

香港人口推算

Hong Kong

Population Projections

2004–2033

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序言

Foreword

政府統計處負責編製香港的人口推算。人口推算數據的主要用途是為政府在教育、房屋、運輸、社會服務和醫療服務等方面的規劃工作，提供共同基礎。推算結果也廣泛地應用在私人機構的業務發展和策劃方面。

在二零零二年公布的上一套人口推算，是以二零零一年年中人口為基準的推算數字，涵蓋期為二零零二年至二零三一年。

政府統計處以二零零三年年中人口估計為人口基數，從新編製一套涵蓋期為二零零四年至二零三三年的人口推算。藉着這個機會，採用了自上一套人口推算公布之後搜集所得有關生育、死亡和人口遷移模式的最新資料。本刊物刊載這套經修訂的人口推算。

本刊物除提供推算結果外，亦敘述所採用的推算方法和假設。

The Census and Statistics Department is responsible for compiling projections of the population of Hong Kong. The main use of the projections is to provide a common basis for Government programme planning in such areas as education, housing, transport, social services and health services. Projection results are also widely applied in business development and planning in the private sector.

The last set of population projections, covering the period 2002–2031, was prepared using the mid-2001 population as the base and was released in 2002.

The Census and Statistics Department has prepared a new set of population projections, covering the period 2004–2033, with the mid-2003 population estimate as the population base. Opportunity is taken to make use of the most up-to-date information on fertility, mortality and movement patterns of the population which has emerged since the last set of population projections was produced. This publication contains the set of revised population projections.

In addition to the projection results, this publication also presents a description of the methodology and assumptions used.

政府統計處處長 何永煊

二零零四年六月

Frederick W. H. HO

Commissioner for Census and Statistics

June 2004

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1. 緒言

背景

1.1 人口推算數據的主要用途，是為政府規劃工作提供一個共同基礎，以及供私人機構在業務上應用。

1.2 自二零零零年八月開始，「居住人口」方法已取代「廣義時點」方法以編製香港的人口估計。香港的「居住人口」稱為「居港人口」。作出改動的原因，是「居住人口」概念在統計理論而言，較適用於計算一個地方的人口。這個做法尤為配合近年在改變中的香港人口居住和流動模式。

1.3 「居港人口」包括「常住居民」及「流動居民」。「常住居民」指兩類人士：（一）在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港；及（二）在統計時點身在香港的香港非永久性居民。

1.4 至於「流動居民」，是指在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港。

1.5 根據「居住人口」的編製方法，旅客並不包括在「居港人口」內。故本刊物不涉及旅客的推算。

1. Introduction

Background

1.1 The main use of population projections is to provide a common basis for Government programme planning and to facilitate business application in the private sector.

1.2 Since August 2000, the “resident population” approach has been adopted in place of the “extended de facto” approach for compiling population estimates of the Hong Kong Population. The “resident population” of Hong Kong is referred to as the “Hong Kong Resident Population”. The changeover is effected in view of the greater relevance of the “resident population” concept from a statistical theory standpoint in measuring the population size of a place. It is considered particularly appropriate to do so to take account of the changing residency and mobility patterns of the Hong Kong population in recent years.

1.3 The Hong Kong Resident Population covers “Usual Residents” and “Mobile Residents”. “Usual Residents” refer to two categories of people: (1) Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least three months during the six months before or for at least three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point; and (2) Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who are in Hong Kong at the reference time-point.

1.4 As for “Mobile Residents”, they are Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least one month but less than three months during the six months before or for at least one month but less than three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point.

1.5 Under the “resident population” approach, visitors are not included in the Hong Kong Resident Population. The projection on the number of visitors is hence not dealt with in this publication.

1.6 有關「居住人口」方法的詳情，讀者可參閱於《香港統計月刊》二零零二年二月號刊登的一篇題為「香港人口估計的編製」的專題文章（FD1–FD13 頁）。

1.7 政府統計處以二零零三年年中人口估計為人口基數，從新編製一套涵蓋期為二零零四年至二零三三年的人口推算。藉着這個機會，應用了自上一套人口推算公布之後搜集所得有關生育、死亡和人口遷移模式的最新資料。

推算結果

1.8 人口推算的總數載列於第二章「推算結果」內。於二零零四年至二零三三年共三十年的推算期間，每年按年齡組別（每五歲一組）及性別劃分的人口數目亦列載於該章內。

1.9 有些研究需要利用不包括外籍家庭傭工的推算人口以作分析，附錄列載不包括外籍家庭傭工的二零零三年、二零零八年、二零一三年、二零一八年、二零二三年、二零二八年及二零三三年的人口的主要特徵及按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中人口數字。

推算方法

1.10 推算未來人口採用「組成部分法」的標準方法。每一推算年的推算人口總數及其年齡、性別結構是從基準年開始，將每個人的年齡逐年遞增，並加入生育、死亡及人口淨遷移的假設且納入其相互作用而得的結果。

1.11 人口推算所採用的推算方法在第三章「推算方法」內有詳細說明。

1.6 For details of the “resident population” method, readers may refer to the feature article entitled “Compiling Population Estimates of Hong Kong” published in the February 2002 issue (pages FD1–FD13) of the Hong Kong Monthly Digest of Statistics.

1.7 The Census and Statistics Department has prepared a new set of population projections, covering the period 2004–2033, with the mid-2003 population estimate as the population base. Opportunity is taken to make use of the most up-to-date information on fertility, mortality and movement patterns of the population which has emerged since the last set of population projections was produced.

Projection Results

1.8 Projected total population is presented in Chapter 2 on “Projection Results”. Projected population figures by quinquennial age group and sex for each of the 30 years 2004–2033 are also tabulated.

1.9 For some studies, they may require analysis to be conducted on the projected populations with foreign domestic helpers excluded. Selected characteristics of the populations and the mid-year populations by age group and sex for 2003, 2008, 2013, 2018, 2023, 2028 and 2033 with foreign domestic helpers excluded are shown in the Appendix.

Projection Methodology

1.10 To project the future population, the standard method of population projection, i.e. the ‘component method’, is used. The size and age-sex structure of the projected population in each of the projection years are obtained by incrementing each individual’s age year after year, starting from the base year, bringing in assumptions on fertility, mortality and net movement, and allowing various factors to interact.

1.11 Details on the projection methodology are explained in Chapter 3 on “Projection Methodology”.

推算假設

1.12 未來生育、死亡及人口淨遷移的趨勢，均是從研究過往的趨勢及將來可能出現的發展推算出來的。在第四章「推算假設」內有詳細說明。

代號

1.13 本刊物的統計表內各代號含意如下：

- 沒有數字
- .. 不適用
- * 少於 0.5
- # 臨時數字

Projection Assumptions

1.12 The future trends of fertility, mortality and net movement are projected based on a study of their past trends and likely developments. Details are contained in Chapter 4 on "Projection Assumptions".

Symbols

1.13 The following symbols are used in the tables of this publication :

- Not available
- .. Not applicable
- * Less than 0.5
- # Provisional figures

數字的捨入

1.14 由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Rounding of Figures

1.14 There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the table owing to rounding.

2. 推算結果

2. Projection Results

2.1 表 1 提供推算人口的統計摘要，表 2 及表 3 載列按年齡及性別劃分的二零零三年人口估計及二零零四年至二零三三年的推算人口。

2.2 人口推算從二零零三年年中的 680 萬上升至二零三三年年中的 838 萬，平均每年增長率為 0.7%。

2.3 「常住居民」數目從二零零三年年中的 662 萬上升至二零三三年年中的 802 萬。此外，「流動居民」數目亦從二零零三年年中的 185 300 人增加至二零三三年年中的 365 300 人。

2.4 未來的人口將持續老化。在二零零三年，十五歲以下人口佔總人口 16%，推算至二零三三年該百分比將下跌至 11%。另一方面，六十五歲及以上人口的比例將由二零零三年的 12% 上升至二零三三年的 27%。同時，年齡中位數將由二零零三年的 38 歲上升至二零三三年的 49 歲。

2.5 未來人口年齡結構的轉變亦可從總撫養比率顯示。總撫養比率是十五歲以下和六十五歲及以上人口數目與每千名十五至六十四歲人口相對的比率。在推算期間，該比率將由二零零三年的 378 上升至二零三三年的 598。

2.6 人口的性別比率（即男性數目與每千名女性的比率）將由二零零三年的 939 顯著下跌至二零三三年的 698。但不同年齡組別的性別比率有異差。尤其是二十五至四十四歲年齡組別受大多是年輕女性的外籍家庭傭工影響。扣除外籍家庭傭工後，性別比率推算由二零零三年的 997 下跌至二零三三年的 749。

2.1 Table 1 provides some summary statistics of the projected populations. Tables 2 and 3 present respectively the 2003 population estimates and the 2004–2033 projected populations with age-sex breakdown.

2.2 The population is projected to increase at an average annual rate of 0.7%, from 6.80 million in mid-2003 to 8.38 million in mid-2033.

2.3 The number of Usual Residents is projected to increase from 6.62 million in mid-2003 to 8.02 million in mid-2033. In addition, the number of Mobile Residents is projected to increase from 185 300 in mid-2003 to 365 300 in mid-2033.

2.4 The population is projected to follow a continuous aging trend. In 2003, 16% of the population were aged under 15. This is projected to decrease to 11% in 2033. On the other hand, the proportion of those aged 65 and over is projected to rise from 12% in 2003 to 27% in 2033. Correspondingly, the median age would rise from 38 in 2003 to 49 in 2033.

2.5 The changes in the age structure of the projected population can also be seen from the overall dependency ratio. This is defined as the number of persons aged under 15 and those aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged 15–64. During the projection period, the ratio would rise from 378 in 2003 to 598 in 2033.

2.6 The sex ratio (i.e. number of males per 1 000 females) of the population is projected to fall noticeably, from 939 in 2003 to 698 in 2033. Yet there will be variations in the sex ratio by age group. In particular, the sex ratio for the age group 25–44 is expected to be much affected by the presence of foreign domestic helpers comprising mostly younger females. Excluding foreign domestic helpers, the sex ratio is projected to come down, from 997 in 2003 to 749 in 2033.

表 1 主要統計摘要

Table 1 Key Summary Statistics

甲. 選定年份的主要人口特徵
A. Significant Characteristics of the Population for Selected Years

	二零零三年 年中(基準) Mid-2003 (Base)	二零零八年 年中 Mid-2008	二零一三年 年中 Mid-2013	二零一八年 年中 Mid-2018	二零二三年 年中 Mid-2023	二零二八年 年中 Mid-2028	二零三三年 年中 Mid-2033
人口 Population	6 803 100	7 058 900	7 386 900	7 691 800	7 970 200	8 202 200	8 384 100
常住居民 <i>Usual Residents</i>	6 617 800	6 843 600	7 141 600	7 416 500	7 664 900	7 866 900	8 018 800
流动居民 <i>Mobile Residents</i>	185 300	215 300	245 300	275 300	305 300	335 300	365 300
五年期間的 平均每年增長率 Average annual growth rate over a 5-year period	0.8%	0.7%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%
性別比率 (男性數目與每千名女性的 比率) Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	939	890	842	800	763	730	698
人口百分比 Percentage of population							
零至十四歲 <i>Aged 0–14</i>	16%	14%	12%	12%	12%	11%	11%
十五至六十四歲 <i>Aged 15–64</i>	73%	74%	75%	72%	69%	65%	63%
六十五歲及以上 <i>Aged 65 and over</i>	12%	12%	13%	16%	19%	24%	27%
撫養比率 Dependency ratio							
少年兒童撫養比率 <i>Child dependency ratio</i>	216	182	163	163	168	171	171
老年撫養比率 <i>Elderly dependency ratio</i>	161	163	178	219	282	362	428
總撫養比率 <i>Overall dependency ratio</i>	378	346	341	383	449	533	598
年齡中位數 Median age	38	40	42	44	46	47	49

表 1 (續) 主要統計摘要
Table 1 (Cont'd.) Key Summary Statistics

乙. 人口增長的組成部分
B. Components of Population Growth

統計時點 (年中) Reference time-point (Mid-year)	居港人口 Hong Kong Resident Population	常住居民 Usual Residents	流動居民 Mobile Residents	人口增長 Population growth	與上一統計時點 比較 Compared with the previous reference time-point		由上一統計時點至 本統計時點 From the previous reference time-point to this reference time-point
					出生 Births	死亡 Deaths	
2003 ⁽¹⁾	6 803 100	6 617 800	185 300	16 100	48 700	35 200	2 600
2004	6 842 500	6 651 200	191 300	39 500	45 100	37 400	31 800
2005	6 888 800	6 691 500	197 300	46 300	45 900	37 900	38 300
2006	6 939 700	6 736 400	203 300	50 800	44 700	38 600	44 700
2007	6 996 200	6 786 900	209 300	56 500	44 700	39 400	51 200
2008	7 058 900	6 843 600	215 300	62 700	45 200	40 200	57 600
2009	7 123 000	6 901 700	221 300	64 100	45 800	41 000	59 300
2010	7 188 500	6 961 200	227 300	65 500	46 400	41 900	61 000
2011	7 255 400	7 022 100	233 300	66 900	47 000	42 900	62 800
2012	7 321 700	7 082 400	239 300	66 200	47 400	43 900	62 800
2013	7 386 900	7 141 600	245 300	65 200	47 500	45 000	62 800
2014	7 449 700	7 198 400	251 300	62 800	47 500	46 000	61 300
2015	7 511 600	7 254 300	257 300	61 900	47 700	47 000	61 300
2016	7 572 600	7 309 300	263 300	61 000	47 800	48 100	61 300
2017	7 632 700	7 363 300	269 300	60 100	47 900	49 100	61 300
2018	7 691 800	7 416 500	275 300	59 200	48 000	50 100	61 300
2019	7 750 000	7 468 600	281 300	58 100	48 000	51 100	61 300
2020	7 807 000	7 519 700	287 300	57 100	47 900	52 100	61 300
2021	7 862 800	7 569 500	293 300	55 800	47 800	53 200	61 300
2022	7 917 300	7 617 900	299 300	54 400	47 600	54 400	61 300
2023	7 970 200	7 664 900	305 300	52 900	47 300	55 600	61 300
2024	8 020 100	7 708 800	311 300	49 900	46 900	56 800	59 800
2025	8 068 300	7 751 000	317 300	48 200	46 500	58 000	59 800
2026	8 114 800	7 791 500	323 300	46 500	46 100	59 300	59 800
2027	8 159 500	7 830 200	329 300	44 700	45 600	60 700	59 800
2028	8 202 200	7 866 900	335 300	42 800	45 100	62 100	59 800
2029	8 243 000	7 901 700	341 300	40 700	44 600	63 600	59 800
2030	8 281 700	7 934 400	347 300	38 700	44 200	65 200	59 800
2031	8 318 200	7 964 900	353 300	36 600	43 700	66 900	59 800
2032	8 352 600	7 993 300	359 300	34 400	43 400	68 800	59 800
2033	8 384 100	8 018 800	365 300	31 500	43 100	71 300	59 800

註釋: (1) 基準年人口估計。

Note: (1) Base year population estimates.

表 2 二零零三年年中按年齡組別及性別劃分的人口

Table 2 Mid-2003 Population by Age Group and Sex

年齡組別 Age group	2003					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.7	4.1	127.2	3.6	262.9	3.9
5–9	192.6	5.8	180.0	5.1	372.6	5.5
10–14	223.0	6.8	210.7	6.0	433.7	6.4
15–19	223.5	6.8	211.9	6.0	435.4	6.4
20–24	222.3	6.7	221.2	6.3	443.5	6.5
25–29	229.4	7.0	261.3	7.4	490.7	7.2
30–34	250.7	7.6	335.5	9.6	586.2	8.6
35–39	285.5	8.7	362.7	10.3	648.2	9.5
40–44	336.0	10.2	368.7	10.5	704.7	10.4
45–49	297.6	9.0	306.2	8.7	603.8	8.9
50–54	240.9	7.3	236.8	6.7	477.7	7.0
55–59	164.1	5.0	152.1	4.3	316.2	4.6
60–64	124.3	3.8	107.7	3.1	232.0	3.4
65–69	127.4	3.9	121.8	3.5	249.2	3.7
70–74	109.1	3.3	112.4	3.2	221.5	3.3
75–79	70.9	2.2	86.6	2.5	157.5	2.3
80–84	38.6	1.2	57.6	1.6	96.2	1.4
85+	22.4	0.7	48.7	1.4	71.1	1.0
總計 Total	3 294.0	100.0	3 509.1	100.0	6 803.1	100.0

表 3 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex, 2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2004					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	134.6	4.1	125.7	3.5	260.3	3.8
5–9	181.3	5.5	170.3	4.8	351.6	5.1
10–14	220.4	6.7	207.3	5.8	427.7	6.3
15–19	224.3	6.8	214.0	6.0	438.3	6.4
20–24	222.9	6.8	227.0	6.4	449.9	6.6
25–29	224.8	6.8	253.6	7.2	478.4	7.0
30–34	248.2	7.5	334.3	9.4	582.5	8.5
35–39	273.9	8.3	356.5	10.1	630.4	9.2
40–44	330.1	10.0	376.3	10.6	706.4	10.3
45–49	310.0	9.4	319.5	9.0	629.5	9.2
50–54	247.1	7.5	247.3	7.0	494.4	7.2
55–59	179.3	5.4	170.4	4.8	349.7	5.1
60–64	123.7	3.8	107.0	3.0	230.7	3.4
65–69	125.5	3.8	120.7	3.4	246.2	3.6
70–74	112.6	3.4	114.7	3.2	227.3	3.3
75–79	74.1	2.2	89.4	2.5	163.5	2.4
80–84	40.7	1.2	60.4	1.7	101.1	1.5
85+	23.7	0.7	50.9	1.4	74.6	1.1
總計 Total	3 297.2	100.0	3 545.3	100.0	6 842.5	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
 Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
 2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2005					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	133.9	4.1	125.6	3.5	259.5	3.8
5–9	170.2	5.2	159.9	4.5	330.1	4.8
10–14	219.4	6.6	206.4	5.8	425.8	6.2
15–19	225.2	6.8	215.1	6.0	440.3	6.4
20–24	222.3	6.7	232.7	6.5	455.0	6.6
25–29	221.0	6.7	247.3	6.9	468.3	6.8
30–34	246.6	7.5	331.3	9.2	577.9	8.4
35–39	263.4	8.0	353.9	9.9	617.3	9.0
40–44	321.5	9.7	381.7	10.6	703.2	10.2
45–49	320.1	9.7	331.7	9.2	651.8	9.5
50–54	251.3	7.6	256.0	7.1	507.3	7.4
55–59	199.2	6.0	191.5	5.3	390.7	5.7
60–64	124.0	3.8	109.7	3.1	233.7	3.4
65–69	124.7	3.8	119.0	3.3	243.7	3.5
70–74	112.5	3.4	114.9	3.2	227.4	3.3
75–79	78.7	2.4	93.0	2.6	171.7	2.5
80–84	42.6	1.3	62.9	1.8	105.5	1.5
85+	25.6	0.8	54.0	1.5	79.6	1.2
總計 Total	3 302.2	100.0	3 586.6	100.0	6 888.8	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2006					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.4	4.0	123.8	3.4	255.2	3.7
5–9	162.7	4.9	153.3	4.2	316.0	4.6
10–14	217.9	6.6	205.4	5.7	423.3	6.1
15–19	225.8	6.8	215.8	5.9	441.6	6.4
20–24	220.5	6.7	235.5	6.5	456.0	6.6
25–29	220.9	6.7	246.8	6.8	467.7	6.7
30–34	241.7	7.3	324.7	8.9	566.4	8.2
35–39	257.4	7.8	356.4	9.8	613.8	8.8
40–44	309.0	9.3	382.0	10.5	691.0	10.0
45–49	327.6	9.9	344.0	9.5	671.6	9.7
50–54	259.8	7.9	268.5	7.4	528.3	7.6
55–59	216.5	6.5	209.9	5.8	426.4	6.1
60–64	126.5	3.8	116.3	3.2	242.8	3.5
65–69	122.4	3.7	114.8	3.2	237.2	3.4
70–74	112.6	3.4	115.4	3.2	228.0	3.3
75–79	82.7	2.5	96.2	2.6	178.9	2.6
80–84	44.8	1.4	65.1	1.8	109.9	1.6
85+	27.7	0.8	57.9	1.6	85.6	1.2
總計 Total	3 307.9	100.0	3 631.8	100.0	6 939.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2007					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	130.7	3.9	123.6	3.4	254.3	3.6
5–9	155.8	4.7	147.5	4.0	303.3	4.3
10–14	214.6	6.5	202.4	5.5	417.0	6.0
15–19	227.4	6.9	216.9	5.9	444.3	6.4
20–24	217.6	6.6	237.9	6.5	455.5	6.5
25–29	220.2	6.6	247.1	6.7	467.3	6.7
30–34	238.7	7.2	321.0	8.7	559.7	8.0
35–39	254.2	7.7	361.4	9.8	615.6	8.8
40–44	297.5	9.0	379.0	10.3	676.5	9.7
45–49	328.3	9.9	352.5	9.6	680.8	9.7
50–54	272.6	8.2	283.9	7.7	556.5	8.0
55–59	224.3	6.8	222.0	6.0	446.3	6.4
60–64	139.7	4.2	132.1	3.6	271.8	3.9
65–69	117.7	3.6	110.2	3.0	227.9	3.3
70–74	113.5	3.4	116.3	3.2	229.8	3.3
75–79	85.3	2.6	98.2	2.7	183.5	2.6
80–84	47.5	1.4	67.9	1.8	115.4	1.6
85+	29.4	0.9	61.3	1.7	90.7	1.3
總計 Total	3 315.0	100.0	3 681.2	100.0	6 996.2	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2008					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.2	3.9	122.8	3.3	252.0	3.6
5–9	155.0	4.7	147.5	3.9	302.5	4.3
10–14	206.6	6.2	194.9	5.2	401.5	5.7
15–19	228.3	6.9	217.8	5.8	446.1	6.3
20–24	215.0	6.5	237.6	6.4	452.6	6.4
25–29	221.7	6.7	252.1	6.7	473.8	6.7
30–34	233.3	7.0	314.7	8.4	548.0	7.8
35–39	252.7	7.6	366.9	9.8	619.6	8.8
40–44	282.5	8.5	370.7	9.9	653.2	9.3
45–49	328.4	9.9	366.5	9.8	694.9	9.8
50–54	287.9	8.7	301.5	8.1	589.4	8.3
55–59	230.7	6.9	232.9	6.2	463.6	6.6
60–64	154.3	4.6	150.3	4.0	304.6	4.3
65–69	114.3	3.4	106.3	2.8	220.6	3.1
70–74	112.8	3.4	116.1	3.1	228.9	3.2
75–79	89.2	2.7	100.8	2.7	190.0	2.7
80–84	50.7	1.5	70.6	1.9	121.3	1.7
85+	31.1	0.9	65.2	1.7	96.3	1.4
總計 Total	3 323.7	100.0	3 735.2	100.0	7 058.9	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2009					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.8	3.9	123.8	3.3	253.6	3.6
5–9	154.8	4.6	147.8	3.9	302.6	4.2
10–14	196.5	5.9	186.5	4.9	383.0	5.4
15–19	226.4	6.8	215.5	5.7	441.9	6.2
20–24	215.7	6.5	240.0	6.3	455.7	6.4
25–29	222.1	6.7	257.4	6.8	479.5	6.7
30–34	229.0	6.9	310.0	8.2	539.0	7.6
35–39	251.2	7.5	368.9	9.7	620.1	8.7
40–44	272.3	8.2	367.4	9.7	639.7	9.0
45–49	323.6	9.7	376.3	9.9	699.9	9.8
50–54	300.9	9.0	316.5	8.4	617.4	8.7
55–59	237.1	7.1	244.3	6.4	481.4	6.8
60–64	169.2	5.1	168.7	4.5	337.9	4.7
65–69	114.2	3.4	105.9	2.8	220.1	3.1
70–74	111.6	3.3	115.4	3.0	227.0	3.2
75–79	92.6	2.8	103.2	2.7	195.8	2.7
80–84	53.4	1.6	73.2	1.9	126.6	1.8
85+	32.8	1.0	69.0	1.8	101.8	1.4
總計 Total	3 333.2	100.0	3 789.8	100.0	7 123.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2010					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	130.1	3.9	124.4	3.2	254.5	3.5
5–9	154.9	4.6	148.9	3.9	303.8	4.2
10–14	186.3	5.6	177.3	4.6	363.6	5.1
15–19	226.2	6.8	215.3	5.6	441.5	6.1
20–24	217.0	6.5	241.8	6.3	458.8	6.4
25–29	221.3	6.6	262.7	6.8	484.0	6.7
30–34	225.6	6.7	305.9	8.0	531.5	7.4
35–39	250.3	7.5	368.3	9.6	618.6	8.6
40–44	262.5	7.9	367.2	9.6	629.7	8.8
45–49	315.8	9.4	383.6	10.0	699.4	9.7
50–54	311.7	9.3	329.8	8.6	641.5	8.9
55–59	241.8	7.2	253.7	6.6	495.5	6.9
60–64	188.7	5.6	189.9	4.9	378.6	5.3
65–69	114.8	3.4	108.9	2.8	223.7	3.1
70–74	111.4	3.3	114.0	3.0	225.4	3.1
75–79	93.0	2.8	103.7	2.7	196.7	2.7
80–84	57.1	1.7	76.6	2.0	133.7	1.9
85+	35.1	1.0	72.9	1.9	108.0	1.5
總計 Total	3 343.6	100.0	3 844.9	100.0	7 188.5	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.3	3.9	125.8	3.2	257.1	3.5
5–9	152.9	4.6	148.0	3.8	300.9	4.1
10–14	179.6	5.4	171.4	4.4	351.0	4.8
15–19	225.3	6.7	214.9	5.5	440.2	6.1
20–24	218.1	6.5	243.6	6.2	461.7	6.4
25–29	219.5	6.5	265.3	6.8	484.8	6.7
30–34	225.7	6.7	306.8	7.9	532.5	7.3
35–39	246.0	7.3	363.3	9.3	609.3	8.4
40–44	257.3	7.7	371.2	9.5	628.5	8.7
45–49	304.4	9.1	385.2	9.9	689.6	9.5
50–54	319.7	9.5	343.0	8.8	662.7	9.1
55–59	250.6	7.5	266.6	6.8	517.2	7.1
60–64	205.5	6.1	208.3	5.3	413.8	5.7
65–69	117.5	3.5	115.6	3.0	233.1	3.2
70–74	109.7	3.3	110.5	2.8	220.2	3.0
75–79	93.5	2.8	104.5	2.7	198.0	2.7
80–84	60.4	1.8	79.6	2.0	140.0	1.9
85+	37.7	1.1	77.1	2.0	114.8	1.6
總計 Total	3 354.7	100.0	3 900.7	100.0	7 255.4	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2012					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	132.7	3.9	127.1	3.2	259.8	3.5
5–9	152.5	4.5	148.4	3.8	300.9	4.1
10–14	173.2	5.1	166.0	4.2	339.2	4.6
15–19	222.3	6.6	212.3	5.4	434.6	5.9
20–24	220.0	6.5	246.1	6.2	466.1	6.4
25–29	216.6	6.4	267.9	6.8	484.5	6.6
30–34	225.3	6.7	307.7	7.8	533.0	7.3
35–39	243.5	7.2	360.3	9.1	603.8	8.2
40–44	254.7	7.6	376.8	9.5	631.5	8.6
45–49	293.5	8.7	382.9	9.7	676.4	9.2
50–54	321.0	9.5	351.9	8.9	672.9	9.2
55–59	263.4	7.8	282.3	7.1	545.7	7.5
60–64	213.3	6.3	220.4	5.6	433.7	5.9
65–69	130.3	3.9	131.3	3.3	261.6	3.6
70–74	105.8	3.1	106.3	2.7	212.1	2.9
75–79	94.5	2.8	105.6	2.7	200.1	2.7
80–84	62.7	1.9	81.5	2.1	144.2	2.0
85+	40.2	1.2	81.4	2.1	121.6	1.7
總計 Total	3 365.5	100.0	3 956.2	100.0	7 321.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2013					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	133.9	4.0	128.2	3.2	262.1	3.5
5–9	151.1	4.5	147.7	3.7	298.8	4.0
10–14	172.5	5.1	166.2	4.1	338.7	4.6
15–19	214.5	6.4	204.9	5.1	419.4	5.7
20–24	221.3	6.6	248.2	6.2	469.5	6.4
25–29	214.3	6.3	268.3	6.7	482.6	6.5
30–34	227.0	6.7	312.8	7.8	539.8	7.3
35–39	238.3	7.1	353.9	8.8	592.2	8.0
40–44	253.6	7.5	382.2	9.5	635.8	8.6
45–49	278.8	8.3	374.6	9.3	653.4	8.8
50–54	321.4	9.5	365.8	9.1	687.2	9.3
55–59	278.8	8.3	299.7	7.5	578.5	7.8
60–64	219.6	6.5	231.3	5.8	450.9	6.1
65–69	144.4	4.3	149.2	3.7	293.6	4.0
70–74	103.1	3.1	102.7	2.6	205.8	2.8
75–79	94.4	2.8	105.6	2.6	200.0	2.7
80–84	65.8	1.9	84.0	2.1	149.8	2.0
85+	42.9	1.3	85.9	2.1	128.8	1.7
總計 Total	3 375.7	100.0	4 011.2	100.0	7 386.9	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2014					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	134.8	4.0	128.9	3.2	263.7	3.5
5–9	151.6	4.5	148.6	3.7	300.2	4.0
10–14	172.3	5.1	166.5	4.1	338.8	4.5
15–19	204.5	6.0	196.6	4.8	401.1	5.4
20–24	219.7	6.5	247.2	6.1	466.9	6.3
25–29	215.3	6.4	271.2	6.7	486.5	6.5
30–34	227.5	6.7	318.0	7.8	545.5	7.3
35–39	234.1	6.9	348.8	8.6	582.9	7.8
40–44	252.2	7.4	383.7	9.4	635.9	8.5
45–49	268.7	7.9	371.0	9.1	639.7	8.6
50–54	316.6	9.4	375.4	9.2	692.0	9.3
55–59	291.8	8.6	314.5	7.7	606.3	8.1
60–64	226.2	6.7	242.5	6.0	468.7	6.3
65–69	158.8	4.7	167.3	4.1	326.1	4.4
70–74	103.3	3.1	102.6	2.5	205.9	2.8
75–79	93.7	2.8	105.3	2.6	199.0	2.7
80–84	68.6	2.0	86.2	2.1	154.8	2.1
85+	45.6	1.3	90.1	2.2	135.7	1.8
總計 Total	3 385.3	100.0	4 064.4	100.0	7 449.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2015					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.4	4.0	129.5	3.1	264.9	3.5
5–9	151.9	4.5	149.1	3.6	301.0	4.0
10–14	172.3	5.1	167.6	4.1	339.9	4.5
15–19	194.3	5.7	187.4	4.6	381.7	5.1
20–24	219.7	6.5	248.0	6.0	467.7	6.2
25–29	216.7	6.4	273.5	6.6	490.2	6.5
30–34	226.7	6.7	323.1	7.8	549.8	7.3
35–39	230.8	6.8	344.2	8.4	575.0	7.7
40–44	251.4	7.4	382.7	9.3	634.1	8.4
45–49	259.2	7.6	370.4	9.0	629.6	8.4
50–54	309.3	9.1	382.4	9.3	691.7	9.2
55–59	302.4	8.9	327.7	8.0	630.1	8.4
60–64	230.8	6.8	251.9	6.1	482.7	6.4
65–69	177.5	5.2	188.1	4.6	365.6	4.9
70–74	104.1	3.1	105.7	2.6	209.8	2.8
75–79	93.8	2.8	104.1	2.5	197.9	2.6
80–84	69.1	2.0	86.8	2.1	155.9	2.1
85+	49.0	1.4	95.0	2.3	144.0	1.9
總計 Total	3 394.4	100.0	4 117.2	100.0	7 511.6	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.8	4.0	129.8	3.1	265.6	3.5
5–9	153.1	4.5	150.3	3.6	303.4	4.0
10–14	170.2	5.0	166.7	4.0	336.9	4.4
15–19	187.5	5.5	181.6	4.4	369.1	4.9
20–24	218.9	6.4	248.5	6.0	467.4	6.2
25–29	217.9	6.4	275.7	6.6	493.6	6.5
30–34	225.0	6.6	325.4	7.8	550.4	7.3
35–39	231.0	6.8	344.5	8.3	575.5	7.6
40–44	247.1	7.3	377.2	9.0	624.3	8.2
45–49	254.1	7.5	374.0	9.0	628.1	8.3
50–54	297.7	8.7	383.6	9.2	681.3	9.0
55–59	310.2	9.1	340.7	8.2	650.9	8.6
60–64	239.5	7.0	264.6	6.3	504.1	6.7
65–69	193.6	5.7	206.1	4.9	399.7	5.3
70–74	106.8	3.1	112.3	2.7	219.1	2.9
75–79	92.5	2.7	101.0	2.4	193.5	2.6
80–84	69.6	2.0	87.8	2.1	157.4	2.1
85+	52.5	1.5	99.8	2.4	152.3	2.0
總計 Total	3 403.0	100.0	4 169.6	100.0	7 572.6	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2017					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.1	4.0	130.0	3.1	266.1	3.5
5–9	154.4	4.5	151.6	3.6	306.0	4.0
10–14	169.8	5.0	166.8	4.0	336.6	4.4
15–19	181.0	5.3	176.2	4.2	357.2	4.7
20–24	215.8	6.3	246.8	5.8	462.6	6.1
25–29	219.9	6.4	278.7	6.6	498.6	6.5
30–34	222.2	6.5	327.7	7.8	549.9	7.2
35–39	230.5	6.8	345.0	8.2	575.5	7.5
40–44	244.5	7.2	373.7	8.9	618.2	8.1
45–49	251.5	7.4	379.2	9.0	630.7	8.3
50–54	286.9	8.4	381.1	9.0	668.0	8.8
55–59	311.5	9.1	349.4	8.3	660.9	8.7
60–64	251.9	7.4	280.1	6.6	532.0	7.0
65–69	201.2	5.9	218.0	5.2	419.2	5.5
70–74	119.0	3.5	127.4	3.0	246.4	3.2
75–79	89.3	2.6	97.3	2.3	186.6	2.4
80–84	70.7	2.1	88.8	2.1	159.5	2.1
85+	55.0	1.6	103.7	2.5	158.7	2.1
總計 Total	3 411.2	100.0	4 221.5	100.0	7 632.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2018					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.4	4.0	130.3	3.0	266.7	3.5
5–9	155.5	4.5	152.5	3.6	308.0	4.0
10–14	168.3	4.9	166.0	3.9	334.3	4.3
15–19	180.3	5.3	176.3	4.1	356.6	4.6
20–24	208.1	6.1	240.1	5.6	448.2	5.8
25–29	221.2	6.5	281.4	6.6	502.6	6.5
30–34	219.9	6.4	328.0	7.7	547.9	7.1
35–39	232.2	6.8	349.6	8.2	581.8	7.6
40–44	239.3	7.0	366.8	8.6	606.1	7.9
45–49	250.3	7.3	384.2	9.0	634.5	8.2
50–54	272.6	8.0	372.5	8.7	645.1	8.4
55–59	311.9	9.1	363.0	8.5	674.9	8.8
60–64	266.9	7.8	297.3	7.0	564.2	7.3
65–69	207.4	6.1	228.7	5.4	436.1	5.7
70–74	132.2	3.9	144.7	3.4	276.9	3.6
75–79	87.2	2.6	94.2	2.2	181.4	2.4
80–84	70.9	2.1	89.0	2.1	159.9	2.1
85+	58.4	1.7	108.2	2.5	166.6	2.2
總計 Total	3 419.0	100.0	4 272.8	100.0	7 691.8	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2019					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.7	4.0	130.5	3.0	267.2	3.4
5–9	156.4	4.6	153.3	3.5	309.7	4.0
10–14	168.8	4.9	167.0	3.9	335.8	4.3
15–19	180.1	5.3	176.6	4.1	356.7	4.6
20–24	198.1	5.8	232.5	5.4	430.6	5.6
25–29	219.7	6.4	280.6	6.5	500.3	6.5
30–34	220.9	6.4	330.8	7.7	551.7	7.1
35–39	232.7	6.8	354.6	8.2	587.3	7.6
40–44	235.2	6.9	361.5	8.4	596.7	7.7
45–49	248.8	7.3	385.6	8.9	634.4	8.2
50–54	262.7	7.7	368.8	8.5	631.5	8.1
55–59	307.4	9.0	372.5	8.6	679.9	8.8
60–64	279.6	8.2	311.9	7.2	591.5	7.6
65–69	213.8	6.2	239.8	5.5	453.6	5.9
70–74	145.8	4.3	162.2	3.8	308.0	4.0
75–79	87.8	2.6	94.3	2.2	182.1	2.3
80–84	70.5	2.1	88.9	2.1	159.4	2.1
85+	61.3	1.8	112.3	2.6	173.6	2.2
總計 Total	3 426.3	100.0	4 323.7	100.0	7 750.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2020					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.8	4.0	130.6	3.0	267.4	3.4
5–9	157.1	4.6	153.8	3.5	310.9	4.0
10–14	169.1	4.9	167.5	3.8	336.6	4.3
15–19	180.1	5.2	177.8	4.1	357.9	4.6
20–24	187.9	5.5	224.0	5.1	411.9	5.3
25–29	219.7	6.4	281.8	6.4	501.5	6.4
30–34	222.3	6.5	333.1	7.6	555.4	7.1
35–39	232.0	6.8	359.4	8.2	591.4	7.6
40–44	232.0	6.8	356.6	8.2	588.6	7.5
45–49	248.1	7.2	384.3	8.8	632.4	8.1
50–54	253.3	7.4	368.1	8.4	621.4	8.0
55–59	300.1	8.7	379.4	8.7	679.5	8.7
60–64	290.0	8.4	325.0	7.4	615.0	7.9
65–69	218.4	6.4	249.1	5.7	467.5	6.0
70–74	163.3	4.8	182.3	4.2	345.6	4.4
75–79	88.9	2.6	97.3	2.2	186.2	2.4
80–84	70.7	2.1	88.1	2.0	158.8	2.0
85+	63.2	1.8	115.8	2.6	179.0	2.3
總計 Total	3 433.0	100.0	4 374.0	100.0	7 807.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2021					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.8	4.0	130.6	3.0	267.4	3.4
5–9	157.5	4.6	154.1	3.5	311.6	4.0
10–14	170.3	5.0	168.7	3.8	339.0	4.3
15–19	178.1	5.2	176.7	4.0	354.8	4.5
20–24	181.2	5.3	218.8	4.9	400.0	5.1
25–29	218.8	6.4	282.7	6.4	501.5	6.4
30–34	223.4	6.5	335.4	7.6	558.8	7.1
35–39	230.3	6.7	361.5	8.2	591.8	7.5
40–44	232.0	6.7	356.8	8.1	588.8	7.5
45–49	243.8	7.1	378.7	8.6	622.5	7.9
50–54	248.3	7.2	371.5	8.4	619.8	7.9
55–59	289.1	8.4	380.5	8.6	669.6	8.5
60–64	297.8	8.7	337.7	7.6	635.5	8.1
65–69	226.9	6.6	261.7	5.9	488.6	6.2
70–74	178.4	5.2	199.7	4.5	378.1	4.8
75–79	91.5	2.7	103.6	2.3	195.1	2.5
80–84	69.9	2.0	85.5	1.9	155.4	2.0
85+	65.1	1.9	119.4	2.7	184.5	2.3
總計 Total	3 439.2	100.0	4 423.6	100.0	7 862.8	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2022					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.6	4.0	130.5	2.9	267.1	3.4
5–9	157.8	4.6	154.3	3.4	312.1	3.9
10–14	171.6	5.0	169.9	3.8	341.5	4.3
15–19	177.6	5.2	177.0	4.0	354.6	4.5
20–24	174.7	5.1	214.1	4.8	388.8	4.9
25–29	215.9	6.3	281.2	6.3	497.1	6.3
30–34	225.6	6.5	338.3	7.6	563.9	7.1
35–39	227.5	6.6	363.6	8.1	591.1	7.5
40–44	231.7	6.7	357.0	8.0	588.7	7.4
45–49	241.4	7.0	374.9	8.4	616.3	7.8
50–54	245.8	7.1	376.5	8.4	622.3	7.9
55–59	278.4	8.1	378.1	8.5	656.5	8.3
60–64	298.9	8.7	346.5	7.7	645.4	8.2
65–69	239.1	6.9	276.9	6.2	516.0	6.5
70–74	185.6	5.4	211.2	4.7	396.8	5.0
75–79	102.4	3.0	117.8	2.6	220.2	2.8
80–84	67.5	2.0	82.4	1.8	149.9	1.9
85+	66.6	1.9	122.4	2.7	189.0	2.4
總計 Total	3 444.7	100.0	4 472.6	100.0	7 917.3	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2023					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.2	3.9	130.1	2.9	266.3	3.3
5–9	158.1	4.6	154.6	3.4	312.7	3.9
10–14	172.7	5.0	170.9	3.8	343.6	4.3
15–19	176.1	5.1	176.2	3.9	352.3	4.4
20–24	174.0	5.0	214.9	4.8	388.9	4.9
25–29	208.1	6.0	274.9	6.1	483.0	6.1
30–34	226.8	6.6	341.0	7.5	567.8	7.1
35–39	225.2	6.5	363.6	8.0	588.8	7.4
40–44	233.3	6.8	361.4	8.0	594.7	7.5
45–49	236.2	6.8	367.9	8.1	604.1	7.6
50–54	244.7	7.1	381.3	8.4	626.0	7.9
55–59	264.6	7.7	369.4	8.2	634.0	8.0
60–64	299.5	8.7	360.0	8.0	659.5	8.3
65–69	253.5	7.3	293.9	6.5	547.4	6.9
70–74	191.6	5.6	221.6	4.9	413.2	5.2
75–79	114.3	3.3	134.0	3.0	248.3	3.1
80–84	66.2	1.9	79.9	1.8	146.1	1.8
85+	68.4	2.0	125.1	2.8	193.5	2.4
總計 Total	3 449.5	100.0	4 520.7	100.0	7 970.2	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2024					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.6	3.9	129.5	2.8	265.1	3.3
5–9	158.2	4.6	154.8	3.4	313.0	3.9
10–14	173.6	5.0	171.5	3.8	345.1	4.3
15–19	176.6	5.1	177.1	3.9	353.7	4.4
20–24	173.8	5.0	216.1	4.7	389.9	4.9
25–29	198.2	5.7	267.5	5.9	465.7	5.8
30–34	225.3	6.5	340.0	7.4	565.3	7.0
35–39	226.2	6.6	366.0	8.0	592.2	7.4
40–44	233.8	6.8	365.9	8.0	599.7	7.5
45–49	232.2	6.7	362.2	7.9	594.4	7.4
50–54	243.3	7.0	382.4	8.4	625.7	7.8
55–59	254.9	7.4	365.7	8.0	620.6	7.7
60–64	295.5	8.6	369.2	8.1	664.7	8.3
65–69	265.8	7.7	308.4	6.8	574.2	7.2
70–74	197.7	5.7	232.4	5.1	430.1	5.4
75–79	126.5	3.7	150.3	3.3	276.8	3.5
80–84	66.8	1.9	80.3	1.8	147.1	1.8
85+	69.4	2.0	127.4	2.8	196.8	2.5
總計 Total	3 453.4	100.0	4 566.7	100.0	8 020.1	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2025					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	134.8	3.9	128.7	2.8	263.5	3.3
5–9	158.3	4.6	154.8	3.4	313.1	3.9
10–14	174.2	5.0	172.0	3.7	346.2	4.3
15–19	176.9	5.1	177.6	3.9	354.5	4.4
20–24	174.0	5.0	218.0	4.7	392.0	4.9
25–29	188.1	5.4	259.3	5.6	447.4	5.5
30–34	225.3	6.5	340.9	7.4	566.2	7.0
35–39	227.5	6.6	367.9	8.0	595.4	7.4
40–44	233.0	6.7	370.3	8.0	603.3	7.5
45–49	228.8	6.6	357.1	7.7	585.9	7.3
50–54	242.6	7.0	380.8	8.3	623.4	7.7
55–59	245.9	7.1	364.8	7.9	610.7	7.6
60–64	288.4	8.3	376.1	8.2	664.5	8.2
65–69	276.0	8.0	321.2	7.0	597.2	7.4
70–74	202.3	5.9	241.6	5.2	443.9	5.5
75–79	142.0	4.1	169.1	3.7	311.1	3.9
80–84	68.1	2.0	83.1	1.8	151.2	1.9
85+	70.2	2.0	128.6	2.8	198.8	2.5
總計 Total	3 456.4	100.0	4 611.9	100.0	8 068.3	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2026					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	133.9	3.9	127.8	2.7	261.7	3.2
5–9	158.2	4.6	154.7	3.3	312.9	3.9
10–14	174.5	5.0	172.2	3.7	346.7	4.3
15–19	178.0	5.1	178.8	3.8	356.8	4.4
20–24	172.0	5.0	217.7	4.7	389.7	4.8
25–29	181.4	5.2	254.5	5.5	435.9	5.4
30–34	224.4	6.5	341.5	7.3	565.9	7.0
35–39	228.7	6.6	369.7	7.9	598.4	7.4
40–44	231.3	6.7	371.9	8.0	603.2	7.4
45–49	228.9	6.6	356.9	7.7	585.8	7.2
50–54	238.4	6.9	375.0	8.1	613.4	7.6
55–59	241.0	7.0	368.2	7.9	609.2	7.5
60–64	277.7	8.0	377.3	8.1	655.0	8.1
65–69	283.5	8.2	333.8	7.2	617.3	7.6
70–74	210.7	6.1	253.8	5.5	464.5	5.7
75–79	155.3	4.5	185.2	4.0	340.5	4.2
80–84	70.3	2.0	88.8	1.9	159.1	2.0
85+	70.4	2.0	128.4	2.8	198.8	2.4
總計 Total	3 458.6	100.0	4 656.2	100.0	8 114.8	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2027					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	132.9	3.8	126.8	2.7	259.7	3.2
5–9	158.0	4.6	154.3	3.3	312.3	3.8
10–14	174.7	5.0	172.4	3.7	347.1	4.3
15–19	179.3	5.2	179.9	3.8	359.2	4.4
20–24	171.5	5.0	218.5	4.6	390.0	4.8
25–29	175.0	5.1	250.2	5.3	425.2	5.2
30–34	221.5	6.4	339.8	7.2	561.3	6.9
35–39	230.7	6.7	372.2	7.9	602.9	7.4
40–44	228.5	6.6	373.6	7.9	602.1	7.4
45–49	228.5	6.6	356.8	7.6	585.3	7.2
50–54	235.8	6.8	371.1	7.9	606.9	7.4
55–59	238.5	6.9	373.1	7.9	611.6	7.5
60–64	267.6	7.7	374.8	8.0	642.4	7.9
65–69	284.8	8.2	342.5	7.3	627.3	7.7
70–74	222.2	6.4	268.7	5.7	490.9	6.0
75–79	161.7	4.7	196.0	4.2	357.7	4.4
80–84	79.3	2.3	101.4	2.2	180.7	2.2
85+	69.5	2.0	127.4	2.7	196.9	2.4
總計 Total	3 460.0	100.0	4 699.5	100.0	8 159.5	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2028					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.8	3.8	125.7	2.7	257.5	3.1
5–9	157.6	4.6	153.8	3.2	311.4	3.8
10–14	174.9	5.1	172.6	3.6	347.5	4.2
15–19	180.4	5.2	180.8	3.8	361.2	4.4
20–24	170.1	4.9	218.2	4.6	388.3	4.7
25–29	174.3	5.0	251.5	5.3	425.8	5.2
30–34	213.8	6.2	333.3	7.0	547.1	6.7
35–39	232.0	6.7	374.5	7.9	606.5	7.4
40–44	226.2	6.5	373.2	7.9	599.4	7.3
45–49	230.2	6.7	360.8	7.6	591.0	7.2
50–54	230.8	6.7	363.8	7.7	594.6	7.2
55–59	237.5	6.9	377.6	8.0	615.1	7.5
60–64	254.1	7.3	366.3	7.7	620.4	7.6
65–69	285.6	8.3	355.7	7.5	641.3	7.8
70–74	236.0	6.8	285.2	6.0	521.2	6.4
75–79	167.1	4.8	205.8	4.3	372.9	4.5
80–84	88.9	2.6	115.7	2.4	204.6	2.5
85+	69.2	2.0	127.2	2.7	196.4	2.4
總計 Total	3 460.5	100.0	4 741.7	100.0	8 202.2	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2029					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	130.6	3.8	124.6	2.6	255.2	3.1
5–9	156.9	4.5	153.3	3.2	310.2	3.8
10–14	175.1	5.1	172.7	3.6	347.8	4.2
15–19	181.2	5.2	181.5	3.8	362.7	4.4
20–24	170.5	4.9	219.6	4.6	390.1	4.7
25–29	174.3	5.0	252.8	5.3	427.1	5.2
30–34	203.9	5.9	325.9	6.8	529.8	6.4
35–39	230.5	6.7	373.3	7.8	603.8	7.3
40–44	227.2	6.6	375.4	7.8	602.6	7.3
45–49	230.7	6.7	365.1	7.6	595.8	7.2
50–54	226.8	6.6	358.1	7.5	584.9	7.1
55–59	236.2	6.8	378.8	7.9	615.0	7.5
60–64	244.8	7.1	362.8	7.6	607.6	7.4
65–69	281.7	8.1	365.0	7.6	646.7	7.8
70–74	247.7	7.2	299.3	6.3	547.0	6.6
75–79	172.8	5.0	216.0	4.5	388.8	4.7
80–84	98.8	2.9	130.1	2.7	228.9	2.8
85+	70.3	2.0	128.7	2.7	199.0	2.4
總計 Total	3 460.0	100.0	4 783.0	100.0	8 243.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2030					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.4	3.7	123.5	2.6	252.9	3.1
5–9	156.2	4.5	152.4	3.2	308.6	3.7
10–14	175.2	5.1	172.7	3.6	347.9	4.2
15–19	181.8	5.3	182.0	3.8	363.8	4.4
20–24	170.8	4.9	220.5	4.6	391.3	4.7
25–29	174.4	5.0	255.0	5.3	429.4	5.2
30–34	193.8	5.6	317.7	6.6	511.5	6.2
35–39	230.4	6.7	374.1	7.8	604.5	7.3
40–44	228.6	6.6	377.1	7.8	605.7	7.3
45–49	229.9	6.6	369.4	7.7	599.3	7.2
50–54	223.5	6.5	352.9	7.3	576.4	7.0
55–59	235.5	6.8	377.3	7.8	612.8	7.4
60–64	236.2	6.8	362.0	7.5	598.2	7.2
65–69	275.0	8.0	372.0	7.7	647.0	7.8
70–74	257.4	7.4	311.8	6.5	569.2	6.9
75–79	177.4	5.1	224.7	4.7	402.1	4.9
80–84	111.4	3.2	146.6	3.0	258.0	3.1
85+	71.6	2.1	131.5	2.7	203.1	2.5
總計 Total	3 458.5	100.0	4 823.2	100.0	8 281.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2031					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	128.2	3.7	122.4	2.5	250.6	3.0
5–9	155.3	4.5	151.5	3.1	306.8	3.7
10–14	175.1	5.1	172.6	3.5	347.7	4.2
15–19	182.1	5.3	182.3	3.7	364.4	4.4
20–24	172.0	5.0	222.1	4.6	394.1	4.7
25–29	172.5	5.0	254.8	5.2	427.3	5.1
30–34	187.1	5.4	312.9	6.4	500.0	6.0
35–39	229.6	6.6	374.5	7.7	604.1	7.3
40–44	229.7	6.6	378.7	7.8	608.4	7.3
45–49	228.2	6.6	370.9	7.6	599.1	7.2
50–54	223.7	6.5	352.6	7.3	576.3	6.9
55–59	231.3	6.7	371.5	7.6	602.8	7.2
60–64	231.4	6.7	365.4	7.5	596.8	7.2
65–69	265.3	7.7	373.0	7.7	638.3	7.7
70–74	264.7	7.7	324.1	6.7	588.8	7.1
75–79	185.0	5.4	236.4	4.9	421.4	5.1
80–84	121.7	3.5	160.7	3.3	282.4	3.4
85+	73.2	2.1	135.7	2.8	208.9	2.5
總計 Total	3 456.1	100.0	4 862.1	100.0	8 318.2	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2032					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	127.1	3.7	121.3	2.5	248.4	3.0
5–9	154.3	4.5	150.5	3.1	304.8	3.6
10–14	174.8	5.1	172.3	3.5	347.1	4.2
15–19	182.3	5.3	182.4	3.7	364.7	4.4
20–24	173.3	5.0	223.7	4.6	397.0	4.8
25–29	172.0	5.0	255.8	5.2	427.8	5.1
30–34	180.8	5.2	308.6	6.3	489.4	5.9
35–39	226.7	6.6	372.7	7.6	599.4	7.2
40–44	231.8	6.7	381.1	7.8	612.9	7.3
45–49	225.4	6.5	372.4	7.6	597.8	7.2
50–54	223.3	6.5	352.4	7.2	575.7	6.9
55–59	228.9	6.6	367.5	7.5	596.4	7.1
60–64	229.2	6.6	370.2	7.6	599.4	7.2
65–69	255.4	7.4	370.8	7.6	626.2	7.5
70–74	266.1	7.7	332.7	6.8	598.8	7.2
75–79	195.6	5.7	250.5	5.1	446.1	5.3
80–84	126.9	3.7	170.2	3.5	297.1	3.6
85+	78.7	2.3	144.9	3.0	223.6	2.7
總計 Total	3 452.6	100.0	4 900.0	100.0	8 352.6	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零四年至二零三三年按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population by Age Group and Sex,
2004–2033

年齡組別 Age group	2033					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	126.1	3.7	120.4	2.4	246.5	2.9
5–9	153.1	4.4	149.5	3.0	302.6	3.6
10–14	174.4	5.1	171.8	3.5	346.2	4.1
15–19	182.5	5.3	182.6	3.7	365.1	4.4
20–24	174.3	5.1	225.1	4.6	399.4	4.8
25–29	170.5	4.9	255.8	5.2	426.3	5.1
30–34	180.1	5.2	309.9	6.3	490.0	5.8
35–39	219.0	6.4	366.1	7.4	585.1	7.0
40–44	233.2	6.8	383.1	7.8	616.3	7.4
45–49	223.1	6.5	371.9	7.5	595.0	7.1
50–54	224.9	6.5	356.3	7.2	581.2	6.9
55–59	224.0	6.5	360.3	7.3	584.3	7.0
60–64	228.2	6.6	374.8	7.6	603.0	7.2
65–69	242.7	7.0	362.5	7.3	605.2	7.2
70–74	267.3	7.8	345.6	7.0	612.9	7.3
75–79	208.1	6.0	266.0	5.4	474.1	5.7
80–84	131.1	3.8	178.9	3.6	310.0	3.7
85+	85.1	2.5	155.8	3.2	240.9	2.9
總計 Total	3 447.7	100.0	4 936.4	100.0	8 384.1	100.0

3. 推算方法

人口範圍

3.1 香港人口以「居港人口」量度。「居港人口」包括「常住居民」及「流動居民」。
「常住居民」指兩類人士：（一）在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港；及（二）在統計時點身在香港的香港非永久性居民。至於「流動居民」，是指在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港。

人口推算

3.2 人口推算採用的標準方法為「組成部分法」。按照這方法，先將某基準年的人口按年齡及性別劃分，然後結合不同的生育推算、死亡推算及人口淨遷移推算，逐年推算，直至推算期末年。

3.3 二零零三年年中人口估計為此套人口推算的人口基數。

3.4 根據有關每個推算年份（即由每個曆年年中至下一曆年年中）的生育、死亡及人口淨遷移假設，運用下列計算方法，就可得出該推算年份年終的人口總數及其人口的年齡性別結構：

3. Projection Methodology

Population Coverage

3.1 The Hong Kong Population is measured by the “Hong Kong Resident Population”, which comprises “Usual Residents” and “Mobile Residents”. “Usual Residents” refer to two categories of people: (1) Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least three months during the six months before or for at least three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point; and (2) Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who are in Hong Kong at the reference time-point. As for “Mobile Residents”, they are Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least one month but less than three months during the six months before or for at least one month but less than three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point.

Population Projections

3.2 The standard method of compiling population projections, i.e. the ‘component method’, is adopted. Under this method, a population at a certain base year is brought forward by age and sex under separate projections of fertility, mortality and net movement, year after year until the end of the projection period.

3.3 The mid-2003 population estimate is the base figure for this set of population projections.

3.4 Based on the assumptions made on fertility, mortality and net movement for each projection year (i.e. from mid-year of a calendar year to mid-year of the following calendar year), the size and age-sex structure of the population at the end of that projection year are worked out by applying the following algorithm:

- (一) 在推算年份年初，將人口基數／推算人口乘以按年齡及性別劃分的推算前向存活率⁽¹⁾而得出推算年份年終的生存人口。
- (二) 將育齡期（即十五至四十九歲）內每年的平均女性數目乘以推算得的相應年齡別生育率會得到出生數目。把出生總數按出生時的平均性別比率⁽²⁾劃分男、女出生數目，然後根據推算出的男女各自前向存活率，得出推算年份年終零歲男女的生存人口。
- (三) 將假定的人口淨遷移加進推算年份年終的生存人口。

生育推算

3.5 年齡別生育率⁽³⁾過去的趨勢是訂定生育假設的基礎。在生育分析及推算中，已考慮各種因素，包括其他低生育率經濟地區的經驗，以推算將來的生育率。

3.6 擬定生育假設的過程，並不是機械化地把過往的趨勢伸延，特別是要考慮以下兩方面：

- (一) 現時香港的生育率已達至很低水平，不大可能進一步顯著下降。

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- 註釋:
- (1) 前向存活率是決定從確切年齡 x 歲至確切年齡 $x+1$ 歲之間尚存人數的比例。
 - (2) 根據一九七一年至二零零二年間的出生數字，平均出生時性別比率為每千名女性對 1 072 名男性。
 - (3) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率，均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

- (1) The projected forward survival ratios⁽¹⁾ by age and sex are applied to the base/projected population at the beginning of a projection year to derive the surviving population at the end of that projection year.
- (2) The projected age specific fertility rates are applied to the respective average numbers of women in individual childbearing ages 15–49 to obtain the total number of births. These births, after being divided into males and females by an average sex ratio at birth⁽²⁾, are subjected to their respective projected forward survival ratios. The surviving population aged 0 by sex at the end of that projection year is then derived.
- (3) The assumed net movement is added to the surviving population at the end of that projection year.

Fertility Projections

3.5 The past trends of the age specific fertility rates⁽³⁾ (AFRs) provide the basis for formulating the fertility assumptions. In the fertility analysis and projections, reference is made to various factors, including the experience of other low fertility economies in order to project the future fertility rates.

3.6 In formulating the fertility assumptions, the process is not strictly a mechanical one that follows the extrapolated trends. Particular reference is made to the following two considerations:

- (1) The fertility level in Hong Kong is currently very low and further significant decline is unlikely to occur.

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- Notes:
- (1) Forward survival ratio determines the proportion of persons surviving from exact age x to exact age $x+1$.
 - (2) The average sex ratio at birth is 1 072 males per 1 000 females according to births delivered in the period 1971–2002.
 - (3) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

(二) 從多個低生育率經濟地區（包括丹麥、瑞典及新加坡）的經驗顯示，生育率持續下跌一段時間後，會輕微回升至較高水平。

3.7 為確保推算得來的年齡別生育率從出生組群的角度看來是合理的，需要驗證此等生育率對一些出生組群所產生的影響。因此根據香港過去生育趨勢及其他經濟地區的經驗，對年齡別生育率推算得的平均生育數字，以及最少有一名子女的女性百分比作出評估。

死亡推算

3.8 香港未來的死亡水平使用 Lee-Carter 方法來推算。這方法使用年齡性別死亡率的過去趨勢建立統計模型。為確保所推算的死亡率是合適和沒有矛盾，曾進行下列驗證：

(一) 根據過去的趨勢及近期的情況，核對推算所得死亡率中男性死亡率相對女性死亡率的差異；及

(二) 根據其他經濟地區的過去經驗及推算，評估從推算死亡率所得未來的出生時平均預期壽命。

3.9 推算所得的死亡率用以編製人口生命表，再從人口生命表計算前向存活率。前向存活率是評估老齡化及前向存活過程所需的數據。

人口淨遷移推算

3.10 香港人口的近期居住和流動形態，是擬定人口淨遷移假設的基礎。

(2) The experience of many low fertility economies (including Denmark, Sweden and Singapore) indicates that fertility could revert to a slightly higher level after a continuous decline.

3.7 The implications of the projected AFRs for some birth cohorts are checked to ensure that they are reasonable from the cohort perspective. In this connection, the average number of children ever born and the percentage of women having at least one child as implied by the fertility assumptions are assessed in the light of past experience in Hong Kong and the experience of other economies.

Mortality Projections

3.8 The future mortality level of Hong Kong is projected using the Lee-Carter method, which is a statistically modelling technique based on the historical age-sex specific mortality rates. The following checks are made to ensure the appropriateness and consistency of the projected mortality rates:

(1) The excess of male mortality over female mortality of the projected mortality rates is checked against the past trend, in particular its most recent pattern; and

(2) The expectation of life at birth implied by the projected mortality rates is assessed with reference to the experience and the projections of other economies.

3.9 The projected mortality rates are then applied to construct life tables, which give the forward survival ratios required for assessing the future population aging and survival process for the projection.

Net Movement Projections

3.10 The recent trends of the residency and mobility patterns of the Hong Kong population provide the basis for formulating the assumptions on the net movement.

4. 推算假設

生育假設

過去的生育趨勢

4.1 香港的生育水平，在過去二十年明顯持續下降。總和生育率由一九八三年的每千名女性相對 1 720 個活產嬰兒下跌至二零零三年的每千名女性相對 925[#] 個，跌幅約 46%。與低生育率經濟地區的經驗比較，香港的下降幅度非常顯著。而香港現時的生育水平更已跌至低於其他低生育率經濟地區如日本及荷蘭。(表 7)

4.2 生育率的急劇下降與六個因素有關：

(一) 遲婚

已婚女性的比例在過去二十年明顯下跌。根據人口普查／中期人口統計的結果，在一九八一年二十五至二十九歲女性人口中已婚女性佔 69%，但二零零一年該比例下跌至 39%。遲婚的趨勢亦可在女性初婚年齡中位數上升中顯示。初婚年齡中位數由一九八三年的 24.4 上升至二零零三年的 27.8 歲。遲婚會縮短女性的生育時期。

(二) 女性獨身情況增加

由一九八一年至二零零一年，未婚女性的比例在所有年齡組別都明顯增加。在一九八一年，四十至四十四歲年齡組別的女性人口中未婚女性佔 3%，至二零零一年，這個數字已增至 12%。

(三) 延遲低次活產

八十年代初，由結婚至首次生育的間距中位數約為 16.5 個月。在二零零三年，這個中位數已增至 24.8[#] 個月，即在過去二十年內增加 8 個月。

4. Projection Assumptions

Fertility Assumptions

Past Fertility Trend

4.1 Hong Kong's fertility experienced a marked and continuous decline in the past two decades. The total fertility rate decreased by about 46% from 1 720 live births per 1 000 women in 1983 to 925[#] in 2003. This decline was very significant compared with the experience of some developed economies with low fertility. The current fertility level of Hong Kong has already fallen below those experienced in low fertility economies such as Japan and the Netherlands. (Table 7)

4.2 The rapid decline in fertility was associated with six factors, viz.

(1) Marriage Postponement

The proportion of married women dropped remarkably during the past two decades. According to the results of the population censuses/by-censuses, 69% of women aged 25–29 were married in 1981 whereas the corresponding figure was 39% in 2001. Marriage postponement is further revealed by the increasing median age at first marriage for women, which rose from 24.4 in 1983 to 27.8 in 2003. Marriage postponement for women shortens their childbearing exposure period.

(2) Increased Prevalence of Spinsterhood

There is a significant increase in the proportion of never married women from 1981 to 2001 among all age groups. In 1981, the percentage of never married women in the age group 40–44 was 3%. In 2001, this figure reached 12%.

(3) Postponement of Low-Order Live Births

The median interval between marriage and first live birth was around 16.5 months in the early 1980s. In 2003, this median interval was 24.8[#] months, indicating an increase of 8 months during the past 20 years.

(四) 縮減高次活產

第三次及以上的活產百分比由一九八三年的 21% 迅速下降至二零零三年的 9%[#]。即是說，高次活產生育率在過去二十年下跌了 12 個百分點。

(五) 離婚率上升

在過去二十年，粗離婚率由一九八三年按每千人口計算的 0.54 迅速上升至二零零三年的 2.03。離婚率的上升亦有助解釋較低的生育率。

(六) 不利的經濟氣候

在一九九七年以後生育水平出現顯著下降，相信是由於亞洲金融風暴帶來不利的經濟氣候所致。

擬定的生育假設

4.3 導致過去數十年生育率急降的上述六個因素會作為預測未來生育趨勢的重要依據。

(一) 初婚年齡中位數漸趨穩定，女性再延遲結婚的機會很低。繼續延遲結婚的速度將會減慢或很可能已接近終結。

(二) 女性獨身情況再急劇增加的可能性不大。男性與女性的獨身傾向比較，四十至四十四歲年齡組別仍未結婚的女性比例與同齡組別未結婚男性的比例現已十分接近。預期女性的獨身傾向將與男性看齊，以致未婚女性的比例維持於大約 12%。

(三) 高次活產預料將繼續縮減。

(四) 當經濟復甦過來，生育水平可望回升。

(4) *Curtailment of High-Order Live Births*

The percentage of third and higher order live births declined rapidly from 21% in 1983 to 9%[#] in 2003. In other words, the fertility rates in respect of these high-order live births dropped by 12 percentage points in the past 20 years.

(5) *Increased Divorce Rates*

The crude divorce rate increased rapidly over the past 20 years from 0.54 per 1 000 population in 1983 to 2.03 in 2003. The increase in divorce rates also helps explain lower fertility rates.

(6) *Unfavourable Economic Climate*

It is to be noted that the fertility level after 1997 recorded a marked decline. It is believed that this is due to the unfavourable economic climate arising from the Asian economic turmoil.

Fertility Assumptions Made

4.3 Future fertility trends are projected in the light of the above six factors associated with the rapid fertility decline in the past decades.

(1) The probability of further dramatic marriage postponement is low, as the median age at first marriage has more or less stabilized. It is likely that the rate of marriage postponement would slacken or come to a halt.

(2) Further rapid increase in spinsterhood is unlikely. Comparing the trend of bachelorhood for men and that of spinsterhood for women, the proportion of women aged 40–44 remaining never married is now very close to that of men in the same age group. It is expected that women would share the same experience as that of men and the proportion of women remaining never married would stabilise at around 12%.

(3) The curtailment of high-order live births is expected to persist.

(4) The fertility level is likely to rise gradually as the economy recovers.

4.4 「流動居民」在香港所生的嬰兒會首先被視為「常住居民」。其後如果這些嬰兒不再屬「常住居民」，他們的流出會包括在『香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動』內。

4.5 以上各項可能的發展的淨效應，會將生育年齡輕微推高及集中在較狹窄的年齡組別內。同時生育率會因「低次活產補回」的現象而輕微上升。

生育率的推算

4.6 根據推算，總和生育率推算由二零零四年至二零零六年維持每千名女性相對 925 個活產嬰兒，然後逐漸回升至二零一一年的 993 個，並在其餘的推算年保持在該水平。（表 4）

4.7 不同年齡組別的年齡別生育率會在推算期間有不同的轉變。假設遲婚的趨勢會穩定下來，但部分延遲了的生育會補回，推算在三十至三十四歲及三十五至三十九歲年齡組別的女性的年齡別生育率將逐漸上升。相反地，十五至二十九歲和四十歲及以上年齡組別的女性的年齡別生育率將大約維持在現水平。（表 4）

4.8 推算所得的年齡別生育率對各出生組群的女性的影響，可從仍未有子女的女性比例及平均生育數字中查證。有關個別出生組群的女性的生育經驗資料列載於表五及表六。在一九六三年出生的女性，其育齡期到目前已差不多完結，當中約 26% 到育齡期末將仍未有子女。在一九八三年出生，而其育齡期幾乎全部在推算期內渡過的女性中，這比例約為 45%。相對地，在一九六三年出生的女性，其平均生育數字為 1.44 名子女。根據推算所得，一九八三年出生的女性其平均生育數字會下跌至 1.00 名子女。現在的女性接受較好的教育及有較高的勞動參與，認同遲婚和小家庭觀念，更甚者以沒有小孩的家庭為時尚，故該數字下降是可能的。

4.4 Babies born to Mobile Residents in Hong Kong are taken to be Usual Residents initially. If some of these babies subsequently cease to be Usual Residents, their outflow would be incorporated in the “net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category”.

4.5 The net effect of these likely developments is that childbearing would shift slightly to higher ages and concentrate within a narrower age band, and the fertility rate would increase slightly in response to the catching-up effect.

Projected Fertility Rates

4.6 The TFR is projected to remain at 925 live births per 1 000 women from 2004 to 2006 and then the level increases gradually to 993 in 2011 and remain at that level for the rest of the projection period. (Table 4)

4.7 The age specific fertility rates (AFRs) for the different age groups are projected to change differently over the projection period. Assuming that the tendency of marriage postponement will stabilize but there will be some catching-up of postponed births, the projected AFRs for women in the age groups 30–34 and 35–39 would rise gradually. On the contrary, the projected AFRs for females in the age groups 15–29 and 40 and over would remain at about the same level. (Table 4)

4.8 The implications of the projected AFRs, in terms of the proportion of women remaining childless and the average number of children ever born, are examined for women in different birth cohorts. Data in respect of the fertility experience of a number of these cohorts are presented in Tables 5 and 6. It can be seen that of those women born in 1963, who had almost completed childbearing by now, about 26% would remain childless at the end of their reproductive age. The percentage is projected to be around 45% for those women born in 1983, who would spend most of their reproductive years in the projection period. Corresponding to this, the average number of children ever born to women born in 1963 would be 1.44. This figure is projected to decrease to 1.00 for women born in 1983. Such a decline is conceivable as women now have better education and higher labour participation, and have affirmed the practice of late marriage and a small family, and even family with no kids, as the norm.

4.9 香港目前的生育水平已低於很多其他低生育率的經濟地區。從部分低生育率經濟地區的經驗可見，他們的總和生育率已從谷底回升。例如，丹麥的總和生育率從一九八三年的 1 370 上升至二零零二年的 1 730。縱觀丹麥的總和生育率從未跌至如香港的低水平，而其生育率的回升亦低於更替水平，所以在推算香港的未來生育率時，假設在不久的將來生育率稍微回升是實際的。很多國家也推算將來生育率會稍微回升。（表 7 和表 8）

4.9 Hong Kong's fertility level is now so low that it is well below that of many low fertility economies. As seen from the experience of some low fertility economies, their TFRs rose gradually after reaching a trough. For example, Denmark's TFR rose from 1 370 in 1983 to around 1 730 in 2002. While the TFRs of Denmark had never fallen to such a low level as in Hong Kong and their fertility rebound were limited to below the replacement level, it would be realistic to assume a gradual increase of fertility in Hong Kong in the near future. Many countries also projected a gradual increase of fertility in future. (Tables 7 and 8)

表 4 一九八三年至二零三三年的年齡別生育率及總和生育率

Table 4 Age Specific Fertility Rates and Total Fertility Rates, 1983–2033

年份 Year	年齡別生育率 ⁽¹⁾ Age specific fertility rates ⁽¹⁾							總和生育率 ⁽¹⁾ Total fertility rate ⁽¹⁾	
	15–19	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49		
(每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目) (Number of live births per 1 000 women)									
實數 Actual									
1983	10	76	140	87	31	5	1	1 722	
1988	6	43	112	89	29	5	*	1 400	
1993	7	49	95	84	31	5	*	1 342	
1994	7	49	95	87	32	4	*	1 355	
1995	6	43	90	85	32	5	*	1 295	
1996	6	36	81	76	30	5	*	1 166	
1997	5	32	72	73	31	5	*	1 095	
1998	5	30	64	66	28	5	*	990	
1999	5	30	62	64	28	4	*	965	
2000	4	31	65	69	30	5	*	1 024	
2001	4	29	58	61	28	4	*	927	
2002	4	33	62	62	27	4	*	959	
2003 [#]	3	32	62	57	25	4	*	925	
推算 Projected									
2008	4	32	63	60	27	4	*	952	
2013	5	31	64	66	29	5	*	993	
2018	5	31	64	66	29	5	*	993	
2023	5	31	64	66	29	5	*	993	
2028	5	31	64	66	29	5	*	993	
2033	5	31	64	66	29	5	*	993	

註釋: (1) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率，均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

Note: (1) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

表 5 按母親出生年份及年齡劃分的最少有一名子女的女性百分比

Table 5 Percentage of Women with at Least One Child by Mother's Year of Birth and Age

母親出生年份 Mother's year of birth	年齡 Age						
	十五至未滿二十歲 15 to before attaining 20	十五至未滿二十五歲 15 to before attaining 25	十五至未滿三十歲 15 to before attaining 30	十五至未滿三十五歲 15 to before attaining 35	十五至未滿四十歲 15 to before attaining 40	十五至未滿四十五歲 15 to before attaining 45	十五至未滿五十歲 15 to before attaining 50
1943	14.8	55.9	83.1	91.6	93.4	93.7	93.7
1948	10.5	49.6	82.8	91.9	94.0	94.3	94.4
1953	7.0	41.6	72.5	82.4	85.1	85.5	85.5 # (1)
1958	6.9	36.0	65.2	78.5	81.9	82.5 #	82.5
1963	4.6	22.9	51.8	69.2	73.7 #	74.3	74.3
1968	3.1	17.5	42.7	59.1 #	63.8	64.4	64.4
1973	2.8	17.1	35.6 #	51.0	55.6	56.1	56.1
1978	2.6	14.6 #	33.7	49.2	53.7	54.3	54.3
1983	1.8 #	14.5	33.9	49.5	54.0	54.5	54.5
1988	1.7	13.6	32.9	48.5	52.9	53.5	
1993	2.0	13.7	33.0	48.6	53.1		
1998	2.0	13.8	33.0	48.6			
2003	2.0	13.8	33.0				
2008	2.0	13.8					
2013	2.0						

註釋: (1) 虛線以下的數字是根據推算數字計算。

Note: (1) Figures below the broken line are based on projections.

表 6 按母親出生年份及年齡劃分的平均生育數字

Table 6 Average Number of Children Ever Born by Mother's Year of Birth and Age

母親出生年份 Mother's year of birth	年齡 Age						
	十五至未滿 二十歲 15 to before attaining 20	十五至未滿 二十五歲 15 to before attaining 25	十五至未滿 三十歲 15 to before attaining 30	十五至未滿 三十五歲 15 to before attaining 35	十五至未滿 四十歲 15 to before attaining 40	十五至未滿 四十五歲 15 to before attaining 45	十五至未滿 五十歲 15 to before attaining 50
1943	0.23	1.28	2.47	3.13	3.33	3.35	3.35
1948	0.15	0.95	1.97	2.47	2.60	2.63	2.63
1953	0.09	0.68	1.46	1.86	2.00	2.02	2.02 [#]
1958	0.09	0.54	1.17	1.59	1.75	1.77 [#]	1.77 ⁽¹⁾
1963	0.05	0.32	0.84	1.28	1.42 [#]	1.44	1.44
1968	0.04	0.24	0.66	0.99 [#]	1.12	1.15	1.15
1973	0.03	0.22	0.52 [#]	0.81	0.95	0.97	0.97
1978	0.03	0.18 [#]	0.49	0.81	0.96	0.98	0.98
1983	0.02 [#]	0.18	0.50	0.83	0.98	1.00	1.00
1988	0.02	0.17	0.49	0.82	0.97	0.99	
1993	0.02	0.18	0.49	0.83	0.97		
1998	0.02	0.18	0.49	0.83			
2003	0.02	0.18	0.49				
2008	0.02	0.18					
2013	0.02						

註釋: (1) 虛線以下的數字是根據推算數字計算。

Note: (1) Figures below the broken line are based on projections.

表 7 一九八三年至二零零二年香港及選定經濟地區的總和生育率

Table 7 Total Fertility Rates of Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 1983–2002

經濟地區 Economy	1983	1988	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
(每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目) (Number of live births per 1 000 women)												
香港 ⁽¹⁾ Hong Kong ⁽¹⁾	1 720	1 400	1 340	1 360	1 300	1 170	1 100	990	970	1 020	930	960
新加坡 Singapore	1 590	1 980	1 740	1 710	1 670	1 660	1 610	1 470	1 470	1 600	1 410	1 370
日本 Japan	1 800	1 660	1 460	1 500	1 420	1 430	1 390	1 380	1 340	1 360	1 330	1 320
瑞典 Sweden	-	-	2 000	1 890	1 740	1 610	1 520	1 500	1 500	1 550	1 570	1 650
挪威 Norway	1 660	1 840	1 860	1 870	1 870	1 890	1 860	1 810	1 850	1 850	1 780	1 750
荷蘭 Netherlands	1 470	1 550	1 570	1 570	1 530	1 530	1 560	1 630	1 650	1 720	1 710	1 730
澳洲 Australia	1 930	1 840	1 860	1 850	1 830	1 800	1 780	1 760	1 760	1 760	1 730	1 750
丹麥 Denmark	1 370	1 560	1 750	1 810	1 810	1 750	1 750	1 720	1 740	1 770	1 750	1 730
芬蘭 Finland	-	-	1 810	1 850	1 810	1 760	1 750	1 700	1 740	1 730	1 730	1 720
英國 U.K.	-	-	1 760	1 740	1 710	1 730	1 720	1 720	1 690	1 640	1 630	1 640
德國 ⁽²⁾ Germany ⁽²⁾	-	-	1 280	1 240	1 250	1 320	1 370	1 360	1 360	1 380	1 350	1 340
美國 U.S.A.	1 800	1 930	2 020	2 000	1 980	1 980	1 970	2 000	2 010	2 060	2 030	2 010

註釋: (1) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率, 均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

(2) 東德與西德在一九九零年十月合併為一個國家。

Notes: (1) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

(2) German Democratic Republic (East Germany) and the Federal Republic of Germany (West Germany) united to form one State in October 1990.

表 8 二零零三年至二零三三年香港及選定經濟地區的推算總和生育率

Table 8 Projected Total Fertility Rates of Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 2003–2033

經濟地區 Economy	2003	2008	2013	2018	2023	2028	2033
(每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目) (Number of live births per 1 000 women)							
香港 ⁽¹⁾ Hong Kong ⁽¹⁾	925	952	993	993	993	993	993
日本 Japan	1 320	1 310	1 340	1 370	1380	1 380	1 390
英國 U.K.	1 670	1 710	1 730	1 740	1 740	1 740	1 740
美國 ⁽²⁾ U.S.A ⁽²⁾	2 080	2 110	2 140	2 170	2 200	2 210	2 210

註釋: (1) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率, 均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

(2) 數字來自一九九九年至二零零年人口推算數列所採用的中間生育假設。

Notes: (1) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

(2) Figures extracted from the middle fertility assumption of the population projection series 1999–2100.

死亡假設

過去的死亡趨勢

4.10 香港在一九八三年至二零零三年間的死亡率持續下降，導致平均預期壽命上升。在二零零三年，男性的出生時平均預期壽命為 78.6[#] 年，而女性的則為 84.3[#] 年。（表 12）

4.11 在一九八三年至二零零三年間，初生嬰兒的死亡率的改善最為顯著，男性及女性的死亡率分別下跌 78% 及 76%。另一方面，老年人的死亡率下跌幅度最少。（表 9）

擬定的死亡假設

4.12 促使死亡率在過去二十年持續下降的原因很多。現在社會較以前生活豐裕，市民在接受更多教育後更加注重健康。但死亡情況的進一步改善有賴人們對環境保護、吸煙、均衡飲食及健體的注重程度。

4.13 預期男、女性的死亡情況會不斷改善並持續過去死亡率的下降趨勢。但死亡率的下跌步伐將減慢。改善情況將大部分集中在年青的年齡組別。

死亡率的推算

4.14 根據推算所得，年齡性別死亡率將會下降，初生嬰兒的女性死亡率在三十年的推算期內將有最大跌幅，達 44%。（表 10 和表 11）

Mortality Assumptions

Past Mortality Trend

4.10 Hong Kong has experienced a continuous decline in mortality during 1983–2003, leading to an increase in life expectancy. In 2003, the expectation of life at birth was 78.6[#] years for males and 84.3[#] years for females. (Table 12)

4.11 During 1983–2003, the greatest improvement in mortality was amongst infants with the mortality rates dropped by 78% and 76% for males and females respectively. On the other hand, the decrease in mortality rates for older persons is only minimal. (Table 9)

Mortality Assumptions Made

4.12 Many factors contributed to the continuous decline in mortality over the past two decades. The society has become more affluent, and people are better educated and more health conscious. Further improvement in mortality will depend on people's awareness to environment protection, smoking hazards, balanced diets and physical fitness.

4.13 Gradual continuation of past trends is assumed for both sexes with a slower pace of mortality decline. Improvement would concentrate at the younger age groups.

Projected Mortality Rates

4.14 The projected age-sex specific mortality rate will decline. Female infants show the greatest reduction by 44% over the 30-year projection period. (Tables 10 and 11)

4.15 年齡性別死亡率的下降，引致平均預期壽命於二零零四年至二零三三年期間進一步上升。根據推算，在未來三十年男性的出生時平均預期壽命會增加 3.9 年及女性的出生時平均預期壽命會增加 3.7 年，男、女性出生時平均預期壽命的差距會比較穩定，停留在 5.5 年左右。（表 12）

4.16 與其他經濟地區比較，香港的死亡率正處於一個甚低的水平。男、女性的出生時平均預期壽命已接近其他低死亡率經濟地區如日本。醫學上的突破及社會、經濟上的發展將會令死亡率再下降，雖然其下跌幅度會比較小。日本、美國及英國近期的人口推算均假設了死亡率繼續下降。以上的假設亦已包含在這推算內。這推算的結果，以出生時平均預期壽命而言，亦與這些經濟地區所推算得的結果相似。（表 13 和表 14）

4.15 The reduction in age-sex specific mortality rates would lead to a further rise in life expectancy from 2004 to 2033. Over the next 30 years, the expectation of life at birth is expected to increase by 3.9 years for males and 3.7 for females. The difference in expectation of life at birth between males and females would remain relatively constant at around 5.5 years. (Table 12)

4.16 Compared with other economies, Hong Kong enjoys a very low mortality. The expectations of life at birth for both sexes are close to those low mortality economies like Japan. Further medical advancement and socio-economic development would lead to further decline in mortality, though the decline would be smaller. Continuous decline in mortality is assumed in the latest population projections of Japan, U.S.A. and U.K. This is also assumed in this projection and the results, in terms of the expectation of life at birth, are similar to those projected by these economies. (Tables 13 and 14)

表 9 一九八三年至二零零三年的年齡性別死亡率
Table 9 Age-sex Specific Mortality Rates, 1983–2003

年齡組別 Age group	死亡率 Mortality rate					比率指數 ⁽¹⁾ Index of rate ⁽¹⁾				
	1983	1988	1993	1998	2003 [#]	1983	1988	1993	1998	2003 [#]
(每千人的死亡人數) (Number of deaths per 1 000 population)										
男性 Male										
0	10.2	8.6	4.7	3.3	2.3	100	84	45	32	22
1–4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	100	74	56	42	37
5–9	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	100	91	74	55	49
10–14	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	100	93	74	63	50
15–19	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	100	106	95	71	58
20–24	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	100	69	93	89	89
25–29	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	100	96	107	94	117
30–34	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	100	86	84	82	72
35–39	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	100	96	89	72	70
40–44	2.9	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.5	100	71	74	61	51
45–49	4.2	3.5	3.0	2.9	2.6	100	83	71	69	62
50–54	7.8	6.4	5.3	4.5	4.0	100	82	69	58	51
55–59	12.3	10.7	8.9	7.6	6.4	100	87	72	62	52
60–64	20.5	16.3	15.8	12.8	11.5	100	79	77	63	56
65–69	30.4	26.2	24.8	19.9	16.5	100	86	82	66	54
70–74	51.4	40.6	41.1	32.4	29.3	100	79	80	63	57
75–79	67.3	64.5	58.1	51.2	50.3	100	96	86	76	75
80–84	108.8	91.8	97.2	83.2	77.3	100	84	89	76	71
85+	129.4	135.0	119.7	144.7	136.2	100	104	93	112	105
女性 Female										
0	8.9	6.9	4.4	2.8	2.1	100	77	49	31	24
1–4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	100	65	51	51	47
5–9	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	124	55	40	50
10–14	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	58	45	36	40
15–19	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	100	79	112	59	49
20–24	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	100	84	62	58	48
25–29	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	100	71	67	47	55
30–34	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	100	89	81	56	54
35–39	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5	100	101	97	71	66
40–44	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	100	80	83	80	60
45–49	2.3	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.4	100	73	83	63	60
50–54	3.7	3.0	2.7	2.2	1.9	100	81	74	59	51
55–59	6.0	4.9	4.4	3.5	2.9	100	81	74	59	48
60–64	10.5	8.4	7.0	5.5	4.6	100	80	66	53	44
65–69	15.9	14.9	12.6	9.4	8.1	100	94	79	59	51
70–74	25.8	23.0	23.1	18.5	14.4	100	89	89	72	56
75–79	38.7	41.5	36.6	30.8	27.5	100	107	95	80	71
80–84	70.0	64.8	66.2	55.1	49.5	100	93	95	79	71
85+	127.7	108.9	113.4	110.9	112.3	100	85	89	87	88

註釋: (1) 比率指數是以未進位的數字計算,並以一九八三年的死亡率為基準 (100)。

Note: (1) Index of rate is computed on unrounded figures with the rate for 1983 as the base (100).

表 10 二零零三年至二零三三年的推算年齡性別死亡率

Table 10 Projected Age-sex Specific Mortality Rates, 2003–2033

年齡組別 Age group	死亡率 Mortality rate							比率指數 ⁽¹⁾ Index of rate ⁽¹⁾						
	2003 [#]	2008	2013	2018	2023	2028	2033	2003	2008	2013	2018	2023	2028	2033
(每千人的死亡人數) (Number of deaths per 1 000 population)														
男性 Male														
0	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	100	112	98	86	77	69	63
1–4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	94	86	78	73	68	63
5–9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	97	88	81	75	71	66
10–14	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	100	96	93	90	88	85
15–19	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	100	92	87	83	80	77	75
20–24	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	100	79	76	74	72	70	68
25–29	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	100	77	74	71	69	67	65
30–34	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	100	92	85	79	74	71	67
35–39	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	100	83	76	70	65	61	58
40–44	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	100	92	83	77	71	67	63
45–49	2.6	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	100	82	74	67	62	58	54
50–54	4.0	3.6	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	100	90	82	75	70	66	62
55–59	6.4	6.1	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.4	100	95	88	82	77	73	69
60–64	11.5	9.7	8.8	8.2	7.6	7.2	6.7	100	84	77	71	66	62	59
65–69	16.5	14.9	13.2	11.8	10.7	9.8	9.0	100	90	80	71	65	59	55
70–74	29.3	25.4	22.8	20.6	18.9	17.6	16.3	100	87	78	70	64	60	55
75–79	50.3	44.7	41.2	38.3	36.0	34.1	32.3	100	89	82	76	72	68	64
80–84	77.3	75.8	72.0	68.8	66.1	63.8	61.6	100	98	93	89	86	83	80
85+	136.2	118.8	118.6	118.4	118.2	118.1	117.9	100	87	87	87	87	87	87
女性 Female														
0	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.2	100	104	90	78	69	62	56
1–4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	72	65	60	55	51	48
5–9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	102	94	87	81	76	72
10–14	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	74	70	67	64	62	59
15–19	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	90	85	81	78	75	72
20–24	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	75	70	66	63	60	57
25–29	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	100	80	72	66	61	57	53
30–34	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	100	90	81	74	68	64	59
35–39	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	100	91	84	78	73	69	65
40–44	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	100	99	91	85	80	76	72
45–49	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	100	86	79	73	68	65	61
50–54	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	100	96	88	81	76	72	67
55–59	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.9	100	96	88	81	75	71	66
60–64	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.7	100	92	82	74	68	63	58
65–69	8.1	7.3	6.4	5.7	5.1	4.7	4.3	100	90	79	70	63	58	53
70–74	14.4	14.1	12.7	11.6	10.7	10.0	9.4	100	97	88	80	74	70	65
75–79	27.5	26.2	24.2	22.4	21.1	20.0	18.9	100	95	88	82	77	73	69
80–84	49.5	45.9	43.0	40.5	38.5	36.9	35.3	100	93	87	82	78	74	71
85+	112.3	104.1	102.5	101.1	99.8	98.6	97.5	100	93	91	90	89	88	87

註釋: (1) 比率指數是以未進位的數字計算, 並以二零零三年的死亡率為基準 (100)。

Note: (1) Index of rate is computed on unrounded figures with the rate for 2003 as the base (100).

表 11 一九八三年至二零三三年按年齡組別劃分的男性死亡偏高比率
Table 11 Excess Male Mortality Ratio by Age Group, 1983–2033

年齡組別 Age group	實數 Actual					推算 Projected					
	1983	1988	1993	1998	2003 [#]	2008	2013	2018	2023	2028	2033
0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
1–4	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
5–9	1.5	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
10–14	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7
15–19	1.5	2.0	1.3	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
20–24	1.3	1.1	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0
25–29	1.3	1.8	2.1	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4
30–34	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5
35–39	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
40–44	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
45–49	1.9	2.1	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
50–54	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
55–59	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
60–64	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5
65–69	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
70–74	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
75–79	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
80–84	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
85+	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

表 12 一九八三年至二零三三年選定年齡的男女平均預期壽命
Table 12 Expectation of Life at Selected Ages by Sex, 1983–2033

年齡 Age	實數 Actual					推算 Projected					增長 (按年數計) <i>Increase (in number of years)</i>	
	1983	1988	1993	1998	2003 [#]	2008	2013	2018	2023	2028	2033	2003– 2033
男性 Male												
0	72.3	74.4	75.3	77.4	78.6	79.5	80.3	81.0	81.6	82.0	82.5	3.9
20	53.5	55.4	55.9	57.9	59.0	59.9	60.7	61.3	61.9	62.3	62.8	3.8
40	34.3	36.1	36.7	38.6	39.8	40.6	41.3	41.9	42.4	42.9	43.3	3.5
60	17.4	18.9	19.1	20.9	21.8	22.4	23.0	23.5	24.0	24.3	24.7	2.9
80	6.2	6.9	7.0	7.9	8.8	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.9	9.0	9.1	0.3
女性 Female												
0	78.4	79.9	80.9	83.0	84.3	85.3	86.0	86.6	87.1	87.6	88.0	3.7
20	59.5	60.7	61.5	63.4	64.7	65.6	66.3	66.9	67.4	67.8	68.2	3.5
40	40.1	41.2	42.0	43.8	45.0	45.9	46.6	47.2	47.6	48.0	48.4	3.4
60	21.9	22.7	23.5	25.1	26.2	27.0	27.6	28.1	28.5	28.9	29.3	3.1
80	8.0	8.4	8.8	9.7	10.3	11.0	11.3	11.6	11.8	12.0	12.2	1.9
差距 (女性 – 男性) Difference (Female – Male)												
0	6.1	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.5	..
20	6.0	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.4	..
40	5.8	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.1	..
60	4.5	3.8	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	..
80	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	..

表 13 一九八三年至二零零二年香港及選定經濟地區的出生時平均預期壽命

Table 13 Expectation of Life at Birth for Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 1983–2002

經濟地區 Economy		1983	1988	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
男性 Male													
香港	Hong Kong	72.3	74.4	75.3	75.7	76.0	76.7	77.2	77.4	77.7	78.0	78.4	78.6
新加坡	Singapore	-	-	74.0	74.1	74.2	74.5	74.9	75.3	75.6	76.1	76.4	76.6
日本	Japan	74.2	75.5	76.3	76.6	76.4	77.0	77.2	77.2	77.1	77.7	78.1	78.3
瑞士	Switzerland	72.8	73.9	74.7	75.1	75.3	75.7	76.1	76.3	76.6	76.9	77.2	77.6
瑞典	Sweden	73.6	74.2	75.5	76.1	76.2	76.5	76.7	76.9	77.1	77.4	77.6	77.7
挪威	Norway	-	-	74.2	74.9	74.8	75.4	75.5	75.5	75.6	76.0	76.2	76.5
荷蘭	Netherlands	72.9	73.7	74.0	74.6	74.6	74.7	75.2	75.2	75.3	75.5	75.8	76.0
丹麥	Denmark	71.5	71.8	72.5	72.6	72.7	72.9	73.3	73.7	74.0	74.3	74.5	74.7
英國	U.K.	71.3	72.4	73.7	73.8	74.1	74.2	74.5	74.7	75.0	75.3	75.7	-
德國 ⁽¹⁾	Germany ⁽¹⁾	-	-	72.5	72.8	73.0	73.3	73.6	74.0	74.4	74.8	75.1	-
美國	U.S.A.	71.0	71.4	72.2	72.4	72.5	73.1	73.6	73.8	73.9	74.3	74.4	74.7
女性 Female													
香港	Hong Kong	78.4	79.9	80.9	81.5	81.5	82.7	83.2	83.0	83.2	83.9	84.6	84.5
新加坡	Singapore	-	-	78.3	78.4	78.6	78.9	79.1	79.4	79.7	80.1	80.3	80.7
日本	Japan	79.8	81.3	82.5	83.0	82.9	83.6	83.8	84.0	84.0	84.6	84.9	85.2
瑞士	Switzerland	79.5	80.7	81.4	81.6	81.7	81.9	82.1	82.3	82.5	82.6	82.8	83.0
瑞典	Sweden	79.6	80.0	80.8	81.4	81.5	81.5	81.8	81.9	81.9	82.0	82.1	82.1
挪威	Norway	-	-	80.2	80.6	80.8	81.1	81.0	81.3	81.1	81.4	81.5	81.5
荷蘭	Netherlands	79.6	80.2	80.0	80.3	80.4	80.4	80.6	80.7	80.5	80.6	80.7	80.7
丹麥	Denmark	77.5	77.7	77.8	77.9	77.9	78.0	78.4	78.7	78.8	79.0	79.2	79.2
英國	U.K.	77.3	78.1	79.0	79.1	79.3	79.4	79.6	79.7	79.9	80.1	80.4	-
德國 ⁽¹⁾	Germany ⁽¹⁾	-	-	79.0	79.3	79.5	79.7	80.0	80.3	80.6	80.8	81.1	-
美國	U.S.A.	78.1	78.3	78.8	79.0	78.9	79.1	79.4	79.5	79.4	79.7	79.8	79.9
差距 (女性 – 男性) Difference (Female – Male)													
香港	Hong Kong	6.1	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.5	6.0	6.0	5.6	5.5	5.9	6.2	5.9
新加坡	Singapore	-	-	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.1
日本	Japan	5.6	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.9
瑞士	Switzerland	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4
瑞典	Sweden	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.4
挪威	Norway	-	-	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.0
荷蘭	Netherlands	6.7	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.7
丹麥	Denmark	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5
英國	U.K.	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.7	-
德國 ⁽¹⁾	Germany ⁽¹⁾	-	-	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.0	6.0	-
美國	U.S.A.	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.2

註釋: (1) 東德與西德在一九九零年十月合併為一個國家。

Note: (1) German Democratic Republic (East Germany) and the Federal Republic of Germany (West Germany) united to form one State in October 1990.

表 14 二零零三年至二零三三年香港及選定經濟地區的推算出生時平均預期壽命
Table 14 Projected Expectation of Life at Birth for Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 2003–2033

經濟地區 Economy	2003	2008	2013	2018	2023	2028	2033
男性 Male							
香港 Hong Kong	78.6	79.5	80.3	81.0	81.6	82.0	82.5
日本 Japan	77.9	78.4	78.9	79.3	79.6	79.9	80.2
美國 ⁽¹⁾ U.S.A. ⁽¹⁾	74.6	75.3	76.2 (2015)	76.9 (2020)	77.6 (2025)	78.3 (2030)	79.1 (2035)
英國 U.K.	76.1	77.4	78.5	79.4	80.0	80.8	81.2
女性 Female							
香港 Hong Kong	84.3	85.3	86.0	86.6	87.1	87.6	88.0
日本 Japan	84.9	85.6	86.3	86.8	87.3	87.8	88.2
美國 ⁽¹⁾ U.S.A. ⁽¹⁾	80.4	81.1	82.2 (2015)	82.9 (2020)	83.6 (2025)	84.2 (2030)	84.8 (2035)
英國 U.K.	80.6	81.6	82.5	83.4	84.1	84.8	85.2
差距 (女性 – 男性) Difference (Female – Male)							
香港 Hong Kong	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.5
日本 Japan	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.9	8.0
美國 ⁽¹⁾ U.S.A. ⁽¹⁾	5.8	5.8	6.0 (2015)	6.0 (2020)	6.0 (2025)	5.9 (2030)	5.7 (2035)
英國 U.K.	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0

註釋: 括弧內的數字為該推算出生時平均預期壽命的年份。

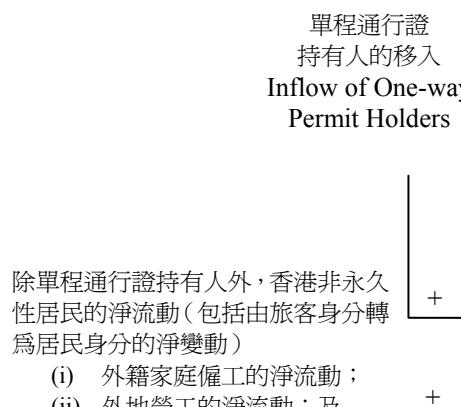
Notes: Figures in brackets refer to the years of the projected expectation of life at birth.

(1) 數字來自一九九九年至二零零年人口推算數列所採用的中間死亡假設。

(1) Figures extracted from the middle mortality assumption of the population projection series 1999–2100.

人口淨遷移假設

4.17 下圖顯示香港居民遷移的流向。

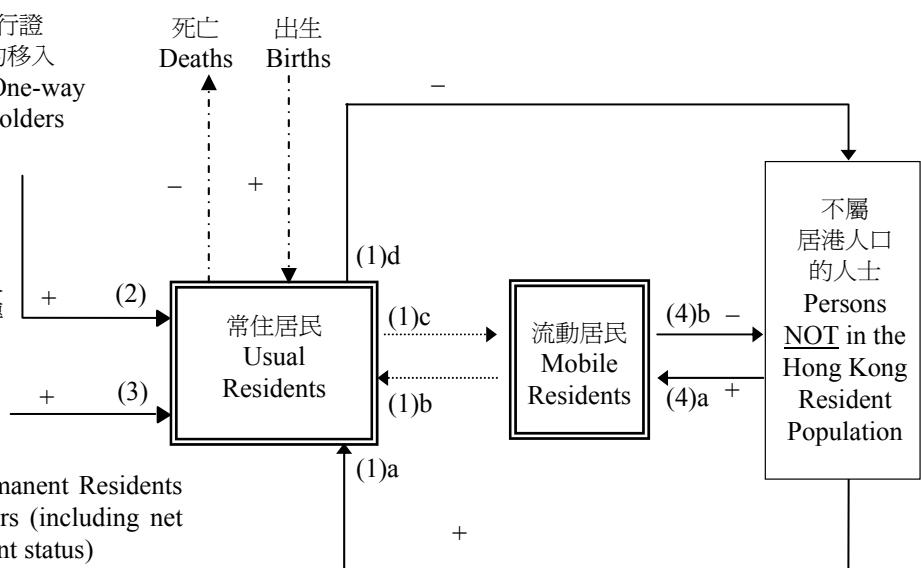


Net flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents other than One-way Permit Holders (including net change from visitor status to resident status)

- (i) net flow of foreign domestic helpers;
- (ii) net flow of imported workers; and
- (iii) other net movement.

Net Movement Assumptions

4.17 The following schema shows the flows of Hong Kong residents.



居港人口
(包括「常住居民」及「流動居民」)
Hong Kong Resident Population
(comprising Usual Residents and
Mobile Residents)



不屬居港人口的人士
Persons NOT in the Hong Kong Resident Population

註釋: 括弧內的數目相對其後段落所闡釋的遷移組成部分

Notes: The numbers in brackets are in correspondence with the net movement components described in the ensuing paragraphs.

- (1) = 香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動
Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category
= (1)a + (1)b - (1)c - (1)d
- (4) = 「流動居民」的淨流動
Net flow of Mobile Residents
= (1)c - (1)b + (4)a - (4)b

4.18 四個淨流動的組成部分的假設如下：

- (一) 香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動；
- (二) 單程通行證持有人的移入；
- (三) 除單程通行證持有人外，香港非永久性居民的淨流動（包括由旅客身分轉為居民身分人士數目的淨變動）；及
- (四) 「流動居民」的淨流動。

這些組成部分的過去及推算數字載列於表 15 內。

(一) 香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動

4.19 每年都有相當數目的人士以移民簽證到海外定居。由於當中一些人士大部分時間會繼續在香港逗留，他們仍然是「常住居民」。另一些人士逗留在香港的時間較少，但仍可符合被界定為「流動居民」。其他定居於外國的人士便會視為已經脫離了「居港人口」。相反，亦有人重新投入「居港人口」成為「流動居民」或「常住居民」。與此同時，亦有一些人士從「流動居民」轉變為「常住居民」或從「常住居民」轉變為「流動居民」。

4.20 此外，亦有學生或其他人士因為就業等原因，從一個統計時點到另一個統計時點在「常住居民」、「流動居民」和不屬「居港人口」的人士這些類別之間穿梭。

4.18 The following are separate assumptions made in respect of the four components of net movement:

- (1) Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents (HKPRs) into the Usual Residents category;
- (2) Inflow of One-way Permit Holders;
- (3) Net flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents (HKNPRs) other than One-way permit holders (including net change in number of persons from visitor status to resident status); and
- (4) Net flow of Mobile Residents.

The past and projected data of these components are shown in Table 15.

(I) *Net Flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents (HKPRs) into the Usual Residents Category*

4.19 Each year there are a number of persons who land in overseas countries with immigrant visas. Some of these persons continue to stay for much of their time in Hong Kong such that they remain as Usual Residents. Some others spend less time in Hong Kong but still meet the criteria of being Mobile Residents. Yet others would have indeed settled in the host countries and could be considered as having left the Hong Kong Resident Population. Conversely, there are persons who re-join the Hong Kong Resident Population, as Mobile Residents or Usual Residents. Meanwhile, there are Mobile Residents changing over to the Usual Residents category or vice versa.

4.20 Besides, there are other persons who flow among the categories of Usual Residents, Mobile Residents and persons not in the Hong Kong Resident Population from one reference time-point to another, being students, persons on employment purposes and so on.

4.21 一九六六年年中至二零零三年年中香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別錄得淨流出。預期每年的淨流出從二零零四年的 32 000 下降至七年後的 20 000，此後維持在 20 000。

4.21 A net outflow for the component “net flow of HKPRs into the Usual Residents category” was recorded from mid-1996 to mid-2003. It is anticipated that the annual net outflow would reduce from 32 000 to 20 000 in seven years’ time and remain at 20 000 thereafter.

(二) 單程通行證持有人的移入

4.22 這個組成部分的假設是根據中國內地和香港的共同協議。自一九九五年七月一日起，持單程證從中國內地到港的人士的名額為每日 150 人，即每年 54 750 名。

(2) *Inflow of One-way Permit Holders*

4.22 The assumption for this component is based on the mutual agreement between the mainland of China and Hong Kong. Since 1 July 1995, the quota for new arrivals on One-way Exit Permit is 150 per day, or 54 750 per year.

(三) 除單程通行證持有人外，香港非永久性居民的淨流動（包括由旅客身分轉為居民身分的淨變動）

總體淨流動

4.23 這個組成部分包括因爲就業、求學或家庭理由來港的香港非永久性居民，以及外籍家庭傭工及外地勞工。隨著香港繼續發展爲一個國際城市，預期淨流入會持續。由於在二零零三年下半年這個組成部分的淨流入臨時數字爲 1 600，二零零三年年中至二零零四年年中的推算爲淨流入 3 000。在未來數年這淨流入平穩上升至二零零八年的 22 000，然後下跌至二零三三年的 19 000。

(3) *Net Flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents other than One-way Permit Holders (Including Net Change from Visitor Status to Resident Status)*

Overall Net Movement

4.23 This component includes HKNPRs who have entered HK for employment, study or family reasons as well as foreign domestic helpers and imported workers. It is expected the net inflow would be sustained, along with the continued development of Hong Kong as an international city. In view of the fact that the provisional net flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents from mid-2003 to end-2003 is 1 600, a net inflow of 3 000 per annum is projected for mid-2003–mid-2004. The net inflow is projected to increase steadily in the ensuing years, to 22 000 by 2008 and then decrease to 19 000 in 2033.

4.24 要注意有些在這個組成部分內的人士稍後在留港期間可能會由香港非永久性居民轉變爲香港永久性居民。若這類人士後來不再是香港的常住居民，有關的流動將視爲在「香港永久性居民進入常住居民類別的淨流動」組成部分的流出。

4.24 It should be noted that some persons in this component may later on change their status from HKNPRs to HKPRs during their stay in HK. If these persons subsequently cease to be Usual Residents of HK, such movement will be treated as an outflow in the component “net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category”.

外籍家庭傭工的淨流動

4.25 根據過往的趨勢及現行政策的延續，外籍家庭傭工類別推算將續有增加，但增加率逐漸減低。外籍家庭傭工的每年增長假設為二零零三年年中至二零一三年年中的 6 000，二零一三年年中至二零二三年年中的 4 500，二零二三年年中至二零三三年年中的 3 000。

外地勞工的淨流動

4.26 根據過往的趨勢、基建工程的需求及現行政策的延續，外地勞工數目自二零零三年以後會穩定下來。

(四) 「流動居民」的淨流動

4.27 有見及未來與中國內地關係密切，「流動居民」中的淨流動推算在推算期內維持有每年淨流入 6 000 人。

Net Flow of Foreign Domestic Helpers

4.25 Based on the historical trend and the continuation of the present policies, the number of foreign domestic helpers is projected to increase but at a decreasing rate. The annual increase in foreign domestic helpers is assumed to be 6 000 from mid-2003 to mid-2013, 4 500 from mid-2013 to mid-2023, 3 000 from mid-2023 to mid-2033.

Net Flow of Imported Workers

4.26 Based on the historical trend, requirements for infrastructural projects and the continuation of the present policies, the number of imported workers under the Supplementary Labour Scheme would remain stable after 2003.

(4) *Net flow of Mobile Residents*

4.27 In view of the closer link with the mainland of China in the future, the net flow of Mobile Residents is projected to be an inflow of 6 000 per annum throughout the projection period.

表 15 一九九六年至二零三三年按組成部分劃分的人口淨遷移假設
Table 15 Net Movement Assumptions by Component, 1996–2033

統計時點 (年中)	由上一統計時點至本統計時點 From the previous reference time-point to this reference time-point				
	香港永久性居民 進入「常住居民」 類別的淨流動	單程通行證 持有人的移入	除單程通行證持有 人外，香港非永久性 居民的淨流動**	「流動居民」 的淨流動	淨遷移 (移入減移出)
Reference time-point (Mid-year)	Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category	Inflow of One-way Permit Holders	Net flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents other than One-way Permit Holders**	Net flow of Mobile Residents	Net movement (Inflow less outflow)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(=(1)+..+(4))
實數 Actual					
1997	-15 600	47 700	-3 800	-6 400	22 000
1998	-42 400	53 000	25 600	-4 500	31 700
1999	-32 800	58 400	20 800	-2 700	43 700
2000	-26 000	49 600	13 800	4 000	41 500
2001	-40 900	60 800	19 600	-600	38 900
2002	-35 700	56 800	20 500	7 200	48 700
2003	-42 400	50 300	-900	-4 410	2 600
推算 Projected					
2004	-32 000	54 800	3 000	6 000	31 800
2005	-30 300	54 800	7 800	6 000	38 300
2006	-28 600	54 800	12 600	6 000	44 700
2007	-26 900	54 800	17 300	6 000	51 200
2008	-25 100	54 800	22 000	6 000	57 600
2009	-23 400	54 800	22 000	6 000	59 300
2010	-21 700	54 800	22 000	6 000	61 000
2011	-20 000	54 800	22 000	6 000	62 800
2012	-20 000	54 800	22 000	6 000	62 800
2013	-20 000	54 800	22 000	6 000	62 800
2014	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2015	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2016	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2017	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2018	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2019	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2020	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2021	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2022	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2023	-20 000	54 800	20 500	6 000	61 300
2024	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2025	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2026	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2027	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2028	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2029	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2030	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2031	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2032	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800
2033	-20 000	54 800	19 000	6 000	59 800

註釋: ** 包括由旅客身分轉為居民身分人士數目的淨變動。此外，有些在這個組成部分內的人士稍後在留港期間可能會由香港非永久性居民轉變為香港永久性居民。若這類人士後來不再是香港的常住居民，有關的流動將視為在「香港永久性居民進入常住居民類別的淨流動」組成部分的流出。

Note: ** Net change in number of persons from visitor status to resident status is included. Furthermore, some persons in this component may later on change their status from HKNPRs to HKPRs during their stay in HK. If these persons subsequently cease to be Usual Residents of HK, such movement will be treated as an outflow in the component "net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category".

5. 概念及定義

5. Concepts and Definitions

年齡性別死亡率

是指在某一年份裏，某一年齡、性別組別中每千名人口的死亡數目。

Age-sex Specific Mortality Rate

refers to the number of deaths occurring among 1 000 persons for a given sex in a given age group in a given year.

年齡別生育率

是指在某一年份裏，某一年齡組別中每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目。

Age Specific Fertility Rate

refers to the number of live births occurring among 1 000 women in a given age group in a given year.

平均每年增長率

當人口增長期超過一年時，平均每年增長率採用以下公式計算：

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = (1 + r)^n$$

其中 P_1 = 某段時期開始時的人口

P_2 = 某段時期結束時的人口

r = 平均每年增長率

n = 該段時期的年數

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = (1 + r)^n$$

where P_1 = population at the beginning of a period

P_2 = population at the end of a period

r = average annual growth rate

n = number of years in the period

出生組群

是指同年出生的人士，終身會被視作同一組群。

Birth Cohort

refers to a group of persons all born during the same year being analysed as a unit throughout their lifetime.

少年兒童撫養比率

是指十五歲以下人口數目與每千名十五至六十四歲人口相對的比率。

Child Dependency Ratio

refers to the number of persons aged under 15 per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64.

老年撫養比率

是指六十五歲及以上人口數目與每千名十五至六十四歲人口相對的比率。

Elderly Dependency Ratio

refers to the number of persons aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64.

男性死亡偏高比率

是指在某年齡組別裏，男性死亡率與女性死亡率所構成的比率。

Excess Male Mortality Ratio

refers to the ratio of the male mortality rate for a given age group to the female mortality rate for the same age group.

出生時平均預期壽命

是指某年出生人士，若其一生經歷一如該年年齡性別死亡率所反映的死亡情況，他／她預期能活的年數。

Expectation of Life at Birth

refers to the number of years of life that a person born in a given year is expected to live if he/she were subject to the prevalent mortality conditions as reflected by the set of age-sex specific mortality rates for that year.

人口年齡中位數

是顯示人口平均年齡的指標，人口總數中有百分之五十在這年齡之上，而其餘的百分之五十則在這年齡之下。

年中人口

自二零零零年八月起，「居住人口」方法已取代「廣義時點」方法用以編製香港的人口數字。追溯至一九九六年的修訂人口數字經已編製。利用「居住人口」方法所編製的人口估計，稱「居港人口」。「居港人口」包括「常住居民」和「流動居民」。

「常住居民」指兩類人士：（一）在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港；及（二）在統計時點身在香港的香港非永久性居民。

至於「流動居民」，是指在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港。

根據「居住人口」的編製方法，旅客並不包括在香港人口內。

有關香港人口估計編製方法的詳細資料，請參閱刊載於《香港統計月刊》二零零二年二月號題為「香港人口估計的編製」的專題文章。該文章亦載於政府統計處的網站內 (http://www.info.gov.hk/censtatd/chinese/news/rev_stat/new_pop_est/pop_fa_index.html)。

Median Age of Population

is an indicator of the average age of the population such that 50% of the total population are above this age while the other 50% are below it.

Mid-year Population

Since August 2000, the “resident population” approach has been adopted in place of the “extended de facto” approach for compiling Hong Kong population figures. Revised population figures backdated to 1996 have been compiled. The population estimate compiled under the “resident population” approach is referred to as the “Hong Kong Resident Population”. The “Hong Kong Resident Population” comprises “Usual Residents” and “Mobile Residents”.

“Usual Residents” refer to two categories of people: (1) Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least three months during the six months before or for at least three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point; and (2) Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who are in Hong Kong at the reference time-point.

As for “Mobile Residents”, they are Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least one month but less than three months during the six months before or for at least one month but less than three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point.

Under the “resident population” approach, visitors are not included in the Hong Kong Population.

For details of the method of compiling population estimates of Hong Kong, please see the feature article entitled “Compiling Population Estimates of Hong Kong” published in the February 2002 issue of the Hong Kong Monthly Digest of Statistics. The article is also available on the website of the Census and Statistics Department (http://www.info.gov.hk/censtatd/eng/news/rev_stat/new_pop_est/pop_fa_index.html).

香港在二零零一年三月進行了人口普查。該普查除了是細小分區及人口分組資料的重要來源外，亦提供一個基準，用作修訂自一九九六年中期人口統計以來編製的人口數字。於較早前發布的由一九九六年至二零零零年人口數字，已因應二零零一年人口普查於二零零一年八月底製備的結果作出修訂。同樣地，在適合的情況下，其他在編製過程中涉及應用人口數字的統計數字亦已作出修訂。

自然增長

是指某年所知出生人數相對死亡人數的差額。

總撫養比率

是指十五歲以下和六十五歲及以上人口數目與每千名十五至六十四歲人口相對的比率。

更替水平

是指每千名女性平均需要生產的嬰兒使人口能自行更替。每名女性必須平均生產一名女兒，由該名女兒「更替」其母親，人口才能夠自行更替。計及男嬰出生數目比女嬰稍多的情況，總和生育率應為每千名女性生產 2 100 名嬰兒，才能達到人口自行更替的水平。

性別比率

是指男性數目相對每千名女性的比率。

總和生育率

是指一千名婦女，若她們在生育齡期（即十五至四十九歲）經歷了一如該年的年齡別生育率，其一生中活產子女的平均數目。

A Population Census was conducted in March 2001 in Hong Kong. Apart from serving as the prime source of data for small areas and population sub-groups, the 2001 Population Census provides a benchmark for revising the population figures compiled since the 1996 Population By-census. With the availability of the results of the 2001 Population Census in end August 2001, population figures released earlier in respect of 1996 to 2000 have been revised accordingly. Similarly, other statistics which in the process of their compilation involve the use of population figures have also been revised where appropriate.

Natural Increase

refers to the balance of known live births over known deaths occurring in a given year.

Overall Dependency Ratio

refers to the number of persons aged under 15 and those aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64.

Replacement Level

refers to the number of children 1 000 women needs to produce for a population to replace itself. Each woman would produce an average of one daughter, who may be said to "replace" her mother in the population. A total fertility rate of 2 100 per 1 000 women is considered to correspond to the replacement level, allowing for slightly more boys than girls given at birth.

Sex Ratio

refers to the ratio of the number of males per 1 000 females.

Total Fertility Rate

refers to the average number of children that would be born alive to 1 000 women during their lifetime if they were to pass through their childbearing ages 15–49 experiencing the age specific fertility rates prevailing in a given year.

6. 附錄

6. Appendix

表 A1 選定年份的主要人口特徵（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

**Table A1 Significant Characteristics of the Population for Selected Years
(Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers)**

	二零零三年 年中(基準) Mid-2003 (Base)	二零零八年 年中 Mid-2008	二零一三年 年中 Mid-2013	二零一八年 年中 Mid-2018	二零二三年 年中 Mid-2023	二零二八年 年中 Mid-2028	二零三三年 年中 Mid-2033
人口 Population	6 589 100	6 815 000	7 113 000	7 395 400	7 651 300	7 868 300	8 035 200
常住居民 <i>Usual Residents</i>	6 403 800	6 599 700	6 867 700	7 120 100	7 346 000	7 533 000	7 669 900
流动居民 <i>Mobile Residents</i>	185 300	215 300	245 300	275 300	305 300	335 300	365 300
五年期間的 平均每年增長率 Average annual growth rate over a 5-year period	0.7%	0.7%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%
性別比率 (男性數目與每千名女性的 比率) Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	997	950	901	857	819	783	749
人口百分比 Percentage of population							
零至十四歲 <i>Aged 0–14</i>	16%	14%	13%	12%	12%	12%	11%
十五至六十四歲 <i>Aged 15–64</i>	72%	73%	74%	71%	68%	64%	61%
六十五歲及以上 <i>Aged 65 and over</i>	12%	13%	14%	17%	20%	25%	28%
撫養比率 Dependency ratio							
少年兒童撫養比率 <i>Child dependency ratio</i>	226	191	172	173	178	183	183
老年撫養比率 <i>Elderly dependency ratio</i>	168	171	187	232	299	386	458
總撫養比率 <i>Overall dependency ratio</i>	395	362	359	404	477	569	641
年齡中位數 Median age	38	41	43	45	47	48	50
外籍家庭傭工數目 Number of foreign domestic helpers	213 900	243 900	273 900	296 400	318 900	333 900	348 900

表 A2 二零零三年年中按年齡組別及性別劃分的人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A2 Mid-2003 Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex

年齡組別 Age group	2003					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.7	4.1	127.2	3.9	262.9	4.0
5–9	192.6	5.9	180.0	5.5	372.6	5.7
10–14	223.0	6.8	210.7	6.4	433.7	6.6
15–19	223.5	6.8	211.3	6.4	434.8	6.6
20–24	222.2	6.8	188.2	5.7	410.4	6.2
25–29	229.1	7.0	213.6	6.5	442.7	6.7
30–34	250.0	7.6	288.8	8.8	538.8	8.2
35–39	284.6	8.6	326.7	9.9	611.3	9.3
40–44	335.2	10.2	344.4	10.4	679.6	10.3
45–49	297.0	9.0	292.0	8.8	589.0	8.9
50–54	240.7	7.3	231.2	7.0	471.9	7.2
55–59	163.9	5.0	150.5	4.6	314.4	4.8
60–64	124.3	3.8	107.3	3.3	231.6	3.5
65–69	127.4	3.9	121.7	3.7	249.1	3.8
70–74	109.1	3.3	112.4	3.4	221.5	3.4
75–79	70.9	2.2	86.6	2.6	157.5	2.4
80–84	38.6	1.2	57.6	1.7	96.2	1.5
85+	22.4	0.7	48.7	1.5	71.1	1.1
總計 Total	3 290.2	100.0	3 298.9	100.0	6 589.1	100.0

表 A3 選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A3 Mid-year Projected Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers)
by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2008				總計 Total	
	男性 Male ('000)	%	女性 Female ('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.2	3.9	122.8	3.5	252.0	3.7
5–9	155.0	4.7	147.5	4.2	302.5	4.4
10–14	206.6	6.2	194.9	5.6	401.5	5.9
15–19	228.3	6.9	217.1	6.2	445.4	6.5
20–24	214.9	6.5	200.0	5.7	414.9	6.1
25–29	221.4	6.7	197.7	5.7	419.1	6.1
30–34	232.5	7.0	261.4	7.5	493.9	7.2
35–39	251.8	7.6	325.9	9.3	577.7	8.5
40–44	281.5	8.5	343.0	9.8	624.5	9.2
45–49	327.8	9.9	350.2	10.0	678.0	9.9
50–54	287.5	8.7	295.2	8.4	582.7	8.6
55–59	230.5	6.9	231.2	6.6	461.7	6.8
60–64	154.3	4.6	149.8	4.3	304.1	4.5
65–69	114.3	3.4	106.2	3.0	220.5	3.2
70–74	112.8	3.4	116.1	3.3	228.9	3.4
75–79	89.2	2.7	100.8	2.9	190.0	2.8
80–84	50.7	1.5	70.6	2.0	121.3	1.8
85+	31.1	0.9	65.2	1.9	96.3	1.4
總計 Total	3 319.4	100.0	3 495.6	100.0	6 815.0	100.0

表 A3 (續)

選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

Table A3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2013					
	男性 Male			女性 Female	總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	133.9	4.0	128.2	3.4	262.1	3.7
5–9	151.1	4.5	147.7	3.9	298.8	4.2
10–14	172.5	5.1	166.2	4.4	338.7	4.8
15–19	214.5	6.4	204.2	5.5	418.7	5.9
20–24	221.2	6.6	205.9	5.5	427.1	6.0
25–29	214.0	6.3	207.2	5.5	421.2	5.9
30–34	226.3	6.7	252.9	6.8	479.2	6.7
35–39	237.1	7.0	307.8	8.2	544.9	7.7
40–44	252.4	7.5	351.2	9.4	603.6	8.5
45–49	277.9	8.2	356.5	9.5	634.4	8.9
50–54	321.1	9.5	358.5	9.6	679.6	9.6
55–59	278.6	8.3	297.8	8.0	576.4	8.1
60–64	219.6	6.5	230.8	6.2	450.4	6.3
65–69	144.4	4.3	149.1	4.0	293.5	4.1
70–74	103.1	3.1	102.7	2.7	205.8	2.9
75–79	94.4	2.8	105.6	2.8	200.0	2.8
80–84	65.8	2.0	84.0	2.2	149.8	2.1
85+	42.9	1.3	85.9	2.3	128.8	1.8
總計 Total	3 370.8	100.0	3 742.2	100.0	7 113.0	100.0

表 A3 (續)

選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

Table A3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2018					
	男性 Male			女性 Female	總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.4	4.0	130.3	3.3	266.7	3.6
5–9	155.5	4.6	152.5	3.8	308.0	4.2
10–14	168.3	4.9	166.0	4.2	334.3	4.5
15–19	180.3	5.3	175.5	4.4	355.8	4.8
20–24	208.0	6.1	194.3	4.9	402.3	5.4
25–29	220.8	6.5	215.3	5.4	436.1	5.9
30–34	219.0	6.4	263.2	6.6	482.2	6.5
35–39	230.9	6.8	299.8	7.5	530.7	7.2
40–44	238.1	7.0	333.2	8.4	571.3	7.7
45–49	249.4	7.3	364.6	9.2	614.0	8.3
50–54	272.2	8.0	364.8	9.2	637.0	8.6
55–59	311.9	9.1	360.7	9.1	672.6	9.1
60–64	266.8	7.8	296.8	7.5	563.6	7.6
65–69	207.4	6.1	228.6	5.7	436.0	5.9
70–74	132.2	3.9	144.7	3.6	276.9	3.7
75–79	87.2	2.6	94.2	2.4	181.4	2.5
80–84	70.9	2.1	89.0	2.2	159.9	2.2
85+	58.4	1.7	108.2	2.7	166.6	2.3
總計 Total	3 413.7	100.0	3 981.7	100.0	7 395.4	100.0

表 A3 (續)

選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

Table A3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2023					
	男性 Male			女性 Female	總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.2	4.0	130.1	3.1	266.3	3.5
5–9	158.1	4.6	154.6	3.7	312.7	4.1
10–14	172.7	5.0	170.9	4.1	343.6	4.5
15–19	176.1	5.1	175.3	4.2	351.4	4.6
20–24	173.9	5.0	165.6	3.9	339.5	4.4
25–29	207.7	6.0	203.7	4.8	411.4	5.4
30–34	225.9	6.6	271.3	6.4	497.2	6.5
35–39	223.8	6.5	310.0	7.4	533.8	7.0
40–44	232.0	6.7	325.2	7.7	557.2	7.3
45–49	235.3	6.8	346.8	8.2	582.1	7.6
50–54	244.3	7.1	373.0	8.9	617.3	8.1
55–59	264.3	7.7	367.2	8.7	631.5	8.3
60–64	299.5	8.7	359.4	8.5	658.9	8.6
65–69	253.5	7.4	293.8	7.0	547.3	7.2
70–74	191.6	5.6	221.6	5.3	413.2	5.4
75–79	114.3	3.3	134.0	3.2	248.3	3.2
80–84	66.2	1.9	79.9	1.9	146.1	1.9
85+	68.4	2.0	125.1	3.0	193.5	2.5
總計 Total	3 443.8	100.0	4 207.5	100.0	7 651.3	100.0

表 A3 (續)

選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

Table A3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2028					
	男性 Male			女性 Female	總計 Total	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.8	3.8	125.7	2.8	257.5	3.3
5–9	157.6	4.6	153.8	3.5	311.4	4.0
10–14	174.9	5.1	172.6	3.9	347.5	4.4
15–19	180.4	5.2	179.9	4.1	360.3	4.6
20–24	170.0	4.9	166.6	3.8	336.6	4.3
25–29	173.9	5.0	177.0	4.0	350.9	4.5
30–34	212.8	6.2	260.3	5.9	473.1	6.0
35–39	230.6	6.7	318.3	7.2	548.9	7.0
40–44	224.8	6.5	335.3	7.6	560.1	7.1
45–49	229.2	6.6	338.7	7.7	567.9	7.2
50–54	230.4	6.7	355.1	8.0	585.5	7.4
55–59	237.3	6.9	375.3	8.5	612.6	7.8
60–64	254.0	7.4	365.7	8.3	619.7	7.9
65–69	285.6	8.3	355.6	8.1	641.2	8.1
70–74	236.0	6.8	285.2	6.5	521.2	6.6
75–79	167.1	4.8	205.8	4.7	372.9	4.7
80–84	88.9	2.6	115.7	2.6	204.6	2.6
85+	69.2	2.0	127.2	2.9	196.4	2.5
總計 Total	3 454.5	100.0	4 413.8	100.0	7 868.3	100.0

表 A3 (續)

選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中推算人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

Table A3 (Cont'd.) Mid-year Projected Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2033					
	男性 Male	女性 Female		總計 Total		
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	126.1	3.7	120.4	2.6	246.5	3.1
5–9	153.1	4.4	149.5	3.3	302.6	3.8
10–14	174.4	5.1	171.8	3.7	346.2	4.3
15–19	182.5	5.3	181.6	4.0	364.1	4.5
20–24	174.2	5.1	171.2	3.7	345.4	4.3
25–29	170.0	4.9	178.0	3.9	348.0	4.3
30–34	179.1	5.2	233.6	5.1	412.7	5.1
35–39	217.5	6.3	307.4	6.7	524.9	6.5
40–44	231.6	6.7	343.6	7.5	575.2	7.2
45–49	222.1	6.5	348.8	7.6	570.9	7.1
50–54	224.5	6.5	347.2	7.6	571.7	7.1
55–59	223.9	6.5	357.8	7.8	581.7	7.2
60–64	228.2	6.6	374.2	8.1	602.4	7.5
65–69	242.7	7.1	362.3	7.9	605.0	7.5
70–74	267.3	7.8	345.6	7.5	612.9	7.6
75–79	208.1	6.0	266.0	5.8	474.1	5.9
80–84	131.1	3.8	178.9	3.9	310.0	3.9
85+	85.1	2.5	155.8	3.4	240.9	3.0
總計 Total	3 441.5	100.0	4 593.7	100.0	8 035.2	100.0

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