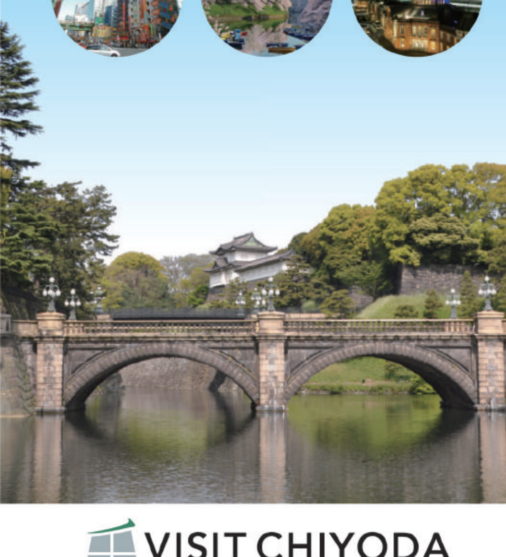


CHIYODA CITY
TOKYO
MAP & GUIDE
With Disaster Information

VISIT CHIYODA
千代田区観光協会

Welcome to Japan, welcome to Chiyoda City!

We believe there are many of you visiting from overseas who have never experienced a natural phenomenon whereby the earth shakes (earthquake). There may be some of you who have experienced this for the first time in Japan and was very surprised by the experience.
Chiyoda City continues to be the center of Tokyo from the Edo era with the Imperial Palace, government agencies and office district located here. The whole city has earthquake measures in place for buildings, therefore if you are indoors, please remain calm and remain inside even if an earthquake occurs.
However, if you sense danger or if you are outdoors, please go to the nearest "evacuation center" being careful of things dropping from above.
An earthquake is a very scary disaster that occurs by the strong energy of the earth but by taking appropriate actions and remaining calm you can minimize the danger.
In order to do that, lets acquire knowledge and prepare beforehand.
We hope that your stay in Japan will be worry free, comfortable and enjoyable.

Summary of Tables explaining the JMA Seismic Intensity Scale

Seismic intensity 0	Imperceptible to people.
Seismic intensity 1	Felt slightly by some people in a room.
Seismic intensity 2	Felt by many people in a room.
Seismic intensity 3	Felt by most people in buildings.
Seismic intensity 4	Most people are startled. Sleeping people wake up. Hanging objects such as lamps swing significantly. Unstable ornaments may fall.
Seismic intensity 5 Lower	People are frightened and feel the need to hold onto something stable. Many People are frightened and items on bookshelves may fall.
Seismic intensity 5 Upper	People find it difficult to walk without holding onto something stable. Unreinforced concrete-block walls may collapse.
Seismic intensity 6 Lower	It is difficult to remain standing. In wooden houses with low earthquake resistance, buildings may lean.
Seismic intensity 6 Upper	It is impossible to move without crawling. Wooden houses with low earthquake resistance are more likely to lean or collapse.
Seismic intensity 7	Reinforced-concrete buildings with low earthquake resistance are more likely to collapse.

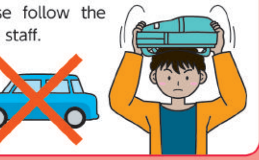
Japan Meteorological Agency

Indoors

- If there is a table, go under it.
- If you are on an elevator get off at the floor it stops.
- Even if it stops shaking do not use elevators or escalators.
- During concerts or theatrical play, please hide yourself between the seats.
- Don't move about with no reason and calmly follow the instructions of the shop staff and clerks.

Outdoors

- Please protect yourself by putting a bag or knapsack over your head.
- Watch out for falling objects from above such as glass windows, signboards and brick walls and vending machines falling.
- Do not use cars when evacuating as roads can get congested and emergency vehicles will not be able to go through.
- If on a train or bus, please grab the hand rail or strap.
- If the train stops please follow the instructions of the station staff.



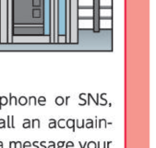
Evacuation center

- Even in a safe indoor situation, if you sense danger the "evacuation center" is the place to evacuate when you are outdoors. In Chiyoda City, the Kokyo-gaien National Garden, the East Gardens of the Imperial Palace, Soto-bori Park, Kitanomaru Garden, Hibiya Park and Sanada-bori Playground are designated evacuation centers (please refer to the map at the back).
- Evacuation area in times of disaster is only a temporary evacuation place to ensure your safety immediately after a disaster. In times of disaster, information such as facilities accepting those having difficulty going back home and public transportation service information are given by a speaker using a wireless disaster prevention system (currently only in Japanese but it will be available in English soon).

Information useful for foreign disaster victims visiting Japan

- Stay calm and quiet and review the situation.
- If you cannot connect to the internet, you can obtain disaster information through foreign language broadcast, if you have a portable radio.
- Please carry with you simple food such as chocolates and caramels as food to eat in an emergency.
- Decide on contacting methods and a meeting place with your family and friends.
- Confirm the well being of your family and friends and contact your family overseas of your own well being.
- It is convenient if you prepare yourself for the weather of each season (e.g.. Raincoat, portable body warmer, towel).
- When evacuating, talk to each other and help each other out.

Confirming well-being



- When a big earthquake occurs, many people will be using fixed phones as well as mobile phones and calls will be regulated. In such a situation, the way to make a call is by using a public phone. You can make international calls as well. (Please refer to the map at the back).
- If you cannot contact people by mobile phone or SNS, have it pre-arranged so that you are to call an acquaintance in your home country and by leaving a message your well being can be confirmed.

NTT EAST

On the Internet.

The message of sentences can be confirmed.

web171 Search

https://www.web171.jp

web171
Disaster Message Board

Posting and reading messages is possible with this service.

Details on how to use.

Supervision : Earthquake Disaster Prevention Advisor Nobumasa Kawabata

CHIYODA Free Wi-Fi
FREE Wi-Fi
千代田区 CHIYODA CITY

Chiyoda City offers free Wi-fi.

Details on how to use.

Public Rental Bicycle

For sightseeing

More than 40 bike stations across Tokyo.

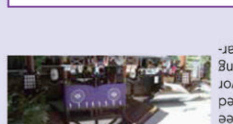
1-day pass
JPY 1,500 / 1day

Read more on the web chiyoda community cycle Search

Chiyoda City Tourism Association
1-6-17,Kudan-minami,Chiyoda-ku,Tokyo,102-0074,Japan
TEL +81-3-3556-0391 FAX +81-3-3556-0392

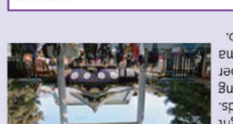
Iidabashi / Kudan

1 Tokyo-daijingu Shrine MAP D-2



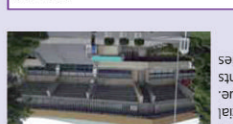
Constructed in 1880 as a far away place of worship of Ise-Jingu Shrine in Tokyo. Called "Ise sama of Tokyo". A shrine that founded and spread Shinto wedding. The three creator gods of marriage ties are worshipped here and hence it is famous for its divine favor of forming marriage times. Many young people who are hoping for a suitable marriage candidate visit here.

2 Yasukuni-jinja Shrine MAP D-3



Started as Shokonsha built in 1869. War dead after the Meiji restoration are enshrined here. There is a large torii of 25m in height and a museum Yushukan in the compounds. It is famous for its cherry blossoms in spring time and gingko in autumn. Many paper lanterns color the night sky at the "Mitama festival", a famous summer festival in Tokyo.

3 Nippon Budokan MAP E-3

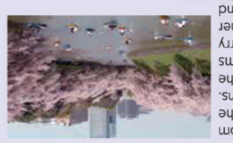


Constructed as the Judo competition venue for the Tokyo Olympics in 1964. Located inside Kitanomaru park and used as a martial arts training ground and competition venue. Furthermore it is widely used for such events as concerts, university entrance ceremonies and graduation ceremonies.

4 Kitanomaru Garden MAP E-3

Former Edo castle, Kitanomaru. A forest park with a grass open space and a pond in the middle. It is famous for its cherry blossoms in spring time and red leaves in autumn. Inside the park there is a Shimizu-mon gate, a Tayasu-mon gate, a Science Museum, the National Museum of Modern Art and the National Archives of Japan. The crafts building of the National Museum of Modern Art, which is made of brick is a national important cultural property.

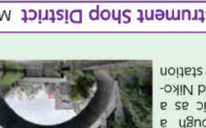
5 Chidori-ga-fuchi Moat MAP D-3



A moat built along Kitanomaru Garden from Yasukuni-dori Ave. The pathway is one of the famous spots to view cherry blossoms. During the cherry blossom festival from the end of March to early April, cherry blossoms are lit up at night. You can enjoy the cherry blossoms while riding a boat. In summer "Noryo no Yube" (hanging lanterns are lit and put on the water where they remain afloat) is held.

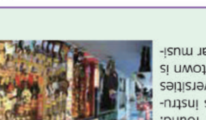
Ochanomizu / Jimbocho

6 Hijiri-bashi Bridge MAP G-2



This is a reinforced concrete arch bridge built over Kanda river in 1927 as one of the reconstruction bridges of the Great Kanto Earthquake. Its name was chosen through a naming campaign open to the public as a bridge connecting Yushima temple and Nikolai-do. It intersects JR Ochanomizu station three dimensionally.

7 Ochanomizu Musical Instrument Shop District MAP F-2



Along Meidai-dori street, from Ochanomizu station to Surugadaishita intersection, many musical instrument stores can be found. Stores selling guitars to other various instruments line up the street. Many universities exist in this neighborhood hence this town is full of students. There are many regular musical events being held.

8 Nikolai-do MAP G-2

Constructed in 1891. It was damaged in the Great Kanto Earthquake and restored in 1929. It is a 35m high, Byzantine style architecture. Its official name is "Holly Resurrection Cathedral in Tokyo". It is a cathedral of the Orthodox Church and a national important cultural property. Its feature is its verdigris colored dome roof. Church viewing is allowed.

9 Jimbocho – The Town of Books and Popular Gourmet MAP F-3

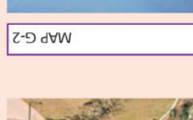
World's number one book district. It began by old bookshops, one after another, opening shop in this student district. Along Yasukuni-dori Ave. at its center, many old and new bookshops popped up. In autumn, Kanda old book festival and Jimbocho book festival are held. There are many curry restaurants and coffee shops in this neighborhood as well.

10 Ogawamachi Sports Shop District MAP F-3

Along Yasukuni-dori Ave., from Kandaogawamachi to Surugadaishita, many sports stores can be found. Especially, specialty stores including ski and snowboard shops are plenty. In autumn, Kanda Sports Festival, Kanda Curry Grand Prix and in winter, Kandaogawamachi Snowman Fair are held.

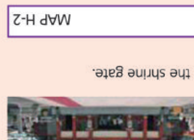
Akihabara / Kanda

11 3331 Arts Chiyoda MAP G-1



An art center using the former Rensei Junior High School. There is an art gallery where exhibitions are held and there are cafes as well and workshops and lectures are held regularly. This is a base for cultural and art activities. 3331 is a numerical description of the Edo ippon jime (Japanese style hand clapping) rhythm.

12 Kanda Myojin Shrine MAP G-2

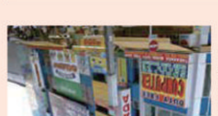


Established in 730. The shrine was relocated to its present location in 1616 and became guardian of the whole of Edo. Onamuchinomikoto, Sukunahikonanomikoto and Tairanomasakado are enshrined together. Kanda festival is one of the three biggest festivals of Edo and once every two years, Shinko festival and Mikoshi (portable shrine) entrance are held. There are stores selling sweet sake outside the shrine gate.

13 Akihabara Electric Town MAP H-2

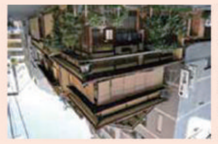
After the war, stallholders of wireless and radio parts gathered here. Shops selling electrical products lined up the streets and developed into a world renowned electric town. There are many stores specializing in audio and PC products. In recent years, re-development around the station has taken place and is now transforming into a shopping complex.

14 Akihabara Electric & Pop Cultural Town MAP H-2



An information dissemination base for pop culture such as comics, animation and figurines. It is attracting world-wide attention and there are many tourists from overseas. There are many hobby shops including games. The main street becomes a pedestrian only street every Sunday.

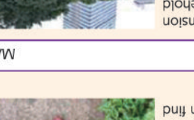
15 Awajicho-Sudacho Old Shop District MAP G-2



This was an important transportation hub in the Edo era. Near the Kanda-sudacho intersection, the area is dotted with historical buildings of well-established restaurants which shows glimpses of the past. You can enjoy typical Japanese dishes such as soba. There is mAAch ecute KANDA MANSEIBASHI using bricks from the neighboring old Manseibashi station.

Bancho / Kojimachi / Nagatacho

16 Bancho-Bunjin-dori MAP C-4



The street from Kojimachi-dori street to Ozuma-dori street is known as Bancho-Bunjin-dori street. Many authors and literary scholars from Meiji to Showa era such as Toson Shimazaki, Kyoka Izumi, Takeo Arishima and Akiko/Tekkan Yosano used to live around Bancho/Kojimachi area. You can find information plates around the area.

17 Shimizudani Park MAP C-5

In the Edo era, there used to be a mansion belonging to the Kii Tokugawa household and the Ii household. Inside the park, there is a memorial of Sir Toshimichi Okubo, the chief of internal affairs who was assassinated near this park in 1878. In the neighboring Hotel New Otani, there is a Japanese Garden which is one of the most charming gardens in Tokyo.

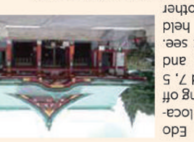
18 National theatre MAP D-5

At the large/small theater, traditional Japanese performance arts are performed including Kabuki, Bunraku, Buyo, Hogaku, folk entertainment, Shomyo and Gagaku. At the National theatre Engei Hall, popular entertainment such as Rakugo and Kodan are performed. The front garden is well known for its beautiful cherry blossoms and rare varieties are planted here.

19 National Diet Bldg. MAP D-6

The center of Japanese politics. Construction completed in 1936. Facing the building, to the left is the House of Representatives and to the right is the House of Councilors. Tours of both are available. In the adjoining front garden of the parliament is the Kensei Kinenkan memorial hall and you can enjoy the natural beauty of cherry blossoms and flowering dogwoods. The neighboring Kasumigaseki, is a government office district.

20 Hie-jinjya Shrine MAP C-6



When Dokan Ota was building the Edo castle, this shrine was transferred to this location. Famous for its divine favor of warding off evil, safe birth and visit by children aged 7, 5 and 3 (Japanese ritual). Sanno torii and statue of a monkey couple are a must see. Sanno festival called Tenka festival is held and at the Shinko festival held every other year, a magnificent dynasty picture scroll ignites the urban center.

The Imperial Palace

21 The East Gardens of the Imperial Palace MAP F-5

Part of the inner, outer citadel and outermost region of the former Edo castle. At the inner citadel remains, you can see the stone walls of the donjon and the Fujimi watchtower. In the outer citadel garden and its thicket, various plants can be observed throughout the season. It is open to the public and you can enter from Ote-mon gate, Hirakawa-mon gate and Kitahanebashi-mon gate.

22 Wadakura Fountain Park MAP F-5

Built in 1961 to commemorate the wedding of the Emperor. There is a large fountain that reaches a height of 8.5 meters. It was upgraded upon the marriage of the Crown Prince in 1995. There are running water facility and monuments and at night the fountain is lit up.

23 Kokyo-gaien National Garden MAP F-5

One of the best people's park in Japan. There is a large open space with grass and black pines planted and there are historical architectures such as a moat leaving traces of the Edo castle of old and a castle gate. There is a statue of Masashige Kusunoki which is one of the three famous bronze statues in Tokyo and there are bus parking areas, restaurants and shops nearby.

24 Nijubashi Bridge MAP E-5

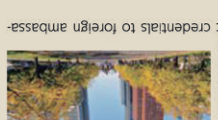
The bridge in front is the "Seimon-ishibashi bridge" and the bridge at the back is the "Seimon-tetsubashi bridge". It is called Niju combining both bridges but to be exact, it refers to the bridge at the back. In the Edo era it was a dual structure bridge. It is only used for formal palace occasions such as the palace visit by the general public in the New Year.

25 Sakurada-mon Gate MAP E-5

Important cultural property designated by the country. Officially called "Kyu Edo-jogai Sakurada-mon". It is a square shaped castle gate and it was reconstructed in 1636, later damaged in the 1923 Great Kanto Earthquake and repaired. In 1860, "The accident outside Sakurada gate" occurred in which chief minister, Naosuke Ii was attacked.

Marunouchi / Yurakucyo / Hibiya

26 Gyoko-dori Ave. MAP F-5



This is a street of approximately 74 meters in width that runs from Tokyo station to Uchibori-dori street in front of the imperial palace. There are ginkgo row of trees famous for its yellow leaves and on both sides there are buildings with Marunouchi Bldg. on the right and Shin-Marunouchi Bldg. on the left. State carriages pass through this street on imperial occasions and during ceremonies to present credentials to foreign ambassadors.

27 Tokyo Station MAP G-5

Built in 1914, this is a terminal station and a gateway to Tokyo. Restoration work took place and in 2012 it was restored back to its former Marunouchi station building. Inside the station building there is a hotel and a station gallery. There are plenty of shops and restaurants as well.

28 Marunouchi Nakadori Ave. MAP F-5

This is a street connecting Yurakucho and Otemachi. Brand shops, restaurants and cafes line up this street which is in an office district. The street is paved with stones and on both sides of the street, there are roadside trees and objects of art. There are events held for every season and in winter a beautiful illumination can be seen.

29 Cultural institution around Marunouchi MAP F-6

Within walking distance from Tokyo station, there are many art and cultural facilities such as the Mitsubishi Ichigokan Museum, Idemitsu Museum of Arts and Mitsuo Aida Museum. Around Yurakucho station, there is the Tokyo International Forum and many other theaters and cinemas.

30 Hibiya Park MAP F-6

Opened in 1903 as Japan's first modern/western city park. Colorful, seasonal flowers bloom all year round in the flowerbeds. Inside the park there are two open-air concert halls, the Hibiya public hall and the Hibiya library & museum. Big bon festival dance and various events are held centered around the fountain area.

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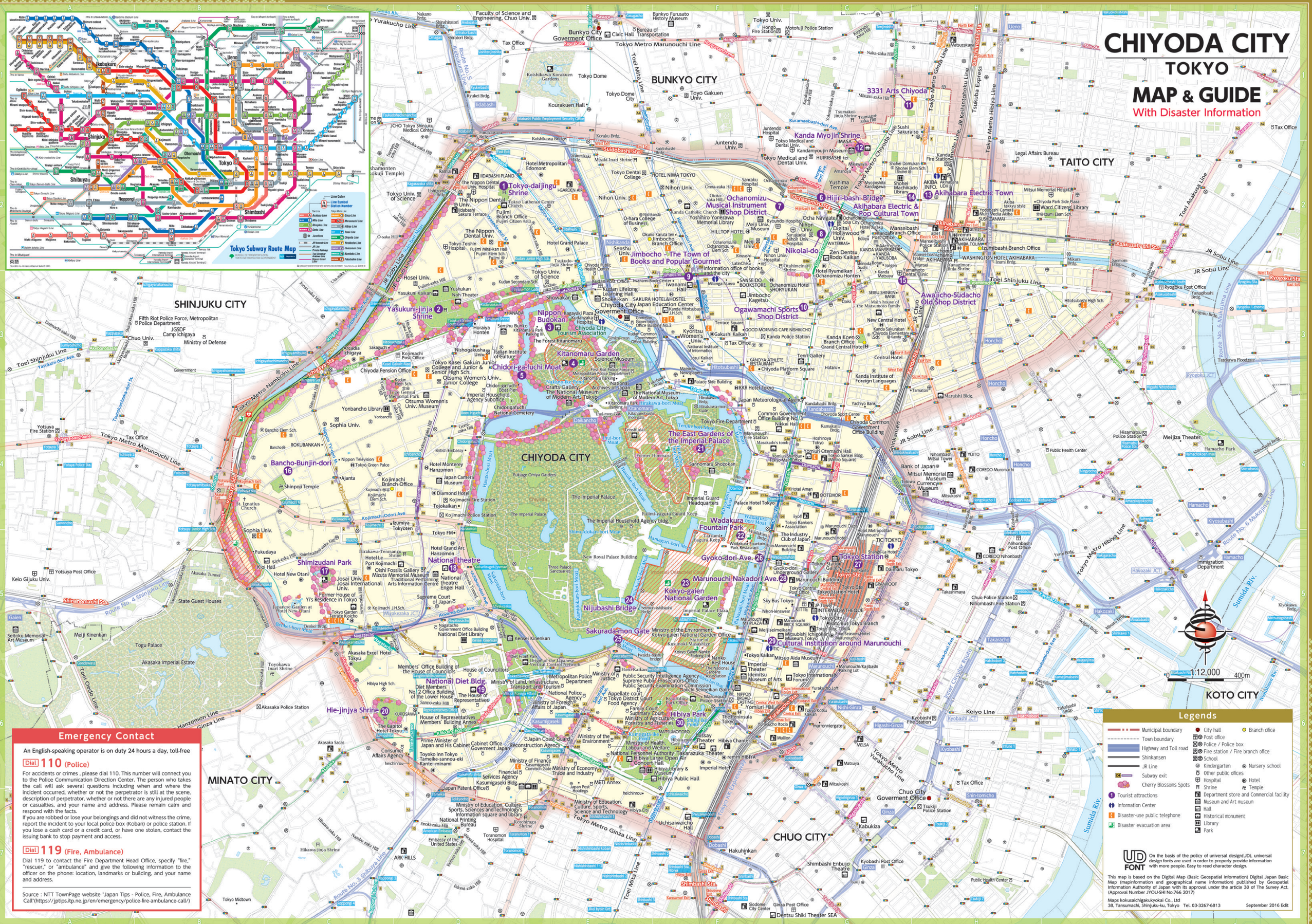

Emergency Contact

An English-speaking operator is on duty 24 hours a day, toll-free

Dial 110 (Police)

For accidents or crimes , please dial 110. This number will connect you to the Police Communication Direction Center. The person who takes the call will ask several questions including when and where the incident occurred, whether or not the perpetrator is still at the scene, description of perpetrator, whether or not there are any injured people or casualties, and your name and address. Please remain calm and respond with the facts.

If you are robbed or lose your belongings and did not witness the crime, report the incident to your local police box (Koban) or police station. If you lose a cash card or a credit card, or have one stolen, contact the issuing bank to stop payment and access.

Dial 119 (Fire, Ambulance)

Dial 119 to contact the Fire Department Head Office, specify "fire," "rescuer," or "ambulance" and give the following information to the officer on the phone: location, landmarks or building, and your name and address.

Source : NTT TownPage website "Japan Tips - Police, Fire, Ambulance Call"(https://jptips.itp.ne.jp/en/emergency/police-fire-ambulance-call/)