

LPL - PRODUCTION TEST COLLECTION CENTRE SECTOR - 18, BLOCK-E ROHINI DELHI 110085

Lab No. : DUMMYR119 Age: 25 Years Gender: Male Received : 1/6/2021 5:32:55PM Reported : 2/6/2021 2:18:53PM

A/c Status : P Ref By : DR. DUMMY DUMMY Report Status : Final

Test Name	Results	Units	Bio. Ref. Interval
VITAMIN D, 25 - HYDROXY, SERUM	11.00	nmol/L	75.00 - 250.00

(CLIA)

Interpretation

LEVEL 	REFERENCE RANGE IN nmol/L	COMMENTS
Deficient	< 50 	High risk for developing bone disease
Insufficient 	 50-74 	Vitamin D concentration Which normalizes Parathyroid hormone concentration
Sufficient	75-250 	Optimal concentration for maximal health benefit
Potential intoxication	>250 	High risk for toxic effects

Note

- The assay measures both D2 (Ergocalciferol) and D3 (Cholecalciferol) metabolites of vitamin D.
- 25 (OH)D is influenced by sunlight, latitude, skin pigmentation, sunscreen use and hepatic function.
- Optimal calcium absorption requires vitamin D 25 (OH) levels exceeding 75 nmol/L.
- It shows seasonal variation, with values being 40-50% lower in winter than in summer.
- Levels vary with age and are increased in pregnancy.
- A new test Vitamin D, Ultrasensitive by LC-MS/MS is also available

Comments

Vitamin D promotes absorption of calcium and phosphorus and mineralization of bones and teeth. Deficiency in children causes Rickets and in adults leads to Osteomalacia. It can also lead to Hypocalcemia and Tetany. Vitamin D status is best determined by measurement of 25 hydroxy vitamin D, as it is the major circulating form and has longer half life (2-3 weeks) than 1,25 Dihydroxy vitamin D (5-8 hrs).

Decreased Levels



Page 1 of 2



LPL - PRODUCTION TEST COLLECTION CENTRE **SECTOR - 18, BLOCK-E ROHINI DELHI 110085**

Name **DUMMY** Collected

: 1/6/2021 5:31:00AM

Lab No.

DUMMYR119 Age: 25 Years

Received Male Reported : 1/6/2021 5:32:55PM

A/c Status

: 2/6/2021 2:18:53PM

Ref By: DR. DUMMY DUMMY **Report Status** : Final

Gender:

Test Name Results Units Bio. Ref. Interval

Inadequate exposure to sunlight

Dietary deficiency

Vitamin D malabsorption

Severe Hepatocellular disease

Drugs like Anticonvulsants

Nephrotic syndrome

Increased levels

Vitamin D intoxication

Dr Himangshu Mazumdar MD, Biochemistry Senior Consultant - Clinical Chemistry

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MD, Biochemistry National Head - Clinical Chemistry & **Biochemical Genetics** NRL - Dr Lal PathLabs Ltd

End of report -

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

*Test results released pertain to the specimen submitted.*All test results are dependent on the quality of the sample received by the Laboratory *Laboratory investigations are only a tool to facilitate in arriving at a diagnosis and should be clinically correlated by the Referring Physician .*Sample repeats are accepted on <mark>re</mark>ques<mark>t of Ref</mark>erring Physician within 7 days post reporting.*Report delivery may be delayed due to unforeseen circumstances. Inconvenience is regretted.*Certain tests may require further testing at additional cost for derivation of exact value. Kindly submit request within 72 hours post reporting.*Test results may show interlaboratory variations.*The Courts/Forum at Delhi shall have exclusive jurisdiction in all disputes/clai<mark>ms</mark> concerning the test(s) & or results of test(s).*Test results are not valid for medico legal purposes. *Contact customer care Tel No. +91-11-39885050 for all queries related to test results. (#) Sample drawn from outside source.



Page 2 of 2