
Offenses against family and children.....	10,480	10,852	+3.5	244	144	-41.0	10,236	10,708	+4.6
Driving under the influence.....	38,626	38,578	-0.1	380	414	+8.9	38,246	38,164	-0.2
Liquor laws.....	24,846	28,918	+16.4	9,691	10,867	+12.1	15,155	18,051	+19.1
Drunkenness.....	111,883	114,483	+2.3	4,227	4,773	+12.9	107,656	109,710	+1.9
Disorderly conduct.....	60,183	64,100	+6.5	14,118	17,182	+21.7	46,065	46,918	+1.9
Vagrancy.....	8,711	7,788	-10.6	745	714	-4.2	7,966	7,074	-11.2
All other offenses (except traffic).....	87,608	89,137	+1.7	31,019	29,714	-4.2	56,589	59,423	+5.0
Suspicion (not included in totals).....	11,487	10,900	-5.1	3,508	2,960	-15.6	7,979	7,940	-0.5
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	13,076	15,767	+20.6	13,076	15,767	+20.6			
Runaways.....	14,459	17,940	+24.1	14,459	17,940	+24.1			

Table 33.—Suburban Arrests by Age, 1965
[1,538 agencies; 1965 estimated population 33,874,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Age											
		Ages under 15	Ages under 18	Ages 18 and over	10 and under	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	766,621	92,940	243,160	523,461	15,280	21,719	55,991	48,298	54,766	49,158	43,887	31,216	26,114
Criminal homicide:	951	14	73	878	1	2	11	17	21	21	30	27	40
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	709	6	37	672	4	1	1	3	16	12	47	45	32
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	1,901	35	263	1,548	1	3	31	46	78	94	201	141	121
Forcible rape.....	5,192	277	1,101	4,021	25	52	200	208	291	325	483	389	351
Robbery.....	12,323	485	1,769	10,556	70	108	307	315	466	493	684	536	536
Aggravated assault.....	37,977	9,754	21,304	16,573	1,562	2,270	5,922	4,130	3,984	3,436	3,098	2,020	1,468
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	77,749	23,505	45,474	32,275	3,823	6,299	13,383	8,085	7,716	6,218	5,058	2,863	2,229
Larceny— theft.....	18,788	2,907	12,046	6,753	55	2,279	2,573	3,475	3,489	2,175	1,644	914	688
Auto theft.....	155,483	36,983	82,047	73,386	5,541	9,014	22,428	16,229	16,061	12,774	11,245	6,935	5,465
Subtotal for above offenses.....	37,729	1,727	5,364	32,365	203	424	1,100	913	1,368	1,356	1,769	1,361	1,329
Other assaults.....	1,592	929	1,158	429	429	226	1,274	99	62	68	64	52	35
Arson.....	5,685	103	483	5,202	5	21	77	96	137	147	346	253	270
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	11,489	74	332	11,107	4	13	57	62	86	110	213	229	292
Fraud.....	2,135	7	39	2,096	2	2	5	2	21	9	30	41	82
Embezzlement.....	3,184	447	1,166	2,018	27	117	308	212	232	275	286	221	138
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	22,487	12,339	10,369	3,098	3,172	3,571	5,596	3,043	2,471	1,516	748	441	314
Vandalism.....	8,979	16,774	2,082	4,897	70	186	518	421	464	423	545	368	288
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	9,244	3	25	932	148	708	7	542	642	561	471	394	30
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	4,344	1,075	2,820	6,424	5	219	708	119	187	298	323	300	362
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	5,013	21	755	3,559	1	20	126	119	159	298	323	300	262
Narcotic drug laws.....	15,831	32	192	15,624	2	3	27	33	51	79	100	67	76
Gambling.....	48,312	5	473	47,839	10	48	734	40	137	303	339	324	390
Offenses against family and children.....	35,358	792	12,995	22,363	10	48	734	1,844	4,177	6,182	718	807	956
Driving under the influence.....	138,316	475	5,465	132,851	1,081	1,673	4,205	1,844	1,778	2,257	6,992	5,202	3,528
Liquor laws.....	81,175	6,959	21,498	59,677	3,127	3,691	9,999	3,754	5,565	5,230	3,567	2,931	2,988
Drunkenness.....	114,517	16,174	39,718	74,701	108	3,691	7,774	7,703	8,361	7,480	6,821	4,680	3,469
Disorderly conduct.....	15,590	3,691	5,113	10,477	130	607	2,954	7,703	8,361	7,480	6,643	4,986	4,246
Vagrancy.....	18,188	8,944	18,186	10,477	1,162	1,634	6,148	3,767	5,490	5,238	1,915	1,001	915
All other offenses (except traffic).....	18,188	8,944	18,186	10,477	1,162	1,634	6,148	3,767	5,490	5,238	1,915	1,001	915
Suspicion.....	18,188	8,944	18,186	10,477	1,162	1,634	6,148	3,767	5,490	5,238	1,915	1,001	915
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	22,696	8,944	22,696	10,477	1,162	1,634	6,148	3,767	5,490	5,238	1,915	1,001	915
Runaways.....	22,696	8,944	22,696	10,477	1,162	1,634	6,148	3,767	5,490	5,238	1,915	1,001	915

Table 33.—Suburban Arrests by Age, 1965—Continued
 [1,538 agencies; 1965 estimated population 33,874,000]

Offense charged	Age											65 and over	Not known	
	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59			60-64
TOTAL	24,239	22,853	19,471	18,160	64,623	55,615	56,176	52,151	39,425	30,442	18,650	11,135	9,103	201
Criminal homicide:														
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	35	41	47	37	153	97	103	93	54	45	31	16	25	4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	38	48	35	32	93	62	70	47	43	34	22	12	12	
Forcible rape.....	183	104	98	83	256	158	91	60	27	14	8	3	3	
Robbery.....	350	326	280	220	736	366	264	141	69	22	3	3	7	
Aggravated assault.....	536	549	507	499	1,636	1,404	1,177	936	603	438	235	133	110	
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	1,400	1,204	931	799	2,278	1,355	920	529	332	170	105	41	23	
Larceny—theft.....	1,900	1,738	1,367	1,200	4,031	3,055	2,708	2,068	1,499	1,074	703	386	393	
Auto theft.....	524	475	336	298	710	387	346	231	100	52	31	9	6	
Subtotal for above offenses.....	4,966	4,465	3,601	3,168	9,913	6,884	5,679	4,105	2,727	1,849	1,139	624	579	22
Other assaults.....	1,435	1,514	1,418	1,364	5,332	4,603	4,168	3,388	2,103	1,333	625	317	298	8
Arson.....	14	25	8	19	48	44	38	36	22	8	9	7	4	
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	309	302	241	279	964	672	612	479	251	125	62	22	14	
Fraud.....	371	458	451	481	1,644	2,023	1,644	1,339	762	390	163	58	51	
Embezzlement.....	80	80	93	114	409	331	330	241	117	92	33	15	8	
Stolen property, buying, receiving, possessing.....	141	127	101	91	296	196	171	92	65	51	22	12	6	
Vandalism.....	213	176	154	112	321	163	160	122	70	47	33	15	7	
Weapons, carrying, possessing, etc.....	282	264	252	227	825	542	420	329	230	145	94	44	42	
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	49	105	80	80	292	93	93	64	33	20	21	2	3	
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	373	331	311	289	965	795	675	523	324	234	158	96	141	
Narcotic drug laws.....	297	319	249	186	723	387	258	137	65	36	23	8	16	
Gambling.....	98	111	121	145	571	590	565	621	551	477	280	190	158	
Offenses against family and children.....	525	706	664	652	3,189	2,693	2,439	1,717	1,014	537	260	99	66	
Driving under the influence.....	1,463	1,453	1,395	1,354	5,511	5,868	6,890	6,864	5,450	4,399	2,559	1,338	784	
Liquor laws.....	830	555	367	296	750	678	742	734	527	503	297	199	165	
Drunkenness.....	3,830	3,642	3,197	3,074	12,348	13,132	16,374	18,432	16,105	13,654	9,027	5,837	4,710	
Disorderly conduct.....	3,707	3,264	2,632	2,384	7,429	5,930	5,484	4,885	3,420	2,520	1,420	801	703	
Vagrancy.....	403	379	345	284	1,008	826	833	826	765	522	368	316	316	
All other offenses (except traffic).....	4,033	3,903	3,260	3,093	10,292	8,303	7,826	6,688	4,513	3,064	1,752	1,014	959	
Suspicion.....	822	624	531	508	1,336	862	675	483	311	193	151	71	73	
Curfew and loitering law violations.....														
Runaways.....														

Table 34.—Suburban Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21 and Under 25 Years of Age, 1965

[1,538 agencies; 1965 estimated population 33,874,000]

Offense charged	Grand Total All Ages	Number of persons arrested				Percentage			
		Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
		99,940	243,160	344,377	499,100	12.1	31.7	44.9	56.0
TOTAL	766,621								
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	951	73	170	330	1.5	7.7	17.9	34.7	
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	709	37	161	314	.8	5.2	22.7	44.3	
Forcible rape.....	1,801	253	716	1,184	1.9	14.0	39.8	65.7	
Robbery.....	5,122	1,101	2,324	3,500	5.4	21.5	43.4	68.3	
Aggravated assault.....	12,325	485	3,515	5,606	3.9	14.3	23.5	45.5	
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	37,377	9,754	27,890	32,224	25.7	56.1	73.4	84.9	
Larceny— theft.....	77,749	23,505	55,624	61,829	30.2	58.5	71.5	79.5	
Auto theft.....	18,799	2,907	15,292	16,925	15.5	64.1	81.3	90.0	
Subtotal for above offenses.....	155,433	36,983	105,692	121,912	23.8	52.8	68.0	78.4	
Other assaults.....	37,729	1,727	9,823	15,554	4.6	14.2	26.0	41.2	
Arson.....	1,592	929	1,309	1,375	58.4	72.7	82.2	86.4	
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	3,685	103	1,352	2,483	1.8	8.5	23.8	43.7	
Fraud.....	11,439	74	1,066	2,827	.6	2.9	9.3	24.7	
Embezzlement.....	2,135	7	192	559	.3	1.8	9.0	26.2	
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	3,184	447	1,811	2,271	14.0	36.6	56.9	71.3	
Vandalism.....	22,467	12,339	20,872	21,527	54.9	86.2	92.9	95.8	
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	6,979	774	3,283	4,308	11.1	29.8	47.0	61.7	
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	977	3	114	428	.3	2.6	11.7	43.8	
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	9,244	1,075	4,047	5,331	11.6	30.5	43.8	57.7	
Narcotic drug laws.....	4,344	151	1,640	2,691	3.5	17.4	37.8	61.9	
Gambling.....	5,013	21	435	910	.4	3.8	8.7	18.2	
Offenses against family and children.....	15,831	32	1,270	3,817	.2	1.3	8.0	24.1	
Driving under the influence.....	48,312	5	297	8,649	1.0	1.0	6.1	17.0	
Liquor laws.....	35,358	792	2,954	8,649	2.2	1.3	8.0	24.1	
Drunkenness.....	138,316	475	28,717	30,763	3.3	4.0	81.2	87.0	
Disorderly conduct.....	81,175	6,959	36,579	48,566	8.6	26.5	45.1	59.8	
Vagrancy.....	10,517	131	2,851	4,242	1.2	9.3	27.1	40.3	
All other offenses (except traffic).....	114,419	10,174	55,593	69,882	14.1	34.7	48.6	61.1	
Suspicion.....	15,590	1,104	8,944	11,429	7.1	32.8	57.4	73.3	
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	18,186	3,691	18,186	18,186	20.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Runaways.....	22,698	8,944	22,696	22,696	39.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	

i Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 35.—Suburban Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1965

[1,538 agencies; 1965 estimated population 33,874,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested		Percent male	Percent female	Percent of total ¹		
	Male	Female			Total	Male	Female
	Total	Male	Female	88.3	11.7	100.0	100.0
TOTAL	786,621	876,961	89,660	88.3	11.7	100.0	100.0
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	951	791	160	83.2	16.8	1	.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	709	628	81	88.6	11.4	.1	.1
Forecible rape.....	1,801	1,801	0	100.0	0	2	0
Robbery.....	5,122	4,917	205	96.0	4.0	.7	.2
Aggravated assault.....	12,323	11,252	1,073	91.3	8.7	1.6	1.2
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	37,977	36,094	1,283	96.6	3.4	5.4	1.4
Larceny—theft.....	77,749	61,623	16,126	79.3	20.7	10.1	18.0
Auto theft.....	18,799	18,063	736	96.1	3.9	2.5	.8
Subtotal for above offenses.....	155,433	135,769	19,664	87.3	12.7	20.3	21.9
Other assaults:							
Arson.....	37,729	34,501	3,228	91.4	8.6	4.9	3.6
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	1,592	1,511	81	94.9	5.1	.2	.1
Fraud.....	5,685	4,691	994	82.5	17.5	.7	1.1
Embezzlement.....	11,439	9,036	2,403	79.0	21.0	1.5	2.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	2,135	1,747	388	81.8	18.2	.3	.4
Vandalism.....	3,134	2,944	240	92.5	7.5	.4	.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	22,467	21,355	1,112	95.1	4.9	2.9	1.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	6,979	6,661	318	95.4	4.6	.9	.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	9,244	255	722	26.1	73.9	1	.8
Narcotic drug laws.....	4,344	8,283	961	89.6	10.4	1.2	1.1
Gambling.....	5,013	3,764	1,249	86.6	13.4	.6	.6
Offenses against family and children.....	15,831	4,622	391	92.2	7.8	.7	.4
Driving under the influence.....	48,312	14,938	893	94.4	5.6	2.1	1.0
Liquor laws.....	35,358	45,151	3,161	93.5	6.5	6.3	3.5
Drunkennes.....	138,316	31,685	3,673	89.6	10.4	4.6	4.1
Disorderly conduct.....	81,175	127,033	11,283	91.8	8.2	18.0	12.6
Vagrancy.....	10,517	72,152	9,023	88.9	11.1	10.6	10.1
All other offenses (except traffic).....	114,419	9,593	924	91.2	8.8	1.4	1.0
Suspicion.....	15,590	99,034	15,385	86.6	13.4	14.9	17.2
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	18,186	14,402	1,402	91.0	9.0	2.0	1.6
Runaways.....	22,696	14,316	3,870	78.7	21.3	2.4	4.3
		13,732	8,964	60.5	39.5	3.0	10.0

¹ Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

² Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 36.—Suburban Arrests by Race, 1965

[1, 537 agencies; 1965 estimated population 33,690,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	762, 212	654, 202	100, 196	5, 137	138	178	2, 361
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	943	614	321	3		1	4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	704	583	117	1			3
Forcible rape.....	1, 767	1, 271	485	9			2
Robbery.....	5, 069	3, 543	1, 481	17	1	6	21
Aggravated assault.....	11, 870	8, 174	3, 578	47	1	2	68
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	37, 799	32, 040	5, 515	82	8	3	151
Larceny—thft.....	77, 470	65, 304	11, 719	164	35	24	224
Auto theft.....	18, 668	16, 093	2, 427	74	8	9	57
Subtotal for above offenses.....	154, 290	127, 622	25, 643	397	53	45	530
Other assaults.....	37, 714	30, 479	7, 037	105	2	5	86
Arson.....	1, 584	1, 472	109	1	1		1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	5, 679	5, 013	637	16	1	1	11
Fraud.....	11, 421	10, 494	912	9	1	3	2
Embezzlement.....	2, 134	1, 902	229	1			2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	3, 172	2, 594	559	3			16
Vandalism.....	22, 269	20, 976	1, 228	13	1	4	47
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	6, 902	4, 916	1, 934	11	1	8	32
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	938	712	216	2		1	7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	9, 131	8, 103	984	9	2	2	31
Narcotic drug laws.....	4, 337	3, 793	487	6	5	4	42
Gambling.....	4, 844	2, 386	2, 429	2	2	7	18
Offenses against family and children.....	15, 771	12, 618	3, 060	50	3	1	39
Driving under the influence.....	47, 964	43, 122	4, 415	265	4	18	140
Liquor laws.....	34, 730	32, 257	2, 184	165	2	3	119
Drunkenness.....	138, 220	117, 632	16, 891	3, 146	20	31	500
Disorderly conduct.....	80, 646	67, 766	12, 451	202	6	7	214
Vagrancy.....	10, 508	8, 711	1, 693	73	1	2	28
All other offenses (except traffic).....	113, 927	100, 197	12, 913	434	17	28	338
Suspicion.....	15, 591	13, 290	2, 228	26	6	2	39
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	17, 968	17, 348	1, 543	35	1	1	38
Runaways.....	22, 474	20, 799	1, 414	166	9	5	81

Table 36.—Suburban Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests under 18						All others (includes race unknown)
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	
TOTAL	241,204	217,416	22,523	508	43	49	665
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	73	56	16			1	
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	37	27	10				
Forcible rape.....	247	157	90				
Robbery.....	1,091	672	413	2			4
Aggravated assault.....	1,639	1,137	481	13			8
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	21,202	18,265	2,817	30	1	1	88
Larceny—thft.....	45,270	39,057	5,991	64	16	16	126
Auto theft.....	11,963	10,590	1,303	31	4	3	32
Subtotal for above offenses	81,522	69,961	11,121	140	21	21	258
Other assaults.....	5,356	4,498	838	9			11
Arson.....	1,155	1,106	48				1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	479	418	57	1			3
Fraud.....	331	313	18				
Embezzlement.....	39	36	3				
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	1,153	945	204				4
Vandalism.....	19,195	18,201	943	7	1	4	39
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	2,049	1,700	338	2		3	6
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	25	24	1				
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	2,752	2,485	259	2		1	5
Narcotic drug laws.....	754	721	26		2		5
Gambling.....	185	135	48	2			
Offenses against family and children.....	207	185	21	1			
Driving under the influence.....	465	452	12	1			
Liquor laws.....	12,873	12,551	246	37	1	2	36
Drunkenness.....	5,464	5,194	218	34			18
Disorderly conduct.....	21,291	18,858	2,379	17	1	2	34
Vagrancy.....	973	759	211	1		2	
All other offenses (except traffic).....	39,385	36,206	3,002	52	5	7	113
Suspicion.....	5,111	4,521	573	1	2	1	13
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	17,966	17,348	543	35	1	1	38
Runaways.....	22,474	20,799	1,414	166	9	5	81

Table 36.—Suburban Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	521,003	438,786	77,673	4,629	95	129	1,693
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	870	558	305	3			4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	667	556	107	1			3
Forcible rape.....	1,520	1,114	395	9			2
Robbery.....	3,978	2,871	1,068	15	1	6	17
Aggravated assault.....	10,231	7,037	3,097	34	1	2	60
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	16,597	13,775	2,698	52	7	2	63
Larceny— theft.....	32,200	26,247	5,728	100	19	8	98
Auto theft.....	6,705	5,503	1,124	43	4	6	25
Subtotal for above offenses.....	72,768	57,661	14,522	257	32	24	272
Other assaults.....	32,358	25,981	6,199	96	2	5	75
Arson.....	429	366	61	1	1		
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	5,200	4,595	580	15	1	1	8
Fraud.....	11,090	10,181	894	9	1	3	2
Embezzlement.....	2,095	1,866	226	1			2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	2,019	1,649	355	3			12
Vandalism.....	3,074	2,775	285	6			8
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	4,853	3,216	1,596	9	1	5	26
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	913	688	215	2		1	7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	6,379	5,618	725	7	2	1	26
Narcotic drug laws.....	3,583	3,072	461	6	3	4	37
Gambling.....	4,659	2,251	2,381		2	7	18
Offenses against family and children.....	15,564	12,433	3,039	49	3	1	39
Driving under the influence.....	47,499	42,670	4,403	264	4	18	140
Liquor laws.....	21,857	19,706	1,938	128	1	1	83
Drunkennes.....	132,756	112,438	16,673	3,112	20	31	482
Disorderly conduct.....	59,355	48,908	10,072	185	5	5	180
Vagrancy.....	9,535	7,952	1,482	72	1		28
All other offenses (except traffic).....	74,542	63,991	9,911	382	12	21	225
Suspicion.....	10,480	8,769	1,655	25	4	1	26
Curfew and loitering law violations.....							
Runaways.....							

Table 37.—Rural Arrest Trends, 1964-65

[614 agencies; 1965 estimated population 12,340,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested									
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over			Percent change
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	
TOTAL	204,300	207,508	+1.6	37,341	37,985	+1.7	186,959	169,523	+1.5	
Criminal homicide:										
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	360	420	+19.2	21	31	+47.6	339	398	+17.4	
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	420	423	+0.7	32	21	-34.4	388	402	+3.6	
Forcible rape.....	746	740	-0.8	77	94	+22.1	669	646	-3.4	
Robbery.....	1,015	892	-12.1	146	134	-8.1	869	768	-11.6	
Aggravated assault.....	3,516	3,723	+5.9	260	309	+18.8	3,256	3,414	+4.9	
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	12,725	12,392	-2.6	6,017	5,782	-3.9	6,708	6,610	-1.5	
Larceny—cheat.....	14,853	14,378	-3.2	5,345	5,018	-6.1	9,508	9,360	-1.6	
Auto theft.....	5,027	4,485	-10.8	2,734	2,259	-17.4	2,293	2,226	-2.9	
Subtotal for above offenses.....	38,662	37,462	-3.1	14,632	13,638	-6.8	24,030	23,824	-0.9	
Other assaults.....	7,845	7,669	-2.2	563	480	-14.7	7,282	7,189	-1.3	
Arson.....	370	352	-7.1	146	143	-2.1	233	209	-10.3	
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	3,028	3,619	+19.5	284	261	-8.1	3,344	3,358	+0.4	
Fraud.....	4,504	4,910	+9.0	53	75	+41.5	4,451	4,885	+10.6	
Embezzlement.....	702	746	+6.3	12	12	0.0	690	734	+6.4	
Steal property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	885	1,016	+14.8	208	243	+16.8	677	773	+14.2	
Vandalism.....	3,401	3,834	+12.7	2,324	2,525	+8.6	1,077	1,309	+21.5	
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	1,654	1,821	+10.3	216	150	-30.6	1,438	1,371	-4.7	
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	260	139	-46.5	18	12	-33.3	242	127	-47.5	
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	1,909	1,846	-3.3	280	315	+12.5	1,629	1,531	-6.0	
Narcotic drug laws.....	1,621	1,793	+10.7	74	59	-20.3	1,547	1,734	+11.9	
Gambling.....	1,141	1,237	+8.4	21	32	+52.4	1,130	1,205	+6.6	
Offenses against family and children.....	6,562	7,024	+7.0	70	48	-31.4	6,492	6,976	+7.5	
Driving under the influence.....	18,070	17,667	-2.2	173	174	+0.6	17,847	17,493	-2.0	
Liquor laws.....	16,894	19,675	+16.5	3,952	4,972	+25.8	12,942	14,703	+13.6	
Drunkenness.....	41,194	41,577	+0.9	1,047	1,039	-0.8	40,147	40,538	+1.0	
Disorderly conduct.....	13,758	14,465	+5.1	1,417	1,866	+31.7	12,341	12,671	+2.7	
Vagrancy.....	2,520	2,339	-7.1	181	172	-5.0	2,359	2,067	-13.1	
All other offenses (except traffic).....	34,367	34,328	-0.1	6,296	6,380	+1.3	28,091	27,948	-0.5	
Suspicion (not included in totals).....	2,395	1,838	-23.3	508	579	+13.8	1,797	1,259	-29.9	
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	2,954	1,022	-65.4	954	1,022	+7.1	1,922	1,259	-34.5	
Runaways.....	4,420	4,367	-1.2	4,420	4,367	-1.2				

Table 38.—Rural Arrests by Age, 1965
[839 agencies; 1965 estimated population 18,515,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Ages under 15	Ages 18 under 18	Ages 18 and over	Age								
					10 and under	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	297,472	13,347	55,727	241,745	1,592	2,760	8,995	10,180	15,732	16,488	18,775	15,121	13,340
Criminal homicide:	654	10	50	604	1	2	8	8	16	16	24	19	19
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	615	2	37	578	1	1	13	4	9	22	36	30	33
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,084	16	150	984	2	1	14	33	43	58	102	94	89
Forcible rape	1,423	26	175	1,248	5	7	68	81	50	68	132	109	103
Robbery	5,447	70	407	5,040	9	15	46	64	121	152	263	265	229
Aggravated assault	18,876	2,959	8,823	10,153	372	700	1,887	1,668	2,147	2,049	1,938	1,329	981
Burglary—breaking or entering	21,401	2,121	7,545	13,856	258	508	1,355	1,313	2,056	2,055	2,212	1,547	1,200
Larceny— theft	6,118	640	3,120	2,998	13	67	560	814	960	706	620	1,369	1,277
Auto theft													
Subtotal for above offenses	55,718	5,844	20,307	35,411	660	1,301	3,883	3,935	5,402	5,126	5,327	3,702	2,931
Other assaults	11,640	116	725	10,814	17	22	77	115	233	262	488	463	516
Arson	2,644	165	277	367	59	40	66	28	40	44	52	46	26
Forgery and counterfeiting	4,897	49	374	4,523	3	6	40	68	101	156	225	206	215
Fraud	8,789	26	116	8,653	1	10	15	7	22	61	172	195	281
Embezzlement	1,103	1	15	1,088	1	10	1	2	2	10	27	31	22
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	1,468	63	302	1,104	7	8	48	73	107	119	156	93	89
Vandalism	6,135	1,876	4,076	2,059	385	552	939	650	863	687	562	327	242
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	2,265	78	207	1,998	6	28	44	42	72	75	132	112	110
Prostitution and commercialized vice	346	1	13	333	1	1	1	6	1	5	11	20	7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,907	148	516	2,391	8	31	109	109	114	145	161	162	135
Narcotic drug laws	970	8	70	900	1	1	6	10	23	29	46	55	56
Gambling	2,814	7	46	2,768	1	1	6	8	12	19	25	29	30
Offenses against family and children	9,634	20	74	9,560	8	3	9	7	16	31	241	245	208
Driving under the influence	24,583	5	243	24,340	3	3	2	16	76	146	358	431	484
Liquor laws	25,514	279	6,845	18,669	3	27	249	750	2,319	3,407	4,671	4,000	3,200
Drunkenness	57,851	74	1,590	56,261	7	67	67	215	481	820	1,286	1,080	1,230
Disorderly conduct	19,819	538	2,585	17,234	86	125	327	400	705	942	1,590	1,211	1,087
Vagrancy	3,682	31	263	3,399	2	4	25	35	85	112	187	127	130
All other offenses (except traffic)	46,510	2,023	8,501	37,919	261	265	1,497	1,618	2,424	2,526	2,845	2,381	2,139
Suspicion	2,699	162	745	1,954	12	32	118	127	207	249	213	145	142
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,337	217	1,337	1,020	8	21	188	315	412	303	213	145	142
Runaways	6,289	1,616	6,289	6,289	65	273	1,278	1,624	2,015	1,034	1,034	1,034	1,034

Table 38.—Rural Arrests by Age, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Age										65 and over	Not known		
	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54			55-59	60-64
TOTAL	10,695	9,873	8,878	8,813	29,907	25,338	25,337	23,457	18,640	14,783	8,943	5,405	4,613	127
Criminal homicide:														
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	24	24	22	20	105	72	73	55	51	39	25	11	21	
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	24	33	28	24	93	80	54	41	43	30	15	4	10	
Forcible rape.....	72	57	59	54	157	83	67	41	28	17	6	4	4	
Robbery.....	102	92	81	85	202	140	86	60	24	14	10	6	2	
Aggravated assault.....	210	226	214	232	331	674	553	469	322	242	135	79	87	
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	791	710	547	486	1,409	733	474	327	184	127	67	31	18	
Larceny—thief.....	911	825	619	611	1,701	1,174	1,030	786	535	351	165	101	87	1
Auto theft.....	236	197	136	123	387	229	160	119	66	46	19	9	3	2
Subtotal for above offenses.....	2,379	2,104	1,706	1,635	4,885	3,185	2,497	1,893	1,253	866	442	245	232	4
Other assaults.....	551	471	486	507	1,786	1,419	1,328	1,042	731	482	256	129	149	10
Arson.....	25	10	23	8	46	37	18	23	21	14	7	5	5	
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	244	239	176	189	816	683	545	469	272	123	62	36	23	
Fraud.....	322	381	365	367	1,631	1,374	1,224	963	636	383	190	101	60	
Embezzlement.....	38	45	38	62	193	172	187	113	80	40	17	13	9	
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	57	90	38	53	153	105	78	66	52	30	8	10	4	
Vandalism.....	134	100	96	82	171	92	88	60	43	28	13	6	8	
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	126	123	99	106	303	257	181	153	100	75	52	35	33	
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	17	21	28	29	65	31	36	24	10	15	7	3	9	
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	113	136	109	109	337	253	256	183	141	115	60	59	61	1
Narcotic drug laws.....	68	64	48	52	186	105	89	46	30	27	18	5	5	
Gambling.....	32	42	42	53	267	323	408	402	350	359	172	123	111	
Offenses against family and children.....	395	408	408	471	1,944	1,534	1,402	1,024	600	333	157	58	32	40
Driving under the influence.....	733	642	573	740	2,664	2,697	3,110	3,339	2,996	2,446	1,532	948	618	24
Liquor laws.....	761	577	443	337	945	691	701	622	550	451	338	186	191	5
Drunkennes.....	1,427	1,478	1,378	1,465	5,369	5,928	7,035	7,707	6,724	5,987	3,867	2,324	1,961	15
Disorderly conduct.....	1,052	1,869	1,731	1,741	2,263	1,747	1,529	1,431	1,071	883	451	294	1,280	4
Vagrancy.....	132	110	93	87	293	283	323	383	365	334	253	165	133	1
All other offenses (except traffic).....	1,955	1,787	1,673	1,625	5,367	4,252	4,053	3,345	2,502	1,714	989	617	667	8
Suspicion.....	134	116	100	95	233	170	149	159	113	78	52	43	22	
Curfew and loitering law violations.....														
Runaways.....														

Table 39.—Rural Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1965

[839 agencies; 1965 estimated population 18,515,000]

Offense charged	Grand Total All Ages	Number of persons arrested				Percentage			
		Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
		13,347	55,727	102,963	141,092	4.5	18.7	34.6	47.4
TOTAL	297,472								
Criminal homicide:	654	50	112	202	202	1.5	7.6	17.1	30.9
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	615	2	37	136	245	.3	6.0	22.1	39.8
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,084	16	150	435	677	1.5	13.8	40.1	62.5
Forcible rape	1,433	26	175	519	879	1.8	12.3	36.5	61.8
Robbery	5,447	70	407	1,164	2,055	1.3	7.5	21.4	37.7
Aggravated assault	18,976	2,959	8,823	13,071	15,605	15.6	46.5	68.9	82.2
Burglary—breaking or entering	21,401	2,121	7,545	12,504	15,470	9.9	35.3	58.4	72.3
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	6,118	640	3,120	4,386	5,078	10.5	51.0	71.7	83.0
Auto theft									
Subtotal for above offenses	55,718	5,844	20,307	32,327	40,211	10.5	36.4	58.0	72.2
Other assaults	11,540	116	726	2,193	4,308	1.0	6.3	19.0	36.5
Arson	644	165	277	401	467	25.6	43.0	62.3	72.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	4,897	49	374	1,020	1,868	1.0	7.6	20.8	38.1
Fraud	8,769	26	116	764	2,199	.3	1.3	8.7	25.1
Embezzlement	1,103	1	15	95	278	.1	1.4	8.6	25.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	1,466	63	362	700	968	4.3	24.7	47.7	65.3
Vandalism	6,135	1,876	4,076	5,207	5,019	30.6	66.4	84.9	91.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	2,265	78	267	621	1,075	3.4	11.8	27.4	47.5
Prostitution and commercialized vice	346	1	13	51	146	.3	3.8	14.7	42.2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,907	148	516	974	1,441	5.1	17.8	33.5	49.6
Narcotic drug laws	970	8	70	227	459	.8	7.2	23.4	47.3
Gambling	2,814	7	46	130	299	.2	1.6	4.6	10.6
Offenses against family and children	9,634	20	74	828	2,510	.8	1.0	8.6	26.1
Driving under the influence	24,533	5	243	1,516	4,269	1.1	26.8	73.4	81.7
Liquor laws	25,514	279	6,845	18,716	20,834	1.1	27.7	9.0	18.9
Drunkenness	57,851	74	1,590	5,186	10,934	2.7	13.0	32.7	49.8
Disorderly conduct	19,819	538	2,585	6,473	9,866	8	7.2	19.3	30.8
Vagrancy	3,662	31	263	707	1,129	.8	18.5	34.3	49.4
All other offenses (except traffic)	46,510	2,023	8,591	15,956	22,996	4.3	27.6	46.1	62.6
Suspicion	2,699	162	745	1,245	1,690	6.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,337	217	1,337	1,337	1,337	16.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways	6,289	1,616	6,289	6,289	6,289	25.7	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 40.—Rural Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1965

[839 agencies; 1965 estimated population 18,515,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested		Percent male	Percent female	Percent of total ¹	
	Male	Female			TOTAL	Male
	TOTAL				TOTAL	
TOTAL	297,472	24,262	91.8	8.2	100.0	100.0
Criminal homicide:						
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	654	88	86.5	13.5	2	.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	615	39	93.7	6.3	2	.2
Forcible rape.....	1,084	100.0	4
Robbery.....	1,360	63	95.6	4.4	5	.3
Aggravated assault.....	5,447	337	93.8	6.2	18	1.4
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	18,970	569	97.0	3.0	64	2.3
Larceny— <i>theft</i>	21,401	1,829	91.5	8.5	72	7.5
Auto theft.....	6,118	229	96.3	3.7	21	.9
Subtotal for above offenses.....	55,718	3,154	94.3	5.7	18.7	13.0
Other assaults:						
Arson.....	11,640	743	93.6	6.4	8.9	3.1
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	4,897	33	94.9	5.1	2	.2
Fraud.....	8,769	755	84.6	15.4	1.6	3.1
Embezzlement.....	1,103	1,432	83.7	16.3	2.9	5.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	1,468	1,132	88.0	12.0	4	.5
Vandalism.....	6,135	1,099	92.6	7.4	5	.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	2,265	271	96.6	3.4	2.1	1.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	346	76	87.7	12.3	1	.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	2,807	225	92.0	8.0	1	.9
Narcotic drug laws.....	2,970	232	87.7	12.3	1	1.0
Gambling.....	2,814	851	94.4	5.6	3	.5
Offenses against family and children.....	9,694	119	95.5	4.5	9	.7
Driving under the influence.....	24,883	437	96.2	3.8	3.2	1.8
Liquor laws.....	25,514	935	91.1	8.9	8.3	3.9
Drunkennes.....	57,851	2,281	93.2	6.8	8.6	9.4
Disorderly conduct.....	19,819	3,925	90.8	9.2	19.4	16.2
Vagrancy.....	3,662	1,819	90.8	9.2	6.7	7.5
All other offenses (except traffic).....	46,510	4,342	90.7	9.3	15.6	17.9
Suspicion.....	2,699	421	91.8	8.2	1.2	1.1
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	1,337	2,479	91.8	8.2	1.2	1.1
Runaways.....	6,289	313	76.6	23.4	1.9	1.3
		2,278	63.8	36.2	2.1	1.5

¹ Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.
² Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Table 41.—Rural Arrests by Race, 1965
 [835 agencies; 1965 estimated population 18,505,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	249,386	207,193	24,944	14,708	31	98	2,392
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	540	358	155	18			9
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	314	253	50	8		3	
Forcible rape.....	778	593	135	44		2	4
Robbery.....	1,044	775	213	42		2	12
Aggravated assault.....	4,962	3,501	1,221	191	2		47
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	13,408	11,653	1,127	470	1	14	143
Larceny— theft.....	16,733	14,214	1,829	484	1	16	189
Auto theft.....	4,546	3,886	306	314			40
Subtotal for above offenses.....	42,325	35,233	5,036	1,571	4	37	444
Other assaults.....	10,084	7,750	1,909	291	2	7	125
Arson.....	398	367	15	16			
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	3,874	3,364	356	136	1	1	16
Fraud.....	8,473	7,805	550	84	2	1	31
Embezzlement.....	930	854	65	10			1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	974	838	89	30	1		16
Vandalism.....	4,173	3,855	131	104		6	77
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	1,624	1,165	435	10			14
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	133	89	40	3			1
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	2,297	2,025	178	56			38
Narcotic drug laws.....	407	356	28	6	3	2	12
Gambling.....	1,245	869	355	3	1	1	16
Offenses against family and children.....	8,990	7,664	1,075	220	5		26
Driving under the influence.....	22,504	19,552	1,586	1,249		1	116
Liquor laws.....	16,837	14,858	1,169	634		2	124
Drunkenness.....	54,983	41,929	5,223	7,184	5	4	638
Disorderly conduct.....	15,943	12,476	1,966	1,262	2	3	234
Vagrancy.....	3,567	3,125	288	127		3	24
All other offenses (except traffic).....	40,526	34,858	4,019	1,255	4	22	368
Suspicion.....	2,699	2,326	281	77			15
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	1,214	1,046	29	96		7	36
Runaways.....	5,166	4,789	121	234	1	1	20

Table 41.—Rural Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests under 18						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	42,316	37,646	2,212	1,827	2	57	572
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	35	26	7	2			
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	13	11	2				
Forcible rape.....	113	77	25	10		1	
Robbery.....	128	105	17				6
Aggravated assault.....	342	261	57	22			2
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	5,909	5,219	385	190		12	103
Larceny— theft.....	5,657	4,939	467	135		16	100
Auto theft.....	2,144	1,912	92	117			23
Subtotal for above offenses.....	14,341	12,550	1,052	476		29	234
Other assaults.....	610	513	75	12		1	9
Arson.....	150	139	1	10			
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	321	273	39	4			5
Fraud.....	108	102	1	3			2
Embezzlement.....	9	9					
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	250	218	17	10			5
Vandalism.....	2,729	2,532	57	70		6	64
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	193	175	16	1			1
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	3	3					
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	381	321	32	7			21
Narcotic drug laws.....	29	24		2		1	2
Gambling.....	38	27	11				
Offenses against family and children.....	57	55	1				1
Driving under the influence.....	233	209	2	21			1
Liquor laws.....	4,929	4,607	46	251		1	24
Drunkenness.....	1,524	1,202	38	274			10
Disorderly conduct.....	2,167	1,870	169	114	1		13
Vagrancy.....	256	224	9	6		1	16
All other offenses (except traffic).....	6,863	6,103	414	231		10	105
Suspicion.....	745	655	82	5			3
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	1,214	1,046	29	96		7	36
Runaways.....	5,166	4,789	121	234	1	1	20

Table 41.—Rural Arrests by Race, 1965—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over						
	Total	Race					
		White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japa- nese	All others (includes race un- known)
TOTAL	207, 050	169, 547	22, 732	12, 881	29	41	1, 823
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	505	332	148	16			9
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	301	242	48	8		3	
Forcible rape.....	665	516	110	34		1	4
Robbery.....	918	670	196	42		2	6
Aggravated assault.....	4, 620	3, 240	1, 164	169	2		45
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	7, 499	6, 434	742	280	1	2	40
Larceny—theft.....	11, 076	9, 275	1, 362	349	1		89
Auto theft.....	2, 402	1, 974	214	197			17
Subtotal for above offenses.....	27, 984	22, 683	3, 984	1, 095	4	8	210
Other assaults.....	9, 474	7, 237	1, 834	279	2	6	116
Arson.....	248	228	14	6			
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	3, 553	3, 091	317	132	1	1	11
Fraud.....	8, 365	7, 703	549	81	2	1	29
Embezzlement.....	921	845	65	10			1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	724	620	72	20	1		11
Vandalism.....	1, 444	1, 323	74	34			13
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	1, 431	990	419	9			13
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	130	86	40	3			1
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	1, 916	1, 704	146	49			17
Narcotic drug laws.....	378	332	28	4	3	1	10
Gambling.....	1, 207	842	344	3	1	1	16
Offenses against family and children.....	8, 933	7, 609	1, 074	220	5		25
Driving under the influence.....	22, 271	19, 343	1, 584	1, 228		1	115
Liquor laws.....	11, 908	10, 251	1, 123	433		1	100
Drunkenness.....	53, 459	40, 727	5, 185	6, 910	5	4	628
Disorderly conduct.....	13, 776	10, 606	1, 797	1, 148	1	3	221
Vagrancy.....	3, 311	2, 901	279	121		2	8
All other offenses (except traffic).....	33, 663	28, 755	3, 605	1, 024	4	12	263
Suspicion.....	1, 954	1, 671	199	72			12
Curfew and loitering law violations.....							
Runaways.....							

Table 42.—Suburban and Rural Arrest Trends,¹ by Sex, 1964-65

Offense charged	1,281 suburban agencies; 1965 estimated population 25,896,000				614 rural agencies; 1965 estimated population 12,340,000				
	Males		Females		Males		Females		
	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change	1964	1965	Percent change
TOTAL	502,962	525,607	+4.5	65,856	68,976	+4.7	188,893	191,727	+1.5
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter.....	513	547	+6.6	110	112	+1.8	315	367	+16.5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence.....	456	430	-7.9	66	53	-19.7	396	398	+0.5
Forcible rape.....	1,340	1,340	+0.0	149	155	+4.0	746	740	-0.8
Robbery.....	3,778	3,778	+0.0	794	828	+4.3	950	854	-10.1
Aggravated assault.....	7,621	8,646	+13.4	1,097	1,022	-6.8	3,300	3,500	+6.1
Burglary—breaking or entering.....	27,569	28,561	+3.6	1,983	1,919	-3.2	12,037	12,037	+0.0
Larceny— theft.....	48,625	49,281	+1.3	11,983	13,319	+11.1	13,890	13,319	-4.1
Auto theft.....	14,500	14,114	-2.7	547	595	+8.8	4,822	4,308	-10.7
Subtotal for above offenses.....	103,724	106,682	+2.9	14,746	16,084	+9.1	36,766	35,523	-3.4
Other assaults.....	25,179	25,845	+2.6	2,188	2,320	+6.0	7,404	7,195	-2.8
Arson.....	3,485	3,626	+4.0	835	821	-1.7	3,142	3,063	-2.5
Forgery and counterfeiting.....	6,033	6,336	+5.0	1,612	1,616	+0.2	3,868	4,143	+7.1
Fraud.....	1,410	1,478	+4.8	279	326	+16.8	632	656	+3.8
Embezzlement.....	2,158	2,246	+4.1	209	179	-14.4	838	946	+12.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.....	15,105	16,743	+10.8	732	845	+15.4	3,255	3,693	+13.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.....	5,069	5,336	+5.3	258	245	-5.0	1,593	1,471	-7.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice.....	162	190	+22.8	583	628	+7.7	85	52	-38.8
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution).....	6,853	6,608	-3.6	920	818	-11.1	1,721	1,696	-1.5
Narcotic drug laws.....	2,359	3,117	+33.3	331	484	+46.2	542	694	+28.0
Gambling.....	3,442	2,924	-15.0	352	279	-20.7	1,078	1,162	+7.8
Offenses against family and children.....	9,811	10,205	+4.0	669	647	-3.3	6,219	6,734	+8.3
Driving under the influence.....	35,949	35,990	+0.1	2,677	2,588	-3.3	17,349	17,051	-1.7
Liquor laws.....	22,413	26,040	+16.2	2,433	2,878	+18.3	15,513	17,927	+15.6
Drunkenness.....	102,456	105,660	+3.1	9,427	8,823	-6.4	38,705	39,231	+1.4
Disorderly conduct.....	53,635	57,267	+6.8	6,543	6,833	+4.4	12,598	13,138	+4.3
Vagrancy.....	8,077	7,282	-10.5	351	556	+56.4	2,351	2,091	-11.1
All other offenses (except traffic).....	75,702	77,573	+2.5	11,906	11,564	-2.9	31,150	31,323	+0.6
Suspicion (not included in totals).....	10,469	10,002	-4.5	1,018	898	-11.8	2,175	1,712	-21.3
Curfew and loitering law violations.....	10,484	12,407	+18.3	2,592	3,360	+29.6	1,712	1,786	+4.3
Runaways.....	8,592	10,926	+27.2	5,867	7,014	+19.6	2,938	2,820	-4.0

¹ In suburban agencies male arrests under 18 increased 6.6 percent and female arrests under 18 increased 15.5 percent. In rural agencies male arrests under 18 increased 1.0 percent and female arrests under 18 increased 6.4 percent.

Police Employee Data

This section contains tables relating to police personnel. Figures showing police strength by number of full-time police officers and civilian employees are based on national averages. These figures should not be interpreted as indicating recommended or desirable police strength. Adequate police requirements for a specific place can only be determined following careful study and analysis of the local situation together with a thorough evaluation of the numerous factors which affect local police needs.

Two tables containing police employee rates are set forth. In the first, total employees including civilian personnel are used, whereas in the second table only sworn personnel are used to compute rates.

The police employee rate ranges in Table 43, which include civilians, show the interquartile range between the upper limits of the lowest quartile and the lower limits of the highest quartile. In other words, 50 percent of the cities shown in each population group and geographic division have a police strength within the rate ranges shown. By arraying rates in this manner, extremes are eliminated.

In Table 44 where rates are published for police officers, complete rate ranges are provided as supplemental data for those who may be interested in using these figures to make limited comparisons.

Another table is presented this year showing police strength for all state police and state highway patrol organizations. This table is designed to show, by state, the number of miles of state and Federal highway per sworn employee, as well as the number of registered vehicles per officer. These rates are only a rough yardstick as to comparative workload and personnel strength because of widely differing functions and other factors. The wide variations in sworn and civilian personnel among the various states can be accounted for in part by the differences in responsibilities assigned to the departments. It is pointed out, for instance, that state police generally are responsible not only for traffic patrol, but also conduct a major portion of the criminal investigative work in the unincorporated areas of the states. On the other hand, the activity of the state highway patrol organizations for the most part are limited to traffic and highway patrol, which includes handling all types of crime which come to their attention during the performance of their patrol functions. Many of these state

highway patrol groups also are authorized to and do participate in criminal investigative work when requested to do so by local departments or sheriffs' offices.

The annual collection of police employee data provides figures for police killed and assaulted. Collection of these data is supplemented with respect to police killed in the line of duty by the use of a special questionnaire, through the use of which additional details on this important subject are accumulated. Data relative to police killed and assaulted are also presented in the Summary Section of this publication.

Table 43.—Full-Time Police Department Employees,¹ December 31, 1965, Number and Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups

[1965 estimated population]

Geographic division	TOTAL (3,613 cities; population 109,633,000)	Population group					
		Group I (55 cities over 250,000; population 41,822,000)	Group II (92 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,035,000)	Group III (217 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 14,891,000)	Group IV (433 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,061,000)	Group V (974 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 15,016,000)	Group VI (1,842 cities under 10,000; population 9,806,000)
TOTAL: 3,613 cities; population 109,633,000:							
Number of police employees.....	212, 883	110, 666	22, 069	22, 589	21, 984	21, 008	14, 567
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants..	1.9	2.6	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5
Interquartile range.	1.1-1.8	1.5-2.7	1.3-1.9	1.2-2.1	1.1-1.7	1.1-1.6	1.0-1.8
New England: 331 cities; population 8,216,000:							
Number of police employees.....	15, 746	2, 696	2, 842	4, 022	2, 941	2, 372	873
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.	1.9	4.1	2.5	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.2
Interquartile range.	1.1-1.7	(2)	2.1-2.7	1.6-2.0	1.4-1.9	1.1-1.5	0.7-1.4
Middle Atlantic: 776 cities; population 24,456,000:							
Number of police employees.....	62, 967	42, 847	3, 254	4, 289	4, 423	4, 930	3, 224
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.	2.6	3.6	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4
Interquartile range.	1.0-1.8	2.9-3.8	1.8-2.3	1.0-2.1	1.2-2.0	1.1-1.8	0.8-1.7
East North Central: 810 cities; population 23,827,000:							
Number of police employees.....	45, 867	25, 129	3, 714	4, 330	4, 533	4, 397	3, 264
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.	1.9	2.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4
Interquartile range.	1.1-1.6	1.6-3.0	1.5-1.7	1.1-1.6	1.1-1.5	1.1-1.5	1.0-1.6
West North Central: 399 cities; population 8,369,000:							
Number of police employees.....	13, 021	5, 904	1, 156	944	1, 510	1, 861	1, 646
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.	1.6	2.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4
Interquartile range.	1.0-1.5	1.4-2.1	1.2-1.3	0.9-1.3	1.0-1.3	1.0-1.5	1.0-1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 43.—Full-Time Police Department Employees,¹ December 31, 1965, Number and Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups—Continued

[1965 estimated population]

Geographic division	TOTAL (3,613 cities; population 109,633,000)	Population group					
		Group I (55 cities over 250,000; population 41,822,000)	Group II (92 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,035,000)	Group III (217 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 14,891,000)	Group IV (433 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,061,000)	Group V (974 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 15,016,000)	Group VI (1,842 cities under 10,000; population 9,806,000)
South Atlantic: 321 cities; population 10,661,000:							
Number of police employees.....	21,892	9,431	4,258	2,324	2,124	2,088	1,667
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.....	2.1	2.8	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.9
Interquartile range.....	1.4-2.1	1.7-3.6	1.3-1.8	1.5-1.9	1.4-1.8	1.4-2.1	1.3-2.2
East South Central: 135 cities; population 4,570,000:							
Number of police employees.....	7,224	2,830	1,583	456	1,070	688	597
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.6
Interquartile range.....	1.3-1.8	1.5-1.6	1.5-1.9	1.4-2.0	1.4-1.7	1.1-1.7	1.2-2.0
West South Central: 258 cities; population 10,174,000:							
Number of police employees.....	13,960	6,889	2,154	1,476	1,311	1,256	874
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4
Interquartile range.....	1.0-1.5	1.2-1.9	1.2-1.4	1.1-1.4	1.0-1.3	0.9-1.5	1.0-1.7
Mountain: 176 cities; population 4,502,000:							
Number of police employees.....	6,719	2,442	605	913	1,190	750	819
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6
Interquartile range.....	1.2-1.8	1.3-1.8	1.9-2.5	1.0-1.6	1.2-1.4	1.0-1.5	1.3-1.9
Pacific: 407 cities; population 14,858,000:							
Number of police employees.....	25,987	12,498	2,503	3,835	2,882	2,666	1,603
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.9
Interquartile range.....	1.3-1.9	1.3-2.3	1.3-1.7	1.2-1.5	1.2-1.6	1.3-1.8	1.4-2.3
Suburban Police and County Sheriff Departments							
Suburban: ³1,770 agencies; population 40,251,000:				Sheriffs: 1,154 agencies; population 32,357,000:			
Number of police employees.....		55,040				32,159	
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants.....		1.4				1.0	
Interquartile range.....		1.0-1.6				0.3-0.9	

¹ Includes civilians.

² Only one city this size in geographic division.

³ Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also included in other city groups.

Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Table 44.—Full-Time Police Department Officers, December 31, 1965, Number and Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups

[1965 estimated population]

Geographic division	TOTAL (3,613 cities; population 109,633,- 000)	Population group					
		Group I (55 cities over 250,000; population 41,822,000)	Group II (92 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,035,000)	Group III (217 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 14,891,000)	Group IV (433 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,061,000)	Group V (974 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 15,016,000)	Group VI (1,842 cities under 10,000; population 9,806,000)
TOTAL: 3,613 cities; population 109,633,000:							
Number of police officers.....	190,005	98,147	19,239	20,191	19,972	19,370	13,086
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.7	2.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3
Rate range.....	0.1-7.5	1.0-3.8	0.8-2.7	0.6-3.2	0.2-3.3	0.1-5.2	0.1-7.5
New England: 331 cities; population 8,216,000:							
Number of police officers.....	14,789	2,495	2,608	3,766	2,801	2,289	830
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.8	3.8	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.1
Rate range.....	0.2-3.8	(1)	2.0-2.7	1.1-2.6	0.9-2.7	0.5-3.0	0.2-3.5
Middle Atlantic: 776 cities; population 24,456,000:							
Number of police officers.....	58,651	39,842	2,930	3,953	4,197	4,710	3,019
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	2.4	3.3	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.3
Rate range.....	0.1-5.7	1.6-3.5	1.3-2.3	0.6-3.2	0.5-3.3	0.1-5.2	0.1-5.7
East North Central: 810 cities; population 23,827,000:							
Number of police officers.....	40,529	22,367	3,297	3,891	4,086	4,016	2,872
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.7	2.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Rate range.....	0.2-4.4	1.0-2.9	1.1-1.7	0.6-2.5	0.7-2.7	0.3-3.1	0.2-4.4
West North Central: 399 cities; population 8,369,000:							
Number of police officers.....	11,099	4,758	1,008	838	1,355	1,683	1,457
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.3	1.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2
Rate range.....	0.3-3.7	1.1-2.8	0.8-1.5	0.6-1.3	0.4-1.5	0.5-2.7	0.3-3.7
South Atlantic: 321 cities; population 10,661,000:							
Number of police officers.....	19,367	8,267	3,706	2,065	1,881	1,931	1,517
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.8	2.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7
Rate range.....	0.3-7.5	1.3-3.6	0.9-2.0	1.0-2.7	0.6-2.0	0.4-3.6	0.3-7.5
East South Central: 135 cities; population 4,570,000:							
Number of police officers.....	6,239	2,366	1,289	411	985	647	541
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4
Rate range.....	0.2-4.2	1.2-1.4	1.1-1.7	1.3-2.0	1.1-1.8	0.6-2.1	0.2-4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 44.—Full-Time Police Department Officers, December 31, 1965, Number and Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups—Continued

(1965 estimated population)

Geographic division	TOTAL (3,613 cities; population 109,833,000)	Population group					
		Group I (55 cities over 250,000; population 41,822,000)	Group II (92 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,035,000)	Group III (217 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 14,891,000)	Group IV (433 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,061,000)	Group V (974 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 15,016,000)	Group VI (1,842 cities under 10,000; population 9,806,000)
West South Central: 258 cities; population 10,174,000:							
Number of police officers.....	12,093	5,900	1,836	1,319	1,171	1,111	756
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.2
Rate range.....	0.3-2.4	1.0-1.8	0.9-1.6	0.6-1.5	0.5-1.4	0.3-2.4	0.4-2.4
Mountain: 176 cities; population 4,502,000:							
Number of police officers.....	5,725	2,037	499	803	1,033	653	700
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.4
Rate range.....	0.2-3.2	1.0-1.5	1.3-2.3	0.9-1.7	0.5-1.6	0.4-2.2	0.2-3.2
Pacific: 407 cities; population 14,858,000:							
Number of police officers.....	21,513	10,115	2,066	3,145	2,463	2,330	1,394
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6
Rate range.....	0.2-3.7	1.0-1.9	1.0-1.7	0.9-1.9	0.2-3.2	0.7-2.5	0.4-3.7

Suburban Police and County Sheriff Departments

Suburban: 2 1,770 agencies; population 40,251,000:		Sheriffs: 1,154 agencies; population 32,357,000:	
Number of police officers.....	48,446	Number of officers.....	27,299
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	1.2	Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants.....	0.8
Rate range.....	0.1-7.5	Rate range.....	0.1-9.7

¹ Only one city this size in geographic division.

² Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also included in other city groups.

Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Table 45.—Civilian Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Percentage of Total by Population Group

Population group	Percentage civilian employees
TOTAL, ALL CITIES	10.7
Group I (over 250,000).....	11.3
(Over 1,000,000).....	9.6
(500,000-1,000,000).....	12.4
(250,000-500,000).....	14.9
Group II (100,000-250,000).....	12.8
Group III (50,000-100,000).....	10.6
Group IV (25,000-50,000).....	9.2
Group V (10,000-25,000).....	7.8
Group VI (2,500-10,000).....	10.2
Suburban agencies.....	12.0
Sheriffs.....	15.1

Table 46.—Number of Police Officers Killed,¹ 1965, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups

Geographic division	TOTAL	Population group						County, State Police and Highway Patrol
		Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	
		Over 250,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	Under 10,000	
TOTAL	83	20	3	2		6	12	40
New England.....	3					1	2	
Middle Atlantic.....	10	3	1	1		1	1	3
East North Central.....	10	5				1	1	3
West North Central.....	3							3
South Atlantic.....	15	2	1				3	9
East South Central.....	9	2	1				1	5
West South Central.....	14	3						9
Mountain.....	7	1				1	3	2
Pacific.....	12	4		1			1	6

¹ 53 killed by felons; 30 killed in accidents.

Table 47.—Assaults on Police Officers, 1965, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups

[4,652 agencies; 1965 estimated population 125,029,000]

Geographic division	Total assaults	Rate per 100 police officers	Assaults with injury	Rate per 100 police officers	Population group	Total assaults	Rate per 100 police officers	Assaults with injury	Rate per 100 police officers
TOTAL	20,523	10.8	6,836	3.6	TOTAL	20,523	10.8	6,836	3.6
New England	1,140	9.7	518	4.4	Group I (Over 250,000)	9,667	11.5	2,917	3.5
Middle Atlantic	5,868	9.5	1,704	2.7	Group II (100,000 to 250,000)	1,763	11.9	684	4.6
East North Central	3,320	9.2	1,049	2.9	Group III (50,000 to 100,000)	2,156	11.7	785	4.2
West North Central	1,021	8.8	462	4.0	Group IV (25,000 to 50,000)	1,857	9.7	651	3.4
South Atlantic	3,585	17.8	1,281	6.4	Group V (10,000 to 25,000)	1,358	10.5	468	3.6
East South Central	1,227	18.3	278	4.2	Suburban agencies ¹	3,759	8.8	1,392	3.2
West South Central	1,898	8.7	314	3.0	Sheriffs	1,507	6.8	568	2.6
Mountain	951	12.9	403	5.5					
Pacific	2,513	10.8	827	3.5					

¹ Agencies and population represented in suburban area are also included in other city groups.

Table 48.—Full-Time State Police and Highway Patrol Employees,
December 31, 1965

State	TOTAL	Police officers	Civilian	Police killed	Miles of primary highway per police officer	State motor vehicle registrations per police officer
Alabama.....	510	433	77		21.8	3,599
Alaska.....	147	107	40		20.0	952
Arizona.....	414	324	90		15.7	2,444
Arkansas.....	333	248	85		48.9	3,521
California.....	4,277	3,135	1,142	1	4.5	3,043
Colorado.....	502	337	165		24.8	3,303
Connecticut.....	771	557	214		2.2	2,412
Delaware.....	284	226	58		2.7	1,039
Florida.....	1,378	694	684	1	15.6	4,110
Georgia.....	743	547	196		30.1	3,457
Idaho.....	175	146	29		32.6	2,874
Illinois.....	1,717	1,179	538		13.5	3,613
Indiana.....	1,065	733	332	1	14.9	3,167
Iowa.....	544	350	194	1	28.3	4,246
Kansas.....	333	250	83		41.2	5,313
Kentucky.....	692	468	224	1	45.1	3,032
Louisiana.....	749	569	180		7.7	2,400
Maine.....	297	246	51		14.8	1,665
Maryland.....	1,078	788	290		2.4	1,770
Massachusetts.....	785	647	138		3.8	3,140
Michigan.....	1,573	1,255	318		7.3	2,995
Minnesota.....	472	377	95		31.6	4,744
Mississippi.....	618	462	156	2	23.1	1,884
Missouri.....	1,000	538	462		18.3	3,775
Montana.....	197	143	54		41.2	2,980
Nebraska.....	296	245	51		38.2	3,397
Nevada.....	71	56	15		37.3	4,386
New Hampshire.....	157	134	23		14.0	2,344
New Jersey.....	1,403	1,145	258		1.7	2,499
New Mexico.....	306	230	76		45.0	2,206
New York.....	2,909	2,588	321	2	5.2	2,213
North Carolina.....	891	698	193		18.6	2,909
North Dakota.....	92	78	14		81.1	4,934
Ohio.....	1,395	846	549		21.8	5,521
Oklahoma.....	569	313	256		37.6	4,410
Oregon.....	651	556	95		8.6	1,916
Pennsylvania.....	2,641	2,285	356		6.6	2,108
Rhode Island.....	152	127	25		7.6	3,068
South Carolina.....	481	429	52		21.8	2,400
South Dakota.....	147	108	39		70.9	3,613
Tennessee.....	888	631	257		13.9	2,481
Texas.....	2,430	1,374	1,056	3	44.4	3,866
Utah.....	234	226	8		24.4	2,233
Vermont.....	190	123	67		18.3	1,368
Virginia.....	1,074	765	309		11.3	2,231
Washington.....	737	421	316		10.0	3,757
West Virginia.....	410	312	98	1	16.4	2,116
Wisconsin.....	416	232	184		50.3	7,767
Wyoming.....	98	87	11		63.1	2,568

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
ALABAMA				CALIFORNIA—Con.			
Bessemer.....	51	50	1	La Habra.....	50	38	12
Birmingham.....	542	482	60	La Mesa.....	37	34	3
Decatur.....	44	40	4	Livermore.....	26	21	5
Dothan.....	60	58	2	Lodi.....	42	42
Florence.....	58	53	5	Long Beach.....	704	599	105
Gadsden.....	81	78	3	Los Angeles.....	6,613	5,181	1,432
Huntsville.....	203	155	48	Lynwood.....	45	39	6
Mobile.....	321	256	65	Manhattan Beach.....	50	40	10
Montgomery.....	227	192	35	Menlo Park.....	37	37
Selma.....	42	41	1	Modesto.....	79	65	14
Tuscaloosa.....	101	95	6	Monrovia.....	51	44	7
ALASKA				Montebello.....	58	52	6
Anchorage.....	92	70	22	Monterey.....	51	39	12
ARIZONA				Monterey Park.....	60	51	9
Flagstaff.....	32	29	3	Mountain View.....	61	58	3
Glendale.....	41	38	3	Napa.....	43	36	7
Mesa.....	55	49	6	National City.....	55	46	9
Phoenix.....	798	677	121	Newport Beach.....	97	75	22
Scottsdale.....	59	50	9	Novato.....	25	21	4
Tempe.....	42	38	4	Oakland.....	835	638	197
Tucson.....	349	266	83	Oceanside.....	55	49	6
Yuma.....	42	41	1	Ontario.....	77	68	9
ARKANSAS				Orange.....	82	68	14
Blytheville.....	23	22	1	Oxnard.....	80	73	7
El Dorado.....	35	29	6	Pacifica.....	25	19	6
Fort Smith.....	98	92	6	Palo Alto.....	82	76	6
Hot Springs.....	44	43	1	Pasadena.....	214	176	38
Little Rock.....	196	177	19	Pleasant Hill.....	11	11
North Little Rock.....	99	94	5	Pomona.....	105	91	14
Pine Bluff.....	62	59	3	Redlands.....	56	49	7
CALIFORNIA				Redondo Beach.....	68	57	11
Alameda.....	81	74	7	Redwood City.....	73	64	9
Alhambra.....	90	74	16	Richmond.....	168	138	30
Anaheim.....	255	207	48	Riverside.....	173	137	36
Arcadia.....	74	64	10	Sacramento.....	445	372	73
Azusa.....	49	44	5	Salinas.....	91	71	20
Bakersfield.....	164	128	36	San Bernardino.....	214	171	43
Baldwin Park.....	53	41	12	San Bruno.....	39	32	7
Berkeley.....	166	153	13	San Diego.....	853	721	132
Beverly Hills.....	94	87	7	San Francisco.....	2,035	1,786	249
Buena Park.....	86	65	21	San Gabriel.....	42	36	6
Burbank.....	166	137	29	San Jose.....	388	357	31
Burlingame.....	39	30	9	San Leandro.....	81	62	19
Chula Vista.....	70	57	13	San Luis Obispo.....	40	37	3
Compton.....	130	102	28	San Mateo.....	100	83	17
Concord.....	83	63	20	San Rafael.....	53	40	13
Costa Mesa.....	96	74	22	Santa Ana.....	201	151	50
Covina.....	41	34	7	Santa Clara.....	92	80	12
Culver City.....	65	57	8	Santa Cruz.....	51	44	7
Daly City.....	64	55	9	Santa Maria.....	44	38	6
Downey.....	106	87	19	Santa Monica.....	163	125	38
El Cajon.....	56	44	12	Santa Rosa.....	50	48	2
El Cerrito.....	37	31	6	South Gate.....	84	77	7
El Monte.....	74	56	18	South San Francisco.....	51	41	10
Eureka.....	43	37	6	Stockton.....	179	155	24
Fairfield.....	32	27	5	Sunnyvale.....	102	79	23
Fremont.....	90	76	14	Torrance.....	179	149	30
Fresno.....	289	225	64	Upland.....	32	25	7
Fullerton.....	127	100	27	Vallejo.....	86	73	13
Gardena.....	64	54	10	Ventura.....	62	54	8
Garden Grove.....	137	112	25	West Covina.....	72	56	16
Glendale.....	168	134	34	Westminster.....	58	46	12
Glendora.....	33	29	4	Whittier.....	89	71	18
Hawthorne.....	54	48	6	COLORADO			
Hayward.....	99	84	15	Arvada.....	34	27	7
Huntington Beach.....	89	72	17	Aurora.....	64	57	7
Huntington Park.....	50	45	5	Boulder.....	58	58
Inglewood.....	126	95	31	Colorado Springs.....	146	126	20
				Denver.....	981	819	162
				Englewood.....	43	40	3
				Fort Collins.....	34	26	8
				Greeley.....	46	36	10
				Pueblo.....	137	121	16

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
CONNECTICUT				GEORGIA—Con.			
Bridgeport.....	391	374	17	Rome.....	56	52	4
Bristol.....	62	57	5	Savannah.....	203	168	35
Danbury.....	65	65	—	Valdosta.....	40	39	1
East Hartford.....	76	73	3	HAWAII			
Enfield.....	39	37	2	Hilo.....	93	83	10
Fairfield.....	68	66	2	Honolulu.....	766	648	118
Greenwich.....	134	114	20	IDAHO			
Hamden.....	78	75	3	Boise.....	94	88	6
Hartford.....	385	348	37	Idaho Falls.....	67	58	9
Manchester				Pocatello.....	58	46	12
Township.....	57	55	2	ILLINOIS			
Meriden.....	91	81	10	Alton.....	49	42	7
Middletown.....	53	51	2	Arlington Heights.....	44	37	7
Milford Town.....	90	86	4	Aurora.....	93	84	9
New Britain.....	164	150	14	Belleville.....	47	42	5
New Haven.....	427	408	19	Berwyn.....	63	58	5
New London.....	75	72	3	Bloomington.....	49	44	5
Norwalk.....	143	128	15	Calumet City.....	26	23	3
Norwich.....	49	45	4	Champaign.....	58	56	2
Southington Town.....	28	28	—	Chicago.....	11,745	10,269	1,476
Stamford.....	218	208	10	Chicago Heights.....	59	50	9
Stratford.....	81	76	5	Cicero.....	101	99	2
Torrington.....	48	47	1	Danville.....	47	39	8
Trumbull.....	30	29	1	Decatur.....	82	69	13
Wallingford.....	38	38	—	Des Plaines.....	55	53	2
Waterbury.....	235	225	10	East St. Louis.....	104	90	14
West Hartford.....	107	99	8	Elgin.....	72	54	18
West Haven.....	74	73	1	Elmhurst.....	53	49	4
Westport.....	41	39	2	Evanston.....	141	109	32
DELAWARE				Evergreen Park.....	28	26	2
Wilmington.....	254	223	31	Freeport.....	34	30	4
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA				Galesburg.....	42	36	6
Washington.....	3,159	2,911	248	Granite City.....	41	41	—
FLORIDA				Harvey.....	35	35	—
Clearwater.....	98	71	27	Highland Park.....	42	35	7
Coral Gables.....	101	82	19	Joliet.....	80	75	5
Daytona Beach.....	116	87	29	Lombard.....	31	24	7
Fort Lauderdale.....	301	241	60	Maywood.....	39	39	—
Fort Myers.....	55	43	12	Moline.....	54	47	7
Fort Pierce.....	52	35	17	Morton Grove.....	33	30	3
Gainesville.....	84	71	13	Mount Prospect.....	31	26	5
Hialeah.....	108	95	13	Niles.....	43	39	4
Jacksonville.....	474	393	81	North Chicago.....	20	18	2
Key West.....	39	37	2	Oak Lawn.....	52	49	3
Lakeland.....	104	85	19	Oak Park.....	90	72	18
Miami.....	869	633	236	Park Forest.....	26	21	5
Miami Beach.....	267	205	62	Park Ridge.....	42	39	3
North Miami.....	55	47	8	Pekin.....	33	32	1
North Miami Beach.....	45	42	3	Peoria.....	196	178	18
Orlando.....	197	164	33	Quincy.....	55	52	3
Panama City.....	44	37	7	Rockford.....	190	166	24
Pensacola.....	119	106	13	Rock Island.....	87	71	16
St. Petersburg.....	330	252	78	Skokie.....	120	107	13
Sarasota.....	61	52	9	Springfield.....	115	92	23
Tallahassee.....	95	88	7	Urbana.....	29	26	3
Tampa.....	677	526	151	Villa Park.....	25	21	4
GEORGIA				Waukegan.....	70	63	7
Albany.....	80	79	1	Wheaton.....	30	27	3
Atlanta.....	888	765	123	Wilmette.....	41	33	8
Augusta.....	169	136	23	INDIANA			
College Park.....	31	31	—	Anderson.....	106	92	14
Columbus.....	192	179	13	Bloomington.....	53	41	12
Decatur.....	30	27	3	East Chicago.....	141	135	6
La Grange.....	44	43	1	Elkhart.....	83	70	13
Macon.....	166	163	3	Evansville.....	240	224	16
Marietta.....	51	45	6	Fort Wayne.....	259	251	8
				Gary.....	294	255	39
				Hammond.....	179	164	15

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
INDIANA—Con.				MASSACHUSETTS			
Indianapolis.....	1,027	916	111	Arlington.....	91	82	9
Kokomo.....	83	82	1	Attleboro.....	41	40	1
Lafayette.....	66	65	1	Belmont.....	51	47	4
Marion.....	53	52	1	Beverly.....	61	58	3
Michigan City.....	62	58	4	Boston.....	2,696	2,495	201
Mishawaka.....	51	48	3	Braintree.....	58	54	4
Muncie.....	111	104	7	Brockton.....	149	143	6
New Albany.....	43	43	—	Brookline.....	149	142	7
Richmond.....	64	60	4	Cambridge.....	240	230	10
South Bend.....	211	202	9	Chelsea.....	76	72	4
Terre Haute.....	116	109	7	Chicopee.....	97	94	3
IOWA				Everett.....	120	117	3
Ames.....	35	32	3	Fall River.....	258	236	22
Burlington.....	41	32	9	Fitchburg.....	81	74	7
Cedar Falls.....	27	24	3	Frammingham.....	82	80	2
Cedar Rapids.....	138	121	17	Gloucester.....	54	52	2
Clinton.....	38	35	3	Haverhill.....	77	74	3
Council Bluffs.....	60	58	2	Holyoke.....	114	112	2
Davenport.....	115	110	5	Lawrence.....	139	130	9
Des Moines.....	256	231	25	Leominster.....	41	39	2
Dubuque.....	68	63	5	Lexington.....	37	35	2
Iowa City.....	44	27	17	Lowell.....	194	181	13
Mason City.....	44	34	10	Malden.....	124	124	—
Ottumwa.....	34	32	2	Medford.....	116	112	4
Sioux City.....	130	100	30	Melrose.....	55	53	2
Waterloo.....	106	94	12	Milton.....	55	54	1
KANSAS				Natick.....	51	48	3
Hutchinson.....	42	36	6	Needham.....	43	42	1
Kansas City.....	242	192	50	New Bedford.....	249	234	15
Lawrence.....	42	34	8	Newton.....	166	160	6
Leavenworth.....	24	23	1	Northampton.....	43	43	—
Overland Park.....	41	34	7	Norwood.....	42	42	—
Prairie Village.....	32	30	2	Pittsfield.....	89	84	5
Salina.....	49	40	9	Quincy.....	178	165	13
Topeka.....	169	142	27	Revere.....	100	95	5
Wichita.....	392	310	82	Salem.....	81	76	5
KENTUCKY				Somerville.....	155	148	7
Bowling Green.....	46	45	1	Wakefield.....	38	37	1
Covington.....	98	88	10	Waltham.....	102	100	2
Lexington.....	176	150	26	Watertown.....	78	74	4
Louisville.....	644	542	102	Wellesley.....	40	38	2
Newport.....	67	54	13	Westfield.....	45	43	2
Owensboro.....	80	78	2	West Springfield.....	54	53	1
Paducah.....	59	57	2	Weymouth.....	84	82	2
LOUISIANA				Woburn.....	44	44	—
Alexandria.....	55	53	2	Worcester.....	416	362	54
Baton Rouge.....	308	271	37	MICHIGAN			
Bossier City.....	38	38	—	Allen Park.....	52	49	3
Houma.....	46	42	4	Ann Arbor.....	122	107	15
Lake Charles.....	49	47	2	Battle Creek.....	79	64	15
Monroe.....	83	71	12	Bay City.....	88	83	5
New Iberia.....	32	31	1	Birmingham.....	45	38	7
New Orleans.....	1,249	1,087	162	Dearborn.....	201	179	22
Shreveport.....	254	222	32	Dearborn Heights.....	61	58	3
MAINE				Detroit.....	4,841	4,401	440
Auburn.....	33	32	1	East Detroit.....	54	46	8
Bangor.....	58	48	10	East Lansing.....	30	28	2
Lewiston.....	62	55	7	Ferndale.....	47	41	6
Portland.....	127	111	16	Flint.....	410	324	86
MARYLAND				Garden City.....	38	35	3
Baltimore.....	3,365	3,003	362	Grand Rapids.....	267	226	41
Cumberland.....	63	59	4	Hamtramck.....	81	73	8
Hagerstown.....	68	65	3	Highland Park.....	115	100	15
				Holland.....	38	32	6
				Inkster.....	40	38	2
				Jackson.....	85	74	11
				Kalamazoo.....	151	124	27
				Lansing.....	216	187	29
				Lincoln Park.....	66	63	3
				Livonia.....	93	83	10
				Madison Heights.....	38	34	4
				Midland.....	31	28	3
				Monroe.....	39	38	1

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
MICHIGAN—Con.				NEVADA			
Mount Clemens.....	32	30	2	Las Vegas.....	295	248	47
Muskegon.....	87	72	15	North Las Vegas.....	52	50	2
Oak Park.....	67	59	8	Reno.....	180	144	36
Pontiac.....	140	116	24	NEW HAMPSHIRE			
Port Huron.....	59	49	10	Concord.....	46	42	4
Roseville.....	56	53	3	Manchester.....	122	115	7
Royal Oak.....	106	91	15	Nashua.....	76	69	7
Saginaw.....	157	140	17	Portsmouth.....	41	40	1
St. Clair Shores.....	80	76	4	NEW JERSEY			
Southfield.....	59	46	13	Atlantic City.....	230	192	38
Warren.....	171	154	17	Bayonne.....	187	169	18
Wyandotte.....	65	58	7	Belleville.....	65	65	
Wyoming.....	58	51	7	Bergenfield.....	39	39	
MINNESOTA				Bloomfield.....	106	102	4
Austin.....	37	35	2	Camden.....	256	239	17
Bloomington.....	50	47	3	Cherry Hill.....	55	48	7
Brooklyn Center.....	24	20	4	Clifton.....	123	115	8
Coon Rapids.....	17	16	1	Cranford Township.....	41	40	1
Crystal.....	25	24	1	East Brunswick Township.....	29	26	3
Duluth.....	134	121	13	East Orange.....	168	164	4
Edina.....	32	28	4	Edison.....	84	80	4
Mankato.....	36	34	2	Elizabeth.....	273	256	17
Minneapolis.....	792	725	67	Englewood.....	59	59	
Minnetonka.....	13	13		Ewing Township.....	30	28	2
Moorhead.....	23	23		Fair Lawn.....	47	45	2
Richfield.....	36	34	2	Fort Lee.....	45	45	
Rochester.....	72	72		Garfield.....	48	46	2
St. Cloud.....	42	40	2	Hamilton Township.....	98	93	5
St. Louis Park.....	41	39	2	Hoboken.....	156	154	2
St. Paul.....	474	414	60	Irvington.....	111	103	8
Winona.....	38	37	1	Jersey City.....	921	828	93
MISSISSIPPI				Kearny.....	120	119	1
Greenville.....	75	60	15	Linden.....	119	116	3
Gulfport.....	46	45	1	Livingston.....	42	41	1
Hattiesburg.....	53	46	7	Lodi.....	39	38	1
Jackson.....	328	267	61	Long Branch.....	48	46	2
Laurel.....	51	46	5	Madison Township.....	39	39	
Natchez.....	54	54		Middletown Town-ship.....	40	37	3
Vicksburg.....	45	42	3	Montclair.....	97	89	8
MISSOURI				Neptune Township.....	41	41	
Columbia.....	58	51	7	Newark.....	1,674	1,401	273
Ferguson.....	30	29	1	New Brunswick.....	89	86	3
Florissant.....	62	52	10	North Bergen Township.....	115	105	10
Independence.....	94	84	10	Nutley.....	53	51	2
Jefferson City.....	37	37		Orange.....	82	81	1
Joplin.....	63	54	9	Paramus.....	64	61	3
Kansas City.....	1,174	897	277	Parsippany-Troy Hills.....	37	37	
Kirkwood.....	43	36	7	Passaic.....	132	120	12
Overland.....	32	26	6	Paterson.....	343	316	27
St. Joseph.....	108	94	14	Pennsauken.....	46	39	7
St. Louis.....	2,582	1,987	595	Perth Amboy.....	109	95	14
Sedalia.....	31	31		Piscataway Township.....	36	36	
Springfield.....	123	117	6	Plainfield.....	99	90	9
University City.....	59	55	4	Rahway.....	66	63	3
Webster Groves.....	34	29	5	Ridgewood.....	40	39	1
MONTANA				Sayreville.....	33	30	3
Billings.....	76	70	6	Teaneck Township.....	62	60	2
Butte.....	36	36		Trenton.....	275	251	24
Great Falls.....	70	63	7	Union City.....	122	101	21
Missoula.....	42	35	7	Union Township.....	91	90	1
NEBRASKA				Vineland.....	48	47	1
Grand Island.....	37	37		Westfield.....	52	51	1
Omaha.....	490	425	65	West New York.....	81	81	
				West Orange.....	87	85	2
				Woodbridge Town-ship.....	128	115	13

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
NEW MEXICO				NORTH DAKOTA			
Alamogordo.....	19	14	5	Bismarck.....	42	38	4
Albuquerque.....	314	275	39	Fargo.....	87	75	12
Carlsbad.....	38	32	6	Grand Forks.....	52	48	4
Clovis.....	37	30	7	Minot.....	44	41	3
Farmington.....	44	34	10	OHIO			
Hobbs.....	33	33	—	Akron.....	309	295	14
Las Cruces.....	40	40	—	Alliance.....	39	34	5
Roswell.....	60	60	—	Ashtabula.....	34	30	4
Santa Fe.....	59	52	7	Barberton.....	34	33	1
NEW YORK				Canton.....	178	166	12
Albany.....	259	221	38	Chillicothe.....	33	31	2
Amherst.....	72	69	3	Cincinnati.....	963	859	104
Amsterdam.....	39	38	1	Cleveland.....	2,295	2,040	255
Auburn.....	63	59	4	Cleveland Heights.....	68	65	3
Binghamton.....	146	136	10	Columbus.....	823	687	136
Brighton.....	36	32	4	Cuyahoga Falls.....	49	47	2
Buffalo.....	1,538	1,316	222	Dayton.....	434	378	56
Cheektowaga.....	79	75	4	East Cleveland.....	72	65	7
Clarkstown.....	47	47	—	Elyria.....	44	41	3
Colonie Town.....	33	33	—	Euclid.....	96	84	12
Elmira.....	97	96	1	Fairborn.....	33	30	3
Freeport.....	64	60	4	Findlay.....	36	30	6
Garden City.....	56	56	—	Hamilton.....	97	94	3
Glen Cove.....	46	41	5	Kettering.....	41	39	2
Greece.....	40	37	3	Lakewood.....	72	68	4
Greenburgh.....	78	74	4	Lancaster.....	37	35	2
Hempstead.....	67	66	1	Lima.....	78	69	9
Irondequoit.....	41	40	1	Lorain.....	71	70	1
Ithaca.....	53	47	6	Mansfield.....	74	71	3
Jamestown.....	81	70	11	Maple Heights.....	38	38	—
Kingston.....	55	53	2	Marion.....	42	40	2
Lackawanna.....	65	64	1	Massillon.....	35	32	3
Lockport.....	45	42	3	Mentor.....	24	21	3
Mount Pleasant.....	24	24	—	Middletown.....	78	71	7
Mount Vernon.....	195	180	15	Norwood.....	45	45	—
Newburgh.....	59	57	2	Portsmouth.....	53	52	1
New Rochelle.....	179	155	24	Sandusky.....	46	42	4
New York.....	28,671	27,001	1,670	South Euclid.....	39	34	5
Niagara Falls.....	189	171	18	Springfield.....	121	112	9
North Tonawanda.....	40	39	1	Toledo.....	643	603	40
Orangetown.....	42	41	1	Upper Arlington.....	28	26	2
Port Chester.....	58	53	5	Warren.....	77	75	2
Poughkeepsie.....	84	81	3	Whitehall.....	34	31	3
Ramapo.....	35	35	—	Youngstown.....	361	278	23
Rochester.....	590	509	81	Zanesville.....	42	31	11
Rome.....	62	57	5	OKLAHOMA			
Schenectady.....	162	151	11	Bartlesville.....	41	37	4
Syracuse.....	460	389	71	Enid.....	55	47	8
Tonawanda Town.....	83	81	2	Lawton.....	75	74	1
Troy.....	143	135	8	Midwest City.....	37	32	5
Utica.....	199	185	14	Muskogee.....	54	47	7
Watertown.....	62	58	4	Norman.....	41	38	3
West Seneca.....	38	38	—	Oklahoma City.....	407	357	50
White Plains.....	157	154	3	Stillwater.....	32	31	1
Yonkers.....	440	410	30	Tulsa.....	340	284	56
NORTH CAROLINA				OREGON			
Asheville.....	120	114	6	Corvallis.....	31	27	4
Burlington.....	58	53	5	Eugene.....	107	90	17
Durham.....	131	121	10	Medford.....	49	42	7
Fayetteville.....	85	78	7	Portland.....	838	699	139
Gastonia.....	70	67	3	Salem.....	98	65	33
Goldsboro.....	46	46	—	PENNSYLVANIA			
Greensboro.....	249	226	23	Abington Township.....	61	61	—
Greenville.....	40	38	2	Aliquippa.....	29	29	—
High Point.....	109	104	5	Allentown.....	176	151	25
Kannapolis.....	28	28	—	Altoona.....	103	91	12
Kinston.....	60	53	7	Baldwin Borough.....	25	21	4
Raleigh.....	182	153	29				
Rocky Mount.....	63	58	5				
Wilmington.....	89	72	17				
Wilson.....	42	41	1				
Winston-Salem.....	213	186	27				

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
PENNSYLVANIA—Continued				TENNESSEE—Con.			
Bensalem Township	28	25	3	Knoxville	285	226	59
Bethlehem	117	108	9	Memphis	991	798	193
Bristol Township	57	50	7	Morristown	29	29	
Cheltenham Township	60	55	5	Nashville	653	544	109
Chester	108	82	26	Oak Ridge	41	38	3
Easton	57	53	4	TEXAS			
Erie	193	182	11	Abilene	133	116	17
Falls Township	32	31	1	Amarillo	209	174	35
Harrisburg	157	151	6	Arlington	64	62	2
Haverford Township	60	57	3	Austin	347	248	99
Johnstown	90	77	13	Baytown	47	41	6
Lancaster	91	87	4	Beaumont	138	121	17
Lebanon	42	41	1	Big Spring	47	40	7
Lower Merion Township	121	115	6	Brownsville	80	51	29
Millcreek Township	28	22	6	Bryan	31	29	2
Mount Lebanon Township	46	42	4	Corpus Christi	265	237	28
Norristown	62	60	2	Dallas	1,532	1,330	202
North Huntingdon Township	14	14		Denison	32	27	5
Penn Hills Township	48	44	4	Denton	39	33	6
Philadelphia	7,815	7,194	621	El Paso	402	345	57
Pittsburgh	1,638	1,593	45	Fort Worth	589	507	82
Pottstown	29	28	1	Galveston	84	75	9
Radnor Township	48	44	4	Grand Prairie	38	34	4
Reading	191	159	32	Haltom City	29	25	4
Shaler Township	21	21		Harlingen	38	27	11
Springfield Township	23	19	4	Houston	1,578	1,318	260
State College	29	24	5	Irving	56	48	8
Upper Darby Township	166	138	28	Killeen	35	30	5
West Mifflin	27	27		Kingsville	29	29	
Wilkes-Barre	104	103	1	Laredo	52	52	
Wilkinsburg	41	34	7	Longview	57	54	3
Williamsport	59	57	2	Lubbock	184	174	10
York	84	82	2	Marshall	33	33	
RHODE ISLAND				McAllen	22	21	1
Cranston	105	99	6	Mesquite	46	40	6
East Providence	86	81	5	Midland	96	87	9
Newport	85	79	6	Odessa	117	96	21
Pawtucket	154	141	13	Orange	36	34	2
Providence	521	449	72	Pampa	25	17	8
Warwick	133	121	12	Pasadena	81	71	10
Woonsocket	103	98	5	Port Arthur	87	81	6
SOUTH CAROLINA				Richardson	38	33	5
Anderson	50	50		San Angelo	91	77	14
Charleston	140	118	22	San Antonio	792	672	120
Columbia	166	144	22	Sherman	33	29	4
Florence	48	45	3	Temple	43	40	3
Rock Hill	56	53	3	Texas City	31	29	2
Spartanburg	83	69	14	Tyler	69	66	3
Sumter	39	37	2	Victoria	49	36	13
SOUTH DAKOTA				Waco	122	100	22
Aberdeen	32	29	3	Wichita Falls	131	112	19
Rapid City	49	46	3	UTAH			
Sioux Falls	96	85	11	Ogden	88	76	12
TENNESSEE				Provo	47	43	4
Chattanooga	219	193	26	Salt Lake City	310	251	59
Jackson	64	62	2	VERMONT			
Johnson City	45	38	7	Burlington	48	43	5
Kingsport	60	49	11	VIRGINIA			
				Alexandria	173	144	29
				Arlington	223	196	27
				Charlottesville	62	60	2
				Chesapeake	100	95	5
				Danville	105	95	10
				Hampton	114	97	17
				Lynchburg	96	89	7

Table 49.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees			City by state	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians		Total	Police officers	Civilians
VIRGINIA—Con.				WISCONSIN			
Newport News.....	148	138	10	Appleton.....	79	75	4
Norfolk.....	473	429	44	Beloit.....	55	52	3
Petersburg.....	43	40	3	Eau Claire.....	63	51	12
Portsmouth.....	167	155	12	Fond du Lac.....	52	45	7
Richmond.....	477	441	36	Green Bay.....	131	116	15
Roanoke.....	151	143	8	Janesville.....	56	53	3
Virginia Beach.....	132	123	9	Kenosha.....	129	115	14
WASHINGTON				La Crosse.....	75	69	6
Bellingham.....	49	40	9	Madison.....	244	203	41
Bremerton.....	50	48	2	Manitowoc.....	57	53	4
Everett.....	77	70	7	Milwaukee.....	2,049	1,919	130
Longview.....	30	30	0	Oshkosh.....	70	67	3
Richland.....	37	32	5	Racine.....	166	156	10
Seattle.....	1,047	897	150	Sheboygan.....	85	81	4
Spokane.....	270	234	36	Superior.....	61	60	1
Tacoma.....	237	217	20	Waukesha.....	63	60	3
Vancouver.....	56	54	2	Wausau.....	49	49	0
Walla Walla.....	41	32	9	Wauwatosa.....	88	78	10
Yakima.....	78	67	11	West Allis.....	129	111	18
WEST VIRGINIA				WYOMING			
Charleston.....	149	140	9	Casper.....	50	42	8
Huntington.....	103	96	7	Cheyenne.....	80	54	26
Parkersburg.....	52	44	8	Canal Zone.....	330	262	68
Wheeling.....	93	91	2	Guam.....	139	130	9
				Puerto Rico.....	5,448	4,765	683

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
ALABAMA		CALIFORNIA		CALIFORNIA—Continued	
Alexander City.....	21	Albany.....	22	Holtville.....	12
Auburn.....	25	Alturas.....	5	Huron.....	4
Boaz.....	12	Anderson.....	10	Imperial.....	10
Brighton.....	4	Antioch.....	29	Imperial Beach.....	18
Chickasaw.....	15	Arcata.....	13	Indio.....	28
Fairfield.....	20	Arroyo Grande.....	9	Ione.....	3
Fairhope.....	7	Arvin.....	6	Isleton.....	3
Fort Payne.....	20	Atherton.....	16	Jackson.....	4
Graysville.....	5	Atwater.....	15	Kensington.....	9
Guntersville.....	15	Auburn.....	15	Kerman.....	4
Hartselle.....	9	Banning.....	21	King City.....	10
Homewood.....	25	Barstow.....	32	Kingsburg.....	9
Hueytown.....	5	Beaumont.....	9	Laguna Beach.....	31
Lafayette.....	9	Bell.....	27	Lakeport.....	5
Leeds.....	7	Belmont.....	25	La Palma.....	6
Marion.....	6	Belvedere.....	5	Larkspur.....	10
Midfield.....	11	Benicia.....	14	La Verne.....	17
Mountain Brook.....	25	Biggs.....	2	Lemoore.....	9
Northport.....	13	Bishop.....	10	Lindsay.....	12
Oneonta.....	8	Blythe.....	22	Livingston.....	6
Oxford.....	6	Brea.....	22	Lompoc.....	34
Prattville.....	10	Brentwood.....	5	Los Altos.....	26
Saraland.....	11	Broadmoor.....	8	Los Gatos.....	23
Sheffield.....	17	Calxico.....	20	Madera.....	27
Tallassee.....	7	Calistoga.....	5	Manteca.....	16
Troy.....	23	Campbell.....	26	Martinez.....	19
Tuscumbia.....	16	Carlsbad.....	18	Marysville.....	28
ALASKA		Carmel.....	14	Maywood.....	25
Fairbanks.....	37	Ceres.....	9	McFarland.....	7
Ketchikan.....	15	Chico.....	33	Mendota.....	6
Kodiak.....	11	Chino.....	22	Merced.....	38
Sitka.....	11	Chowchilla.....	11	Millbrae.....	23
Valdez.....	2	Claremont.....	26	Mill Valley.....	16
ARIZONA		Cloverdale.....	8	Milpitas.....	22
Avondale.....	11	Coalinga.....	15	Montclair.....	31
Bisbee.....	18	Colfax.....	3	Morro Bay.....	11
Casa Grande.....	19	Colma.....	1	Needles.....	10
Chandler.....	28	Colton.....	31	Newark.....	21
Douglas.....	18	Colusa.....	7	Newman.....	4
Globe.....	9	Corcoran.....	12	Ojai.....	13
Holbrook.....	12	Corning.....	6	Orange Cove.....	8
Huachuca.....	3	Coronado.....	22	Oriand.....	8
Nogales.....	19	Corte Madera.....	10	Oroville.....	25
Page.....	7	Cotati.....	3	Pacific Grove.....	18
Peoria.....	4	Crescent City.....	7	Palm Springs.....	66
Prescott.....	25	Cypress.....	25	Palos Verdes Estates.....	19
Safford.....	8	Davis.....	19	Parlier.....	4
Sierra Vista.....	8	Desert Hot Springs.....	7	Paso Robles.....	17
Tolleson.....	5	Dinuba.....	13	Patterson.....	4
Williams.....	9	Dixon.....	7	Perris.....	8
Winslow.....	18	Dos Palos.....	5	Petaluma.....	24
ARKANSAS		Dunsmuir.....	9	Piedmont.....	20
Arkadelphia.....	9	El Centro.....	40	Pinole.....	15
Batesville.....	6	Elsinore.....	10	Pismo Beach.....	10
Booneville.....	3	Emeryville.....	22	Pittsburg.....	31
Caenden.....	17	Escalon.....	5	Placentia.....	22
Harrison.....	6	Escondido.....	37	Placerville.....	13
Hope.....	12	Fillmore.....	8	Pleasanton.....	13
Jacksonville.....	12	Folsom.....	11	Port Hueneme.....	20
Mena.....	4	Fontana.....	26	Portola.....	3
Monticello.....	7	Fort Bragg.....	10	Red Bluff.....	18
Nashville.....	4	Fort Jones.....	1	Redding.....	39
Paragould.....	14	Fortuna.....	7	Reedley.....	13
Piggott.....	3	Galt.....	4	Rialto.....	29
Russellville.....	8	Gilroy.....	19	Rio Dell.....	3
Siloam Springs.....	10	Gonzales.....	5	Rio Vista.....	5
Springdale.....	16	Grass Valley.....	15	Ripon.....	6
Stuttgart.....	12	Gridley.....	8	Riverbank.....	6
Van Buren.....	8	Grover City.....	6	Rocklin.....	3
Walnut Ridge.....	8	Guadalupe.....	6	Rohnert Park.....	5
West Memphis.....	34	Half Moon Bay.....	6	Roseville.....	26
		Hanford.....	28	Ross.....	4
		Hemet.....	17	St. Helena.....	7
		Hermosa Beach.....	32	San Anselmo.....	17
		Hillsborough.....	18	San Carlos.....	32
		Hollister.....	14		

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
CALIFORNIA—Continued		CONNECTICUT		FLORIDA—Con.	
San Clemente.....	27	Avon.....	6	Miami Shores.....	31
San Fernando.....	36	Bethel.....	8	Miramar.....	15
Sanger.....	14	Bloomfield.....	22	Naples.....	20
San Jacinto.....	8	Branford.....	26	Neptune Beach.....	4
San Marino.....	28	Cheshire.....	17	New Port Richey.....	7
San Pablo.....	36	Clinton.....	7	New Smyrna Beach.....	22
Santa Paula.....	29	Danielson.....	6	North Palm Beach.....	9
Sausalito.....	20	Derby.....	18	Ocala.....	39
Seal Beach.....	37	Farmington.....	20	Ormond Beach.....	23
Seaside.....	30	Glastonbury.....	16	Palatka.....	16
Sebastopol.....	11	Granby.....	3	Palm Bay.....	7
Selma.....	14	Groton Borough.....	24	Palm Beach.....	58
Shafter.....	11	Madison.....	8	Palm Springs.....	5
Sierra Madre.....	16	Monroe.....	19	Pinellas Park.....	20
Soledad.....	5	Naugatuck.....	33	Plantation.....	21
Sonora.....	9	New Canaan.....	28	Pompano Beach.....	59
South Pasadena.....	34	Newington.....	23	Port St. Joe.....	5
Stanton.....	32	North Haven.....	29	Quincy.....	27
Suisun City.....	5	Old Saybrook.....	10	Rockledge.....	8
Susanville.....	10	Orange.....	17	Safety Harbor.....	4
Taft.....	11	Plainville.....	17	St. Cloud.....	8
Tehachapi.....	7	Putnam.....	9	St. Petersburg Beach.....	18
Tracy.....	24	Rocky Hill.....	8	Sanford.....	28
Tulare.....	27	Shelton.....	26	Sebring.....	15
Turlock.....	18	Simsbury.....	9	South Miami.....	27
Tustin.....	16	Sprague.....	1	Starke.....	12
Ukiah.....	21	Stonington.....	21	Stuart.....	11
University of California.....	41	Vernon.....	23	Surfside.....	18
Vacaville.....	23	Waterford.....	15	Tarpon Springs.....	13
Vernon.....	62	Watertown.....	17	Temple Terrace.....	13
Victorville.....	13	Wethersfield.....	31	Treasure Island.....	11
Visalia.....	37	Wilton.....	11	West Miami.....	9
Walnut Creek.....	50	Winsted.....	12	Winter Haven.....	39
Wasco.....	12	Wolcott.....	14	Zephyrhills.....	8
Watsonville.....	30	Woodbridge.....	11		
Weed.....	6				
Williams.....	4	DELAWARE		GEORGIA	
Willits.....	10	Dover.....	29	Americus.....	22
Willows.....	8	Milford.....	14	Barnesville.....	8
Winters.....	4	Newark.....	23	Calhoun.....	8
Woodlake.....	4	New Castle.....	5	Canton.....	7
Woodland.....	28	Seafor.....	8	Carrollton.....	19
Yreka.....	10	Smyrna.....	7	Cordele.....	17
Yuba City.....	25			Dalton.....	21
COLORADO		FLORIDA		Elberton.....	15
Alamosa.....	10	Apalachicola.....	4	Gainesville.....	33
Brighton.....	10	Apopka.....	11	Garden City.....	4
Broomfield.....	10	Auburndale.....	10	Greensboro.....	3
Brush.....	7	Bartow.....	23	Griffin.....	50
Canon City.....	9	Bay Harbor Islands.....	14	Hapeville.....	19
Commerce City.....	13	Biscayne Park.....	4	Lafayette.....	12
Cortez.....	14	Boca Raton.....	44	Madison.....	6
Delta.....	6	Bradenton.....	33	McRae.....	7
Durango.....	17	Clewiston.....	7	Milledgeville.....	23
Florence.....	3	Cocoa.....	33	Tifton.....	18
Glenwood Springs.....	7	Cocoa Beach.....	34	Washington.....	5
Golden.....	11	Dade City.....	11	Winder.....	14
Grand Junction.....	35	Dania.....	18		
Gunnison.....	10	Deerfield Beach.....	25	IDAHO	
La Junta.....	10	Dunedin.....	17	Blackfoot.....	18
Lamar.....	12	Eau Gallie.....	36	Buhl.....	4
Leadville.....	7	Eustis.....	12	Burley.....	19
Littleton.....	29	Green Cove Springs.....	9	Caldwell.....	20
Longmont.....	21	Gulfport.....	12	Coeur d'Alene.....	16
Loveland.....	17	Haines City.....	14	Jerome.....	9
Manitou Springs.....	6	Hallandale.....	28	Kellogg.....	10
Monte Vista.....	7	Holly Hill.....	12	Lewiston.....	26
Montrose.....	10	Jacksonville Beach.....	31	Montpelier.....	6
Rocky Ford.....	6	Kissimmee.....	16	Moscow.....	17
Salida.....	8	Lake Wales.....	17	Mountain Home.....	15
Thornton.....	12	Lantana.....	8	Nampa.....	22
Walsenburg.....	7	Maitland.....	12	Payette.....	6
Westminster.....	15	Margate.....	5	Rupert.....	12

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
IDAHO—Con.		ILLINOIS—Con.		ILLINOIS—Con.	
Salmon.....	3	Hinsdale.....	22	Schiller Park.....	13
Sandpoint.....	8	Hoffman Estates.....	13	Shelbyville.....	8
Shelley.....	4	Homewood.....	17	Silvis.....	9
Soda Springs.....	6	Hoopeston.....	5	South Beloit.....	7
Twin Falls.....	28	Itasca.....	6	South Chicago Heights.....	3
Weiser.....	7	Jacksonville.....	23	South Elgin.....	3
ILLINOIS		Jerseyville.....	12	South Holland.....	12
Abingdon.....	4	Kenilworth.....	11	Stanton.....	3
Addison.....	19	La Grange.....	28	Stone Park.....	11
Barrington.....	15	La Grange Park.....	24	Streamwood.....	24
Bartonville.....	6	Lake Forest.....	31	Streator.....	21
Batavia.....	10	Lake Zurich.....	7	Sullivan.....	5
Bellwood.....	24	Lansing.....	13	Swansea.....	5
Belvidere.....	12	La Salle.....	17	Taylorville.....	9
Berkeley.....	6	Lawrenceville.....	10	Thornton.....	1
Bethalto.....	3	Lebanon.....	3	Vandalia.....	9
Bourbonnais.....	1	Lincoln.....	20	Venice.....	15
Bradley.....	9	Lincolnwood.....	24	Washington.....	9
Bridgeview.....	11	Lisle.....	9	Washington Park.....	3
Broadview.....	19	Litchfield.....	6	Waterloo.....	4
Brookfield.....	22	Loves Park.....	11	Watseka.....	10
Bushnell.....	2	Lyons.....	14	Wauconda.....	9
Cahokia.....	14	Macomb.....	14	Westchester.....	20
Calumet Park.....	27	Madison.....	17	West Dundee.....	4
Canton.....	16	Markham.....	19	Western Springs.....	18
Carbondale.....	18	Marquette Heights.....	2	West Frankfort.....	5
Carmi.....	10	Mascoutah.....	2	Westmont.....	11
Carpentersville.....	19	Matteson.....	6	Westville.....	2
Cartersville.....	3	Mattoon.....	22	White Hall.....	4
Cary.....	4	McLeansboro.....	3	Wilmington.....	7
Centralia.....	17	Mendota.....	9	Winnetka.....	26
Charleston.....	12	Metropolis.....	8	Wood River.....	13
Chester.....	9	Milan.....	5	Woodstock.....	11
Chillicothe.....	6	Monmouth.....	10	Zion.....	14
Clarendon Hills.....	7	Morris.....	7	INDIANA	
Columbia.....	3	Morrison.....	5	Angola.....	6
Crest Hill.....	9	Morton.....	6	Attica.....	5
Crete.....	3	Mount Morris.....	4	Auburn.....	11
Deerfield.....	21	Mount Olive.....	5	Aurora.....	11
De Kalb.....	29	Mount Vernon.....	19	Batesville.....	3
Dixmoor.....	11	Mundelein.....	17	Bedford.....	27
Dixon.....	17	Naperville.....	19	Berne.....	3
Downers Grove.....	28	Nashville.....	3	Bicknell.....	4
Dupo.....	2	Nokomis.....	3	Boonville.....	7
Dwight.....	4	Normal.....	16	Brazil.....	14
East Alton.....	12	North Aurora.....	3	Brookville.....	4
East Moline.....	22	Northbrook.....	22	Chesterton.....	9
Edwardsville.....	14	Northfield.....	16	Clinton.....	9
Effingham.....	8	Northlake.....	24	Columbus.....	44
Eldorado.....	4	North Riverside.....	14	Corydon.....	4
Elk Grove Village.....	18	O'Fallon.....	4	Crawfordsville.....	25
Elmwood Park.....	23	Oglesby.....	4	Crown Point.....	9
Eureka.....	3	Olney.....	14	Decatur.....	13
Fairfield.....	10	Olympia Fields.....	3	Delphi.....	4
Fairmont City.....	4	Orland Park.....	3	Dunkirk.....	5
Flora.....	11	Ottawa.....	24	East Gary.....	13
Flossmoor.....	8	Palatine.....	21	Frankfort.....	22
Forest Park.....	23	Pana.....	7	Garrett.....	5
Fulton.....	2	Peoria Heights.....	6	Gas City.....	6
Galena.....	6	Peru.....	16	Goshen.....	22
Geneseo.....	6	Pittsfield.....	4	Greencastle.....	16
Geneva.....	11	Plano.....	7	Greenwood.....	9
Gillespie.....	3	Polo.....	3	Griffith.....	11
Glencoe.....	21	Princeton.....	5	Highland.....	18
Glen Ellyn.....	23	Rantoul.....	16	Hobart.....	19
Glenview.....	30	River Forest.....	25	Huntingburg.....	4
Golf.....	6	Riverside.....	16	Huntington.....	23
Grayslake.....	3	Robinson.....	6	Jasonville.....	3
Hanover Park.....	6	Rochelle.....	12	Jasper.....	10
Harvard.....	5	Rockdale.....	4	Jeffersonville.....	22
Harwood Heights.....	14	Rock Falls.....	23	Kendallville.....	10
Hickory Hills.....	3	Rolling Meadows.....	19	Knox.....	4
Highland.....	8	Roselle.....	8	La Porte.....	36
Highwood.....	5	Round Lake Beach.....	6	Lawrence.....	15
Hillsboro.....	6	St. Charles.....	18		
		Salem.....	10		
		Sandwich.....	4		

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
INDIANA—Con.		IOWA—Con.		KANSAS—Con.	
Lawrenceburg.....	8	Marion.....	13	Olathe.....	15
Lebanon.....	12	Marshalltown.....	24	Osawatomie.....	6
Ligonier.....	6	Missouri Valley.....	3	Ottawa.....	14
Logansport.....	32	Mount Pleasant.....	10	Paola.....	7
Madison.....	20	New Hampton.....	4	Parsons.....	16
Mitchell.....	6	Newton.....	17	Phillipsburg.....	4
Monticello.....	8	Oelwein.....	13	Pittsburg.....	29
Mooreville.....	10	Osage.....	5	Plainville.....	4
Mount Vernon.....	11	Osceola.....	3	Pratt.....	11
Munster.....	13	Oskaloosa.....	12	Roeland Park.....	7
New Castle.....	38	Perry.....	9	Russell.....	8
New Haven.....	10	Red Oak.....	8	Shawnee.....	10
Noblesville.....	15	Rock Rapids.....	3	Valley Center.....	3
North Manchester.....	8	Sheldon.....	5	Wellington.....	14
North Vernon.....	9	Shenandoah.....	8	Westwood.....	5
Peru.....	26	Sibley.....	4	Winfield.....	16
Plainfield.....	9	Spencer.....	14		
Plymouth.....	10	Spirit Lake.....	6	KENTUCKY	
Portage.....	18	Tama.....	2	Bardstown.....	9
Portland.....	12	Urbandale.....	9	Benton.....	5
Princeton.....	12	Vinton.....	6	Berea.....	7
Rensselaer.....	8	Waverly.....	11	Campbellsville.....	7
Rockville.....	4	Webster City.....	14	Cynthiana.....	8
Rushville.....	12	West Burlington.....	1	Danville.....	21
Scottsburg.....	10	West Des Moines.....	18	Dawson Springs.....	4
Sellersburg.....	4	Windsor Heights.....	5	Elizabethtown.....	13
Seymour.....	13	Winterset.....	5	Elsmere.....	2
Shelbyville.....	22			Erlanger.....	10
Speedway.....	19	KANSAS		Falmouth.....	5
Tell City.....	6	Abilene.....	8	Flatwoods.....	8
Tipton.....	8	Arkansas City.....	21	Fort Thomas.....	16
Valparaiso.....	26	Atchison.....	17	Franklin.....	8
Vincennes.....	23	Augusta.....	16	Glasgow.....	17
Wabash.....	21	Bellefonte.....	8	Harlan.....	11
Warsaw.....	14	Beloit.....	6	Harrodsburg.....	9
West Lafayette.....	25	Chanute.....	3	Hazard.....	13
West Terre Haute.....	5	Clay Center.....	5	Henderson.....	35
Whiting.....	27	Coffeyville.....	25	Highland Heights.....	1
		Colby.....	5	Hopkinsville.....	32
IOWA		Concordia.....	8	Jeffersontown.....	4
Albia.....	5	Council Grove.....	3	Lancaster.....	5
Algona.....	8	Derby.....	10	Ludlow.....	7
Anamosa.....	4	Dodge City.....	17	Middlesboro.....	16
Ankeny.....	4	El Dorado.....	13	Monticello.....	4
Audubon.....	3	Ellinwood.....	4	Mount Sterling.....	10
Belmond.....	2	Ellis.....	4	Paris.....	14
Bettendorf.....	16	Emporia.....	26	Park Hills.....	3
Bloomfield.....	4	Eureka.....	8	Russellville.....	10
Boone.....	15	Fairway.....	6	St. Matthews.....	10
Centerville.....	9	Fredonia.....	6	Somerset.....	17
Charles City.....	16	Garden City.....	23	South Fort Mitchell.....	4
Clarinda.....	10	Garnett.....	6	Winchester.....	19
Clear Lake.....	11	Goodland.....	8		
Cresco.....	4	Great Bend.....	25	LOUISIANA	
Decorah.....	9	Herington.....	5	De Ridder.....	11
Denison.....	8	Hiawatha.....	4	Donaldsonville.....	16
Dyersville.....	4	Hoisington.....	8	Eunice.....	19
Eldora.....	3	Holton.....	8	Franklin.....	17
Emmetsburg.....	8	Horton.....	8	Hammond.....	18
Estherville.....	10	Humboldt.....	5	Haynesville.....	4
Evansdale.....	6	Independence.....	16	Jonesboro.....	9
Fairfield.....	11	Iola.....	11	Kaplan.....	8
Fort Madison.....	18	Junction City.....	29	Mamou.....	9
Glenwood.....	4	Kingman.....	7	Marksville.....	7
Grinnell.....	8	Larned.....	6	Minden.....	12
Hampton.....	9	Leawood.....	11	Minden.....	12
Harlan.....	6	Liberal.....	16	New Roads.....	5
Independence.....	11	Lindsborg.....	3	Opelousas.....	28
Indianola.....	12	Lyons.....	7	Plaquemine.....	13
Jefferson.....	4	Manhattan.....	32	Rayne.....	17
Keokuk.....	23	Marysville.....	6	Springhill.....	9
Knoxville.....	7	McPherson.....	15	Sulphur.....	8
Le Mars.....	8	Merriam.....	9	Thibodaux.....	23
Manchester.....	8	Mission.....	9	Vivian.....	4
Maquoketa.....	10	Mulvane.....	4	Welsh.....	6
		Oakley.....	3	West Monroe.....	26

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
MICHIGAN—Con.		MICHIGAN—Con.		MINNESOTA—Con.	
Fenton.....	14	Sturgis.....	16	Plymouth.....	6
Flat Rock.....	6	Swartz Creek.....	4	Red Wing.....	17
Gibraltar.....	10	Tecumseh.....	12	Redwood Falls.....	4
Gladstone.....	6	Three Rivers.....	14	Robbinsdale.....	15
Grand Haven.....	18	Trenton.....	41	St. Anthony.....	9
Grand Ledge.....	8	Troy.....	25	St. James.....	5
Grandville.....	8	Vassar.....	4	St. Paul Park.....	3
Greenville.....	9	Wakefield.....	5	St. Peter.....	8
Grosse Pointe.....	19	Wayne.....	34	Sauk Rapids.....	3
Grosse Pointe Farms.....	29	Woodhaven.....	2	Shakopee.....	6
Grosse Pointe Park.....	31	Ypsilanti.....	36	Silver Bay.....	4
Grosse Pointe Woods.....	44	Zeeland.....	4	Sleepy Eye.....	4
Hancock.....	6	MINNESOTA		South St. Paul.....	29
Harper Woods.....	33	Albert Lea.....	25	Springfield.....	3
Hastings.....	9	Alexandria.....	7	Staples.....	4
Hillsdale.....	7	Anoka.....	16	Stillwater.....	8
Howell.....	6	Aurora.....	4	Thief River Falls.....	14
Huntington Woods.....	13	Babbitt.....	4	Tracy.....	4
Iron Mountain.....	12	Bayport.....	3	Two Harbors.....	8
Iron River.....	5	Bemidji.....	16	Virginia.....	22
Ironwood.....	15	Benson.....	7	Wabasha.....	3
Ishpeming.....	15	Blaine.....	10	West St. Paul.....	13
Lake Orion.....	8	Blue Earth.....	5	White Bear Lake.....	13
Lapeer.....	11	Brainerd.....	17	Willmar.....	16
Lathrup Village.....	5	Breckenridge.....	8	Windom.....	4
Laurium.....	4	Brooklyn Park.....	10	Worthington.....	13
Ludington.....	13	Burnsville.....	11	MISSISSIPPI	
Mackinac Island.....	2	Cambridge.....	2	Aberdeen.....	12
Manistee.....	12	Chaska.....	2	Batesville.....	4
Marine City.....	5	Chisholm.....	13	Booneville.....	7
Marquette.....	29	Cloquet.....	13	Brookhaven.....	18
Marshall.....	11	Columbia Heights.....	18	Cleveland.....	20
Marysville.....	8	Crookston.....	17	Clinton.....	6
Mason.....	6	Crosby.....	8	Forest.....	6
Melvindale.....	22	Deephaven.....	2	Greenwood.....	35
Menominee.....	14	Detroit Lakes.....	8	Indianola.....	16
Michigan State University.....	39	Ely.....	10	Long Beach.....	5
Milford.....	10	Eveleth.....	11	McComb.....	18
Mount Pleasant.....	16	Fairmont.....	14	New Albany.....	9
Munising.....	5	Falcon Heights.....	3	Newton.....	5
Muskegon Heights.....	29	Faribault.....	21	Oxford.....	17
Negaunee.....	13	Fergus Falls.....	15	Senatobia.....	2
New Baltimore.....	5	Fridley.....	18	Waynesboro.....	5
Niles.....	29	Glenwood.....	10	MISSOURI	
North Muskegon.....	3	Golden Valley.....	18	Ballwin.....	8
Northville.....	11	Grand Rapids.....	8	Bellefontaine.....	
Norway.....	4	Hastings.....	11	Neighbors.....	13
Oscoda.....	9	Hibbing.....	23	Berkeley.....	25
Otsego.....	4	Hopkins.....	21	Boonville.....	11
Owosso.....	22	Hoyt Lakes.....	3	Brentwood.....	18
Oxford.....	9	Hutchinson.....	6	Bridgeton.....	19
Petoskey.....	8	International Falls.....	10	Brookfield.....	7
Plainwell.....	4	Jackson.....	5	Cameron.....	5
Pleasant Ridge.....	8	Lake City.....	4	Carthage.....	17
Plymouth.....	16	Lauderdale.....	1	Centralia.....	5
Portland.....	5	Le Sueur.....	4	Charleston.....	9
Richmond.....	9	Little Falls.....	8	Chillicothe.....	14
River Rouge.....	47	Maplewood.....	17	Clayton.....	42
Riverview.....	16	Marshall.....	14	Crestwood.....	17
Rochester.....	13	Mendota Heights.....	3	Creve Coeur.....	14
Rogers City.....	4	Montevideo.....	8	Dellwood.....	6
Romeo.....	10	Morris.....	5	De Soto.....	9
Roosevelt Park.....	2	Mounds View.....	4	Eldon.....	5
St. Clair.....	5	New Brighton.....	8	Excelsior Springs.....	15
St. Johns.....	10	New Hope.....	7	Farmington.....	5
St. Joseph.....	22	New Prague.....	2	Fayette.....	4
St. Louis.....	5	New Ulm.....	17	Flat River.....	7
Sault Ste. Marie.....	30	Northfield.....	9	Frontenac.....	10
Scottville.....	2	North Mankato.....	5	Fulton.....	16
South Haven.....	13	North St. Paul.....	9	Gladstone.....	15
South Range.....	1	Orono.....	4	Glendale.....	11
Sparta.....	3	Ortonville.....	7	Hanley Hills.....	3
Stambaugh.....	4	Owatonna.....	18	Hannibal.....	24
		Park Rapids.....	4		
		Pipestone.....	6		

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
MISSOURI—Con.		NEBRASKA—Con.		NEW JERSEY—Con.	
Harrisonville.....	4	Columbus.....	19	Carlstadt.....	16
Hazelwood.....	14	Crawford.....	2	Carteret.....	42
Hermann.....	2	Crete.....	6	Cedar Grove Town- ship.....	17
Jackson.....	6	Fairbury.....	7	Chatham Town- ship.....	13
Jennings.....	37	Fremont.....	29	Cinnaminson Town- ship.....	17
Ladue.....	26	Gering.....	9	Clark.....	26
Lamar.....	4	Hastings.....	34	Clayton.....	4
Lees Summit.....	14	Holdrege.....	10	Cliffside Park.....	29
Liberty.....	17	Kearney.....	21	Closter.....	14
Malden.....	8	McCook.....	15	Collingswood.....	24
Maplewood.....	22	Millard.....	4	Cresskill.....	14
Marceline.....	5	Nebraska City.....	8	Deal.....	16
Marshall.....	14	Norfolk.....	19	Delanco Township.....	4
Maryville.....	13	North Platte.....	32	Demarest.....	6
Mexico.....	16	Plattsmouth.....	10	Denville Township.....	20
Moberly.....	19	Ralston.....	4	Dover.....	23
Monett.....	9	Schuyler.....	5	Dumont.....	30
Neosho.....	12	Scottsbluff.....	23	Dunellen.....	15
Nevada.....	16	Seward.....	8	East Hanover Township.....	12
Normandy.....	3	Sidney.....	14	East Paterson.....	23
North Kansas City.....	25	Superior.....	4	East Rutherford.....	20
Northwoods.....	4	Wayne.....	4	Eatontown.....	16
O'Fallon.....	5	York.....	10	Edgewater.....	19
Olivette.....	13			Egg Harbor City.....	11
Palmyra.....	3	NEVADA		Emerson.....	11
Pine Lawn.....	7	Boulder City.....	10	Englewood Cliffs.....	13
Potosi.....	5	Carson City.....	18	Fairfield.....	10
Raytown.....	37	Elko.....	16	Fair Haven.....	8
Richmond Heights.....	24	Fallon.....	10	Fairview.....	22
Riverview.....	3	Sparks.....	36	Fanwood.....	16
Rock Hill.....	8			Flemington.....	6
Rolla.....	20	NEW HAMPSHIRE		Florence Township.....	13
St. Ann.....	11	Berlin.....	30	Fiorham Park.....	16
St. John Village.....	12	Claremont.....	17	Franklin.....	3
Salem.....	7	Conway.....	4	Frechold.....	16
Shrewsbury.....	9	Derry.....	9	Garwood.....	10
Sikeston.....	16	Durham.....	8	Glassboro.....	14
Slater.....	4	Goffstown.....	4	Glen Ridge.....	23
Trenton.....	8	Hampton.....	12	Glen Rock.....	22
Union.....	4	Hanover.....	6	Gloucester City.....	24
Valley Park.....	3	Hudson.....	6	Green Brook Township.....	4
Vinita Park.....	5	Keene.....	22	Greenwich Township.....	11
Warrensburg.....	11	Littleton.....	6	Hackettstown.....	11
Webb City.....	10	Milford.....	4	Haddonfield.....	26
West Plains.....	9	Newmarket.....	4	Haddon Heights.....	15
		Newport.....	6	Haddon Township.....	19
MONTANA		Pelham.....	2	Hammonton.....	16
Anaconda.....	12	Peterborough.....	3	Hanover Township.....	19
Baker.....	3	Rochester.....	20	Harrington Park.....	6
Bozeman.....	16	Salem.....	14	Harrison.....	59
Choteau.....	3	Somersworth.....	13	Hasbrouck Heights.....	24
Conrad.....	3			Haworth.....	6
Culbertson.....	1	NEW JERSEY		Hawthorne.....	20
Dillon.....	7	Absecon.....	15	Highland Park.....	24
Glasgow.....	14	Allendale.....	7	Highlands.....	6
Glendive.....	12	Asbury Park.....	45	Hillsdale.....	19
Helena.....	28	Atlantic Highlands.....	9	Hillside Township.....	65
Laurel.....	9	Audubon.....	14	Ho-Ho-Kus.....	8
Lewistown.....	10	Belvidere.....	2	Hopatcong.....	5
Libby.....	6	Berkeley Heights.....	18	Jamesburg.....	2
Livingston.....	12	Bernards Township.....	7	Jefferson Township.....	16
Miles City.....	14	Beverly.....	4	Keansburg.....	12
Red Lodge.....	4	Bogota.....	15	Kenilworth.....	19
Sidney.....	10	Boonton.....	17	Kinnelon.....	6
Whitefish.....	4	Bordentown.....	8	Lakewood.....	36
Wolf Point.....	3	Bound Brook.....	15	Lawrence Township.....	27
		Bradley Beach.....	13	Lincoln Park.....	8
NEBRASKA		Bridgeton.....	33	Linwood.....	9
Alliance.....	13	Brielle.....	14	Little Ferry.....	12
Auburn.....	8	Brigantine.....	10	Little Silver.....	12
Aurora.....	3	Burlington.....	26		
Beatrice.....	23	Butler.....	6		
Bellevue.....	17	Caldwell.....	23		
Blair.....	5	Cape May.....	13		
Chadron.....	7				

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
NEW JERSEY—Con.					
Lower Township	13	Prospect Park	4	Wrightstown	2
Lyndhurst		Ramsey	17	Wyckoff	15
Township	33	Randolph Town-		NEW MEXICO	
Madison	29	ship	12	Artesia	16
Magnolia	4	Red Bank	37	Aztec	9
Mahwah Township	18	Ridgefield	23	Belen	7
Manasquan	12	Ridgefield Park	22	Clayton	11
Mantoloking	5	River Edge	17	Deming	11
Manville	15	Riverside	11	Espanola	12
Maple Shade		Rochelle Park		Eunice	6
Township	17	Township	11	Gallup	45
Maplewood		Rockaway	6	Jalisco	2
Township	56	Rockaway Town-		Las Vegas City	19
Margate City	19	ship	20	Los Alamos	24
Matawan	12	Roseland	10	Portales	15
Maywood	24	Roselle	37	Silver City	13
Merchantville	10	Roselle Park	22	Truth or Conse-	
Metuchen	23	Roxbury Township	16	quences	8
Middlesex	18	Rumson	13	Tucumcari	15
Midland Park	8	Runnemede	13	Tularosa	3
Millburn		Rutherford	39	University Park	11
Township	53	Saddle Brook		NEW YORK	
Milltown	6	Township	21	Alfred	5
Millville	25	Scotch Plains	24	Altamont	1
Mine Hill		Sea Isle City	10	Amityville	18
Township	4	Secaucus	31	Ardley	11
Montvale	9	Shrewsbury	6	Asharoken	4
Montville		Somerdale	6	Attica	2
Township	13	Somers Point	11	Baldwinsville	6
Moorestown		Somerville	25	Ballston Spa	5
Township	22	South Amboy	19	Batavia	33
Morristown	35	South Brunswick		Bath	14
Morris Township	25	Township	13	Beacon	31
Mountain Lakes	7	South Orange	41	Bethlehem	17
Mountainside	15	South Plainfield	30	Blasdell	5
Mount Ephraim	7	South River	22	Briarcliff Manor	16
Mount Holly	19	Sparta Township	13	Canajoharie	4
Neptune City	11	Spotswood	8	Canandaigua	19
Netcong	1	Springfield	34	Canastota	7
New Millford	27	Spring Lake		Canisteo	2
New Providence	19	Heights	11	Canton	7
New Shrewsbury	7	Stratford	5	Carmel	15
Newton	9	Summit	40	Carthage	7
North Brunswick		Tenafly	30	Cayuga Heights	4
Township	16	Toms River	47	Cazenovia	3
North Haledon	6	Union Beach	5	Chester	1
Northvale	5	Upper Penns Neck		Chittenango	3
North Wildwood	21	Township	16	Cobleskill	3
Norwood	5	Upper Saddle		Cohoes	41
Oakland	15	River	13	Cooperstown	4
Oaklyn	10	Ventnor City	27	Corinth	2
Ocean City	46	Verona	25	Corning	23
Ocean Grove	10	Voorhees Township	5	Cornwall	3
Ocean Township	25	Waldwick	11	Cortland	31
Oradell	16	Wallington	15	Dansville	10
Palisades Interstate		Wanaque	7	Dewitt	4
Park	28	Washington	6	Dobbs Ferry	20
Palisades Park	21	Washington Town-		Dolgeville	3
Park Ridge	13	ship	12	Dunkirk	28
Passaic Township	8	Watchung	11	East Aurora	14
Paulsboro	13	Weehawken Town-		Eastchester	55
Pemberton Town-		ship	45	Ellenville	11
ship	14	West Caldwell	21	Elmira Heights	7
Penns Grove	12	West Deptford		Elmsford	13
Pennsville Town-		Township	12	Endicott	42
ship	16	West Long Branch	8	Evans	15
Pequanneck Town-		West Paterson	12	Fairport	8
ship	14	Westwood	23	Falconer	5
Phillipsburg	28	Wharton	7	Floral Park	36
Pitman	13	Wildwood	26	Fort Edward	4
Pleasantville	27	Wildwood Crest	12	Fort Plain	3
Point Pleasant	17	Willingboro Town-		Fredonia	10
Point Pleasant		ship	18	Geneva	30
Beach	13	Woodbury	24		
Pompton Lakes	14	Woodcliff Lake	6		
Princeton Town-		Woodlyne	3		
ship	24	Wood-Ridge	20		

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
NEW YORK—Con.		NEW YORK—Con.		NORTH CAROLINA—Con.	
Glens Falls.....	31	Rotterdam.....	24	Lexington.....	33
Gloversville.....	36	Rye.....	47	Lincolnton.....	13
Goshen.....	6	Sag Harbor.....	3	Louisburg.....	8
Gouverneur.....	9	St. Johnsville.....	3	Lumberton.....	24
Gowanda.....	5	Salamanca.....	12	Marion.....	10
Granville.....	3	Saranac Lake.....	11	Monroe.....	22
Green Island.....	6	Saratoga Springs.....	29	Morganton.....	21
Greenport.....	5	Saugerties.....	8	Mount Airy.....	20
Hamilton.....	2	Scarsdale.....	53	Mount Olive.....	6
Harrison.....	59	Scotia.....	12	Murfreesboro.....	7
Hastings-on-Hudson.....	19	Sherrill.....	2	New Bern.....	32
Haverstraw.....	12	Skaneateles.....	2	Red Springs.....	5
Herkimer.....	17	Sloan.....	6	Reidsville.....	31
Highland.....	1	Sloatsburg.....	1	Roanoke Rapids.....	28
Highland Falls.....	5	Solvay.....	12	Salisbury.....	44
Hoosick Falls.....	3	Southampton.....	13	Scotland Neck.....	6
Hornell.....	24	South Glens Falls.....	3	Shelby.....	30
Horseheads.....	10	South Nyack.....	4	Smithfield.....	15
Hudson.....	21	Spring Valley.....	25	Spray.....	6
Hudson Falls.....	12	Springville.....	2	Spring Lake.....	3
Iion.....	13	Suffern.....	16	Statesville.....	44
Irvington.....	17	Ticonderoga.....	6	Tarboro.....	17
Johnson City.....	30	Tuckahoe.....	20	Thomasville.....	31
Johnstown.....	19	Tupper Lake.....	9	Valdese.....	5
Kenmore.....	28	Tuxedo.....	2	Wadesboro.....	11
Lake Placid.....	10	Tuxedo Park.....	8	Wake Forest.....	6
Lakewood.....	5	Vestal.....	11	Washington.....	20
Lancaster Town.....	15	Walden.....	6	Waynesville.....	13
Lancaster Village.....	13	Walton.....	7		
Larchmont.....	26	Wappingers Falls.....	5	NORTH DAKOTA	
Le Roy.....	5	Warsaw.....	3	Devils Lake.....	10
Liberty.....	11	Warwick.....	5	Dickinson.....	17
Liverpool.....	5	Waterloo.....	6	Grafton.....	7
Lowville.....	4	Watkins Glen.....	7	Jamestown.....	20
Lynbrook.....	51	Waverly.....	12	Mandan.....	13
Lyons.....	7	Wellsville.....	9	Rugby.....	4
Malone.....	15	Westfield.....	6	South West Fargo.....	3
Malverne.....	20	Whitehall.....	3	Valley City.....	11
Mamaroneck.....	45	Whitesboro.....	2	Williston.....	18
Massena.....	23	Woodbury.....	3		
Medina.....	9	Yorkville.....	1	OHIO	
Middletown.....	44			Amberley.....	14
Mohawk.....	3	NORTH CAROLINA		Amherst.....	8
Monticello.....	18	Ahoskie.....	9	Ashland.....	19
Newark.....	17	Albemarle.....	26	Aurora.....	7
New Castle.....	23	Asheboro.....	24	Avon Lake.....	12
New York Mills.....	1	Ayden.....	6	Barnesville.....	5
North Castle.....	18	Beaufort.....	4	Bay Village.....	15
Northport.....	17	Belhaven.....	3	Beachwood.....	18
North Syracuse.....	5	Belmont.....	11	Beavercreek Township.....	7
Norwich.....	15	Blowing Rock.....	3	Bedford.....	19
Nunda Town.....	2	Boone.....	5	Bellaire.....	14
Ogden.....	6	Brevard.....	8	Bellefontaine.....	17
Ogdensburg.....	23	Cary.....	5	Bellevue.....	11
Olean.....	32	Chapel Hill.....	29	Belpre.....	4
Oneida.....	20	Cherryville.....	7	Berea.....	22
Oneonta.....	23	Clayton.....	5	Bexley.....	20
Ossining.....	39	Clinton.....	14	Blue Ash.....	6
Oswego.....	32	Concord.....	35	Bowling Green.....	17
Owego.....	14	Draper.....	5	Brecksville.....	14
Oxford.....	1	Elizabeth City.....	26	Broadview Heights.....	7
Painted Post.....	3	Elkin.....	10	Brooklyn.....	14
Palisades Interstate Park.....	75	Enfield.....	6	Brook Park.....	23
Palmira.....	5	Farmville.....	9	Bryan.....	12
Peekskill.....	39	Forest City.....	12	Cambridge.....	20
Pelham.....	14	Fuquay Springs.....	5	Campbell.....	23
Pelham Manor.....	26	Graham.....	10	Canfield.....	4
Penn Yan.....	13	Granite Falls.....	10	Carey.....	5
Plattsburgh.....	33	Havelock.....	3	Celina.....	13
Pleasantville.....	17	Henderson.....	24	Chagrin Falls.....	8
Port Jervis.....	15	Hendersonville.....	18	Chardon.....	8
Potsdam.....	16	Hendersonville.....	23	Cheviot.....	8
Poughkeepsie Town.....	38	Jacksonville.....	1	Circleville.....	13
Riverhead Town.....	30	Lake Waccamaw.....	1		
		Laurinburg.....	18		
		Leaksville.....	10		
		Lenoir.....	26		

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
OHIO—Continued		OHIO—Continued		OHIO—Continued	
Clyde.....	8	Niles.....	23	Xenia.....	28
Coal Grove.....	2	North Canton.....	14	OKLAHOMA	
Columbiana.....	4	North College Hill.....	8	Ada.....	23
Conneaut.....	16	North Olmsted.....	25	Bethany.....	18
Crestline.....	4	North Ridgeville.....	7	Blackwell.....	15
Crooksville.....	2	North Royalton.....	12	Broken Arrow.....	12
Deer Park.....	9	Norwalk.....	14	Checotah.....	3
Defiance.....	18	Oak Harbor.....	6	Cherokee.....	3
Delaware.....	17	Oakwood.....	37	Chickasha.....	23
Dennison.....	4	Oberlin.....	7	Claremore.....	13
Dover.....	19	Ontario.....	4	Cleveland.....	4
Eastlake.....	16	Oregon.....	21	Collinsville.....	4
East Liverpool.....	25	Orrville.....	11	Cushing.....	13
Eaton.....	4	Ottawa Hills.....	10	Del City.....	18
Elmwood Place.....	6	Oxford.....	9	Dewey.....	4
Fairfield.....	12	Painesville.....	22	Drumright.....	7
Fairport Harbor.....	5	Parma Heights.....	20	Duncan.....	28
Fairview Park.....	22	Paulding.....	3	Edmond.....	15
Fostoria.....	23	Perrysburg.....	12	El Reno.....	19
Franklin.....	11	Piqua.....	19	Guthrie.....	14
Fremont.....	25	Port Clinton.....	9	Healdton.....	3
Gahanna.....	10	Ravenna.....	13	Lindsay.....	6
Galion.....	17	Reading.....	15	Madill.....	6
Geneva.....	9	Reynoldsburg.....	15	McAlester.....	28
Germantown.....	7	Richmond Heights.....	10	Miami.....	24
Gibsonburg.....	4	Rittman.....	10	Nichols Hills.....	10
Glendale.....	6	Rocky River.....	26	Nowata.....	5
Golf Manor.....	7	Russell Township.....	2	Okmulgee.....	18
Grandview Heights.....	13	St. Bernard.....	18	Pauls Valley.....	11
Granville.....	2	Salem.....	19	Pawhuska.....	12
Greenfield.....	8	Sebring.....	7	Perry.....	6
Greenhills.....	6	Seven Hills.....	8	Purcell.....	9
Greenville.....	10	Shadyside.....	6	Sand Springs.....	15
Grove City.....	14	Sharonville.....	10	Sapulpa.....	19
Hicksville.....	3	Sheffield Lake.....	7	Tahlequah.....	13
Highland Heights.....	4	Shelby.....	10	Tecumseh.....	5
Hilliard.....	8	Sidney.....	18	Tonkawa.....	5
Hillsboro.....	9	Silver Lake.....	4	Village.....	11
Hubbard.....	9	Silverton.....	7	Vinita.....	8
Huron.....	8	Solon.....	20	Warr Acres.....	9
Independence.....	10	South Charleston.....	3	Yukon.....	9
Jackson.....	14	Springdale.....	5	OREGON	
Kent.....	16	Stow.....	14	Albany.....	27
Kenton.....	13	Strongsville.....	17	Ashland.....	16
Lebanon.....	12	Tiffin.....	25	Astoria.....	20
Leetonia.....	3	Tipp City.....	3	Baker.....	16
Lexington.....	3	Trenton.....	4	Beaverton.....	16
Lockland.....	13	Trotwood.....	8	Bend.....	19
Logan.....	9	Troy.....	14	Brookings.....	5
Louisville.....	5	Twinsburg.....	12	Canby.....	3
Loveland.....	5	Union City.....	3	Central Point.....	6
Madeira.....	5	University Heights.....	26	Coos Bay.....	22
Mariemont.....	7	Urbana.....	15	Coquille.....	9
Marietta.....	21	Vandalia.....	10	Cottage Grove.....	12
Marysville.....	7	Van Wert.....	13	Dallas.....	6
Maumee.....	17	Wadsworth.....	18	Forest Grove.....	12
Mayfield.....	7	Wapakoneta.....	8	Grants Pass.....	15
Medina.....	16	Washington Court House.....	13	Gresham.....	8
Mentor-on-the-Lake.....	5	Wauseon.....	4	Hermiston.....	8
Miamisburg.....	18	Waverly.....	4	Hillsboro.....	14
Middleport.....	4	Wellington.....	9	Hood River.....	5
Mingo Junction.....	8	Wellsville.....	7	Klamath Falls.....	35
Mogadore.....	4	West Carrollton.....	12	La Grande.....	17
Montgomery.....	5	Westerville.....	10	Lake Oswego.....	17
Montpelier.....	4	Westlake.....	21	Lebanon.....	14
Moraine.....	14	Wickliffe.....	19	Mill City.....	2
Mount Gilead.....	7	Willard.....	9	Milton-Freewater.....	10
Mount Healthy.....	5	Willoughby.....	23	Milwaukie.....	20
Napoleon.....	11	Willoughby Hills.....	4	Myrtle Point.....	4
Navarre.....	2	Willowick.....	18	Newberg.....	8
New Boston.....	11	Wilmington.....	16	Newport.....	7
Newburgh Heights.....	5	Windham.....	8	North Bend.....	14
New Carlisle.....	4	Wintersville.....	3	Ontario.....	15
Newcomerstown.....	8	Woodlawn.....	6		
New Lexington.....	5	Worthington.....	17		
New Philadelphia.....	16	Wyoming.....	13		
Newton Falls.....	8				

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
OREGON—Con.		PENNSYLVANIA—Continued		PENNSYLVANIA—Continued	
Pendleton.....	24	East Deer Township.....	3	Lower Providence Township.....	6
Prineville.....	9	East Lansdowne.....	4	Lower Southampton Township.....	17
Redmond.....	6	East Stroudsburg.....	8	Mahanoy City.....	9
Reedsport.....	10	Easttown Township.....	10	Marcus Hook.....	8
Roseburg.....	23	East Whiteland Township.....	7	Marple Township.....	28
St. Helens.....	7	Ebensburg.....	4	Marysville.....	6
Sandy.....	2	Edgewood.....	9	McAdoo.....	3
Seaside.....	12	Edgeworth.....	7	McCandless Township.....	16
Silverton.....	8	Edwardsville.....	5	McConnellsburg.....	1
The Dalles.....	20	Elizabethtown.....	5	McKees Rocks.....	19
Tillamook.....	8	Elizabeth Township.....	5	McSherrystown.....	1
Toledo.....	8	Ellwood City.....	16	Meadville.....	23
West Linn.....	5	Emmaus.....	9	Mechanicsburg.....	5
Woodburn.....	8	Emporium.....	3	Media.....	12
PENNSYLVANIA		Ephrata.....	10	Meyersdale.....	4
Ambler.....	9	Etna.....	8	Milton.....	9
Ambridge.....	18	Exeter Township.....	4	Minersville.....	5
Annaville.....	3	Farrell.....	22	Monessen.....	21
Arnold.....	12	Ferndale.....	3	Monongahela.....	12
Ashland.....	4	Fleetwood.....	1	Montoursville.....	2
Athens.....	7	Ford City.....	5	Morrisville.....	10
Baldwin Township.....	3	Forest City.....	2	Mount Penn.....	4
Barnesboro.....	3	Forty Fort.....	6	Mount Pleasant.....	11
Beaver.....	10	Fountain Hill.....	6	Mount Union.....	4
Bedford.....	5	Frackville.....	4	Muhlenberg Township.....	7
Bellefonte.....	9	Franklin Township.....	6	Munhall.....	25
Belle Vernon.....	1	Freeland.....	3	Myerstown.....	2
Bellevue.....	18	Gallitzin.....	5	Nanticoke.....	13
Bentleyville.....	2	Glassport.....	10	Nether Providence Township.....	10
Berwick.....	12	Greensburg.....	28	New Brighton.....	8
Birdsboro.....	3	Green Tree.....	8	New Cumberland.....	7
Bloomsburg.....	7	Greenville.....	11	New Eagle.....	2
Borough Township.....	1	Grove City.....	10	New Holland.....	2
Boyerstown.....	4	Hamburg.....	6	New Kensington.....	32
Bradford.....	24	Hampden Township.....	4	North Belle Vernon.....	2
Brentwood.....	17	Hanover.....	20	North Catasauqua.....	3
Bristol.....	15	Harboro.....	12	North East.....	4
Brownsville.....	10	Hellertown.....	7	North Sewickley Township.....	2
Burnham-Derry Township.....	7	Honesdale.....	6	North Versailles Township.....	14
Butler.....	35	Hummelstown.....	1	Oil City.....	24
Butler Township.....	15	Huntingdon.....	10	Olyphant.....	6
Calm Township.....	2	Indiana.....	16	Palmer Township.....	6
Cambridge Springs.....	2	Ingram.....	5	Palmira.....	6
Camp Hill.....	6	Jeannette.....	21	Penbrook.....	3
Carnegie.....	15	Jefferson.....	9	Penn Township (Westmoreland County).....	5
Center Township.....	4	Jenkintown.....	15	Penn Township (York County).....	2
Chambersburg.....	22	Jersey Shore.....	4	Pitcairn.....	3
Churchill.....	8	Jim Thorpe.....	4	Pleasant Hills.....	16
Clairton.....	24	Johnsonburg.....	4	Plymouth.....	12
Clarion.....	5	Kenhorst.....	2	Portage.....	2
Clarks Summit.....	3	Kennedy Township.....	10	Port Allegany.....	2
Clearfield.....	11	Kennett Square.....	6	Port Carbon.....	2
Clymer.....	2	Kingston.....	20	Pottsville.....	29
Coaldale.....	2	Kuipmont.....	2	Prospect Park.....	5
Columbia.....	9	Lansdale.....	18	Punxsutawney.....	12
Connellsville.....	18	Lansford.....	4	Quakertown.....	9
Coplay.....	3	Lawrence Park Township.....	4	Republic.....	2
Coraopolis.....	12	Leetsdale.....	4	Reserve Township.....	3
Corry.....	10	Lehighton.....	6	Reynoldsville.....	3
Coudersport.....	2	Lemoyne.....	3	Richland Township.....	5
Crafton.....	12	Lewisburg.....	5	Rochester.....	8
Cresson.....	2	Lewistown.....	17	Rockledge.....	1
Cressona.....	1	Ligonier.....	2	Rosslyn Farms Borough.....	1
Cumru Township.....	5	Littlestown.....	2	Royersford.....	4
Curwensville.....	2	Lock Haven.....	16		
Dale.....	2	Lower Allen Township.....	6		
Dallastown.....	2	Lower Burrell.....	8		
Danville.....	7	Lower Moreland Township.....	10		
Derry.....	2				
Donora.....	13				
Doylestown.....	9				
Du Bois.....	14				
Dunmore.....	19				
Duquesne.....	23				

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
TEXAS—Continued		UTAH—Continued		WASHINGTON—Continued	
Greenville.....	22	Roy.....	9	College Place.....	6
Hearne.....	6	St. George.....	5	Colville.....	5
Henderson.....	15	Sandy.....	1	Des Moines.....	4
Hereford.....	14	South Ogden.....	5	Edmonds.....	25
Highland Park.....	26	Sunset.....	4	Ellensburg.....	14
Hillsboro.....	11	Tooele.....	13	Entwistle.....	10
Hurst.....	22	Vernal.....	6	Ephrata.....	11
Ingleside.....	3			Firecrest.....	2
Iowa Park.....	4	VERMONT		Grandview.....	5
Jacinto City.....	14	Brattleboro.....	17	Hoquiam.....	15
Kermit.....	15	Essex Junction.....	6	Kelso.....	16
Kerrville.....	11	Hartford.....	9	Kennewick.....	20
Kilgore.....	17	Manchester.....	1	Kent.....	17
Lake Jackson.....	7	Manchester Center.....	3	Kirkland.....	13
Lake Worth.....	7	Middlebury.....	3	Lynden.....	3
Lamesa.....	17	Montpelier.....	9	Lynnwood.....	15
Lewisville.....	8	Newport.....	7	Marysville.....	6
Livingston.....	2	Northfield.....	1	Mercer Island.....	15
Lufkin.....	25	Randolph.....	2	Moses Lake.....	18
McGregor.....	5	St. Albans.....	11	Mountlake Terrace.....	16
McKinney.....	24	South Burlington.....	8	Mount Vernon.....	11
Mercedes.....	8	Windsor.....	6	Oak Harbor.....	8
Mexia.....	9	Winooski.....	8	Pasco.....	21
Mineola.....	5			Port Angeles.....	19
Mission.....	14	VIRGINIA		Port Orchard.....	10
Mount Pleasant.....	9	Abingdon.....	10	Port Townsend.....	6
Muleshoe.....	7	Altavista.....	6	Pullman.....	16
Nacogdoches.....	17	Bedford.....	13	Puyallup.....	19
Nederland.....	8	Big Stone Gap.....	9	Raymond.....	6
New Braunfels.....	16	Bristol.....	25	Renton.....	41
North Richland Hills.....	15	Buena Vista.....	14	Selah.....	3
Olmos Park.....	6	Chase City.....	5	Shelton.....	12
Palacios.....	3	Chincoteague.....	3	Snohomish.....	9
Palestine.....	15	Christiansburg.....	7	Sunnyside.....	10
Paris.....	28	Clifton Forge.....	10	Toppenish.....	12
Pecos.....	12	Covington.....	17	Town of Mercer Island.....	3
Plainview.....	35	Franklin.....	14	Tumwater.....	9
Plano.....	13	Fredericksburg.....	29	Washougal.....	4
Raymondville.....	10	Front Royal.....	15	Wenatchee.....	32
Refugio.....	8	Harrisonburg.....	20		
Richland Hills.....	9	Hopewell.....	26	WEST VIRGINIA	
Richmond.....	4	Lexington.....	14	Benwood.....	3
Robstown.....	19	Luray.....	5	Bluefield.....	22
Rockdale.....	8	Manassas.....	9	Bridgeport.....	3
Rosenberg.....	10	Marion.....	13	Charles Town.....	7
Rusk.....	2	Martinsville.....	39	Chester.....	2
San Benito.....	12	Norton.....	19	Dunbar.....	9
San Marcos.....	12	Poquoson.....	4	Follansbee.....	6
Seminole.....	9	Pulaski.....	15	Hinton.....	6
Slaton.....	9	Radford.....	17	Keyser.....	12
South Houston.....	12	Salem.....	22	Kingwood.....	3
Stamford.....	5	Saltville.....	7	Martinsburg.....	18
Stephenville.....	10	South Boston.....	18	McMechen.....	3
Sweetwater.....	21	Suffolk.....	30	Morgantown.....	27
Taft.....	2	Vinton.....	9	Nitro.....	6
Terrell.....	14	Warrenton.....	10	Point Pleasant.....	6
Tulia.....	4	Waynesboro.....	27	Ravenswood.....	7
Uvalde.....	12	Williamsburg.....	17	Ripley.....	4
Vernon.....	17	Winchester.....	33	Spencer.....	3
Waxahachie.....	17			Vienna.....	5
Weatherford.....	14	WASHINGTON		Williamstown.....	4
Weolaco.....	13	Aberdeen.....	27		
White Settlement.....	12	Anacortes.....	9	WISCONSIN	
Winters.....	3	Auburn.....	24	Algoma.....	5
Yoakum.....	4	Bellevue.....	28	Antigo.....	14
		Burlington.....	4	Ashland.....	14
UTAH		Camas.....	9	Bayside.....	11
American Fork.....	6	Centralia.....	17	Beaver Dam.....	20
Bountiful.....	14	Chehalis.....	10	Berlin.....	8
Helper.....	4	Cheney.....	3	Black River Falls.....	4
Midvale.....	6	Clarkston.....	7	Burlington.....	15
Moab.....	5	Cle Elum.....	3	Cedarburg.....	10
North Ogden.....	1	Clyde Hill Town.....	2	Chilton.....	3
Orem.....	20	Colfax.....	4		
Park City.....	3				

Table 50.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1965, Cities With Population under 25,000—Continued

City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees	City by state	Number of police department employees
WISCONSIN—Con.		WISCONSIN—Con.		WISCONSIN—Con.	
Chippewa Falls.....	21	Menomonie.....	14	Stevens Point.....	28
Clintonville.....	8	Mequon.....	13	Stoughton.....	11
Columbus.....	4	Merrill.....	16	Sturgeon Bay.....	9
Cornell.....	3	Middleton.....	7	Sun Prairie.....	5
Cudahy.....	28	Monona.....	11	Tomah.....	9
Dodgeville.....	3	Monroe.....	15	Two Rivers.....	23
Elkhorn.....	6	Neenah.....	35	Viroqua.....	4
Elm Grove.....	9	Nekoosa.....	5	Waterford.....	3
Evansville.....	7	New Holstein.....	3	Watertown.....	20
Fox Point.....	20	New Richmond.....	5	Waupaca.....	8
Franklin.....	13	Oak Creek.....	23	Waupun.....	10
Glendale.....	25	Oconomowoc.....	12	West Bend.....	17
Grafton.....	6	Onalaska.....	2	West Milwaukee.....	24
Greendale.....	13	Peshtigo.....	4	Whitefish Bay.....	27
Greenfield.....	15	Platteville.....	10	Whitewater.....	13
Hales Corners.....	10	Plymouth.....	7	Wisconsin Rapids.....	31
Hartford.....	9	Port Washington.....	10		
Horicon.....	4	Prairie du Chien.....	6	WYOMING	
Hudson.....	6	Reedsburg.....	10	Buffalo.....	5
Hurley.....	4	Rhineland.....	15	Evanston.....	5
Jefferson.....	7	Rice Lake.....	11	Gillette.....	14
Kaukauna.....	13	Richland Center.....	8	Green River.....	6
Kewaunee.....	3	Ripon.....	8	Lander.....	13
Kiel.....	4	River Falls.....	6	Laramie.....	25
Kimberly.....	4	River Hills.....	12	Newcastle.....	9
Lake Geneva.....	13	Rothschild.....	3	Powell.....	11
Lake Mills.....	3	St. Francis.....	9	Rawlins.....	10
Lancaster.....	4	Schofield.....	4	Riverton.....	15
Little Chute.....	4	Shawano.....	10	Rock Springs.....	18
Marinette.....	18	Sheboygan Falls.....	6	Sheridan.....	16
Marshfield.....	25	Shorewood.....	27	Thermopolis.....	9
Mayville.....	4	South Milwaukee.....	29	Torrington.....	10
Menasha.....	28	Sparta.....	10	Worland.....	13
Menomonee Falls.....	23	Spoooner.....	5		

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities over 250,000 in population</i>										
Akron, Ohio.....	5,846	14	17	31	410	124	2,212	1,477	4,444	1,578
Albuquerque, N. Mex.....	5,646	13	20	40	208	535	3,127	777	6,057	946
Atlanta, Ga.....	13,529	100	44	115	417	903	4,820	4,200	8,168	2,974
Baltimore, Md. ¹	26,193	131	66	260	2,109	3,830	7,393	7,053	10,383	5,417
Birmingham, Ala.....	8,746	56	28	44	299	793	3,741	2,644	4,316	1,169
Boston, Mass.....	22,542	57	43	77	1,109	930	4,681	2,775	3,450	12,913
Buffalo, N.Y.....	9,833	16	1	50	381	418	3,899	2,359	4,143	2,710
Chicago, Ill.....	103,343	395	209	1,223	14,888	10,382	30,020	17,380	51,178	29,055
Cincinnati, Ohio.....	6,076	41	37	122	317	651	2,451	1,656	7,027	838
Cleveland, Ohio.....	16,697	108	23	149	1,832	1,288	7,374	1,025	11,993	4,921
Columbus, Ohio.....	10,920	31	28	77	517	529	5,130	2,725	6,110	1,911
Dallas, Tex.....	15,830	116	90	137	592	1,320	7,715	2,256	18,712	3,694
Dayton, Ohio.....	5,543	27	9	51	343	424	2,595	989	5,038	1,114
Denver, Colo.....	13,688	37	15	139	757	547	5,861	3,207	7,554	3,140
Detroit, Mich.....	48,599	188	33	648	5,498	3,728	18,460	7,416	25,083	12,661
El Paso, Tex.....	5,243	8	8	32	164	360	2,927	813	6,378	939
Fort Worth, Tex.....	7,172	57	4	70	392	388	3,955	959	9,397	1,351
Honolulu, Hawaii.....	9,281	13	1	6	103	190	4,652	2,171	5,673	2,146
Houston, Tex.....	25,238	139	38	121	1,434	2,314	12,860	4,380	13,066	3,990
Indianapolis, Ind.....	13,555	41	20	143	1,051	518	5,691	2,474	8,191	3,637
Jersey City, N.J.....	3,582	14	2	16	121	184	955	137	358	2,155
Kansas City, Mo.....	16,866	71	41	209	1,212	1,180	7,219	3,921	10,559	3,054
Long Beach, Calif.....	11,550	18	14	113	719	505	4,939	2,753	4,522	2,503
Los Angeles, Calif.....	121,359	249	199	1,268	8,016	9,211	50,771	29,708	42,600	22,136
Louisville, Ky.....	11,323	52	21	52	633	477	4,138	3,864	4,757	2,107
Memphis, Tenn.....	12,295	41	32	63	344	481	6,248	3,613	4,912	1,505
Miami, Fla.....	13,903	46	18	70	1,136	1,647	6,460	3,167	6,177	1,377
Milwaukee, Wis.....	10,361	27	25	33	214	477	2,433	3,841	9,490	3,336
Minneapolis, Minn.....	14,657	23	9	49	924	603	6,855	3,418	8,645	2,785
Nashville, Tenn.....	8,796	55	34	58	280	807	4,020	1,802	2,099	1,774
Newark, N.J.....	19,706	68	67	162	1,515	1,991	7,924	3,548	5,372	4,498
New Orleans, La.....	16,621	87	32	119	1,065	979	5,798	3,953	5,331	4,620
New York, N.Y.....	187,795	631	50	1,154	8,904	16,325	51,072	74,983	40,799	34,726
Norfolk, Va.....	7,128	24	28	50	314	911	2,882	1,748	5,196	1,199
Oakland, Calif.....	11,647	32	25	66	795	580	5,141	2,773	8,080	2,260
Oklahoma City, Okla.....	7,125	27	39	64	488	371	3,773	556	6,590	1,846
Omaha, Nebr.....	5,752	16	19	28	253	30	2,711	1,130	6,389	1,584
Philadelphia, Pa.....	33,113	205	125	535	2,893	4,408	12,318	4,755	15,085	7,999
Phoenix, Ariz.....	14,752	30	42	110	490	766	6,273	4,727	10,802	2,356
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	18,495	40	41	152	1,373	1,108	6,001	3,833	4,169	5,988
Portland, Oreg.....	10,454	14	40	58	573	282	4,018	3,752	7,685	1,757
Rochester, N.Y.....	4,988	12	44	187	196	196	2,400	1,356	4,684	793
Sacramento, Calif.....	8,848	23	16	76	434	221	3,522	2,716	5,661	1,856
St. Louis, Mo.....	25,750	138	44	323	2,293	2,256	12,661	2,533	27,736	5,546
St. Paul, Minn.....	8,905	7	29	62	362	378	4,170	1,940	4,748	1,986
San Antonio, Tex.....	15,222	53	97	94	336	1,380	7,161	4,165	10,461	2,033
San Diego, Calif.....	10,251	26	54	44	367	479	3,165	4,372	9,222	1,798
San Francisco, Calif.....	26,924	57	70	85	2,087	1,830	11,535	3,975	17,663	7,355
San Jose, Calif.....	6,066	10	21	30	116	115	3,327	1,016	10,461	1,452
Seattle, Wash.....	11,826	24	13	78	516	394	4,965	3,938	8,601	1,911
Tampa, Fla.....	8,753	26	15	40	525	718	4,305	2,197	5,533	942
Toledo, Ohio.....	7,427	20	22	45	487	307	3,096	2,311	7,851	1,161
Tucson, Ariz.....	4,379	10	15	26	135	236	2,054	1,092	6,632	826
Tulsa, Okla.....	5,917	12	14	29	183	335	2,270	1,929	4,182	1,159
Washington, D.C.....	25,462	148	19	140	2,881	2,635	9,886	4,153	8,423	5,619
Wichita, Kans.....	4,747	11	24	32	122	261	2,271	1,238	6,268	812

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 100,000 to 250,000 in population</i>										
Albany, N.Y.	1,901	3	1	9	49	82	757	323	351	678
Alexandria, Va.	2,210	4	3	21	109	311	850	626	1,720	239
Allentown, Pa.	1,077	2	7	4	35	25	445	429	981	137
Amarillo, Tex.	2,538	7	5	5	63	184	1,063	932	2,303	234
Anaheim, Calif.	3,901	4	5	17	87	87	2,056	1,182	2,755	468
Arlington, Va.	2,819	5	6	18	54	161	1,007	1,208	2,391	366
Austin, Tex.	3,614	19	3	27	105	476	1,860	571	5,259	556
Baton Rouge, La.	4,076	10	5	20	98	144	1,324	1,597	3,649	383
Beaumont, Tex.	1,594	13	4	8	31	290	889	197	1,657	166
Berkeley, Calif.	2,855	4	8	21	165	89	1,659	523	4,009	394
Bridgeport, Conn.	3,327	8	5	5	78	74	1,584	626	1,392	952
Camden, N.J.	2,924	11	2	26	228	125	1,373	503	1,229	658
Canton, Ohio	1,805	7	6	14	66	54	738	602	1,547	324
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	838	1	2	2	16	21	287	302	1,555	209
Charlotte, N.C.	5,691	46	3	30	271	729	2,577	1,414	2,762	624
Chattanooga, Tenn.	3,020	30	19	20	94	148	1,585	322	1,205	821
Columbia, S.C.	2,488	15	9	17	53	171	1,082	751	1,863	399
Columbus, Ga.	2,184	13	9	8	47	43	939	588	1,233	546
Corpus Christi, Tex.	4,750	11	1	18	121	509	1,912	1,702	2,576	477
Dearborn, Mich.	2,251	4	8	7	106	32	723	850	3,320	529
Des Moines, Iowa	3,207	7	4	16	97	28	1,344	1,200	3,096	515
Duluth, Minn.	1,407	1	3	2	38	24	665	403	1,570	274
Elizabeth, N.J.	2,806	4	17	10	170	247	1,390	365	1,485	620
Erie, Pa.	1,693	1	1	5	101	55	699	341	1,446	491
Evansville, Ind.	3,477	5	4	24	93	175	1,577	1,131	2,207	472
Flint, Mich.	7,013	16	17	62	317	1,296	2,140	2,332	3,799	850
Fort Lauderdale, Fla.	3,748	8	12	11	135	296	1,907	1,030	2,670	361
Fort Wayne, Ind.	2,846	2	13	15	129	155	927	1,184	3,018	434
Fresno, Calif.	5,848	10	4	5	189	122	2,155	2,102	4,457	1,265
Garden Grove, Calif.	3,040	2		11	67	87	1,502	984	1,700	387
Gary, Ind.	5,734	22	21	48	558	573	1,728	1,570	2,439	1,235
Glendale, Calif.	2,596	1	3	10	80	38	1,111	848	1,776	508
Grand Rapids, Mich.	3,350	9	9	27	143	115	1,355	1,032	2,538	649
Greensboro, N.C.	2,838	10	11	17	58	928	672	771	1,844	382
Hammond, Ind.	2,362	3	11	9	99	132	702	840	1,510	577
Hampton, Va.	1,529	11	7	7	36	52	688	575	1,098	160
Hartford, Conn.	3,942	10	3	10	145	257	1,910	814	3,038	796
Huntsville, Ala.	3,349	19	3	22	40	602	1,032	1,179	1,757	455
Independence, Mo.	1,393	5	2	11	37	95	671	393	1,297	181
Jackson, Miss.	1,568	18	8	11	32	143	845	305	1,877	214
Jacksonville, Fla.	6,627	35		40	622	419	3,221	1,659	4,339	631
Kansas City, Kans.	3,167	16	16	26	143	370	1,512	574	1,991	526
Knoxville, Tenn.	2,783	21	19	16	65	264	1,453	520	1,823	444
Lansing, Mich.	3,141	7	3	13	42	99	1,163	1,163	2,769	654
Las Vegas, Nev.	2,417	10		13	128	132	781	871	1,857	482
Lincoln, Nebr.	1,434	2	1	13	9	83	544	656	2,755	127
Little Rock, Ark.	3,672	14	16	28	152	379	1,293	1,439	2,949	367
Lubbock, Tex.	3,072	6		28	50	221	1,391	1,106	2,492	270
Macon, Ga.	2,741	19	7	24	89	272	1,350	664	1,701	323
Madison, Wis.	1,576	2	1	6	13	14	533	704	2,504	304
Mobile, Ala.	5,135	20	28	43	132	340	2,985	1,069	1,925	546
Montgomery, Ala.	2,641	23	5	20	75	69	1,169	884	1,935	401
New Bedford, Mass.	2,366	2	2	5	38	109	1,096	475	1,104	641
New Haven, Conn.	2,735	2	10	17	19	141	1,037	539	2,022	980
Newport News, Va.	2,389	11	6	19	179	254	1,101	550	1,788	275

† Figures not comparable with prior years.

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 100,000 to 250,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Niagara Falls, N.Y.	1,618	4	7	7	82	251	500	600	1,213	174
Orlando, Fla.	2,644	13	2	12	116	193	1,010	906	1,483	394
Pasadena, Calif.	3,425	4	11	41	117	172	1,548	1,032	3,029	511
Paterson, N.J.	2,699	9	1	13	176	134	1,200	234	1,083	883
Peoria, Ill.	3,215	4		23	138	203	1,408	688	2,199	751
Portsmouth, Va.	2,901	7		10	190	177	1,268	753	1,615	496
Providence, R.I.	5,502	12	4	16	124	245	2,169	1,028	3,019	1,908
Raleigh, N.C.	2,610	7		13	59	439	996	771	1,654	325
Reading, Pa.	1,007	3		1	30	38	523	200	815	212
Richmond, Va.	6,511	42	30	41	277	537	2,742	1,450	4,366	1,422
Riverside, Calif.	3,857	5	17	22	78	176	1,898	1,174	2,734	504
Roanoke, Va.	1,872	7	11	9	61	136	797	514	1,317	348
Rockford, Ill.	1,598	2	7	4	64	39	795	474	1,693	220
Saginaw, Mich.	2,012	9	10	10	135	325	716	357	2,453	460
St. Petersburg, Fla.	4,508	11	1	37	183	710	2,211	1,073	4,210	283
Salt Lake City, Utah	5,510	5	17	28	158	133	2,379	1,996	4,565	811
San Bernardino, Calif.	3,499	4	6	16	103	112	1,510	1,239	2,256	515
Santa Ana, Calif.	2,564	8	4	23	89	126	1,356	471	2,773	491
Savannah, Ga.	3,185	17	5	29	155	506	1,306	811	1,383	361
Scranton, Pa.	949		7	2	16	46	424	183	860	278
Shreveport, La.	2,775	17	1	5	127	543	1,121	529	3,085	433
South Bend, Ind.	1,725	8	6	5	58	61	789	438	2,785	366
Spokane, Wash.	1,790	4	1	2	27	50	826	410	3,641	471
Springfield, Mass.	1,725	7	21	3	17	13	414	325	1,299	946
Springfield, Mo.	1,134		10	3	35	29	662	269	1,777	136
Stamford, Conn.	1,752	5	1	6	29	73	909	415	339	315
Syracuse, N.Y.	5,238	6	6	60	228	395	1,901	1,949	3,468	699
Tacoma, Wash.	2,313	4	10	15	62	117	1,150	582	2,409	383
Topeka, Kans.	1,537	2	1	12	47	160	808	324	2,220	184
Torrance, Calif.	4,289	2	8	18	91	85	2,001	1,442	2,079	650
Trenton, N.J.	3,229	4	10	18	192	165	1,357	382	130	1,111
Utica, N.Y.	641		1	2	20	6	339	143	975	131
Virginia Beach, Va.	2,028	6	10	15	36	208	837	723	1,676	203
Waco, Tex.	2,671	7		16	56	209	1,749	456	2,127	178
Warren, Mich.	2,590	1	1	9	49	79	1,061	1,041	2,221	350
Waterbury, Conn.	1,569	1	2	2	28	57	668	365	486	448
Wichita Falls, Tex.	1,159	5	3	2	39	182	428	345	1,883	153
Winston-Salem, N.C.	2,797	28	5	14	48	745	1,056	516	1,601	390
Worcester, Mass.	3,194	6	10	14	101	50	1,456	474	1,752	1,093
Yonkers, N.Y.	3,399	17	3	10	82	166	1,319	1,115	2,029	690
Youngstown, Ohio	2,354	9	16	7	98	260	921	399	1,773	660
<i>Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population</i>										
Abilene, Tex.	1,435	4		3	17	14	779	484	1,546	134
Abington Township, Pa.	515	1	2	1	12	6	207	213	300	75
Alameda, Calif.	568	1		1	18	15	244	162	934	127
Albany, Ga.	503	3		1	17	25	296	41	62	120
Alhambra, Calif.	1,277		1	9	35	53	562	455	836	163
Altoona, Pa.	522	3	3	4	9	8	329	31	34	138
Amherst, N.Y.	653			3	9	6	344	205	448	86
Ann Arbor, Mich.	1,490		2	6	23	47	346	856	1,822	212
Appleton, Wis.	350		2	2	2		171	91	1,119	84
Arlington, Mass.	295		5		4		170	59	106	62

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns
25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Arlington, Tex.	1,098	2	1	5	6	55	254	656	981	120
Asheville, N.C.	1,143	5	4	8	21	79	370	469	743	191
Atlantic City, N.J.	2,917	5	1	23	80	61	1,500	766	806	482
Augusta, Ga.	841	10	6	6	31	185	290	133	141	186
Aurora, Colo.	817	1		4	22	17	385	284	750	104
Aurora, Ill.	784	2	3	5	61	42	251	260	754	163
Bakersfield, Calif.	1,940	5	2	13	65	48	675	836	2,373	298
Bay City, Mich.	620		1	6	28	21	257	142	1,066	166
Bayonne, N.J.	819	5	2	5	16	132	240	212	323	209
Berwyn, Ill.	587		1	2	32	10	263	174	163	106
Bethlehem, Pa.	815	1	3	1	13	45	332	252	835	171
Billings, Mont.	1,106		1	3	29	22	478	398	1,424	176
Binghamton, N.Y.	728	4		5	5	14	379	222	701	99
Bloomfield, N.J.	552	2	1		3	3	260	182	272	102
Bloomington, Minn.	524				5	11	140	277	482	91
Boise, Idaho	960		1	1	16	28	285	516	1,096	114
Boulder, Colo.	647		1		5	11	101	462	1,074	68
Bristol, Conn.	357			3		4	16	137	320	36
Bristol Township, Pa.	688		1	7	18	39	367	142	478	115
Brockton, Mass.	1,583	1	2	8	39	68	708	415	958	344
Brookline, Mass.	1,645		3	1	20	8	849	329	916	438
Brownsville, Tex.	801	1	3	9	12	57	452	172	922	98
Buena Park, Calif.	1,069	2	2	2	37	28	558	243	971	199
Burbank, Calif.	2,022	4	5	6	68	53	881	599	1,303	411
Cambridge, Mass.	3,541	1		7	85	57	953	742	663	1,696
Champaign, Ill.	726	6		3	27	58	274	220	822	138
Charleston, S.C.	2,268	15		19	90	79	897	847	1,997	321
Charleston, W. Va.	1,393	7	3	6	44	136	517	467	953	216
Cheektowaga, N.Y.	532	1	4	1	5	4	235	200	799	86
Chesapeake, Va.	1,147	5	11	31	35	146	525	305	521	100
Chester, Pa.	2,120	3	2	20	140	277	498	191	476	991
Chicopee, Mass.	377		2		4		111	152	105	110
Chula Vista, Calif.	815	2	2	5	15	18	411	286	855	78
Cicero, Ill.	857	1	1		43	65	297	170	400	281
Cleveland Heights, Ohio	397		1	2	10	22	196	100	453	67
Clifton, N.J.	551		3	1	9	20	294	99	476	128
Colonia Town, N.Y.	591			1	8	26	286	207	363	63
Colorado Springs, Colo.	1,198	4	1	10	30	58	571	295	1,456	230
Compton, Calif.	5,158	8		41	303	410	1,978	1,068	2,264	1,350
Concord, Calif.	1,294		1	6	15	23	615	474	1,407	161
Costa Mesa, Calif.	1,729			4	24	46	906	522	1,212	227
Council Bluffs, Iowa	949	3	1	2	25	13	416	327	830	163
Covington, Ky.	1,197	4	2	5	39	50	543	323	863	233
Cranston, R.I.	1,218	1	2		8	42	536	465	710	166
Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio	344			3	11	2	129	155	605	44
Daly City, Calif.	1,119			1	29	26	334	332	612	397
Davenport, Iowa	1,675	2	12	12	50	34	673	483	2,178	421
Daytona Beach, Fla.	1,543	6		14	84	122	817	304	1,374	196
Dearborn Heights, Mich.	892	1	4	11	45	36	389	262	1,018	148
Decatur, Ill.	1,357	3		2	55	22	688	392	1,363	195

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Des Plaines, Ill.	442	1	7		13	27	167	163	561	71
Downey, Calif.	2,639	1		5	66	72	1,094	1,057	1,174	344
Dubuque, Iowa	396	1			6	2	101	160	841	126
Durham, N.C.	1,226	14	5	10	23	373	404	227	564	175
East Chicago, Ind.	1,396	5	7	8	94	194	323	385	639	387
East Orange, N.J.	1,687	1	2	13	60	40	689	512	752	372
East St. Louis, Ill.	2,046	19		34	177	149	625	395	358	647
Edison, N.J.	704		8		8	8	266	282	177	139
Elgin, Ill.	463	1		3	3	15	163	172	414	79
Elyria, Ohio	289		2	4	17	5	115	83	234	65
Euclid, Ohio	295	1	1		11	10	117	45	603	111
Eugene, Oreg.	1,456		2	4	21	12	416	770	1,473	233
Evanston, Ill.	991	3	1	7	56	103	375	238	1,608	209
Everett, Wash.	747		4	4	9	25	374	182	1,440	153
Fairfield, Conn.	725		1		13	8	307	234	494	163
Fall River, Mass.	1,857			6	40	55	900	311	386	545
Fayetteville, N.C.	1,217	5	1	1	54	293	617	36	1,002	211
Florissant, Mo.	388			2	7	9	156	152	424	62
Port Smith, Ark.	598	1	4	5	15	13	266	147	405	151
Framingham, Mass.	498	1	2	2	3	8	152	227	397	105
Fremont, Calif.	1,045	3	7	6	21	53	477	348	1,701	137
Fullerton, Calif.	1,358	2	2	1	38	28	528	603	1,447	158
Gadsden, Ala.	928	5		8	9	82	414	295	622	115
Galveston, Tex.	2,477	12	2	26	98	599	662	743	1,155	337
Garland, Tex.	1,038	4	1	5	14	66	482	376	855	91
Great Falls, Mont.	1,246		3	6	27	39	594	344	1,209	236
Greece, N.Y.	393		1	3	8	36	182	140	337	24
Green Bay, Wis.	431				2	8	134	189	569	98
Greenville, S.C.	2,362	10	11	22	59	162	1,059	687	1,012	303
Greenwich, Conn.	279		3	2	4	4	135	91	236	43
Hamilton Township, N.J.	833		9	2	20	11	334	296	688	170
Hamilton, Ohio	1,082	1	1	5	12	144	297	483	1,202	140
Harrisburg, Pa.	1,123	7	1	14	43	32	568	297	663	162
Haverford Township, Pa.	300		1		4	1	144	97	317	54
Hayward, Calif.	2,379		1	16	46	91	825	881	1,602	520
Hialeah, Fla.	2,050	4	7	1	57	61	813	784	1,783	330
High Point, N.C.	803	6	5	5	6	35	423	200	435	128
Hollywood, Fla.	1,774	5	3	2	58	127	762	605	1,468	215
Holyoke, Mass.	763		1	9	4	27	302	211	643	210
Huntington, W. Va.	1,700	11	3	7	87	325	649	371	1,211	250
Huntington Beach, Calif.	1,335	1	2	5	18	60	574	546	1,252	131
Inglewood, Calif.	3,289	5	7	19	134	118	1,242	1,163	1,203	608
Irondequoit, N.Y.	308			1	1	1	232	58	500	15
Irving, Tex.	1,251	2	13	9	10	25	511	499	1,347	195
Irvington, N.J.	848		2	3	30	9	387	166	627	253
Joliet, Ill.	1,315	2	1	5	77	82	474	490	1,011	195
Kalamazoo, Mich.	1,696	1	4	4	38	195	737	549	2,220	172
Kenosha, Wis.	694	1	1	2	15	11	276	182	940	207
Kettering, Ohio	391		1	4	8	13	162	135	883	69
Lafayette, La.	921	3		5	12	106	460	258	543	77

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Lake Charles, La.	485	2		1	10	26	279	114	388	53
Lakewood, Ohio	302		2	2	19	6	176	43	785	56
Lancaster, Pa.	406		1	5	13	29	191	97	861	71
Laredo, Tex.	923			3	8	55	479	270	319	108
Lawrence, Mass.	1,032	1	1	3	25	20	402	136	303	445
Lawton, Okla.	1,335	7		11	36	172	504	466	1,197	139
Lexington, Ky.	2,877	11	6	3	109	115	1,101	1,110	1,853	428
Lima, Ohio	940	2		2	39	16	473	278	1,146	130
Lincoln Park, Mich.	1,023			3	6	40	250	439	1,315	269
Livonia, Mich.	1,178			5	9	33	83	569	225	1,587
Lorain, Ohio	1,363	8	5	11	51	88	525	237	636	443
Lowell, Mass.	1,097	2	4	11	39	25	324	247	576	449
Lower Merion Township, Pa.	747	2		2	13	24	334	272	417	100
Lynchburg, Va.	722	6	2	6	18	42	452	119	861	79
Lynn, Mass.	2,454	2	2	5	87	157	1,058	363	1,211	782
Malden, Mass.	594	1	3		18	11	216	154	168	194
Manchester, N.H.	637	4	4	1	14	9	302	210	730	97
Mansfield, Ohio	950	1	2	4	48	46	434	277	856	140
Medford, Mass.	483		6		6	1	153	202	419	121
Meriden, Conn.	593	1	2		3	17	241	229	304	102
Meridian, Miss.	532	5	8	1	5	29	325	99	363	68
Miami Beach, Fla.	2,565	2	1	6	77	26	1,247	905	1,843	302
Middletown Township, N.J.	329	1	5	2	1	13	145	118	198	49
Midland, Tex.	873	5		3	6	80	433	237	707	109
Monroe, La.	544	5	1	2	9	179	186	80	1,228	83
Monterey Park, Calif.	842	1	1	4	26	12	304	388	403	107
Mount Vernon, N.Y.	1,411	1		11	56	53	551	433	588	306
Muncie, Ind.	1,530	4	2	5	28	38	727	291	655	437
New Britain, Conn.	1,002	1	4	3	21	48	531	245	561	153
Newport, R.I.	347	1	1		5	15	141	140	169	45
New Rochelle, N.Y.	1,103	1		7	27	41	386	421	520	220
Newton, Mass.	1,527	1		5	14	12	726	522	639	247
North Little Rock, Ark.	1,025	6		13	53	98	425	264	912	166
Norwalk, Conn.	829	2		8	22	72	261	318	590	146
Oak Park, Ill.	378	1	1	2	15	2	182	73	196	103
Odessa, Tex.	528	4	1	2	13	24	295	92	1,948	98
Ogden, Utah	1,050	2	2	6	21	80	511	218	1,779	212
Ontario, Calif.	1,651	1	2	18	18	83	935	405	1,058	191
Orange, Calif.	901	1	1	7	15	34	490	228	504	126
Overland Park, Kans.	534			5	12	24	257	198	403	38
Oxnard, Calif.	1,147	3	5	10	37	59	457	353	919	228
Palo Alto, Calif.	990		1	2	19	16	430	400	1,039	123
Parma, Ohio	587		1	2	17	45	292	144	588	87
Pasadena, Tex.	593	3	2	1	17	84	213	201	768	74
Passaic, N.J.	1,820	2	1	6	86	277	550	396	625	503
Pawtucket, R.I.	765		2	2	7	36	343	238	389	139
Penn Hills Township, Pa.	538	1		4	19	8	301	89	181	116
Pensacola, Fla.	1,521	7	5	10	61	132	700	361	1,381	250
Pine Bluff, Ark.	704	4	1	2	15	53	305	248	499	77
Pittsfield, Mass.	344		3	3	1	6	141	126	188	67

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Pomona, Calif.....	2,179	1	4	10	58	95	998	640	1,195	377
Pontiac, Mich.....	2,219	7	9	16	154	249	794	801	1,810	198
Port Arthur, Tex.....	552	5	—	2	8	6	283	148	430	100
Portland, Maine.....	939	1	—	4	12	33	396	299	1,210	194
Priehard, Ala.....	731	6	8	13	22	115	331	152	332	92
Pueblo, Colo.....	1,120	1	7	5	47	85	422	389	1,672	171
Quincy, Mass.....	1,166	1	5	—	14	12	431	319	628	389
Racine, Wis.....	1,392	6	1	4	90	227	503	343	1,935	219
Rapid City, S. Dak.....	781	1	—	5	28	18	197	401	903	131
Redford Township, Mich.....	884	—	4	9	27	42	277	362	1,042	167
Redondo Beach, Calif.....	2,297	1	2	10	60	79	1,069	679	1,331	399
Redwood City, Calif.....	1,094	1	—	4	19	6	456	363	373	245
Reno, Nev.....	2,343	9	4	15	102	53	964	664	1,749	536
Richmond, Calif.....	2,677	5	7	14	131	224	1,310	637	2,153	356
Rock Island, Ill.....	1,087	2	—	1	37	56	345	470	818	176
Rome, N.Y.....	286	—	—	—	1	6	118	97	275	64
Roseville, Mich.....	972	—	2	4	22	48	357	401	1,140	140
Royal Oak, Mich.....	1,129	—	3	5	44	70	507	306	1,729	197
St. Clair Shores, Mich.....	993	1	1	2	8	31	470	409	1,062	72
St. Joseph, Mo.....	716	2	—	2	7	49	371	204	880	81
Salem, Oreg.....	1,110	1	5	5	19	40	471	413	1,581	161
Salinas, Calif.....	1,760	5	1	3	63	40	934	468	916	247
San Angelo, Tex.....	808	—	3	4	13	26	463	222	658	80
San Leandro, Calif.....	1,465	1	1	8	37	29	653	516	1,175	221
San Mateo, Calif.....	1,488	1	2	6	42	48	675	510	1,848	206
Santa Barbara, Calif.....	1,653	2	2	13	68	49	669	625	1,460	227
Santa Clara, Calif.....	1,230	—	—	9	12	52	514	460	1,860	183
Santa Monica, Calif.....	3,540	7	2	12	150	201	1,328	1,365	1,886	477
Schenectady, N.Y.....	563	2	1	1	11	13	285	93	405	158
Sioux City, Iowa.....	1,270	3	2	6	15	24	458	515	1,341	249
Sioux Falls, S. Dak.....	576	—	2	4	10	32	195	252	1,029	83
Skokie, Ill.....	1,229	—	3	—	19	69	405	581	815	155
Somerville, Mass.....	1,793	1	2	1	47	22	770	379	1,051	573
South Gate, Calif.....	1,757	4	1	13	83	31	749	542	522	336
Springfield, Ill.....	1,459	2	6	2	81	38	722	342	1,254	272
Springfield, Ohio.....	941	3	2	4	36	13	413	253	1,265	219
Stockton, Calif.....	2,700	5	15	17	150	136	1,115	726	2,789	551
Sunnyvale, Calif.....	830	2	1	5	11	67	340	317	1,426	88
Tallahassee, Fla.....	973	2	—	9	14	115	396	311	723	126
Terre Haute, Ind.....	1,141	8	1	7	27	17	517	414	1,003	151
Tonawanda Town, N.Y.....	569	1	1	1	8	8	271	211	370	69
Troy, N.Y.....	1,047	2	—	8	35	112	463	220	645	207
Tuscaloosa, Ala.....	1,228	2	1	3	14	156	661	354	175	33
Tyler, Tex.....	361	3	—	—	2	17	247	59	193	38
Union City, N.J.....	811	1	2	—	29	20	422	117	229	222
Union Township, N.J.....	808	1	5	2	22	18	333	311	614	121
University City, Mo.....	571	—	1	—	26	4	313	172	683	56
Upper Darby Township, Pa.....	829	—	3	2	15	37	357	187	1,270	231
Vallejo, Calif.....	1,428	3	6	5	71	26	548	455	1,466	320
Waltham, Mass.....	799	1	4	2	11	23	300	289	458	173

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Warren, Ohio.....	1,086	2	2	5	25	42	450	343	774	219
Warwick, R.I.....	1,563	2	3	4	5	34	672	715	1,035	131
Waterford Township, Mich.....	891	3	2	9	16	63	317	414	824	69
Waterloo, Iowa.....	928	2	1	11	41	30	334	338	938	172
Waukegan, Ill.....	812	4	2	5	37	56	233	314	838	163
Wauwatosa, Wis.....	411				5	10	139	197	516	60
West Allis, Wis.....	454	2	2		7	2	147	204	1,036	92
West Covina, Calif.....	1,482	1	3	22	24	26	760	432	904	217
West Hartford, Conn.....	373			10	5	8	204	80	123	66
Westminster, Calif.....	1,134		3	6	14	45	609	302	782	158
West Palm Beach, Fla.....	1,044	8	4	7	33	70	559	215	1,563	152
Weymouth, Mass.....	204	2	1	2	1	9	74	81	73	35
Wheeling, W. Va.....	444	1	1		14	24	204	148	460	53
White Plains, N.Y.....	1,391	3	1	11	34	182	437	575	534	149
Whittier, Calif.....	1,451		2	5	39	40	730	357	510	230
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.....	484			2	7	27	164	125	313	159
Wilmington, Del.....	2,633	10	5	6	196	24	1,172	539	1,842	686
Woodbridge Township, N.J.....	997	1	1	1	22	11	466	354	623	142
Wyoming, Mich.....	621		3	3	10	8	280	247	910	73
York, Pa.....	680	1	2	9	39	33	299	148	695	151
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population</i>										
Aberdeen, S. Dak.....	163	1			1	8	73	48	322	32
Alamogordo, N. Mex.....	136		1		1	5	98	21	309	11
Alexandria, La.....	698	3		1	31	2	472	88	580	101
Alliquippa, Pa.....	246	2		2	10	9	88	107	196	28
Allen Park, Mich.....	556		3	5	22	18	199	238	674	74
Alliance, Ohio.....	436		1	1	26	24	193	136	535	56
Alton, Ill.....	466	1			24	11	319	64	702	47
Ames, Iowa.....	236				1	7	75	125	303	28
Amsterdam, N.Y.....	99			1	1	5	37	39	88	16
Anchorage, Alaska.....	1,557	7		10	55	66	398	549	1,087	472
Anderson, Ind.....	752			8	15	36	342	186	123	165
Anderson, S. C.....	425	1		2	5	30	178	139	291	70
Anniston, Ala.....	523	5		3	34	191	129	140	210	21
Arcadia, Calif.....	904		1	2	12	14	393	394	763	89
Arlington Heights, Ill.....	260		1		1	6	99	114	554	40
Arvada, Colo.....	179			1	5	3	63	92	159	15
Ashland, Ky.....	299				5	6	173	77	276	38
Ashtabula, Ohio.....	427	3	1	2	10	28	218	128	422	38
Athens, Ga.....	1,134	8	6	4	7	92	534	324	456	165
Attleboro, Mass.....	256		3	5	2	5	113	76	190	55
Auburn, Maine.....	212		2			5	114	67	261	26
Auburn, N. Y.....	173				2		89	66	156	16
Austin, Minn.....	201				1	8	102	54	456	36
Azusa, Calif.....	749	2		3	27	53	454	114	628	96
Baldwin Borough, Pa.....	118		1		2	1	40	46	114	29
Baldwin Park, Calif.....	1,082	1	1	9	32	69	510	317	636	144
Bangor, Maine.....	204	3	1		1	2	117	38	430	43
Barberton, Ohio.....	413			2	16	62	141	90	411	102
Bartlesville, Okla.....	193				1	7	90	79	200	16
Battle Creek, Mich.....	829	1	2	4	19	73	383	265	1,375	84

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Baytown, Tex.	551	1			9	74	239	194	374	34
Belleville, Ill.	413				13		192	171	447	37
Belleville, N.J.	335		2	1	3	11	175	79	80	66
Bellingham, Wash.	297			2	2	2	98	135	899	58
Belmont, Mass.	258				1	1	146	77	135	33
Beloit, Wis.	235			1	10	7	99	73	420	45
Bensalem Township, Pa.	182		2	2	11	5	74	48	132	42
Bergenfield, N.J.	88				3	5	32	35	64	13
Bessemer, Ala.	674	6		6	19	130	221	227	426	65
Bethel Park, Pa.	165			1	1	5	84	52	98	22
Beverly, Mass.	534				3	2	226	176	494	127
Beverly Hills, Calif.	512	1			31	5	239	133	226	103
Big Spring, Tex.	396	4	2		5	46	196	108	299	37
Biloxi, Miss.	528	3			18	68	202	142	263	95
Birmingham, Mich.	290			2	7		93	141	539	47
Bismarck, N. Dak.	208		2		2	5	73	101	535	27
Bloomington, Ill.	714	1		5	18	17	279	269	597	125
Bloomington, Ind.	473			2	3	2	130	206	530	130
Blytheville, Ark.	426	1		4	9	22	155	185	237	50
Bossier City, La.	334			2	16	50	111	122	220	33
Bowling Green, Ky.	659	1		4	8	97	219	232	342	98
Braintree, Mass.	409		1	1	5	6	122	174	180	101
Bremerton, Wash.	499			9	6	26	213	155	710	90
Brighton, N. Y.	253				1	3	123	107	250	19
Brooklyn Center, Minn.	246			2	1	7	131	73	395	32
Bryan, Tex.	416	3	1	7	2	105	147	115	235	37
Burlingame, Calif.	684		2	1	17	17	314	249	290	86
Burlington, Iowa	175	1		1	6	2	105	40	307	20
Burlington, N. C.	486	3	2		3	125	149	179	363	27
Burlington, Vt.	342				1		121	71	546	149
Butte, Mont.	483	2	4	3	11	28	123	164	352	152
Calumet City, Ill.	664	2	3	5	52	41	238	201	310	125
Cape Girardeau, Mo.	281	1	2		5	25	125	90	343	35
Carlsbad, N. Mex.						Incomplete				
Casper, Wyo.	617			1	10	2	316	177	708	111
Cedar Falls, Iowa	132				1	10	63	37	110	21
Charlottesville, Va.	347	3	2	4	5	29	116	157	483	33
Chelsea, Mass.	751	2	1	3	31	19	284	110	180	302
Cheltenham Township, Pa.	585			1	10	7	224	234	453	109
Cherry Hill, N. J.	1,005	1	5	2	13	16	330	497	399	146
Cheyenne, Wyo.	575	2		7	14	20	207	217	945	108
Chicago Heights, Ill.	871	3	2	4	31	124	305	226	449	178
Chillicothe, Ohio	160			1	5	4	92	45	91	13
Clarksburg, W. Va.						Incomplete				
Clarkstown, N. Y.	489	2	6		6	3	197	212	466	69
Clearwater, Fla.	742	2	1	5	17	34	310	289	739	85
Clinton, Iowa	320	2			6	1	96	156	567	59
Clovis, N. Mex.	788	2	1	6	13	18	345	323	651	76
Columbia, Mo.	384	3		1	14	22	164	142	588	38
Columbus, Miss.	313			2	5	33	167	73	148	33

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns
25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Concord, N.H.	117					4	36	51	40	26
Coon Rapids, Minn.	219					8	106	72	346	33
Coral Gables, Fla.	1,125			3	29	5	381	591	854	116
Corvallis, Oreg.	115	2				5	29	61	643	18
Covina, Calif.	646			3	19	43	275	180	272	126
Cranford Township, N.J.	102			1			57	36	84	8
Crystal, Minn.	205				3	6	104	66	237	26
Culver City, Calif.	1,312			3	83	47	501	449	633	229
Cumberland, Md.	173	1	2	1	5	2	54	72	222	38
Danbury, Conn.	432	1		3	1	14	178	166	225	69
Danville, Ill.	729	3		3	21	37	334	259	679	72
Danville, Va.	661	8	5	9	5	102	239	246	649	52
Decatur, Ala.						Incomplete				
Decatur, Ga.	198	1				2	61	85	106	49
Dedham, Mass.	340		1			2	126	104	166	108
Denison, Tex.	166	1	1	2	1	28	89	25	160	20
Denton, Tex.	331	3	1		4	9	104	152	329	59
Dothan, Ala.	301	1		3	7	67	126	71	277	26
East Brunswick Township, N.J.	208				1	2	82	99	256	24
East Cleveland, Ohio	437			3	32	13	183	85	512	121
East Detroit, Mich.	718			1	20	18	261	251	781	137
East Hartford, Conn.	569				7	9	258	230	456	65
East Haven Town, Conn.	149				1	1	69	44	63	34
East Lansing, Mich.	294		4		3	11	88	166	236	26
Easton, Pa.	373			1	15	11	217	68	400	61
East Point, Ga.	433	1		2	1		205	156	228	68
East Providence, R.I.	586		1		1	8	278	187	502	112
Eau Claire, Wis.	227			1	1		98	85	530	42
Edina, Minn.	360		1		1	7	132	169	767	60
El Cajon, Calif.	662	2		4	5	15	306	227	692	103
El Cerrito, Calif.	440	1	1	1	21	14	199	148	544	56
El Dorado, Ark.	295	2	1		3	117	72	88	291	13
Elkhart, Ind.	425	1	2	4	8	41	113	213	496	40
Elmhurst, Ill.	273			2	5	24	107	95	358	40
Elmira, N.Y.	598	2			7	47	271	229	779	42
El Monte, Calif.	2,113	3		13	85	89	1,100	411	713	412
Enfield, Conn.	220	1	1		6	7	111	79	228	16
Englewood, Colo.	432	2		3	2	24	188	147	530	66
Englewood, N.J.	330	1		5	13	14	201	65	65	31
Enid, Okla.	530	1	2	1		9	218	191	730	110
Eureka, Calif.	486			4	24	19	120	258	709	61
Everett, Mass.	587		1		9	23	255	116	177	184
Evergreen Park, Ill.	380			1	7	2	56	196	373	118
Ewing Township, N.J.	546		3		6	13	209	210	352	108
Fairborn, Ohio	246			3	4	13	81	113	379	32
Fairfield, Calif.	236	1		2	3	9	110	76	705	35
Fair Lawn, N.J.	285	1	5	1	2	3	130	129	247	19
Fairmont, W.Va.					Incomplete					
Falls Township, Pa.	240		1		4	2	118	87	336	29
Fargo, N. Dak.	464	1	1	2	5	5	151	241	905	59

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Farmington, N. Mex.	399	2		2	16	28	167	153	327	31
Ferguson, Mo.	256	1		2	3	17	103	96	282	34
Ferndale, Mich.	602	7		8	23	41	245	190	422	88
Findlay, Ohio	255		3	2		11	129	93	467	20
Fitchburg, Mass.	547	1	2		9	4	263	190	346	80
Flagstaff, Ariz.	459		1	2	10	47	156	194	400	50
Florence, Ala.	317			1	2	38	178	84	311	14
Florence, S.C.	575	3		3	11	28	328	122	452	80
Fond du Lac, Wis.	228		1	1			106	66	377	55
Fort Collins, Colo.	576		1	1	5	26	112	357	753	75
Fort Dodge, Iowa	338			2	8	4	183	93	312	48
Fort Lee, N.J.	435		2	1	10	9	231	120	139	64
Fort Myers, Fla.	512	7		5	15	36	278	137	274	34
Fort Pierce, Fla.					Incomplete					
Freeport, Ill.	182			1	2	21	65	61	191	32
Freeport, N.Y.	688			4	11	23	236	258	322	156
Gainesville, Fla.	937	9	5	3	27	50	479	279	1,267	90
Galesburg, Ill.	304				9	15	144	96	325	40
Gardena, Calif.	1,689	1	2	15	56	35	471	722	598	389
Garden City, Mich.	424	1		2	12	28	121	132	549	125
Garden City, N.Y.	353				3	11	150	169	189	20
Garfield, N.J.	139		1		4	9	56	31	157	39
Garfield Heights, Ohio	247			1	18	7	152	47	300	22
Gastonia, N.C.	820	1	2	4	9	207	288	196	726	115
Glen Cove, N.Y.	300	2		1	7	18	121	77	15	74
Glendale, Ariz.	494			3	7	41	248	128	392	67
Glendora, Calif.	519	1		5	7	28	293	134	284	51
Gloucester, Mass.	330			2	1	7	139	66	89	115
Goldsboro, N.C.	662	3		1	7	56	324	185	463	86
Grand Forks, N. Dak.	376			2	4	7	137	161	278	65
Grand Island, Nebr.	309				1	2	123	145	516	38
Grand Prairie, Tex.	890	3	1	5	17	91	411	236	599	127
Granite City, Ill.	583	1	1	1	13	10	329	104	720	125
Greeley, Colo.	343				3	8	108	143	418	81
Greenburgh, N.Y.	692			4	9	47	236	351	429	45
Greenville, Miss.	328	7	1	3	3	20	186	92	426	17
Greenville, N.C.	425			3	3	73	177	119	267	50
Gulfport, Miss.	404	3	4		11	13	180	130	398	67
Hackensack, N.J.	672	1		3	13	16	211	308	324	120
Hagerstown, Md.	586	1			18	28	305	160	547	74
Haltom City, Tex.	310		1	1	18	12	82	71	516	126
Hamden, Conn.	467		3		3	5	172	230	295	57
Hamtramck, Mich.	1,433	3		11	135	104	408	334	818	438
Harlingen, Tex.	395	1	1	6	9	63	174	123	379	19
Harvey, Ill.	763			4	42	31	206	257	436	223
Hattiesburg, Miss.	367	1	1	1	8	36	157	125	240	39
Haverhill, Mass.	708				10	2	377	159	231	160
Hawthorne, Calif.	1,482	1	1	2	57	27	495	640	705	260
Hazel Park, Mich.					Incomplete					
Hazleton, Pa.					Incomplete					
Hempstead, N.Y.	799	4		5	35	36	319	270	293	130
Highland Park, Ill.	221				9	2	89	84	92	37
Highland Park, Mich.	2,011	8	7	8	269	78	722	504	1,069	422
Hilo, Hawaii	213		1		11	11	124	58	292	20
Hobbs, N. Mex.	571			1	16	15	269	197	423	73

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Hoboken, N.J.	539	4	1	1	20	45	249	27	54	193
Holland, Mich.	89				1	2	49	15	396	22
Hot Springs, Ark.	611	2	3	4	15	32	318	187	310	53
Houma, La.	336	3		2	7	30	101	157	200	36
Huntington Park, Calif.	1,440	2		8	126	52	634	304	845	314
Hutchinson, Kans.	311	3	2	3	8	12	184	49	715	52
Idaho Falls, Idaho	633			2	7	3	145	415	824	60
Inkster, Mich.	846	1		17	76	148	375	98	317	131
Iowa City, Iowa	493		1	2	3	11	184	198	357	95
Ithaca, N.Y.	380	1				6	66	212	436	95
Jackson, Mich.	849	1	5	10	18	91	379	268	824	82
Jackson, Tenn.	492	4		12	14	32	275	129	360	26
Jamestown, N.Y.	316	1			1	10	206	42	44	56
Janesville, Wis.	374				1		148	156	536	69
Jefferson City, Mo.	238			2	6	13	100	94	367	23
Johnson City, Tenn.	633	4		2	8	44	214	201	350	160
Johnstown, Pa.	311	2		1	14	12	177	46	221	59
Joplin, Mo.	515	1	3	2	8	5	257	193	503	49
Kankakee, Ill.	477	1			61	113	164	115	482	23
Kannapolis, N.C.	274	2		2	7	91	69	71	271	32
Kearny, N.J.	278		5	2	3	5	118	81	178	69
Key West, Fla.	352	1	3	2	12	67	114	87	122	69
Killeen, Tex.	397	1	1		1	47	223	77	150	48
Kingsport, Tenn.	317	1		1	2	9	147	120	285	37
Kingston, N.Y.	422			1	5	82	138	139	244	57
Kingsville, Tex.	168	2		1		5	85	54	132	21
Kinston, N.C.	435	2		1	7	146	85	117	290	77
Kirkwood, Mo.	291			3	6	17	126	102	341	37
Kokomo, Ind.	533				8	3	181	188	724	153
Lackawanna, N.Y.	554			1	31	68	184	137	238	133
La Crosse, Wis.	345				3		162	112	809	68
Lafayette, Ind.	646	1		2	9	4	331	202	580	97
La Grange, Ga.	190	4	1	1	1	35	71	52	235	26
La Habra, Calif.	732		1	1	20	12	340	292	489	67
Lakeland, Fla.	718	1		1	25	30	317	246	976	98
La Mesa, Calif.	471		2	1	4	17	234	170	518	45
Lancaster, Ohio	566		1		8	71	268	169	327	50
Las Cruces, N. Mex.	528	1	1	8	9	25	287	88	593	110
Laurel, Miss.	429	7		6	3	81	159	125	226	48
Lawrence, Kans.	600			2	3	28	209	296	834	62
Leavenworth, Kans.	275			2	12	8	135	101	345	17
Lebanon, Pa.	235		1		5	3	93	88	336	46
Leominster, Mass.	307	1	1		2	6	153	87	299	58
Lewiston, Maine	394	2	1		3	14	181	124	538	70
Lexington, Mass.	231			1	1		133	75	151	21
Linden, N.J.	613		2	2	13	11	258	158	413	171
Livermore, Calif.	347			4	3	11	209	95	494	25
Livingston, N.J.	142				3	13	56	55	127	15
Lockport, N.Y.	284	2			3	38	85	118	232	38
Lodi, Calif.	236		2		3	5	107	84	310	37
Lodi, N.J.	334		2	3	2	14	115	141	165	59
Lombard, Ill.	90				3	8	36	37	103	6
Long Beach, N.Y.	886	1		1	17	118	248	390	418	111
Long Branch, N.J.	453	1	2	4	3	19	133	201	195	92
Longview, Tex.	478	5		2	17	61	238	119	169	36

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Longview, Wash.	240			1	2	3	132	48	443	54
Lynwood, Calif.	1,318	1		7	69	28	615	418	444	180
Madison Heights, Mich.	474		1	1	13	11	194	183	453	72
Madison Township, N.J.	311		3	1		4	128	125	166	53
Manchester Township, Conn.	419	1	1		6	4	216	159	359	33
Manhattan Beach, Calif.	1,209	1	1	7	14	22	727	305	526	133
Manitowoc, Wis.	282				1	1	116	133	578	31
Mankato, Minn.	216	1				10	31	138	530	41
Maple Heights, Ohio	202		1	1	11	15	81	46	310	48
Marietta, Ga.	846	3	2	1	12	45	295	276	469	214
Marion, Ind.	559				5	9	258	183	634	109
Marion, Ohio	512			1	4	4	164	267	694	72
Marshall, Tex.	252		1	3	2	20	121	93	196	13
Mason City, Iowa	345	1		1	4	2	126	152	450	59
Massillon, Ohio	396	2	6		19	11	172	124	347	68
Maywood, Ill.	514	3		11	22	29	254	111	192	84
McAllen, Tex.	98				4		66	24	363	4
McKeesport, Pa.	588		3	6	28	53	247	121	318	133
Medford, Oreg.	722			4	5	21	297	302	728	93
Melrose, Mass.	191				1	7	104	56	243	23
Menlo Park, Calif.	371	1		2	10	32	163	107	325	56
Mentor, Ohio	219			1	2	2	72	118	225	24
Mesa, Ariz.	990	1	1	3	11	21	309	540	1,056	105
Mesquite, Tex.	426	1	2	2	7	33	176	162	564	45
Methuen, Mass.	513	1	3	2	2	11	321	82	230	94
Michigan City, Ind.	904	3	1	3	25	111	319	286	412	157
Middletown, Conn.	320		3	2	3	21	136	78	158	80
Middletown, Ohio	789	2		8	30	10	373	228	691	138
Middletown Township, Pa.	276	1			6	8	116	99	343	46
Midland, Mich.	149	1		1	1	1	48	73	593	24
Midwest City, Okla.	619	1	2	2	10	28	267	257	552	54
Millford Town, Conn.	651			1	5	5	195	331	496	114
Millcreek Township, Pa.	282	1		2	3	17	137	90	189	32
Milton, Mass.	251				3	2	124	34	31	88
Minnetonka, Minn.	124						87	31	30	6
Minot, N. Dak.	267			1	2	17	82	106	488	59
Mishawaka, Ind.	425				7	10	166	164	901	78
Missoula, Mont.	551	1			4	10	194	212	1,063	130
Modesto, Calif.	1,492	2	1		51	52	907	231	2,181	249
Moline, Ill.	778		1	6	16	14	342	291	499	109
Monroe, Mich.	172	1	1	1	1	17	85	51	260	16
Monrovia, Calif.	687	3	1	10	18	44	316	203	270	93
Montclair, N.J.	502		2	3	4	7	217	205	323	66
Montebello, Calif.	1,155	3	1	5	35	29	662	222	524	199
Monterey, Calif.	916		1	10	23	23	414	298	620	148
Moorhead, Minn.	210				1	3	50	107	176	49
Morristown, Tenn.	140				3		78	56	69	3
Morton Grove, Ill.	155		1		6	1	51	67	79	30
Mountain View, Calif.	596	2	2	3	7	13	191	278	837	102
Mount Clemens, Mich.	485	2		3	17	11	210	179	498	63

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Mount Lebanon Township, Pa.	138					1	76	38	93	23
Mount Pleasant, N.Y.	84	1			1	1	37	22	130	22
Mount Prospect, Ill.	156				2	2	39	40	308	73
Muskegon, Mich.	913	1	3	3	30	115	365	294	1,093	105
Muskogee, Okla.	601	3	1	5	14	25	315	130	531	109
Napa, Calif.	382	1		1	7	9	165	160	759	39
Nashua, N.H.	275	1		3	3	8	96	86	318	78
Natchez, Miss.	272	2		1	2	19	116	102	284	30
Natick, Mass.	201				1	2	51	121	74	26
National City, Calif.	609	1	2	5	37	7	211	251	815	97
Needham, Mass.	162			1	1	2	71	48	152	39
Neptune Township, N.J.	425	1	2	7	13	22	147	132	165	103
New Albany, Ind.	853	2	1	1	34	83	294	305	679	134
Newark, Ohio	583			6	7	8	165	304	527	93
New Brunswick, N.J.	1,077	1		2	60	96	431	278	591	209
Newburgh, N.Y.	683	3		1	14	105	326	168	311	66
New Castle, Pa.	486				13	2	239	147	209	85
New Iberia, La.	118				2	22	57	28	149	9
New London, Conn.	719	1	2	2	15	27	306	229	381	139
Newport, Ky.	514	1		2	19	18	183	150	342	141
Newport Beach, Calif.	2,081		1	7	17	54	988	874	1,497	141
Niles, Ill.	324		1		7	9	72	178	202	58
Norman, Okla.	622	1			2	19	204	315	531	31
Norristown, Pa.	570	1	3	6	8	75	242	141	319	97
Northampton, Mass.	115			6	3	4	58	25	69	19
North Bergen Township, N.J.	583	1			21	6	204	211	213	140
North Chicago, Ill.	249				13	25	62	66	244	83
North Huntingdon Township, Pa.	148			6	3	3	54	68	130	14
North Las Vegas, Nev.	799	3	2	10	35	34	249	330	371	138
North Miami, Fla.	776			3	16	8	368	304	628	77
North Miami Beach, Fla.	515	3			22	13	206	210	589	61
North Tonawanda, N.Y.	184	1		4	2	2	86	60	112	29
Norwich, Conn.	324		2	3	11	6	175	92	160	37
Norwood, Mass.	338				1	12	130	120	192	75
Norwood, Ohio	359				12	2	156	105	209	84
Novato, Calif.	299				2	13	182	66	471	36
Nutley, N.J.	174				2		102	45	46	25
Oak Lawn, Ill.	518		3	2	12	38	147	201	615	118
Oak Park, Mich.	413		1		16	34	121	194	620	48
Oak Ridge, Tenn.	112	2	1	2	1	22	43	33	143	9
Oceanside, Calif.	904	2		23	27	40	364	321	833	127
Orange, N.J.	781	1	1	7	46	52	371	164	342	140
Orange, Tex.	186	3	1	1	4	12	71	74	141	21
Orangetown, N.Y.	154		1	4	1	1	72	91	82	15
Oshkosh, Wis.	377					4	198	109	939	66
Ottumwa, Iowa	212	1	1		5	4	92	57	176	53
Overland, Mo.	314		1	5	3	26	128	96	307	56
Owensboro, Ky.	943	1	2	1	15	34	401	396	702	95
Pacific, Calif.	419				6	7	213	97	383	96
Paducah, Ky.	483	3		1	13	72	272	63	684	59

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Pampa, Tex.	253	1		1		4	115	100	275	32
Panama City, Fla.	516	4	1			9	262	151	391	34
Paramus, N.J.	580	1	1	1		9	118	380	507	65
Parkersburg, W. Va.	453	1	1		11	5	286	98	317	52
Park Forest, Ill.	122			1		2	37	55	556	27
Park Ridge, Ill.	191	1				8	91	58	183	25
Parsippany-Troy Hills, N.J.	210		7	2	3	27	101	66	75	11
Peabody, Mass.	249	1		1	6	15	103	40	237	83
Pekin, Ill.	406				6	7	208	134	447	51
Pennsauken, N.J.	481	1	1	1	13	11	248	119	242	88
Perth Amboy, N.J.	583	1		2	18	40	139	235	262	148
Petersburg, Va.	847	4		11	49	129	420	131	641	103
Phenix City, Ala.	292	1	1	2	4	27	130	85	132	43
Piscataway Township, N.J.	160		2		2	12	89	43	262	14
Plainfield, N.J.	897		1	5	32	64	455	217	659	124
Pleasant Hill, Calif.	429			2	11	17	258	91	798	50
Pocatello, Idaho	754	2		1	11	75	202	343	1,227	120
Ponca City, Okla.	178		1		1	6	107	42	140	22
Port Chester, N.Y.	309	3		1	9	8	133	111	321	44
Port Huron, Mich.	343	1	1	2	4	9	197	67	730	63
Portsmouth, N.H.	358	1		1	17	3	167	131	261	38
Portsmouth, Ohio	672	1		2	24	31	267	231	556	116
Pottstown, Pa.	295		2	3	5	28	73	90	239	96
Poughkeepsie, N.Y.	584	2	2	1	16	39	307	147	535	72
Prairie Village, Kans.	290			2	2		157	114	224	15
Provo, Utah	176				1	1	55	66	946	53
Quincy, Ill.	465		3		13	2	197	212	140	41
Radnor Township, Pa.	361		1	3	1	17	132	164	197	44
Rahway, N.J.	345		5	1	16	9	152	86	318	81
Ramapo, N.Y.	450	1		4	2	27	202	191	147	23
Redlands, Calif.	747			2	16	11	322	301	540	95
Revere, Mass.	842	4	1	6	31	8	241	150	188	402
Richardson, Tex.	389		5		4	23	172	155	509	35
Richfield, Minn.	507			3	9	1	251	169	384	74
Richland, Wash.	114				2	8	60	25	193	19
Richmond, Ind.	579	5	1		11	12	272	171	921	108
Ridgewood, N.J.	128		1	1	3	6	60	30	227	28
Ridley Township, Pa.	368				13		139	133	382	83
Rochester, Minn.	518			4	2	4	167	233	800	108
Rock Hill, S.C.	348	1	2	1	2	15	176	101	398	52
Rockville Centre, N.Y.	441	2		2	12	2	151	200	257	72
Rocky Mount, N.C.	529	2	1	1	2	48	236	154	538	86
Rome, Ga.	538	5		7	7	102	228	97	224	92
Roseville, Minn.	261				1	1	69	151	350	39
Ross Township, Pa.	529			2	7	15	188	224	172	93
Roswell, N. Mex.	723	5	2	4	9	25	290	347	498	43
St. Charles, Mo.	211	1			3	2	140	48	62	17
St. Cloud, Minn.	347		4	1	1		133	139	1,016	73
St. Louis Park, Minn.	696			4	5	9	282	295	736	101
Salem, Mass.	441				6		236	39	174	160

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Salina, Kans.....	355	1		1	3	18	129	147	591	56
San Bruno, Calif.....	473			7	12	9	244	102	407	99
Sandusky, Ohio.....	283		2	2	8	32	133	64	479	44
San Gabriel, Calif.....	423	1	1		29	8	194	125	239	66
San Luis Obispo, Calif.....	298	1	1	4	6	8	173	63	79	43
San Rafael, Calif.....	752	1		3	16	8	235	363	686	126
Santa Cruz, Calif.....	882	2			17	73	507	181	752	102
Santa Fe, N. Mex.....	853	1	2	3	19	19	353	293	649	165
Santa Maria, Calif.....	844	2	2	10	10	39	549	133	1,078	101
Santa Rosa, Calif.....	551			11	14	37	184	214	1,193	91
Sarasota, Fla.....	606	2	3	1	20	35	328	155	809	65
Sayreville, N.J.....	235		10		3	4	114	67	162	47
Scottsdale, Ariz.....	1,145	4	2	10	17	40	344	615	830	115
Sedalia, Mo.....	303	1	1	2	9	27	103	142	393	19
Selma, Ala.....	396	4	1	4	16	24	229	101	278	18
Shaker Heights, Ohio.....	349	1	2	2	4	8	147	79	556	108
Shaler Township, Pa.....	152				2	1	59	66	97	24
Shawnee, Okla.....	380	2		1	2	5	154	146	215	70
Sheboygan, Wis.....	315				4	16	143	97	986	55
Sherman, Tex.....	168				1	13	99	37	231	18
South Euclid, Ohio.....	120				4	2	79	22	82	13
Southfield, Mich.....	815		3	4	8	9	273	367	1,002	154
Southgate, Mich.....	402		3	1	20	17	96	196	492	72
Southington Town, Conn.....	237			4	2	1	153	69	116	8
South San Francisco, Calif.....	525		1	1	20	6	218	175	511	105
Spartanburg, S.C.....	726	8	3	3	33	32	312	213	685	125
Springfield Township, Pa.....	264				5	13	104	88	373	54
State College, Pa.....	155					2	68	67	137	18
Staubenville, Ohio.....	470	1	5	5	22	72	181	133	268	56
Stillwater, Okla.....	193					20	63	101	229	9
Stratford, Conn.....	667			1	10	20	287	254	373	95
Sumter, S.C.....	363	8			7	23	186	107	326	32
Superior, Wis.....	421		2		6	15	228	83	665	89
Taunton, Mass.....	613		2		6	86	274	88	450	159
Teaneck Township, N.J.....	334	1	2	2	4	10	196	98	224	23
Tempe, Ariz.....	928	1		7	17	68	304	463	931	68
Temple, Tex.....	647	4	3	2	26	62	295	179	545	79
Texarkana, Tex.....	364	2				1	173	118	182	70
Texas City, Tex.....	451	2	2	5	4	102	166	113	514	59
Torrington, Conn.....	182		3	1		17	69	46	146	49
Trumbull, Conn.....	242		1		2	7	116	81	306	36
Upland, Calif.....	539	1		2	10	12	265	201	465	48
Upper Arlington, Ohio.....	175		1			7	89	74	496	5
Urbana, Ill.....	226	1		3	9	19	96	71	247	27
Valdosta, Ga.....	379	4		3	11	62	111	145	275	43
Vancouver, Wash.....	413	2	1		9	6	173	158	420	65
Ventura, Calif.....	1,049	2	2	6	21	33	473	377	737	137
Vicksburg, Miss.....	258	3		1	1	56	88	63	133	46
Victoria, Tex.....	435	2	1	2	8	73	231	82	337	37
Villa Park, Ill.....	159				13	14	68	44	170	20

Table 51.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1965, Cities and Towns 25,000 and Over in Population—Continued

City	Index total	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny— theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
<i>Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.</i>										
Vineland, N.J.	292	3	10	4	11	21	189	15	328	49
Wakefield, Mass.	196		2			3	96	74	262	23
Walla Walla, Wash.	387	6			6	23	132	181	827	39
Wallingford, Conn.	371		3	1	4	1	171	154	201	40
Watertown, Mass.	383			1	8	5	147	121	157	101
Watertown, N.Y.	514			1		5	353	109	399	46
Waukesha, Wis.	215			1	1	1	97	77	274	38
Wausau, Wis.	159	2			3	3	70	56	612	25
Wayne Township, N.J.	527		5	2	6	9	259	208	307	43
Webster Groves, Mo.	220				6	7	132	55	279	29
Weirton, W. Va.						Incomplete				
Wellesley, Mass.	222		3				110	92	84	20
Westfield, Mass.	311		2	2	5	4	125	180	251	45
Westfield, N.J.	176					12	68	60	105	36
West Haven, Conn.	564			1	2	9	213	231	365	108
West Mifflin, Pa.	160		2	3	5		63	43	65	46
West New York, N.J.	425	1		1	7	14	264	54	193	84
West Orange, N.J.	303		3	3	4	6	159	68	160	63
Westport, Conn.	560		2	1	7	6	230	241	373	75
West Seneca, N.Y.	363			2	6	8	187	111	225	49
West Springfield, Mass.	337			3	6	13	100	129	216	86
Wheaton, Ill.	135			1		5	59	57	273	13
Whitehall, Ohio	345			5	10	6	149	138	393	37
Wilkinsburg, Pa.	501	2	2		22	3	207	74	292	193
Williamsport, Pa.	443		3	6	8	9	223	154	607	43
Wilmette, Ill.	244	4		1	1		117	81	468	40
Wilmington, N.C.	1,259	6	3	7	37	211	562	255	815	181
Wilson, N.C.	477	2	1	7	11	156	120	103	467	78
Winona, Minn.	103				4	1	37	45	77	16
Woburn, Mass.	263	1	1		1		103	98	79	60
Woonsocket, R.I.	450			2	13	7	142	141	153	145
Wyandotte, Mich.	455	2		1	19	38	158	115	820	122
Yakima, Wash.	1,221	1	2	2	26	74	569	388	1,999	161
Yuma, Ariz.	897	2		4	53	46	327	331	669	134
Zanesville, Ohio	396	1		1	11	2	200	93	421	83
Canal Zone	619	2	1	1	19	7	361	198	910	31
Guam	577	1	11	2	8	25	272	122	413	147
Puerto Rico	42,088	180	317	425	1,184	10,827	15,264	8,649	9,300	5,559

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