

Network Configuration Web API for Bandwidth Reservation

draft-tsuzaki-netconfig-webapi-00

SDN RG

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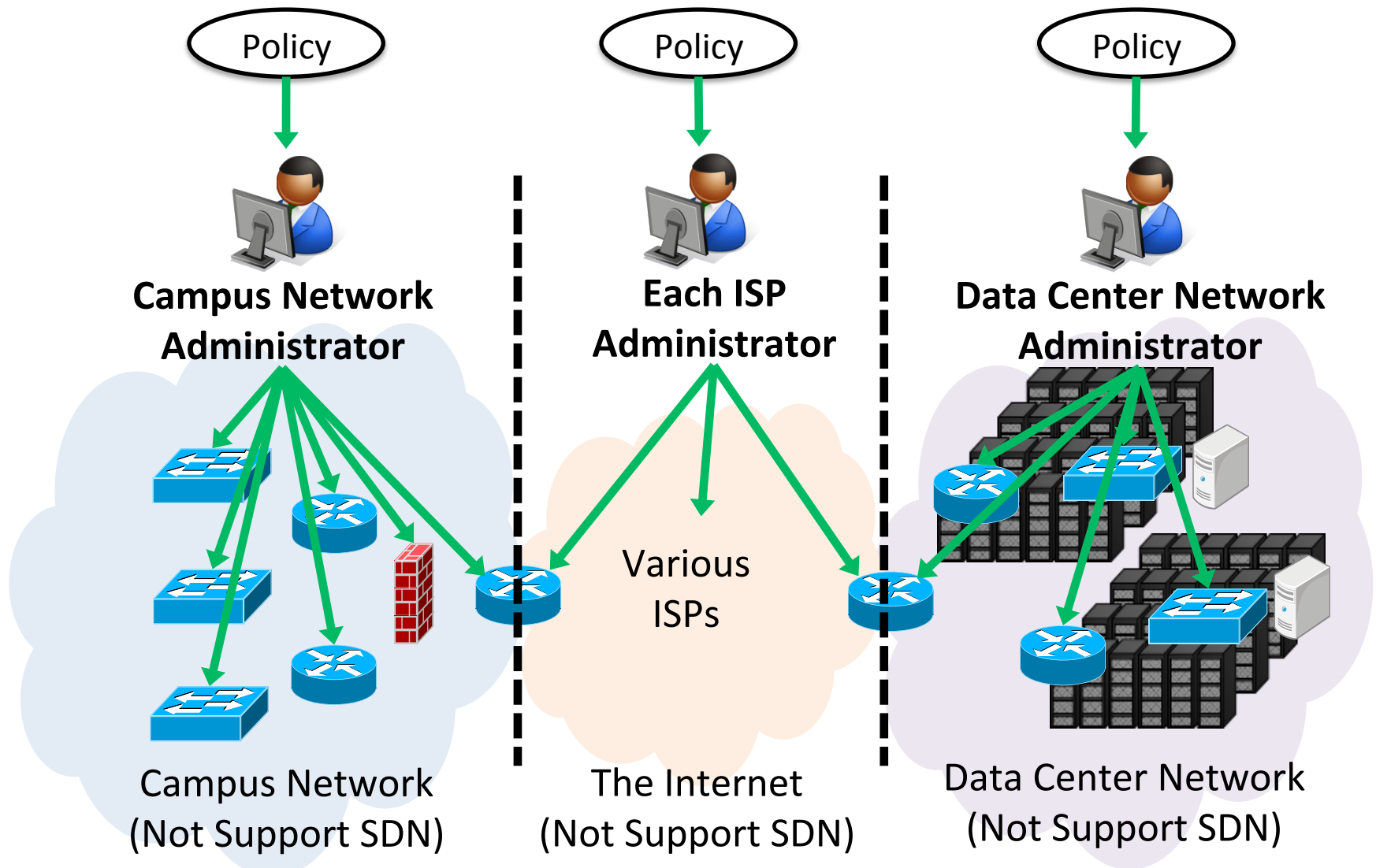
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Motivation

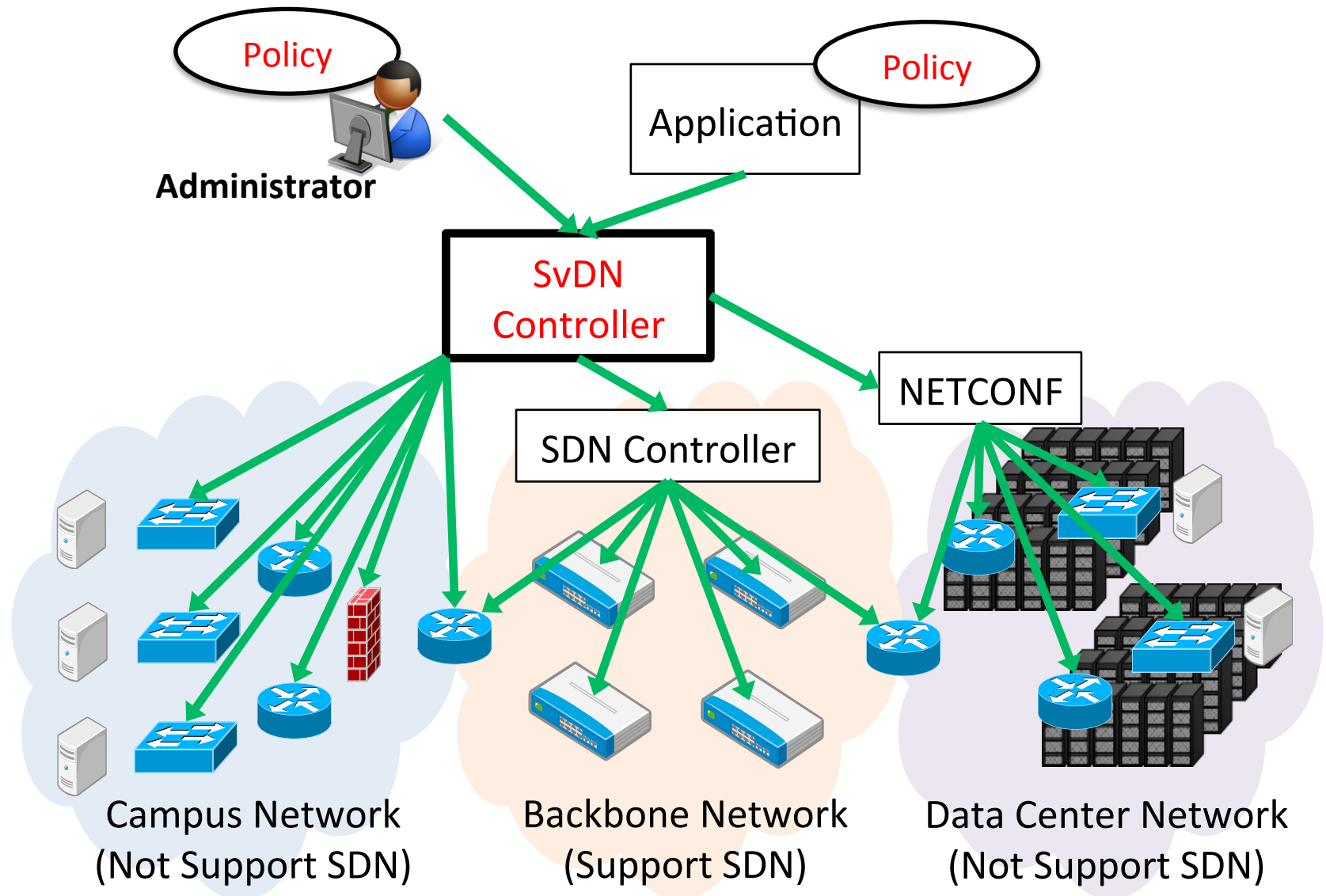
- Network became more programmable thanks to the raise of SDN and NFV
- Letting applications or end-users take more advantage of this
- Aims to manage complicated networks in a centralized manner with a simple policy

Conventional Network Management



Our Goal is Service Defined Networking (SvDN)

Policy explicitly described as **Service Description**

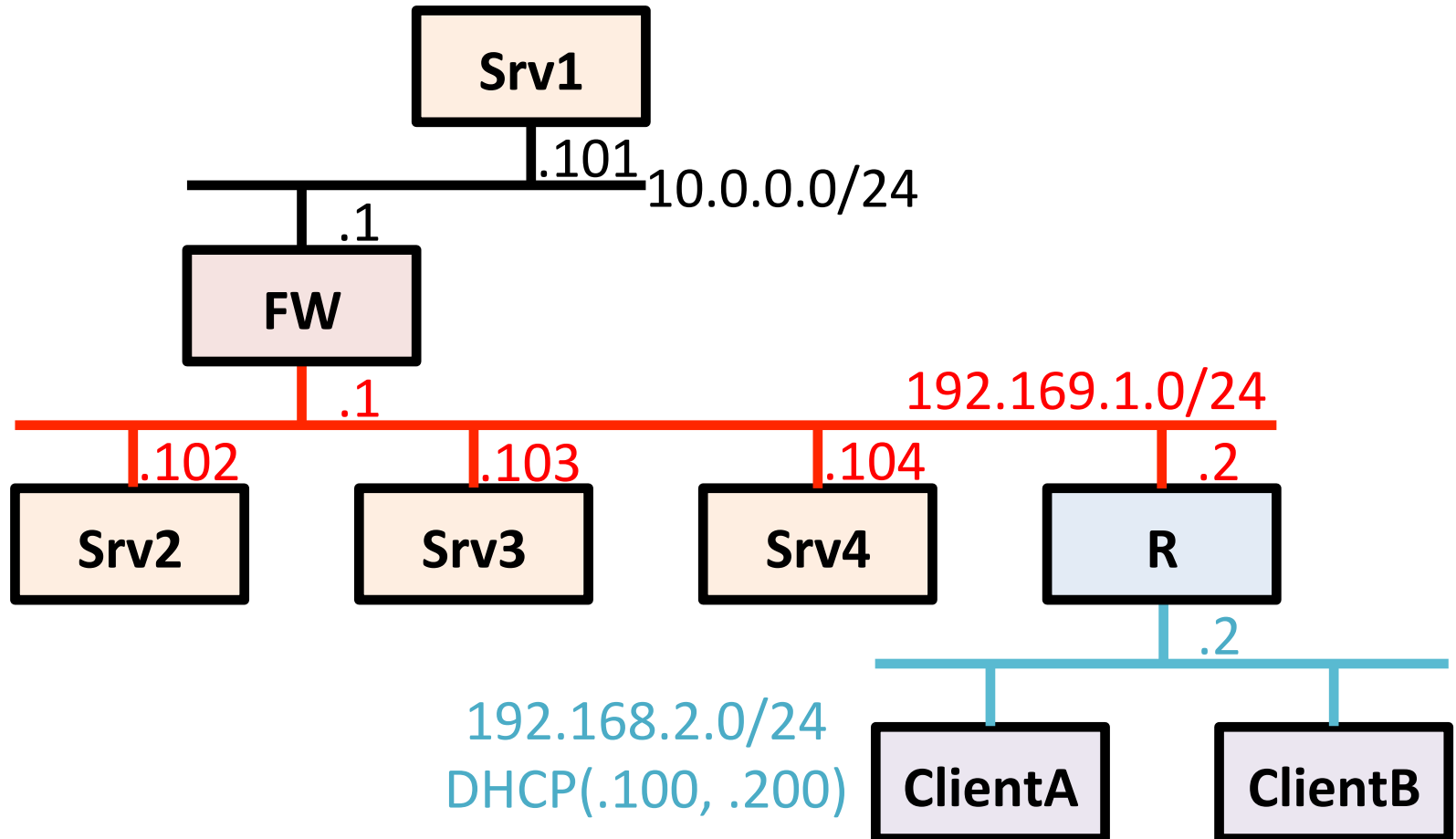


SvDN : Service Defined Network❖

- Define that the whole network provides various functions as “services”
- Describe explicitly service “specifications”, constraints and requirements for functions provided by the network
- In SvDN, app demands “I want to receive 4K streaming from YouTube” then the service description is extracted to various conventional network configurations on network devices across the world

❖ Teramoto, Y., “Managing Networks Independently of the Physical Topology by Service Defined Network”, COMPSACW 2013 IEEE 37th

Example Virtual Topology



Network Description Language

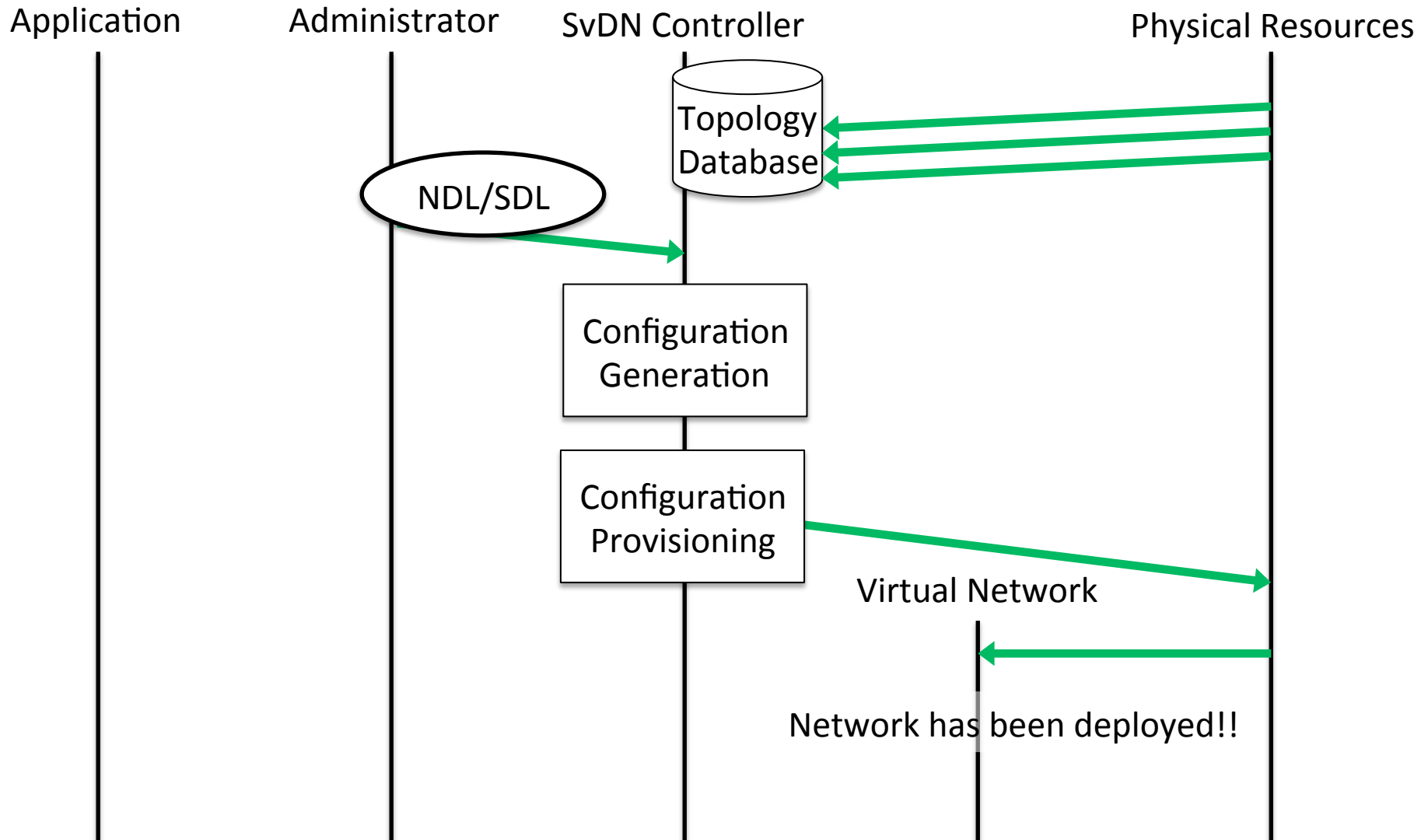
```
node {
    srv1.laccoons.org;
    srv2.laccoons.org;
    srv3.laccoons.org;
    srv4.laccoons.org;
    fw.laccoons.org;
    r.laccoons.org;
}
location {
    Building-A {
        srv1.laccoons.org;
        srv2.laccoons.org;
        srv3.laccoons.org;
        fw.laccoons.org;
        r.laccoons.org;
    }
    Building-B {
        srv4.laccoons.org;
    }
}

group {
    red {
        srv2.laccoons.org;
        srv3.laccoons.org;
        srv4.laccoons.org;
        r.laccoons.org;
        fw.laccoons.org;
    }
    black {
        srv1.laccoons.org;
        fw.laccoons.org;
    }
    blue {
        r.laccoons.org;
    }
}
service {
    dos-protection {
        enable;
    }
}
```

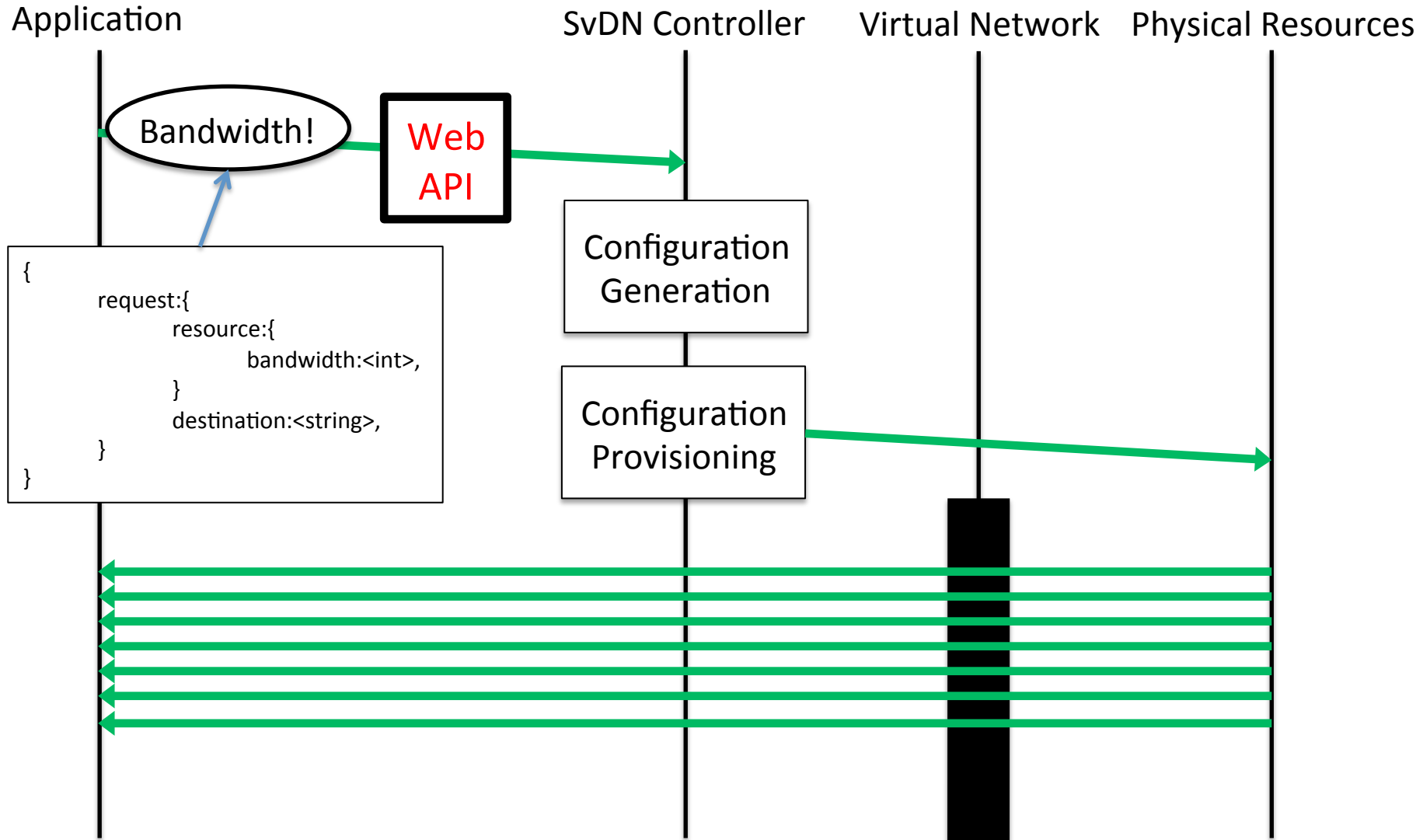
Service Description Language

```
domain laccoons.org;
networks {
    network black {
        address = "10.0.0.0/24";
        vlan = 1000;
        srv1[address = "10.0.0.101"];
        fw[address = "10.0.0.1"];
    }
    network red {
        address = "192.168.1.0/24";
        vlan = 1100;
        fw[address = "192.168.1.1"];
        svr2[address = "192.168.1.102"];
        svr3[address = "192.168.1.103"];
        svr4[address = "192.168.1.104"];
        r[address = "192.168.1.2"];
    }
    network blue {
        address = "192.168.2.0/24";
        vlan = 1200;
        r[address = "192.168.2.2"];
        clientA;
        clientB;
    }
    event {
        always {
            reserve-bandwidth(10.0.0.101,
                               192.168.1.104);
        }
    }
    action {
        reserve-bandwidth(10.0.0.101,
                           192.168.1.104)
        allocated_bandwidth = 10Mbps;
    }
}
```


Scenario 1/2



Scenario 2/2



Summary

- Proposed SvDN, a new type of network management, to let applications or end-users take advantage of programmable networks
- Current work: developing Proof of Concept on Japanese nationwide academic network and a commercial datacenter
- Where to standardize Service Description?